Wednesday, 9 March 16

Crux Lecture -13

Data Structures -1

Linked Lists

Nidhi Agarwal



What are Data Structures?



What are Linked Lists?





Lets define our own Linked List

```
public class Node<T> {
        T data;
        Node<T> next;
}
```



Head and Tail nodes



Basic operations over Linked List

- Taking Linked List as input from user
- Accessing next element
- Looping over Linked List
- Inserting into Linked List
- Deleting from Linked List



Lets do some problems

- Taking Linked List as input from user
- Print a Linked List



Your turn

• Print ith element of Linked List



Insertion at ith Position



Your turn

- Find length of Linked List
 - Iteratively
 - Recursively
- Delete the element at ith Position
- Implement Insertion/Deletion using Recursion



Benefits of Arrays over Linked List

- Random access to elements
- Fast iteration through the elements
- Very compact way to store data

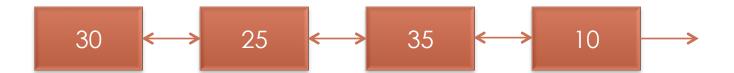


Benefits of Linked List over Array

- Constant time insertion and deletion of elements
- Don't need to know the number of elements
- Insert elements in the middle of the list



Doubly Linked Lists





Implementation?

```
public class Node<T> {
        T data;
        Node<T> next;
        Node<T> prev;
}
```

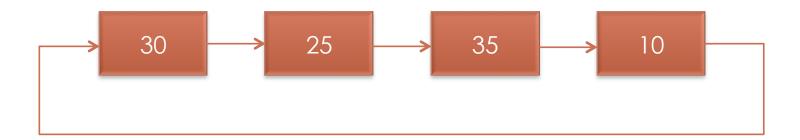


Doubly LL vs Singly LL

- Faster to go back in the linked list
- Uses more memory



Circular Linked Lists





Lets try some problems

- Find an element iteratively and recursively
- Find mid point of a linked list
- Implement Bubble Sort



Your Turn

- Find 5th element from end without calculating length of Linked List
- Given two sorted linked lists merge them into a sorted linked list
- Implement merge sort
- Reverse a Linked List





Thank You!! ©

Nidhi Agarwal

nidhi@codingblocks.com