fUML Activity Diagrams with RAG-controlled rewriting

A RACR¹ solution of The TTC 2015 Model Execution Case

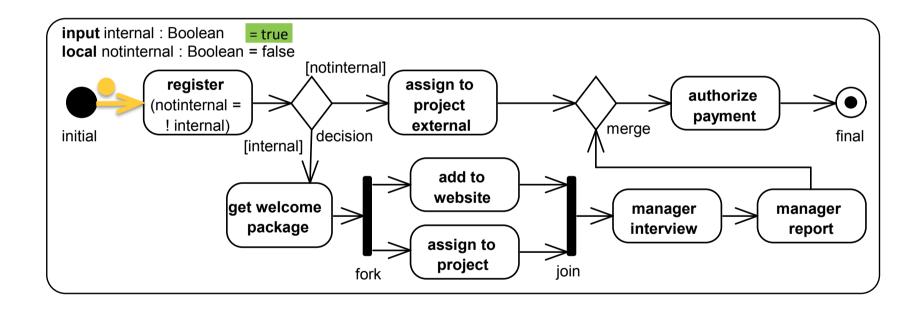
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TTC 2015 background

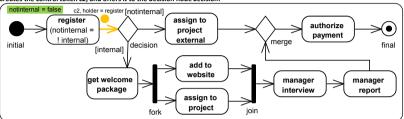
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Task: execution of fUML Activity Diagrams.

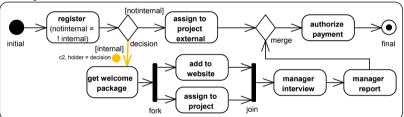


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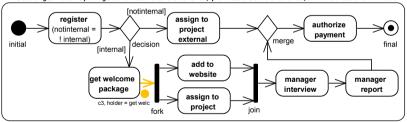
2. The action register consumes the token c1, executes the defined expression leading to an update of the variable non-internal, creates the control token c2, and offers it to the decision node decision.



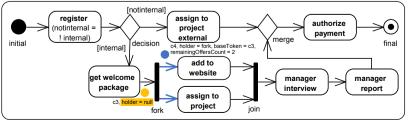
3. The decision node decision offers the control token c2 to the opaque action get welcome package, because the variable internal defined as guard condition has the current value true.



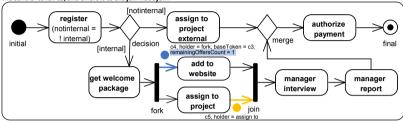
4. The action get welcome package consumes the control token c2, produces the control token c3, and offers it to the fork node.



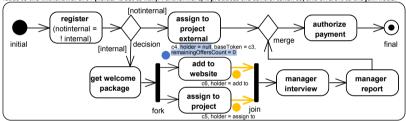
5. The fork node fork produces the forked token c4 for the incoming control token c3 (i.e., the forked token's base token). The remaining offers count is set to 2, because the fork node has two outgoing control flow edges. The forked token c4 is offered to the successor actions via two distinct offers.



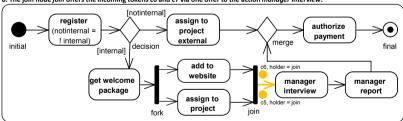
6. The action assign to project consumes its token offer for c4 leading to an update of c4's remaining offers count to 1, produces the control token c5, and offers it to the join node join.



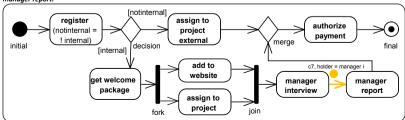
7. The action add to website consumes its token offer for c4 leading to an update of c4's remaining offers count to 0, which in turn leads to the withdrawal of c4 (holder is set to null). Furthermore, it produces the control token c6, and offers it to the join node.



8. The join node join offers the incoming tokens c6 and c7 via one offer to the action manager interview.



9. The action manager interview consumes the control tokens c5 and c6, produces the control token c7, and offers it to the action manager report.



RACR solution background

General solution idea

Interpreter consisting of two parts ...

- Activity Diagram → Petri net compiler (analyses)
- Petri net interpreter (state transformations)

... implemented using RAG-controlled rewriting.

