

Homework 7 for MATH 435

Due: Friday Oct 22

Problem 1

Book, p. 206, Exercise 2.211 (i)-(vii).

(Give the reasons.)

Problem 2

Show that if G acts transitively on X , then $\mathcal{O}(x) = X$ for all $x \in X$.

This means if one orbit is all of X , then all orbits are.

Problem 3

This exercise gives two applications of the *orbit-stabilizer relation*.

- (a) Let \mathcal{O} be the symmetry group of the cube. \mathcal{O} acts on the set $\{v_1, \dots, v_8\}$ of vertices of a cube. Show that the action is transitive. Determine the stabilizer group of a vertex. Apply the orbit-stabilizer relation to compute the order of \mathcal{O} .
- (b) The symmetric group S_n acts on $\{1, 2, \dots, n\}$. Show that the action is transitive. Furthermore, show that the stabilizer of n is isomorphic to S_{n-1} . Apply the orbit-stabilizer relation to show that $|S_n| = n|S_{n-1}|$. Use this to give an “algebraic” proof that $|S_n| = n!$.

Problem 4

Recall the definition of a *solvable group* from Homework 6. Show that if G is a group such that $|G| = p^n$, where p is a prime and $n \in \mathbb{N}$, then G is solvable.