## 3.2.2 Pseudo-Code

1: Control "LeftLDR" by the microcontroller

2: Control "RightLDR" by the microcontroller

3: Control "Solenoid" by the microcontroller

4: Control "Enable" pin of the motor driver by the microcontroller

5: Control "step" pin of the motor driver through microcontroller

6: Control "dir" pin of the motor driver by the microcontroller

7: int LeftSensorValue ← 0

8: int RightSensorValue ← 0

9: **boolean** MotorMode ← true

10: int ShadePosition ← 0

11: const int minLimit ← \*

12: const int maxLimit ← \*

13: **long** initialTime ← Read time from computer

14: long presentTime ← 0

14: **const int** tolerance ← \*

15: **const int** MotorRotationalSpeed ← \*

16: const int Step ← \*

17: Solenoid ← Set the solenoid output low

18: **int** dir ← \*

These statements basically mean that while designing the actual code, all the pins connected and controlled by the microcontroller would be defined and configured

PADC value stored from the left sensor
PADC value stored from the right sensor
PADC value stored from the right sensor
Passically orders the motor to power up or shut down
PShade set vertically initially as a reference position (in degrees)
PLower boundary limit for shade position. The value is in degrees
PUpper boundary limit for shade position. The value is in degrees
PThey are meant for time tracking so that the rest mode can be defined appropriately by reading time from the computer
PBasically defines the level of accuracy under which the sensors work
PDefines the speed of rotation of the stepper motor
PDefines the no. of steps the motor should rotate in every single revolution of the motor
PInitially solenoid locks the system for security; to keep shade in position

Defines the direction of rotation of the motor according to the control structure evaluation

At the device start-up, the solenoid is set to low as well as the motor is turned on in order to be completely sure that the shade remains fixed & locked in its position with the desired amount of holding torque needed from the motor as well as keeping it still mechanically.

| 19: while true do   | ▶Forever Loop; runs as soon as system switched on & powered        |
|---|--|
| 20: LeftSensorValue ← LeftLDR   | ►Microcontroller reads & stores ADC value from left sensor         |
| 21: RightSensorValue ← RightLDR   | ▶ Microcontroller reads & stores ADC value from right sensor       |
| 22: MotorMode ← false   |  |
| 23: Enable 		MotorMode  | ►Motor disabled/shutdown to save power                             |
| 24: presentTime ← Read time from computer every iteration                             | ▶ Reading current time to check further for rest mode              |
| 25: <b>if</b> (presentTime – initialTime < 10 minutes) <b>then</b>                    | ▶Check for rest mode   |
| 26: Solenoid ← Set the solenoid output low  | ▶Locks system with solenoid; shade fixed in position               |
| 27: else  |  |
| 28: MotorMode   true  |  |
| 29: Enable ← MotorMode  | ▶Motor enabled/powered up  |
| 30: Label: A  | A label to redirect the code for reiteration according to the need |
| 31: LeftSensorValue ← LeftLDR   | ►Microcontroller reads & stores ADC value from left sensor         |
| 32: RightSensorValue 		RightLDR   | ►Microcontroller reads & stores ADC value from right sensor        |
| 33: if (ShadePosition > minLimit && ShadePosition < maxLimit) then                    | Condition to check for physical shade position                     |
| 34: if (LeftSensorValue > (RightSensorValue + tolerance)) then                        | ▶Condition;Check for difference b/w the photodiode values          |
| 35: Solenoid ← Set the solenoid output high   | ▶Unlocking system via solenoid                                     |
| 36: Rotate motor clockwise with defined speed and steps                               | ▶Motor rotation for shade compensation                             |
| 37: Solenoid ← Set the solenoid output low  | ▶Locking the system via solenoid                                   |
| 38: Shade position calculated* and updated to the "ShadePosit                         | ion" variable  |
| 39: Go to Label: A  | ▶To check until the shade has been compensated                     |
| 40: else if (RightSensorValue > (LeftSensorValue + tolerance)) ther                   | 1  |
| 41: Solenoid ← Set the solenoid output high   | ▶Unlocking system via solenoid                                     |
| 42: Rotate motor counter clockwise with defined speed and ste                         | ps   |
| 43: Solenoid ← Set the solenoid output low  | ▶Locking the system via solenoid                                   |
| 44: Shade position calculated* and updated to the "ShadePosit                         | ion" variable  |
| 45: Go to Label: A  | >To check until the shade has been compensated                     |
| 46: else if ((LeftSensorValue - RightSensorValue) <= tolerance or equal to zero) then |  |
| 47: MotorMode ← false   |  |

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| 48:           | Enable ← MotorMode  | ►Motor disabled/shutdown                                 |
|---------------|---|--|
| 49:           | Solenoid $\leftarrow$ Set the solenoid output low                 | ▶Locking the system via solenoid                         |
| 50:           | else  | ▶For line no. 34   |
| 51:           | end if  | ▶For line no. 34   |
| 52:           | else  | ▶For line no. 33   |
| 53:           | Solenoid ← Set the solenoid output low                            | ▶Locking the system via solenoid                         |
| 54:           | MotorMode ← false   |  |
| 55:           | Enable ← MotorMode  | >Motor disabled/shutdown                                 |
| 56:           | end if  | ▶For line no. 33   |
| 57: init      | ialTime ← Read time from the computer every iteration of the loop | ▶Initial time updated for the next execution of the loop |
| 58:           | end if  | ⊳For line no. 25   |
| 59: <b>en</b> | d while   | ▶For line no. 19   |