



How To Install Kubernetes On Rocky Linux 9 | AlmaLinux 9

By Pradeep Kumar / Last Updated: November 26, 2023 / 5 Minutes Of Reading









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In this blog post, we will explain how to install Kubernetes cluster on Rocky Linux 9 or AlmaLinux 9 with Kubeadm utility.

Kubernetes, often referred to as K8s, is an open-source container orchestration platform. With its robust capabilities for automating deployment, scaling, and managing containerized applications, Kubernetes has become the go-to solution for DevOps teams worldwide.

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Prerequisites

- A fresh Installation of Rocky Linux 9 or AlmaLinux 9
- Sudo user with admin rights
- Minimum of 2 GB RAM, 2 vCPUs and 20 GB Disk Space
- A reliable Internet Connection

Lab Setup

We have used three Virtual machines with following specification.

- K8s-master01 192.168.1.190
- K8s-worker01 192.168.1.191
- K8s-worker02 192.168.1.192
- Sysops as sudo user on each node

Without any further delay, lets deep dive into Kubernetes installation steps.

Step 1: Set Hostname And Update Hosts File

Login or ssh each machine and run hostnamectl commands to set their respective hostname.

```
\ sudo hostnamectl set-hostname "k8s-master01" && exec bash
$ sudo hostnamectl set-hostname "k8s-worker01" && exec bash
$ sudo hostnamectl set-hostname "k8s-worker02" && exec bash
```

Add the following entries in /etc/hosts file on each node.

```
192.168.1.190 k8s-master01
192.168.1.191 k8s-worker01
192.168.1.192 k8s-worker02
```

Step 2: Disable Swap Space On Each Node

For kubelet to work smoothly, we must disable swap space on all the nodes. Run beneath command,

Step 3: Adjust SELinux And Firewall Rules For Kubernetes

Set SELinux mode as permissive on all the nodes using following commands,

```
$ sudo setenforce 0
$ sudo sed -i --follow-symlinks 's/SELINUX=enforcing/SELINUX=permissive/g' /etc/sysconfig/selinux
```

On the master node, allow following ports in the firewall.

```
$ sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port={6443,2379,2380,10250,10251,10252,10257,10259,179}/tcp
$ sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=4789/udp
$ sudo firewall-cmd --reload
```

On the Worker Nodes, allow beneath ports in the firewall,

```
$ sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port={179,10250,30000-32767}/tcp
$ sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=4789/udp
$ sudo firewall-cmd --reload
```

Step 4: Add Kernel Modules And Parameters

For kuberetes cluster, we must add the overlay and br_netfilter kernel modules on all the nodes.

Create a file and add following content to it,

```
$ sudo tee /etc/modules-load.d/containerd.conf <<EOF
overlay
br_netfilter
EOF</pre>
```

In order to load above modules, run

```
$ sudo modprobe overlay
$ sudo modprobe br_netfilter
```

Next, add the following kernel parameters, create a file and with following content,

```
$ sudo vi /etc/sysctl.d/k8s.conf
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables = 1
net.ipv4.ip_forward = 1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-ip6tables = 1
```

Save & close the file.

Now add these parameters by running below command

```
$ sudo sysctl --system
```

Step 5: Install Conatinerd Runtime

Kubernetes requires a container runtime, and one of the most popular choices is containerd. But It is not available in the default package repositories of Rocky Linux or AlmaLinux, so add the following docker repo on all the nodes.

```
$ sudo dnf config-manager --add-repo https://download.docker.com/linux/centos/docker-ce.repo
```

Now, run following dnf command to install containerd on all the nodes.

```
$ sudo dnf install containerd.io -y
```

[sysops@k8s-master01 ~]\$ sudo di Adding repo from: https://downlc [sysops@k8s-master01 ~]\$ [sysops@k8s-master01 ~]\$ [sysops@k8s-master01 ~]\$ [sysops@k8s-master01 ~]\$ sudo di Docker CE Stable ~ x86.64 Dependencies resolved.	pad.docker.com/linux/centos	o https://download.docker.com/linux/ /docker-ce.repo	centos/docker-ce.repo 3.0 kB/s 31 kB	00:10
Package	Architecture	Version	Repository	Size
Installing: containerd.io Installing dependencies: container-selinux	x86_64 noarch	1.6.22-3.1.el9 3:2.205.0-1.el9_2	docker-ce-stable appstream	33 M 50 k
Transaction Summary				
Install 2 Packages				

Configure containerd so that it will use systemdcgroup, execute the following commands on each node.

```
$ containerd config default | sudo tee /etc/containerd/config.toml >/dev/null 2>&1
$ sudo sed -i 's/SystemdCgroup \= false/SystemdCgroup \= true/g' /etc/containerd/config.toml
```

Restart and enable containerd service using beneath commands,

```
$ sudo systemctl restart containerd
$ sudo systemctl enable containerd
```

