# Math 557 Sep 3

# **Validities**

# **Key Concepts**

• Validity: An  $\mathcal{L}$ -formula  $\psi$  that is valid in any  $\mathcal{L}$ -structure under any assignment  $\alpha$ , i.e.

$$\mathcal{M} \models \psi[\alpha]$$
 for any  $\mathcal{M}, \alpha$ .

- Sources of validities:
  - Propositional tautologies e.g. formulas of the form  $\psi \to \psi$  or  $\psi \lor \neg \psi$
  - Equality the way = is interpreted implies formulas like  $\forall x \ x = x$  are validities.
  - Quantifiers
- Fundamental questions:
  - Can we characterize the set of validities *syntactically*?
  - In particular, is there an algorithm that, on input  $\varphi$ , determines whether  $\varphi$  is a validity or not?

## **Problems**

### Exercise 0.1 (Warmup).

Determine whether the following formulas are validitites.

- $\begin{array}{ll} \bullet & ((\varphi_1 \rightarrow (\varphi_2 \rightarrow \varphi_3)) \rightarrow ((\varphi_1 \rightarrow \varphi_2) \rightarrow (\varphi_1 \rightarrow \varphi_3))) \\ \bullet & \exists x (\varphi \land \psi) \ \leftrightarrow \ (\exists x \varphi \land \exists x \psi) \end{array}$

#### Exercise 0.2.

Let  $g:\{0,1\}^n \to \{0,1\}$  be a Boolean function. Show that there exists a propositional formula  $F(p_1,\dots,p_n)$ such that, for any assignment  $\delta$  to the variables  $p_1, \dots, p_n$ ,

$$\delta^*(F) = g(\delta(p_1), \dots, \delta(p_n)).$$

#### Exercise 0.3.

Formally verify that every propositional tautology is a validity.

Verify, using the definition of the satisfaction relation *\mathbb{\psi}*, that

$$\forall x, y(x = y \rightarrow f(x) = f(y))$$
 (f unary function symbol)

and

$$\forall x(\varphi \to \psi) \to (\varphi \to \forall x\psi) \quad (x \text{ not free in } \varphi)$$

are validities.