OPEN-SOURCE EBOOK

++101 LINUX COMMANDS



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The who command

The who command lets you print out a list of logged-in users, the current run level of the system and the time of last system boot.

Examples

1. Print out all details of currently logged-in users

```
who -a
```

2. Print out the list of all dead processes

```
who -d -H
```

Syntax:

```
who [options] [filename]
```

Additional Flags and their Functionalities

Short Flag - r prints all the current runlevel - d print all the dead processes - q print all the login names and total number of logged on users - h print the heading of the columns displayed

Short Flag

Description

-b print the time of last system boot

018-the-free-command.md

The free command

The free command in Linux/Unix is used to show memory (RAM/SWAP) information.

Usage

Show memory usage

Action: --- Output the memory usage - available and used, as well as swap

Details: --- Outputted values are not human-readable (are in bytes)

Command:

free

Show memory usage in human-readable form

Action: --- Output the memory usage - available and used, as well as swap

Details: --- Outputted values ARE human-readable (are in GB / MB)

Command:

free -h

The man command

The man command is used to display the manual of any command that we can run on the terminal. It provides information like: DESCRIPTION, OPTIONS, AUTHORS and more.

Examples:

1. Man page for printf:

```
man printf
```

2. Man page section 2 for intro:

```
man 2 intro
```

Syntax:

```
man [SECTION-NUM] [COMMAND NAME]
```

Additional Flags and their Functionalities:

Short Flag	Long Flag	Description
- f	-	Return the sections of an command
- a	-	Display all the manual pages of an command

Short Flag	Long Flag	Description
- k	-	Searches the given command with RegEx in all man pages
-W	-	Returns the location of a given command man page
-I	-	Searches the command manual case sensitive

The passwd command

In Linux, passwd command changes the password of user accounts. A normal user may only change the password for their own account, but a superuser may change the password for any account. passwd also changes the account or associated password validity period.

Example

\$ passwd

This is a sample from "101 Linux Commands eBook" by Bobby Iliev the Hacktoberfest community.

For more information, <u>Click here</u>.