

QCON 全球软件开发大会 【北京站】2016

More than async

monad-based language extensions / 杨博

International Software Development Conference

More than async

monad-based language extension

• CEO、共同创始人、项目经理、游戏架

构师、游戏设计师、桌游吧老板、译

者、游戏客服.....

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Thoughtworks Consultant

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者、游戏客服.....

- Thoughtworks Consultant
- open-source contributor for each project

- · 为什么要有async?
- 实现async的不同机制
 - level 0: callback
 - level 1: generator
 - level 2: async/await
 - level 3: monad

- 为什么要有async?
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- 问题描述

实现一个单页面微服务:

- 上游RESTful API
 - 文章主内容 Wordpress API
 - 广告 分类信息 API
- 组装上游数据渲染页面



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- 同步实现

```
function getNewsArticle(){
    var post = wordpressApi.getPostbyCategory('news');
    var listings = syndicationApi.getListings(post.district);
    var article = {'content': post.content, 'listings': listings};
    return article;
}
```

- 同步实现

```
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    var post = wordpressApi.getPostbyCategory('news');
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    return article;
}
```

优点

- 同步实现

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function getNewsArticle(){
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优点

简单直接 易于理解

- 同步实现

```
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缺点

- 同步实现

```
function getNewsArticle(){
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    var article = {'content': post.content, 'listings': listings};
    return article;
}
```

优点

缺点

简单直接

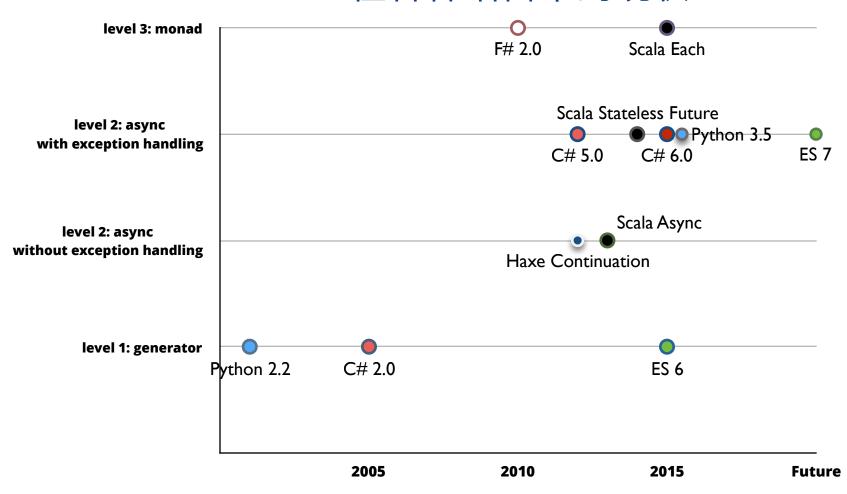
易于理解

并发低 阻塞线程

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实现async的不同机制

- level 1 至 level 3 在各种语言中的现状



- 为什么要有async?
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 - level 0: callback
 - level 1: generator
 - level 2: async/await
 - level 3: monad

level 0: callback

- Continuation-passing style (CPS)

```
function getNewsArticle(callback) {
    wordpressApi.getPostbyCategory('news', function (post) {
        syndicationApi.getListings(post.district, function (listings) {
            var article = {'content': post.content, 'listings': listings};
            callback(article);
        });
    });
}
```

level 0: callback

- CPS with exception handling

```
function getNewsArticle(callback) {
    wordpressApi.getPostbyCategory('news', function (err, post) {
        if (err) {
            callback(err)
            return
        }
        syndicationApi.getListings(post.district, function (err, listings) {
            if (err) {
                callback(err)
                return
            }
            var article = {'content': post.content, 'listings': listings};
            callback(null, article);
        });
    });
}
```

level 0: callback

- Promise and then

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level 1: generator - ECMAScript 2015

```
function* idMaker(){
  var index = 0;
 while(true)
    yield index++;
var gen = idMaker();
console.log(gen.next().value); // 0
console.log(gen.next().value); // 1
console.log(gen.next().value); // 2
```

level 1: generator - C# 2.0 and Unity

