

a) The variable d_i is not stochastic. Whether a person takes diet ~~could~~ be correlated to other omitted variables, for example, the motivation of following diet or exposure to a region which diet was advertised.

b) i) $\frac{1}{n} Z^T \varepsilon \rightarrow 0$, means "whether or not a person is living in a region where the diet was advertised" is not correlated with the error term ε .

ii) $\frac{1}{n} Z^T X \rightarrow Q \neq 0$, Z and X are correlated

c) No, ~~but~~ we also need know whether Z is multicollinear, which is $\frac{1}{n} Z^T Z \rightarrow Q_{ZZ}$, and Q_{ZZ} invertible.

d) We have 2SLS estimators $= (Z^T X)^{-1} Z^T y = \textcircled{1}$

and

$$Z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & z_1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & z_n \end{pmatrix} \quad X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & d_1 \\ \vdots & \vdots \\ 1 & d_n \end{pmatrix} \quad y = \begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_i \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \textcircled{1} = \begin{pmatrix} n & \sum d_i \\ \sum z_i & \sum d_i z_i \end{pmatrix}^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} \sum y_i \\ \sum z_i y_i \end{pmatrix} = \textcircled{2}$$

$$\text{As } A^{-1} = \frac{\text{adj}(A)}{\det(A)}$$

$$\rightarrow \textcircled{2} = \frac{1}{n \sum d_i z_i - \sum z_i \sum d_i} \begin{pmatrix} \sum d_i z_i & -\sum d_i \\ -\sum z_i & n \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sum y_i \\ \sum z_i y_i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \hat{\beta} = \frac{n \sum z_i y_i - \sum z_i \sum y_i}{n \sum d_i z_i - \sum z_i \sum d_i}$$

$$= \frac{\sum z_i y_i - \frac{1}{n} \sum z_i \sum y_i}{\sum d_i z_i - \frac{1}{n} \sum z_i \sum d_i}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{\sum z_i} \sum z_i y_i - \frac{1}{n} \sum y_i}{\frac{1}{\sum z_i} \sum d_i z_i - \frac{1}{n} \sum d_i}$$

$$= \frac{\bar{\Delta}' - \bar{\Delta}}{\bar{d}' - \bar{d}}$$