

- Source Code

from queue import PriorityQueue.

v = 14

graph = [[] for i in range(v)].

Function for implementing Best-first search

Gives output path having lowest cost

```
def best_first_search(source, target, n):
    visited = [0] * n
    visited[source] = True
    pq = Priority Queue()
    pq.put((0, source))
    while pq.empty() == False:
        u = pq.get()[1]
        # Displaying the path having lowest cost
        print(u, end=" ")
        if u == target:
            break
        for v, c in graph[u]:
            if visited[v] == False:
                if visited[v] == True:
                    pq.put((c, v))
        print()
# Function for adding edges to graph
```

```
def addedge(x, y, cost):
    graph[x].append((y, cost))
    graph[y].append((x, cost))
```

The nodes shown in above example (by alphabets) are
implemented using Integers.

```
addedge(x, y, cost);
addedge(0, 1, 8)
addedge(0, 2, 20)
#addedge(0, 3, 5)
addedge(1, 2, 20)
addedge(1, 3, 8)
addedge(2, 4, 12)
#addedge(2, 4, 12)
```

addedge (3, 4, 12)

addedge (3, 5, 6)

~~#~~addedge (8, 10, 6)

~~#~~addedge (9, 11, 1)

addedge (4, 5, 12)

Source = 0

target = 5

best first search (source, target, v)