```
// Get the latest webcam shot from outside "Friday's" in Times Square
using UnityEngine;
using System.Collections;
public class ExampleClass : MonoBehaviour {
    public string url = "http://images.earthcam.com/ec_metros/ourcams/
fridays.jpg";
    IEnumerator Start() {
        WWW www = new WWW(url);
        yield return www;
        Renderer renderer = GetComponent<Renderer>();
        renderer.material.mainTexture = www.texture;
```

- 为什么要有async?
- 实现async的不同机制
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```
async function getNewsArticle() {
    let post = await wordpressApi.getPostbyCategory('news');
    let listings = await syndicationApi.getListings(post.district);
    let article = {'content': post.content, 'listings': listings};
    return article;
}
```

```
js
direct
style

function op() {
//???
}
```

```
js
direct
style

function op() {
    //???
}
```

```
js function op(callback) {
    //???
}
```

```
js direct //???
style

ES7
async function op() {
    //???
}
```

```
js function op(callback) {
    //???
}
```

```
function op() {
direct //???
style
                                                     function op(callback) {
                                                          //???
       async function op() {
 ES7
                                                        async Task op()
                                                 C# { //???
       @:async function op() {
Haxe //???
                                                Scala def op = monadic[Future] {
       let op() = async {
                                                each }
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```

- 执行一个操作

- 执行一个操作

```
js
direct var result = op();
style
```

- 执行一个操作

```
js
direct var result = op();
style
```

```
is op(function(result) {
    //???
});
```

- 执行一个操作

```
js
direct var result = op();
style

ES7 var result = await op();
```

```
js op(function(result) {
    //???
});
```

- 执行一个操作

```
js
direct var result = op();
style
                                                       op(function(result) {
                                                CPS });
FS7 var result = await op();
Haxe var result = @await op();
                                                  C# var result = await op();
                                                Scala val result = op().each
  F# let! result = op()
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```

```
js
direct var result1 = op1();
var result2 = op2(result1);
style
```

```
js
direct var result1 = op1();
var result2 = op2(result1);
style
```

```
op1(function(result1) {
    op2(result1, function(result2) {
        //???
    });
});
```

```
is
direct
style

var result1 = op1();
var result2 = op2(result1);

style

ES7

var result1 = await op1();
var result2 = await op2(result1);
```

```
op1(function(result1) {
    op2(result1, function(result2) {
        //???
    });
});
```

```
jS
direct var result1 = op1();
var result2 = op2(result1);
style
ES7 var result1 = await op1();
        var result2 = await op2(result1);
Haxe var result1 = @await op1();
        var result2 = @await op2(result1);
        let! result1 = op1()
  F#
        let! result2 = op2(result1)
```

```
op1(function(result1) {
    op2(result1, function(result2) {
        //???
    });
});
```

```
var result1 = await op1();
var result2 = await op2(result1);
```

```
Scala val result1 = op1().each
each val result2 = op2(result1).each
```

```
js
direct var r = op1() + op2();
style
```

```
js
direct var r = op1() + op2();
style
```

```
is op1(function(result1) {
    op2(function(result2) {
       var r = result1 + result2;
    });
});
```

```
js
direct var r = op1() + op2();
style
ES7 var r = await op1() + await op2();
```

```
op1(function(result1) {
    op2(function(result2) {
      var r = result1 + result2;
    });
});
```

```
İS
direct var r = op1() + op2();
style
                                                          op1(function(result1) {
                                                              op2(function(result2) {
                                                                  var r = result1 + result2;
                                                   CPS
FS7 var r = await op1() + await op2();
Haxe var r = @await op1() + @await op2();
                                                    C# var r = await op1() + await op2();
        let! result1 = op1()
                                                  Scala val r = op1().each + op2().each
       let! result2 = op2()
  F#
        let r = result1 + result2
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```

```
js     var array = [3, 5, 7];
     for (var i = 0; i < array.length; i++)
direct {
          op(array[i]);
          }</pre>
```

```
var array = [3, 5, 7];
function loop(i) {
    op(array[i], function() {
        if (i < array.length) {
          loop(i + 1);
        }
    });
}
loop(0);</pre>
```

```
js  var array = [3, 5, 7];
for (var i = 0; i < array.length; i++)
direct {
  op(array[i]);
}

var array = [3, 5, 7];
for (let element of array) {
  await op(element);
}</pre>
```

```
var array = [3, 5, 7];
function loop(i) {
    op(array[i], function() {
        if (i < array.length) {
            loop(i + 1);
        }
    });
}
loop(0);</pre>
```

```
var array = [3, 5, 7];
  js
        for (var \ i = 0; \ i < array.length; \ i++)
direct {
           op(array[i]);
style }
        var array = [3, 5, 7];
       for (let element of array) {
 ES7
            await op(element);
        var array = [3, 5, 7];
       for (element in array) {
Haxe
           @await op(element);
       let list = [ 3; 5; 7 ]
  F#
        for element in list do
            do! op(element)
```

```
var array = [3, 5, 7];
function loop(i) {
    op(array[i], function() {
        if (i < array.length) {
            loop(i + 1);
        }
    });
}
loop(0);</pre>
```

