

3) b) 5) Task 5 :- Implement various Searching and Sorting operations in python Programming.

Aim To implement various Searching and Sorting operations in Python Programming.

5.1 A company stores employee records in a list of dictionaries, where each dictionary contains id, name and department. Write a function Find - employee - by - id that takes list and a target employee ID as arguments and returns the dictionary of the employee with the matching ID (or) None if no such employee is found.

Algorithm:

1. Input Definition:

2. Define the function Find - employee - by - id that takes two parameters:

a. A list of dictionaries (employees), where each dictionary represents an employee record with keys id, name, and department.

b. An integer (target - id) representing the employee ID to be searched.

3. iterate through the list:

use a for loop to iterate through each dictionary in the employees list.

4. Check for matching ID:

within the loop, check if the id field of the current dictionary matches the target - id.

5. Return matching Record:

6. Handle No match:

if the loop completes without finding a match,
return None.

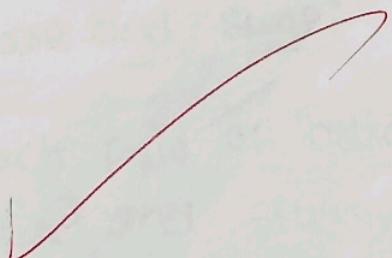
Program 5.1 :-

```
def find_employee_by_id(employees, target_id):  
    for employee in employees:  
        if employee['id'] == target_id:  
            return employee  
    return None.
```

Test the Function

```
employees = [  
    {'id': 1, 'name': 'Alice', 'department': 'HR'},  
    {'id': 2, 'name': 'Bob', 'department': 'Engineering'},  
    {'id': 3, 'name': 'Charlie', 'department': 'Sales'}]  
]
```

```
Point(find_employee_by_id(employees, 2))  
# Output: { 'id': 2, 'name': 'Bob', 'department':  
#           'Engineering'}
```



Output

name: Bob, department: Engineering
id: 1234567890

A company called Company A has a department named Engineering. The department has an ID of 1234567890. The department has an employee named Bob with an ID of 1234567890. Bob's name is Bob and his ID is 1234567890.

Output

1. Employee ID: 1234567890
2. Department ID: 1234567890

The department has an ID of 1234567890. The department has an employee named Bob with an ID of 1234567890. Bob's name is Bob and his ID is 1234567890.

5.2 You are developing a grade management system for a school. The system maintains a list of student records, where each record is represented as a dictionary containing a student's scores in ascending order. Your task is to implement a feature that sorts the student records by their scores using the bubble sort algorithm.

Algorithm:-

1. Initialization :-

Get the length of the students list and store it in n.

2. Outer loop :-

Iterate from $i=0$ to $n-1$ (inclusive). This loop represents the no. of passes through the list.

3. Track swaps :-

Initialize a boolean variable swapped to False. This variable will track if any swaps are made in current pass.

4. inner loop :-

Iterate from $j=0$ to $n-i-2$. This loop compares adjacent elements in the list and performs swaps if necessary.

5. Compare and swap :-

For each pair of adjacent elements and students $[j]$ and students $[j+1]$:

- Compare their score values.

- if $\text{students}[j] \text{['score']} < \text{student}[j+1] \text{['score']}$, swap the two elements.

- Set Swapped to True to indicate that a swap was made.

6. Early Termination:

- After each pass of the inner loop, check if swapped is False. If no swaps were made during the pass, the list is already sorted, and you can break out of outer loop early.

7. Completion:

The function modifies the studently list in place, sorting it by score.

Program 5.2 :-

```

Let bubbleSort = Scores (Students):
    n = len (Students)
    For i in range (n):
        # Track if any swap is made in this pass
        swapped = False
        For j in range (0, n - i - 1):
            if Students [j] [Score] > Student [j + 1] [Score]:
                # Swap if score of the current student is greater
                than the next.
                Student [j], Student [j + 1] = Student [j + 1],
                                            Student [j]
                swapped = True
        if not swapped:
            break
    Student = [
        {'name': 'Alice', 'Score': 88},
        {'name': 'Bob', 'Score': 95},
    ]

```

Swapped = True.

If not Swapped:-

break

Student = [

{'name': 'Alice', 'Score': 88},

{'name': 'Bob', 'Score': 95},

Output :-

Before Sorting :-
{name: 'Alice', Score: 88}
{name: 'Bob', Score: 95}
{name: 'Charlie', Score: 75}
{name: 'Diana', Score: 85}

After Sorting :-

{name: 'Alice', Score: 88}
{name: 'Bob', Score: 95}
{name: 'Charlie', Score: 75}
{name: 'Diana', Score: 85}

[{name: 'Alice', Score: 88}, {name: 'Bob', Score: 95}, {name: 'Charlie', Score: 75}, {name: 'Diana', Score: 85}]

[{name: 'Alice', Score: 88}, {name: 'Bob', Score: 95}, {name: 'Charlie', Score: 75}, {name: 'Diana', Score: 85}]

Ans = 6999pw2

Ans = 6999pw2 for 9i

Ans = 6999pw2

{'name': 'charlie', 'Score': 75}

{'name': 'Diana', 'Score': 85}

]

Point ("Before Sorting")

For Student in Students

Point (student)

bubble_Sort_Scores (Students)

Point ("In After Sorting")

For Student in Students:

Point (student)

VELTECH	
EX No.	
PERFORMANCE (5)	5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	5
VIVA VOCE (5)	5
REPORT (5)	5
TOTAL (20)	19
DATE WITH DATE	19/20

Result :-

Thus, the program for various Searching and Sorting operation is executed and verified successfully.