## **Exercise 1: Control Structures**

**Scenario 1:** The bank wants to apply a discount to loan interest rates for customers above 60 years old.

 Question: Write a PL/SQL block that loops through all customers, checks their age, and if they are above 60, apply a 1% discount to their current loan interest rates.

**Scenario 2:** A customer can be promoted to VIP status based on their balance.

 Question: Write a PL/SQL block that iterates through all customers and sets a flag IsVIP to TRUE for those with a balance over \$10,000.

**Scenario 3:** The bank wants to send reminders to customers whose loans are due within the next 30 days.

 Question: Write a PL/SQL block that fetches all loans due in the next 30 days and prints a reminder message for each customer.

## **Exercise 2: Error Handling**

**Scenario 1:** Handle exceptions during fund transfers between accounts.

 Question: Write a stored procedure SafeTransferFunds that transfers funds between two accounts. Ensure that if any error occurs (e.g., insufficient funds), an appropriate error message is logged and the transaction is rolled back.

**Scenario 2:** Manage errors when updating employee salaries.

 Question: Write a stored procedure UpdateSalary that increases the salary of an employee by a given percentage. If the employee ID does not exist, handle the exception and log an error message.

**Scenario 3:** Ensure data integrity when adding a new customer.

 Question: Write a stored procedure AddNewCustomer that inserts a new customer into the Customers table. If a customer with the same ID already exists, handle the exception by logging an error and preventing the insertion.

### **Exercise 3: Stored Procedures**

**Scenario 1:** The bank needs to process monthly interest for all savings accounts.

Question: Write a stored procedure ProcessMonthlyInterest that calculates and updates
the balance of all savings accounts by applying an interest rate of 1% to the current
balance.

**Scenario 2:** The bank wants to implement a bonus scheme for employees based on their performance.

 Question: Write a stored procedure UpdateEmployeeBonus that updates the salary of employees in a given department by adding a bonus percentage passed as a parameter. **Scenario 3:** Customers should be able to transfer funds between their accounts.

 Question: Write a stored procedure TransferFunds that transfers a specified amount from one account to another, checking that the source account has sufficient balance before making the transfer.

### **Exercise 4: Functions**

**Scenario 1:** Calculate the age of customers for eligibility checks.

 Question: Write a function CalculateAge that takes a customer's date of birth as input and returns their age in years.

**Scenario 2:** The bank needs to compute the monthly installment for a loan.

 Question: Write a function CalculateMonthlyInstallment that takes the loan amount, interest rate, and loan duration in years as input and returns the monthly installment amount.

**Scenario 3:** Check if a customer has sufficient balance before making a transaction.

 Question: Write a function HasSufficientBalance that takes an account ID and an amount as input and returns a boolean indicating whether the account has at least the specified amount.

# **Exercise 5: Triggers**

**Scenario 1:** Automatically update the last modified date when a customer's record is updated.

 Question: Write a trigger UpdateCustomerLastModified that updates the LastModified column of the Customers table to the current date whenever a customer's record is updated.

**Scenario 2:** Maintain an audit log for all transactions.

 Question: Write a trigger LogTransaction that inserts a record into an AuditLog table whenever a transaction is inserted into the Transactions table.

**Scenario 3:** Enforce business rules on deposits and withdrawals.

 Question: Write a trigger CheckTransactionRules that ensures withdrawals do not exceed the balance and deposits are positive before inserting a record into the Transactions table.

### **Exercise 6: Cursors**

**Scenario 1:** Generate monthly statements for all customers.

Question: Write a PL/SQL block using an explicit cursor GenerateMonthlyStatements
that retrieves all transactions for the current month and prints a statement for each
customer.

Scenario 2: Apply annual fee to all accounts.

 Question: Write a PL/SQL block using an explicit cursor ApplyAnnualFee that deducts an annual maintenance fee from the balance of all accounts.

**Scenario 3:** Update the interest rate for all loans based on a new policy.

 Question: Write a PL/SQL block using an explicit cursor UpdateLoanInterestRates that fetches all loans and updates their interest rates based on the new policy.

## **Exercise 7: Packages**

**Scenario 1:** Group all customer-related procedures and functions into a package.

 Question: Create a package CustomerManagement with procedures for adding a new customer, updating customer details, and a function to get customer balance.

**Scenario 2:** Create a package to manage employee data.

 Question: Write a package EmployeeManagement with procedures to hire new employees, update employee details, and a function to calculate annual salary.

**Scenario 3:** Group all account-related operations into a package.

 Question: Create a package AccountOperations with procedures for opening a new account, closing an account, and a function to get the total balance of a customer across all accounts.

#### Schema to be Created

```
CREATE TABLE Customers (
CustomerID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
Name VARCHAR2(100),
DOB DATE,
Balance NUMBER,
LastModified DATE
);

CREATE TABLE Accounts (
AccountID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
CustomerID NUMBER,
AccountType VARCHAR2(20),
Balance NUMBER,
```

```
LastModified DATE,
  FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customers(CustomerID)
);
CREATE TABLE Transactions (
  TransactionID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  AccountID NUMBER,
  TransactionDate DATE,
  Amount NUMBER,
  TransactionType VARCHAR2(10),
  FOREIGN KEY (AccountID) REFERENCES Accounts(AccountID)
);
CREATE TABLE Loans (
  LoanID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  CustomerID NUMBER,
  LoanAmount NUMBER,
  InterestRate NUMBER,
  StartDate DATE,
  EndDate DATE,
  FOREIGN KEY (CustomerID) REFERENCES Customers(CustomerID)
);
CREATE TABLE Employees (
  EmployeeID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  Name VARCHAR2(100),
  Position VARCHAR2(50),
  Salary NUMBER,
  Department VARCHAR2(50),
  HireDate DATE
);
Example Scripts for Sample Data Insertion
INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, Name, DOB, Balance, LastModified)
VALUES (1, 'John Doe', TO DATE('1985-05-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 1000, SYSDATE);
INSERT INTO Customers (CustomerID, Name, DOB, Balance, LastModified)
VALUES (2, 'Jane Smith', TO_DATE('1990-07-20', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 1500, SYSDATE);
INSERT INTO Accounts (AccountID, CustomerID, AccountType, Balance, LastModified)
VALUES (1, 1, 'Savings', 1000, SYSDATE);
INSERT INTO Accounts (AccountID, CustomerID, AccountType, Balance, LastModified)
```

VALUES (2, 2, 'Checking', 1500, SYSDATE);

INSERT INTO Transactions (TransactionID, AccountID, TransactionDate, Amount, TransactionType) VALUES (1, 1, SYSDATE, 200, 'Deposit');

INSERT INTO Transactions (TransactionID, AccountID, TransactionDate, Amount, TransactionType) VALUES (2, 2, SYSDATE, 300, 'Withdrawal');

INSERT INTO Loans (LoanID, CustomerID, LoanAmount, InterestRate, StartDate, EndDate) VALUES (1, 1, 5000, 5, SYSDATE, ADD\_MONTHS(SYSDATE, 60));

INSERT INTO Employees (EmployeeID, Name, Position, Salary, Department, HireDate)
VALUES (1, 'Alice Johnson', 'Manager', 70000, 'HR', TO\_DATE('2015-06-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD'));

INSERT INTO Employees (EmployeeID, Name, Position, Salary, Department, HireDate) VALUES (2, 'Bob Brown', 'Developer', 60000, 'IT', TO\_DATE('2017-03-20', 'YYYY-MM-DD'));