```
var array = new int [] { 3, 5, 7 };
foreach (int element in array) {
    await op(element);
}
```

```
Scala
for (element <- list) {
    op(element).each
}</pre>
```

```
JS     var all = [];
var array = [3, 5, 7];
direct     for (var i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
         all.push(op(array[i]));
}</pre>
```

```
var array = [3, 5, 7];
function loop(i, result) {
    op(array[i], function(currentValue) {
        if (i < array.length) {
            loop(i + 1,
            result.concat([currentValue]));
        } else {
            var all = result;
            ???
        }
        });
    }
    loop(0, []);</pre>
```

```
JS
    var all = [];
    var array = [3, 5, 7];
    for (var i = 0; i < array.length; i++) {
        all.push(op(array[i]));
}</pre>
```

```
var array = [3, 5, 7];
var all = [ for (let element of array)
await op(element) ];
```

```
var array = [3, 5, 7];
function loop(i, result) {
    op(array[i], function(currentValue) {
        if (i < array.length) {
            loop(i + 1,
            result.concat([currentValue]));
        } else {
            var all = result;
            ???
        }
        });
}
loop(0, []);</pre>
```

```
var all = []:
 JS
        var \ array = [3, 5, 7];
        for (var i = 0; i < array length; i++) {
direct
           all.push(op(array[i]));
style
        var array = [3, 5, 7];
FS7
        var all = [ for (let element of array)
        await op(element) 1:
        var array = [3, 5, 7];
Haxe var all = [ for (element in array)
        @await op(element) 1:
        let list = [ 3; 5; 7 ]
 F#
        let all = seg { for element in list do
        vield! op(element) }
```

```
var all = new List<int>();
var array = new int [] { 3, 5, 7 };
foreach (int element in array) {
    builder.Add(await op(element));
}
```

```
Scala val list = List(3, 5, 7)
val all = (for { i <- list.monadicLoop
} yield op(i).each).underlying
```

目录

- 为什么要有async?
- 实现async的不同机制
 - level 0: callback
 - level 1: generator
 - level 2: async/await
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- Future monad

```
import com.thoughtworks.each.Monadic._
import scalaz.std.scalaFuture._

// Returns a Future of the sum of the length of each string in each parameter Future,
// without blocking any thread.
def concat(future1: Future[String], future2: Future[String]): Future[Int] =
monadic[Future] {
  future1.each.length + future2.each.length
}
```

- Option monad

```
import com.thoughtworks.each.Monadic._
import scalaz.std.option._

def plusOne(intOption: Option[Int]) = monadic[Option] {
  intOption.each + 1
}
assertEquals(None, plusOne(None))
assertEquals(Some(16), plusOne(Some(15)))
```

- List monad

```
import com.thoughtworks.each.Monadic._
import scalaz.std.list._

def plusOne(intSeq: List[Int]) = monadic[List] {
   intSeq.each + 1
}
assertEquals(Nil, plusOne(Nil))
assertEquals(List(16), plusOne(List(15)))
assertEquals(List(16, -1, 10), plusOne(List(15, -2, 9)))
```

- Binding monad

```
val target = Var("World")
val hello = monadic[Binding] {
  "Hello, " + target.each + "!"
}
hello.watch()
assert(hello.get == "Hello, World!")
target := "Each"
assert(hello.get == "Hello, Each!")
```

- Binding monad

DEMO URL:

https://thoughtworksinc.github.io/Binding.scala/#5

- Binding monad

DEMO URL:

https://thoughtworksinc.github.io/todo



结论

	代表语言和框架	支持高并发	是否避免 callback hell?	是否易于理解?	支持其他DSL
同步编程	所有语言	否	是	是	否
level 0: callback	所有现代语言	是	否	否	否
level 1: generator	Python 2.2, C# 2.0, ES 6	是	是	否	否
level 2: async	Python 3.5, C# 5.0, ES 7	是	是	是	否
level3: monad	Scala/Each, F# 2.0	是	是	是	是

各种语言 async 实现的功能对比

	ECMAScript 7	Scala Each	F# 2.0	C# 5.0	Haxe- continuation	Python 3.5
Exception Support	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes
Runnable in Browser	yes	yes	no	no	yes	no
Implemented as a	external complier	library	built-in feature	built-in feature	library	built-in feature
Monad Support	no	yes	yes	no	no	no

扩展阅读

- JavaScript / Babel
- Python / Generators
- Python / Tasks and coroutines
- C# / yield
- C# / async
- Haxe / Continuation
- Scala / Each
- Scala / Scalaz
- Scala / Binding.scala
- F# / Computation Expressions



THANKS!

More than async

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