UUU use case - Finding the winning Stootegy in a Card game in Python

problem description:

Imagine a card game where each player deceives a hand of Gods with values. The objective is to Find the best way to maximize the score Foo a played, assuming the players take twons deawing Coods. Each played can either pick the first (00) (ast cood From Jemasning pile.

ASSUMPtions :-

- . Each Player toles to maximize their score.
- . Cadds are represented by integers, which indicate
- . Two Players alternate toons, and each player picks a cadd From either the beginning (00) end of 11st.

You need to design an algorithm that helps a played Find optimal Strategy to guarantee the highest Possible score given that opponent is also playing optimally.

Plan :

we can solve this Problem using Dynamic Programm ing by calculating the optimal score For every Possible Scenario, taking into account best choices foo both players.

Steps:-

- 1. Depine the Game's Represent the Pile of cards as a list of integers.
- 2. Recoosive Strategy: A Fonction will decoosively obtam--ine the best score a player can achieve.

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results to avoid becalculating them.
4. Base cases: when only one cood is left, the current
  player takes it.
Programo-
def Find -optimal-Stoategy (adds):
 n=(en (cadds)
# create a memoistation table to store substoblem
   desults.
 dp=[0] *n for_in range (n)]
#FITI the table FOO Subproblems of increasing sizes
For length in range (1,n+):
  FOO i in dange (n-length +1):
    3=1+(eng+h-1
    # if only one cased is left, the playes takes it
    op (==)0.
       d P(P)[i] = (aods[?]
      # Choose the best of two Choices:
    else %
   # 1. Take the left Cadd, and the opponent plays
optimally on the semaining (i+1,5)
   # 2. Take the right Card, and opponent plays optim_
 -ally on the remaining (i.i.-)
      take_reft = aons(i) - dP(i+)(i)
      take aight = coods [i] - dp [i] [i-i]
       dP[:][:] = max (take_left, take_dight)
 #dP[o](n-] will have the optimal score difference
 FOO FIOST Player JETURN (dP[O][n-1] + Sum (cards))
```

PSSIBLE SCORE # Example Case (aods = [319,112] Point ("First Player's optimal Some", Find Loptimal_Strategy (coods)

Explanation:

- · Dynamic Programming Table (dP):- Each Cell dP[i][s] represents the difference in score between the First played and the opponent if game is played between coods From index is to index is.
- . Two Choices:- Fox each move the played can either: 1. Pick the leftmost Good Cadds [i], leaving opponent to Play optimally on bemaking Cabols.
 - 2. Pick the dight most cooks [3], leaving opponent the dest of the cooks.
- · perossive relation of the value of each Subproblem is determined by maximizing the score difference between the Cubbent Played and the apponent.

Example walkthoough 3-

Concides the assory of Gods: [3, 9,112]:

- 1. Figst Player (400) can choose between:
 - · Taking (eftmost Card (3), [eaving Coods [9,112]:
 - · Taking dightmost and (2), leaving coods [3,9,1].
- 2. The opponent will then their toon, playing optimally to minimize the first player's score.

This program Computes the best possible outcome For the FIRST Player.

First player, if playing optimally, can guartee a some of 5 degardless of how the opponent plays.

optimiting Stoategy:

FIRST FINAL SCORE: 5

BY Using Dynamic Poogramming, we ensure that the soluthen is computed efficiently, awiding bedidant calculations. This approach ensures both players play optimally, and First player gets the highest slove passible given opponent's best move.

VELTEC	4 7
X No.	
PERFORMANCE (5)	_5
RESULT AND ANALYSIS (5)	
VIVA VOCE (5)	5
RECORD (5)	
TOTAL (20)	-6
SIGN WITH DATE	0