how to import numpy

checking numpy version

```
In [7]: import numpy as np
print(np.__version__)
1.24.3
```

Create a NumPy ndarray Object

NumPy is used to work with arrays. The array object in NumPy is called ndarray.

We can create a NumPy ndarray object by using the array() function.

```
In [9]: import numpy as np
```

```
arr = np.array(("a", "c", 3))
print(arr)
['a' 'c' '3']

In [11]: import numpy as np
arr = np.array((1, 2, 3, 4, 5))
print(arr)
[1 2 3 4 5]
```

Dimensions in Arrays

0-D Arrays

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array(42)
print(arr)
42
```

1-D Arrays

```
In [14]: import numpy as np
    arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])
    print(arr)
[1 2 3 4 5]
```

2-D Arrays

```
In [29]: import numpy as np
#
arr = np.array([[1, 2, 3],[4,6,7]])
```

```
print(arr)
print(type(arr))
print()
print(arr.shape)

[[1 2 3]
  [4 6 7]]
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>

(2, 3)
```

3-D arrays

3

```
import numpy as np
#2*(2*3)
arr = np.array([[[2,5,6],[6,8,9]],[[1,3,4],[6,5,4]]])

print(arr)
print(arr.shape)

[[[2 5 6]
      [6 8 9]]

[[1 3 4]
      [6 5 4]]]
      (2, 2, 3)
```

Check Number of Dimensions?

```
import numpy as np
a = np.array(42)
b = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
c = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6]])
d = np.array([[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]], [[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]]])
print(a.ndim)
print(b.ndim)
print(c.ndim)
print(d.ndim)
```

Higher Dimensional Arrays

```
import numpy as np
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4], ndmin=5)
print(arr)
print('number of dimensions :', arr.ndim)

[[[[1 2 3 4]]]]
number of dimensions : 5
```

NumPy Array Indexing

You can access an array element by referring to its index number.

```
#Get the first element from the following array
In [21]:
         import numpy as np
         arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
         print(arr[0])
         1
         #Get the second element from the following array.
In [22]:
         import numpy as np
         arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
         print(arr[1])
         #Get third and fourth elements from the following array and add them.
In [32]:
         import numpy as np
         arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
         print(arr[2] + arr[3])
```

Access 2-D Arrays

Access 3-D Arrays

```
In [40]: import numpy as np
    arr = np.array([[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]], [[7, 8, 9], [10, 11, 12]]])
    print(arr[0, 1, 2])
```

Negative Indexing