RAG-controlled rewriting

- RAG-controlled rewriting = RAGs + graph rewriting
 - reference attribute grammar for declarative analyses
 - reference attributes induce semantic overlay graph on top of abstract syntax tree (AST) >> extend AST to ASG
 - enables deduction and analyses of graph structure
 - >> deduced, memoized abstract syntax graph (ASG)
 - graph rewriting for declarative ASG transformations
 - left hand: ASG pattern (ASTs connected via reference attributes)
 - right hand: manipulations on matched, underlying AST
 - >> ASG changes with AST (updated by RAG)
 - seamless combination:

 - use of analyses to deduce rewrites
 rewrites automatically update analyses
 - >> incremental

RACR

- reference implementation of RAG-controlled rewriting in *Scheme*
- *R6RS* library; API for:
 - ASG schema definition (AST schema + attribution)
 - ASG querying (AST + attributes)
 - rewriting (imperative/RAG-controlled/fixpoint;
 primitive/pattern-based; or combination of all)

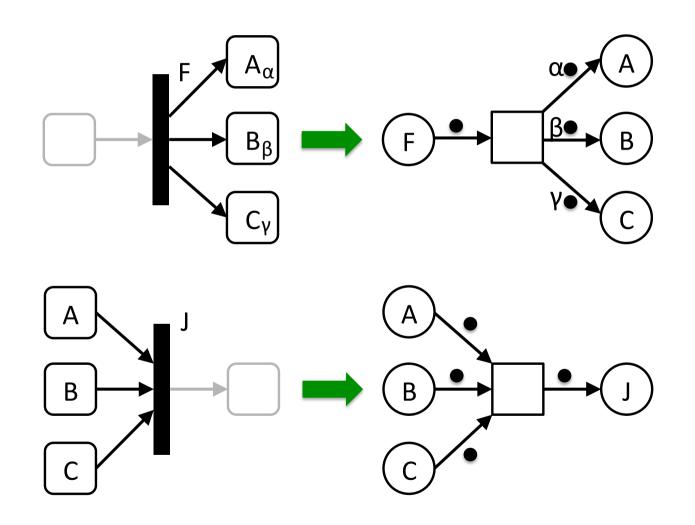
https://github.com/christoff-buerger/racr

Solution

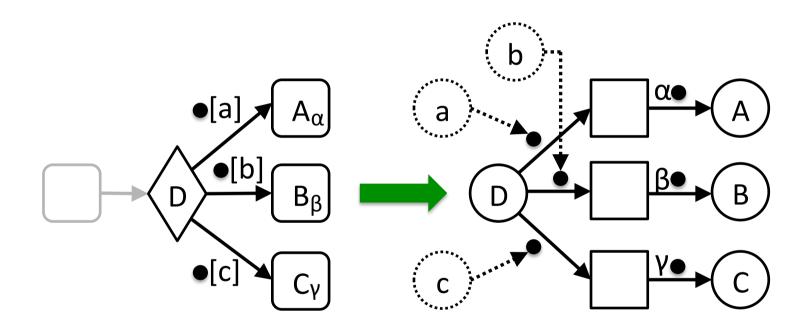
fUML Activity Diagram compiler

- attributes for:
 - name analysis (symbolic name resolution)
 - incoming & outgoing edges reference attributes
 - variables
 - type analysis (expression types)
 - well-formedness analysis (only TTC solution that rejects malformed diagrams)
 - code generation (i.e., Petri net generation)

