



Database Systems (CS F212)- Lecture 4



Recapitulation of Lecture 3

Data Models

Database Languages

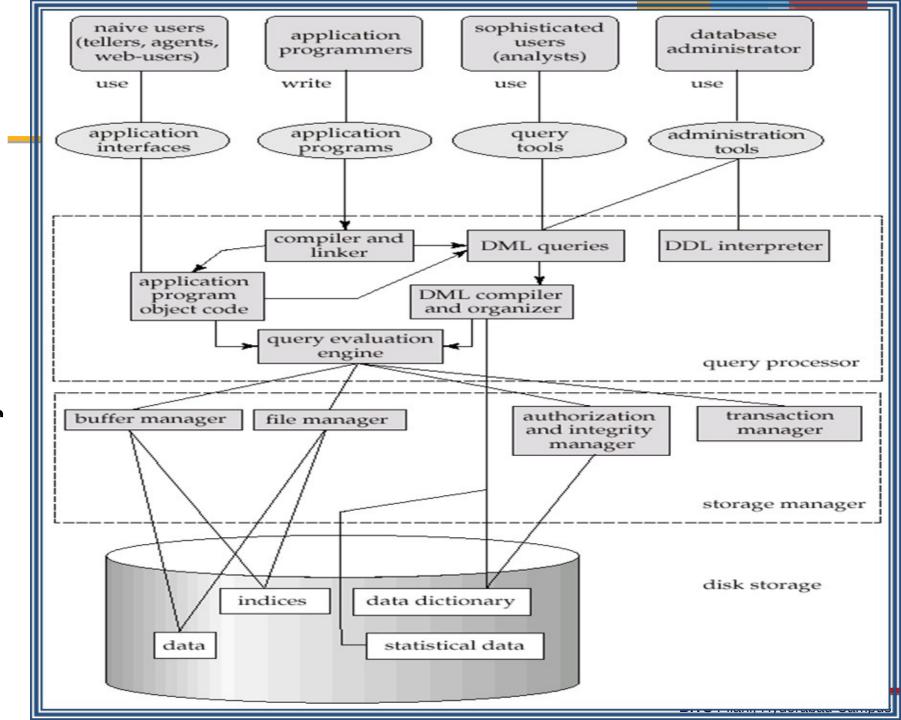
- 1. Data Definition language (DDL)
 - Defining the schema and constructs of a database
 - Data dictionary: File containing metadata
 - Also used for defining constraints
- 2. Data manipulation language (DML):
 - Retrieve, Insert, Delete and Update
 - Procedural and Non-Procedural



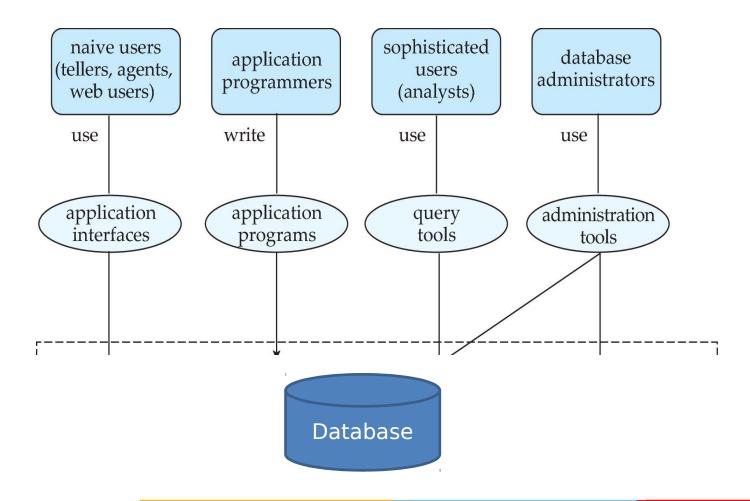
Database Manager

Interface between low-level data stored in the database and the application programs and the query submitted to the system

- Interaction with the file manager
- Integrity enforcement
- Security enforcement
- Backup and recovery
- Concurrency control



Database Users



Query Processor

 Translates statements in a query language into low-level instructions that the database manager understands

Components of Query Processor:

- 1. DML Compiler
 - Translates DML statements in a query language into an evaluation plan consisting of low-level instructions that the query evaluation engine understands
 - Performs query optimization

- 2. DDL Interpreter
 - Interprets DDL statements and rrecords in the data dictionary
- 3. Query Evaluation Engine
 - Executes low level instructions generated by the DML compiler
- 4. Application program object code: Code generated after compiling application program
- 5. DML Queries: Queries written in DML
- 6.Compiler and linker: Compiles the application program and links it with other libraries

Storage Manager/Database Manager

 Responsible for storing, retrieving, and updating data in the database

Components are:

- 1. Buffer Manager: In-out of various files between memory and disk storage
- 2. File Manager: **Storage allocation of data and indices files.**
- 3. Authorization and Integrity Manager: Checks integrity constraints and also checks for authorization to access data
- 4. Transaction Manager: Consistency of transactions

Disk Storage

- The actual storage space that stores data in form of data files, indices files, data dictionary and statistical files
- Data-files Stores the actual data
- Indices file Stores index information
- Data dictionary- Stores data about the database
- Statistical files Stores statistical information related to a database