

Question 1

Considering that the function $fact(n)$ calculates $n!$ we assume that it works for every positive integer n .

For our base case where $n > 1$ we take $n=1$ because it's the lowest positive integer:

$$n = 1 : 1! = 1 \cdot (1 - 1)! = 1$$

Because our base case stands true we also assume it works for $n = 2$:

$$n = 2 : 2! = 2 \cdot (2 - 1)! = 2 \cdot 1 = 2$$

As we see that it's also true for $n = 2$ we assume that it is also true for any integer k , where $k > 1$:

If $fact(k) = k \cdot fact(k - 1)$ is true then that means that:

$fact(k + 1) = (k + 1) \cdot fact(k)$ is also true since $fact(k)$ is true.