fUML Activity Diagram → Petri net



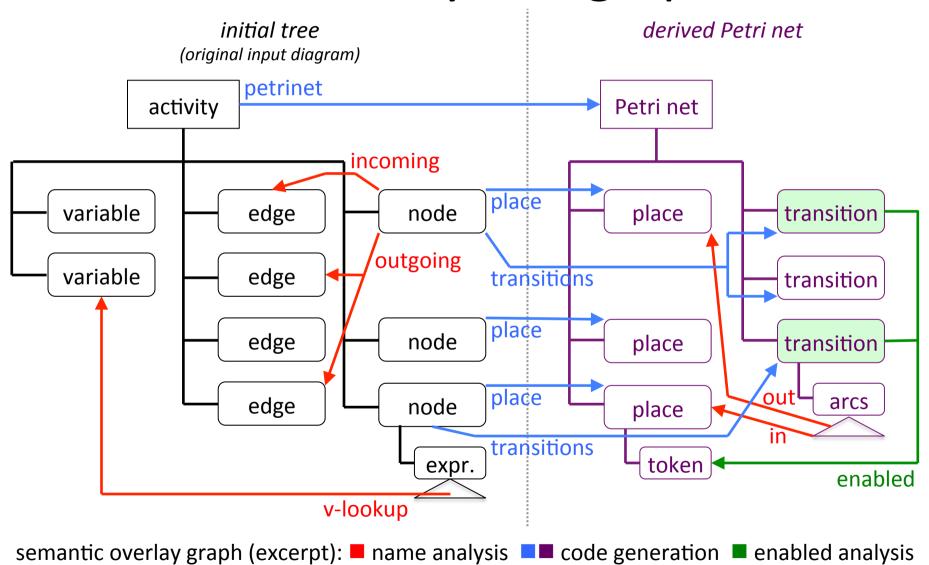
fUML Activity Diagram → Petri net



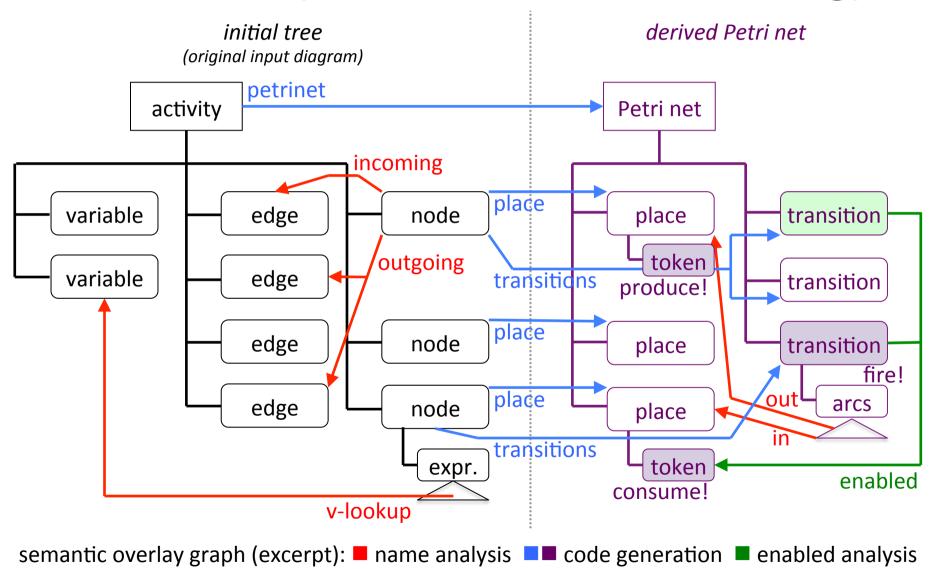
Petri net interpreter

- attributes for:
 - name analysis
 - well-formedness analysis
 - enabled analysis (kind of name analysis)
- rewrites for execution (firing)
 - delete consumed tokens
 - add produced tokens

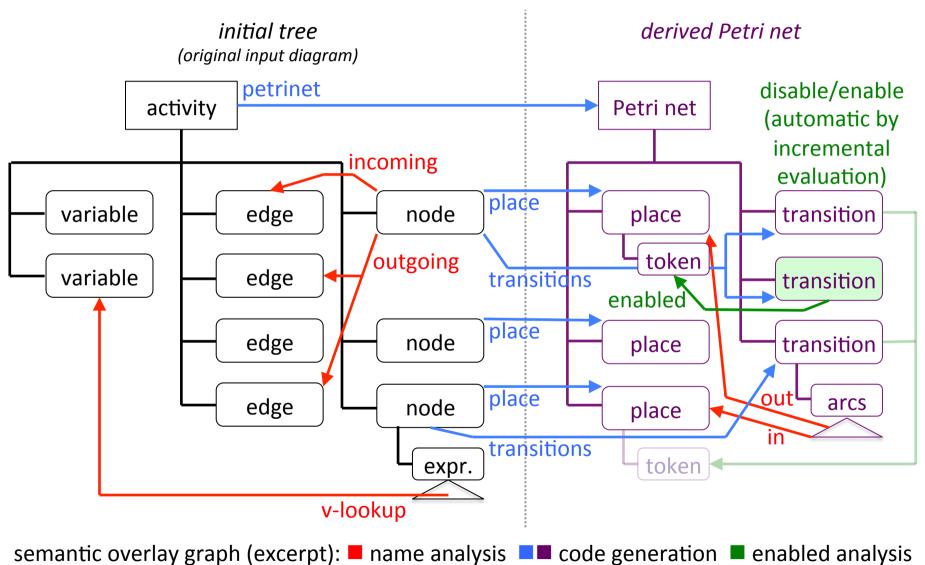
Abstract syntax graph



Execution (RAG-controlled rewriting)



