WP3076ADAM

User's Manual

Version 1.42



Shanghai Wellpro Electrical Technology Co., Ltd. www.shwellpro.com

1. Product description

- Output direct current though single precision channel:0-20mA/4-20mA, using DA chip of 16 bit
- Using RS485 MODBUS RTU communication standard. It can be netted with configuration software, PLC and industry touch pad
- Communication status LED
- Communication circuit designed for lightening protection and interference immunity
- Could be used for signal collection and control of Industrial field apparatus
- 3 Year's quality assurance for normal use

2. Specification

• Analog output channel 1ch

Analog output range
 DC 0-20mA/4-20mA

Analog output accuracy
 Analog output steady drift
 The maximum output load
 Working Temperature
 External power supply
 ±0.01 mA
 ±3ppm/°C
 1050Ω (24V)
 -20~70°C
 DC 9V~30V/2W

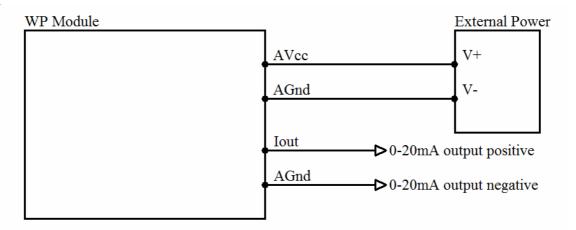
Isolation protect 1500VDC
 Installation method Standard DIN slide rail or screw

• Dimension $125 \times 73 \times 35 \text{mm}$

3. Interface definition

AVcc	External PSU positive terminal input
AGnd	Analog ground, external PSU negative terminal input
Iout+	positive terminal of current output
AGnd	analog ground,negative terminal of current output
NC	null
NC	null
NC	null
485B	RS485 signal B-
485A	RS485 signal A+

4. Analog output application diagram



5. Communication Instruction

5.1, Communication parameter (default setting): 9600, N, 8, 1

Parameter	Description
9600	baud rate
N(no check)	check bit
8	data bit
1	stop bit

5.2. Command for outputing the analog signal:

Send: 01 06 00 00 2C 39 55 18 (example/hexadecimal)

data	byte	data description	remark
01	1	module address	address range:01-FE
06	1	function code	06-write single register
0000	2	register address (4x mode)	0000-current output channel
2C39	2	reading length	current output data, range:0000-4E20
5518	2	CRC check code	CRC check code for all data

Receive: 01 06 00 00 2C 39 55 18 (example/hexadecimal)

This command means to send a code to a module that address is 01 to output current requied. Input data "2C39" is hexadecimal, it will be 11321 after converting to decimal. Put it in the formula: Iout=DATA/1000= $11321/1000 \approx 11.32$ mA. When module receives correct command, it will make corresponding actions and send response back to the master. This is successful communication.

5.3. Command for collecting the output signal of analog quantity:

Send: 01 03 00 00 00 01 84 0A (example/hexadecimal)

data	byte	data description	remark
01	1	module address	address range:01-FE
03	1	function code	03-read register
0000	2	register code(4x mode)	0000- analog input address of first register
0001	2	read data	0001-read one register
840A	2	CRC check code	CRC check code for all data

Receive: 01 03 02 2C 39 64 96 (example/hexadecimal)

data	byte	data description	remark
01	1	module address	address range:01-FE
03	1	function code	03-read register
02	1	byte numbers	02-read 2 bytes
2C39	2	read data	2C39-read data from analog output channel
6496	2	CRC check code	CRC check code for all data

The recieved command means the data of the analog output is "2C39", it will be 11321 after converting to decimal. Put it in the formula: $Iout=DATA/1000=11321/1000\approx11.32mA$.

5.4, command for module address setting:

Send: 00 06 00 64 00 01 08 04 (example/hexadecimal)

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	date	byte	data description	remark
ĺ	00	1	module address	00-group sending
ĺ	06	1	function code	06-write single register
ĺ	0064	2	register address (4x mode)	0064-modify module address
ĺ	0001	2	data writing	set new address for module, range 0001-00FE
ĺ	0804	2	CRC check code	CRC check code for all data

Receive: 00 06 00 64 00 01 08 04 (example/hexadecimal)

This command means to send a code to a module, set the module address as 01, this setting could be saved when power off; default address of module is 01,each module address could be assigned separately when using multiple modules for network. Attentions is required that only one module could be used in 485 network when using multiple address sending, otherwise all the modules will share the same address in 485 network. When module receives correct command, it will make corresponding actions and send response back to the master. This is successful communication.

5.5. Command for communication parameter setting:

Send: 01 06 00 65 00 02 18 14 (example/hexadecimal)

data	byte	data description	remark
01	1	module address	address range:01-FE
06	1	function code	06-write single register
0065	2	register address (4x mode)	0065-modify communication parameter
0002	2	data writing	0001-set communication parameter 4800,N(no check) ,8,1
			0002-set communication parameter 9600,N(no

1814	2	CRC check code	check) ,8,1 0004-set communication parameter 38400,N(no check) ,8,1 0005-set communication parameter 4800,E(even check) ,8,1 0006-set communication parameter 9600,E(even check) ,8,1 0007-set communication parameter 19200,E(even check) ,8,1 0008-set communication parameter 38400,E(even check) ,8,1 CRC check code for all data
1814	2	CKC check code	CKC check code for all data

Receive: 01 06 00 65 00 02 18 14 (example/hexadecimal)

This command means to send a code to the module and set the communication parameter as "9600, N (No check), 8, 1". This setting could be saved when power off. The default communication parameter is "9600, N (no check), 8, 1". Attention is required, when electing the correct communication parameter in communication setting and restarting the communication terminal, setting will be done. Normally, the lower of baud rate, the lower of the transaction speed but the higher of transaction stability. The opposite is also true. When module receives correct command, corresponding action will be taken and response will be sent back to the master. This is successful communication.

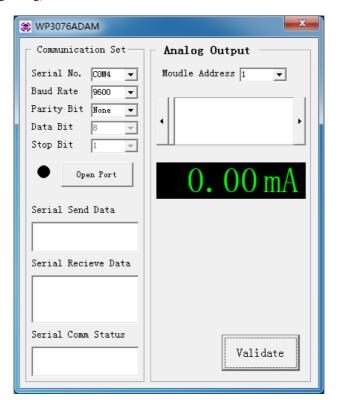
6. Indicator LED description

- When module powered on, Led is green.
- When module is under communication, LED is twinkling.
- when module receive correct command, LED is green.
- when module receive incorrect command or command for other modules, LED is red.

7. PC debugging instruction

This module provides software for parameter setting and function test. Please follow the steps below:

- Connect the module and computer using RS485 converter.
- Connect 12V or 24V power with module and power on. To avoid any unnecessary damage, please make sure the power positive & negative terminals are correctly connected before power on.
- Open the software, select the correct module number, you will see the window of function test or parameter setting.
- Set correct parameter, open communication interface.
- Select corresponding setting, collection and control items.



8、RS485 network diagram

