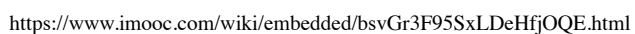


慕课网慕课教程 1.7 非递归遍历之前序遍历涵盖海量编程基础技术教程，以图文图表的形式，把晦涩难懂的编程专业用语，以通俗易懂的方式呈现给用户。

根左右, 遇根输出

若当前节点非空，则访问该节点输出值，并将该节点压栈（将该节点的地址压栈），继而遍历其左子树；循环执行，直到当前节点为空时，出栈数据并访问其右子树，再重复如上操作，直至遍历节点的指针为空且栈也为空；



```

void pre_order()
{
    if(root == NULL)
        return ;

    linkstack_t *s = create_empty_linkstack();
    bitree_t *temp = root;

    while(temp != NULL || !is_empty_linkstack(s))
    {
        while(temp != NULL)
        {
            printf("%c ",temp->data);
            push_linkstack(s,temp);
            temp = temp->lchild;
        }

        if(!is_empty_linkstack(s))
        {
            temp = pop_linkstack(s);
            temp = temp->rchild;
        }
    }

    free(s);
    return ;
}

```

linkstack.h

```

#ifndef __LINKSTACK_H__
#define __LINKSTACK_H__

#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "bitree.h"

typedef bitree_t *datatype_t;

typedef struct node
{
    datatype_t data;
    struct node *next;
}linknode_t;

typedef struct
{
    linknode_t *top;
    int n;
}linkstack_t;

extern linkstack_t *create_empty_linkstack();
extern int is_empty_linkstack(linkstack_t *s);
extern void push_linkstack(linkstack_t *s,datatype_t data);
extern datatype_t pop_linkstack(linkstack_t *s);
extern datatype_t get_top_data(linkstack_t *s);
#endif

```

linkstack.c

```

#include "linkstack.h"

linkstack_t *create_empty_linkstack()
{
    linkstack_t *s = NULL;

    s = (linkstack_t *)malloc(sizeof(linkstack_t));
    if(NULL == s)
    {
        printf("malloc is fail!\n");
        return NULL;
    }
}

```

```

        memset(s,0,sizeof(linkstack_t));

        return s;
    }

int is_empty_linkstack(linkstack_t *s)
{
    return s->top == NULL ? 1 : 0;
}

void push_linkstack(linkstack_t *s,datatype_t data)
{
    linknode_t *temp = NULL;

    temp = (linknode_t *)malloc(sizeof(linknode_t));
    if(NULL == temp)
    {
        printf("malloc is fail!\n");
        return ;
    }

    temp->data = data;

    temp->next = s->top;
    s->top = temp;

    s->n ++;
    return ;
}

datatype_t pop_linkstack(linkstack_t *s)
{
    linknode_t *temp = NULL;
    datatype_t data;

    temp = s->top;

    data = temp->data;

    s->top = temp->next;

    free(temp);
    temp = NULL;

    s->n --;

    return data;
}

datatype_t get_top_data(linkstack_t *s)
{
    return s->top->data;
}

```

bitree.h

```

#ifndef __BITREE_H__
#define __BITREE_H__

#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#define N 6

typedef char data_t;

typedef struct bitree

```

```

{
    int n;
    data_t data;
    struct bitree *lchild;
    struct bitree *rchild;
}bitree_t;

extern bitree_t *create_binatry_tree(int n);
extern void pre_order(bitree_t *root);
extern void in_order(bitree_t *root);
extern void post_order(bitree_t *root);
#endif

```

## bitree.c

```

#include "bitree.h"
#include "linkstack.h"

bitree_t *create_binatry_tree(int n)
{
    bitree_t *root = NULL;

    root = (bitree_t *)malloc(sizeof(bitree_t));
    memset(root,0,sizeof(bitree_t));

    root->n = n;
    root->lchild = root->rchild = NULL;

    printf("Input %d node data : ",n);
    scanf("%c",&(root->data));

    while(getchar() != '\n');

    if(2 * n <= N)
    {
        root->lchild = create_binatry_tree(2 * n);
    }

    if(2 * n + 1 <= N)
    {
        root->rchild = create_binatry_tree(2 * n + 1);
    }

    return root;
}

void pre_order(bitree_t *root)
{
    if(root == NULL)
        return ;

    linkstack_t *s = create_empty_linkstack();
    bitree_t *temp = root;

    while(temp != NULL || !is_empty_linkstack(s))
    {
        while(temp != NULL)
        {
            printf("(%d : %c) ",temp->n,temp->data);
            push_linkstack(s,temp);
            temp = temp->lchild;
        }

        if(!is_empty_linkstack(s))
        {
            temp = pop_linkstack(s);
            temp = temp->rchild;
        }
    }

    free(s);
}

void in_order(bitree_t *root)
{
    if(NULL == root)
        return ;
}

```

```
        in_order(root->lchild);
        printf("(%d : %c) ",root->n,root->data);
        in_order(root->rchild);
    }
```

```
void post_order(bitree_t *root)
{
    if(NULL == root)
        return ;

    post_order(root->lchild);
    post_order(root->rchild);
    printf("(%d : %c) ",root->n,root->data);
}
```

main.c

```
#include "bitree.h"

int main()
{
    bitree_t *root;

    root = create_binatry_tree(1);

    printf("create is successful!\n");

    printf("pre_order : ");
    pre_order(root);
    printf("\n");

    printf("in_order : ");
    in_order(root);
    printf("\n");

    printf("post_order : ");
    post_order(root);
    printf("\n");
    return 0;
}
```

---

全文完

本文由 简悦 SimpRead 优化，用以提升阅读体验

使用了 全新的简悦词法分析引擎 beta，点击查看详细说明