Verify conatinerd service status, run

\$ sudo systemctl status containerd

Step 6: Install Kubernetes Tools

Kubernetes tools like Kubeadm, kubectl and kubelet are not available in the default package repositories of Rocky Linux 9 or AlmaLinux 9. So, to install these tools, add the following repository on all the nodes.

```
$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/yum.repos.d/kubernetes.repo
[kubernetes]
name=Kubernetes
baseurl=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.28/rpm/
enabled=1
gpgcheck=1
gpgcheck=1
gpgkey=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.28/rpm/repodata/repomd.xml.key
exclude=kubelet kubeadm kubectl cri-tools kubernetes-cni
EOF</pre>
```

```
[sysops@k8s-master01 ~]$
[sysops@k8s-master01 ~]$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/yum.repos.d/kubernetes.repo
[kubernetes]
name=Kubernetes
baseurl=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.28/rpm/
enabled=1
gpgcheck=1
gpgkey=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.28/rpm/repodata/repomd.xml.key
exclude=kubelet kubeadm kubectl cri-tools kubernetes-cni
EOF
[kubernetes]
name=Kubernetes
baseurl=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.28/rpm/
enabled=1
gpgcheck=1
gpgcheck=1
gpgcheck=1
gpgkey=https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.28/rpm/repodata/repomd.xml.key
exclude=kubelet kubeadm kubectl cri-tools kubernetes-cni
[sysops@k8s-master01 ~]$</pre>
```

Note: At time of writing this post, Kubernetes 1.28 version was available, that's why I have mentioned v1.28 while adding the repo.

Next, install Kubernetes tools by running following dnf command,

\$ sudo yum install -y kubelet kubeadm kubectl --disableexcludes=kubernetes

[sysops@k8s-master01 ~]\$ [sysops@k8s-master01 ~]\$ sudo yum install -y kubelet kubeadm kubectldisableexcludes=kubernetes Last metadata expiration check: 0:10:47 ago on Sat 16 Sep 2023 03:28:10 PM IST. Dependencies resolved.							
Package	Architecture	Version	Repository	Size			
Installing:							
kubeadm	x86_64	1.28.2-150500.1.1	kubernetes	9.9 M			
kubectl	x86_64	1.28.2-150500.1.1	kubernetes	10 M			
kubelet	x86_64	1.28.2-150500.1.1	kubernetes	19 M			
Installing dependencies:							
conntrack-tools	x86_64	1.4.7-2.el9	appstream	221 k			
cri-tools	x86_64	1.28.0-150500.1.1	kubernetes	8.1 M			
kubernetes-cni	x86_64	1.2.0-150500.2.1	kubernetes	6.2 M			
libnetfilter_cthelper	x86_64	1.0.0-22.el9	appstream	23 k			
libnetfilter_cttimeout	x86_64	1.0.0-19.el9	appstream	23 k			
libnetfilter_queue	x86_64	1.0.5-1.el9	appstream	28 k			
socat	x86_64	1.7.4.1-5.el9	appstream	300 k			
Transaction Summary							
Install 10 Packages							

After installing Kubernetes tools, start the kubelet service on each node.

\$ sudo systemctl enable --now kubelet

Step 7: Install Kubernetes Cluster On Rocky Linux 9 / Alma Linux

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Now, we are all set to install Kubernetes cluster. Run beneath Kubeadm command to initialize the Kubernetes cluster from the master node.

\$ sudo kubeadm init --control-plane-endpoint=k8s-master01

Once above command is executed successfully, we will get following output,

From the output above make a note of the command which will be executed on the worker nodes to join the Kubernetes cluster.

To start interacting with Kubernetes cluster, run the following commands on the master node.

```
$ mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
$ sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
$ sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
```

Next, join the worker nodes to the cluster, run following Kubeadm command from the worker nodes.

```
$ kubeadm join k8s-master01:6443 --token 69s57o.3muk7ey0j0zknw69 \
    --discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:8000dff8e803e2bf687f3dae80b4bc1376e5bd770e7a752a3c9fa314de6449fe
```

Output from Worker01

Output from Worker02

Now, head back to master node and run kubectl command to verify the nodes status.

```
$ kubectl get nodes
```

Output above shows that nodes is "NoteRead", so to make the nodes status "Ready", install Calico network addon or plugin in the next step.

Step 8: Install Calico Network Addon

Calico network addon is required on Kubernetes cluster to enable communication between pods, to make DNS service function with the cluster and to make the nodes status as Ready.

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In order to install calico CNI (Container Network Interface) addon, run following kubectl commands from the master node only.

\$ kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/projectcalico/calico/v3.26.1/manifests/calico.yaml

Verify calico pods status,

\$ kubectl get pods -n kube-system

Next, verify the nodes status, this time nodes status should be in Ready State.

\$ kubectl get nodes

Perfect, output above confirms nodes are in Ready state and can handle workload. Let's test our Kubernetes installation the next step.

Step 9: Test Kubernetes Cluster Installation

To test Kubernetes cluster installation, let's try to deploy nginx based application using deployment. Run following kubectl

commands,

\$ kubectl create deployment web-app01 --image nginx --replicas 2
\$ kubectl expose deployment web-app01 --type NodePort --port 80
\$ kubectl get deployment web-app01
\$ kubectl get pods
\$ kubectl get svc web-app01

Try to access the application using nodeport "31121", run following curl command,

\$ curl k8s-worker01:31121

Great, above confirms that we can access our application web page. This also confirms that our Kubernetes cluster has been installed successfully.

That's all from this post, we believe that you have found informative and useful. If you have any queries and feedback, please do post it in below comments section.

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