1. Determine the image distance and image height for an 8.00 cm tall object place 35.0 cm from a concave mirror having a focal length of 10.0 cm.

$$\frac{1}{s_o} + \frac{1}{s_i} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\frac{1}{s_o} + \frac{1}{s_i} - \frac{1}{f} = 0$$

$$s_i \left(\frac{1}{s_o} - \frac{1}{f}\right) = 1$$

$$s_i = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{s_o} - \frac{1}{f}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{35} - \frac{1}{10}} = \frac{1}{\frac{2-7}{70}} = \frac{1}{\frac{-5}{70}} = \frac{70}{-5}$$

$$s_i = -14 \text{ cm}$$

$$h_i = -h_o \cdot \frac{s_i}{s_o} = -8 \cdot \frac{-14}{35} = \frac{112}{35}$$
  
 $h_i = \frac{16}{5} \text{ cm} = 3.2 \text{ cm}$ 

2. Determine the image distance and image height for  $6.00 \ cm$  tall object placed  $10.0 \ cm$  from a concave mirror having a focal length of  $20.0 \ cm$ .

$$\frac{1}{s_i} = \frac{1}{f} - \frac{1}{s_0} = \frac{1}{20} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1-2}{20} = \frac{-1}{20}$$
$$s_i = -20 \text{ cm}$$

$$h_i = -h_o \cdot \frac{s_i}{s_o} = -8 \cdot \frac{-20}{6} = -4 \cdot \frac{-20}{3} = \frac{80}{3}$$
  
 $h_i = 26\frac{2}{3}$  cm

3. A magnified, inverted image is located a distance of 20.0 cm from a concave mirror with a focal length of 8.0 cm. Determine the object distance and tell whether the image is real or virtual.

$$\frac{1}{s_o} = \frac{1}{f} - \frac{1}{s_i} = \frac{1}{8} - \frac{1}{20} = \frac{5-2}{40}$$

$$s_o = \frac{40}{3} = 13\frac{1}{3}cm$$

Image is real