Execution (RAG-controlled rewriting)



Evaluation

Implementation quality

- straightforward rewriting thanks to attributebased analysis (rewrites leverage on analyses)
- focused rewriting (just actual state changes)
- efficient, although naïvely specified (incremental)
- declarative (automatic deduction of evaluation orders for intertwined analyses & rewriting)
- interactive (convenient runtime API for userdriven analyses & state changes)

Lines of code

| Source code file | Solution part (language task) | LOC | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|--|
| Activity Diagram interpreter (584): | | | 548 | |
| analyses.scm: 308 | AST scheme | | 3% | |
| • | ASG accessors (constructors, child & attribute accessors) | 89 | 16% | |
| | Name analysis | 36 | 7% | |
| | Type analysis | 21 | 4% | |
| | Well-formedness | 30 | 5% | |
| | Petri net generation | 94 | 17% | |
| parser.scm: 234 | Parsing | 229 | 42% | |
| user-interface.scm: 42 | Initialisation & command-line interface | 33 | 6% | |
| Petri net interpreter (243): | | 222 | | |
| analyses.scm: 134 | AST scheme | 6 | 3% | |
| | ASG accessors (constructors, child & attribute accessors) | | 15% | |
| | Query support | | 5% | |
| | Name analysis | | 9% | |
| | Well-formedness | 12 | 5% | |
| | Enabled analysis | 38 | 17% | |
| user-interface.scm: 109 | Initialisation and Petri net syntax | | 15% | |
| | Running and firing interface | 14 | 6% | |
| | Read-eval-print-loop interpreter | | 10% | |
| | Testing (marking & enabled status) | 32 | 15% | |

no further software artefacts

Performance

| Tasks performed | Test case | | | | Time spent | |
|----------------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------|------------|------------------------|--|
| (later include previous) | 1 | 2 | 3_1 | 3_2 | (low / high / average) | |
| Activity diagram parsing | 762 / 762 | 763 / 763 | 797 / 797 | 641 / 641 | 45% / 92% / 53% | |
| Activity diagram well-formedness | 859 / 97 | 869 / 106 | 983 / 186 | 643 / 2 | 0% / 11% / 7% | |
| Petri net generation | 973 / 114 | 989 / 120 | 1125 / 142 | 647 / 4 | 1% / 8% / 7% | |
| Petri net well-formedness | 1141 / 168 | 1158 / 169 | 1296 / 171 | 655 / 8 | 1% / 11% / 9% | |
| Petri net enabled | 1167 / 26 | 1185 / 27 | 1376 / 80 | 656 / 1 | 0% / 5% / 2% | |
| Petri net execution | 1617 / 450 | 1555 / 370 | 1768 / 392 | 699 / 43 | 6% / 28% / 22% | |
| using enabled passes | 2274 / 1107 | 1229 / 44 | 1462 / 86 | 718 / 62 | 4% / 49% / 23% | |
| Incremental s | | (low / high / average) | | | | |
| Petri net execution | 9894 / 8727 | 8171 / 6986 | 8707 / 7331 | 916 / 260 | * 83% / 95% / 95% * | |
| using enabled passes | 18889 / 17722 | 1536 / 351 | 1818 / 442 | 1057 / 401 | . 81% / 94% / 93% . | |

execution times in ms (cf. solution description)

time saved by incremental evaluation

Conclusion

8th Transformation Tool Contest



This document certifies that the award for

THE OVERALL QUALITY AWARD FOR

THE HORL EXECUTION CASE STUDY

has been won by RACR

Participating team members:

CHRISTOFF BÜRGER

Location: L'Aquila, Italy Date: 24.07.2015 Organizing Committee:

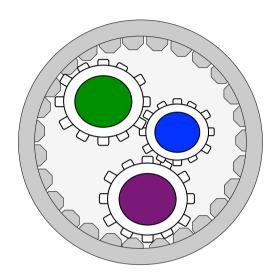
Tassilo Horn, Filip Krikava, Louis Rose

Benefits of RAG-controlled rewriting

interactive

incremental meta programming

model transformation



runtime models

declarative

IDEs

incremental reasoning

•••

Efficient Analyses

Efficient Rewriting

Programmed / RAG Controlled Rewriting

RACR