

Module openql.openql

'OpenQL' is a C++/Python framework for high-level quantum programming. The framework provides a compiler for compiling and optimizing quantum code. The compiler produces the intermediate quantum assembly language in cQASM (Common QASM) and the compiled eQASM (executable QASM) for various target platforms. While the eQASM is platform-specific, the quantum assembly code (QASM) is hardware-agnostic and can be simulated on the QX simulator.

Functions

-----  
get\_option(option\_name)

Returns value of any of the following OpenQL options:

Opt. Name	: Default	: Possible values
'log_level'	: LOG_NOTHING	: 'LOG_{NOTHING/CRITICAL/ERROR/WARNING/INFO/DEBUG}'
'output_dir'	: 'test_output'	: <output directory>
'optimize'	: 'no'	: 'yes/no'
'use_default_gates'	: 'yes'	: 'yes/no'
'decompose_toffoli'	: 'no'	: 'yes/no'
'scheduler'	: 'ASAP'	: 'ASAP/ALAP'
'scheduler_uniform'	: 'no'	: 'yes/no'
'scheduler_commute'	: 'no'	: 'yes/no'
'scheduler_post179'	: 'yes'	: 'yes/no'
'cz_mode'	: 'manual'	: 'auto/manual'

Parameters

-----  
arg1 : str  
Option name

Returns

-----  
str  
Option value

get\_version()

Returns OpenQL version

Parameters

-----  
None

Returns

-----  
str  
version number as a string

print\_options()

Prints a list of available OpenQL options with their values.

set\_option(option\_name, option\_value)

Sets any of the following OpenQL options:

Opt. Name	: Default	: Possible values
'log_level'	: LOG_NOTHING	: 'LOG_{NOTHING/CRITICAL/ERROR/WARNING/INFO/DEBUG}'
'output_dir'	: 'test_output'	: <output directory>
'optimize'	: 'no'	: 'yes/no'
'use_default_gates'	: 'yes'	: 'yes/no'
'decompose_toffoli'	: 'no'	: 'yes/no'
'scheduler'	: 'ASAP'	: 'ASAP/ALAP'
'scheduler_uniform'	: 'no'	: 'yes/no'
'scheduler_commute'	: 'no'	: 'yes/no'
'scheduler_post179'	: 'yes'	: 'yes/no'
'cz_mode'	: 'manual'	: 'auto/manual'

## Parameters

-----

arg1 : str

Option name

arg2 : str

Option value

vectord\_swigregister(...)

vectorf\_swigregister(...)

vectori\_swigregister(...)

vectorui\_swigregister(...)

## Classes

-----

## CReg

Classical register class.

Ancestors (in MRO)

-----

openql.openql.CReg

builtins.object

Class variables

-----

creg

thisown

Static methods

-----

\_\_init\_\_(self)

Constructs a classical register which can be source/destination for classical operations.

## Parameters

-----

None

## Returns

-----

CReg

classical register object

Instance variables

-----

creg

thisown

The membership flag

## Kernel

Kernel class which contains various quantum instructions.

Ancestors (in MRO)

-----

openql.openql.Kernel

builtins.object

Class variables

-----

creg\_count

kernel

name

platform

qubit\_count

thisown

Static methods

-----  
\_\_init\_\_(self, name, platform, qubit\_count, creg\_count=0)  
Constructs a Kernel object.

Parameters

-----  
arg1 : str  
    name of the Kernel  
arg2 : Platform  
    target platform for which the kernel will be compiled  
arg3 : int  
    qubit count  
arg4 : int  
    classical register count

barrier(self, \*args, \*\*kwargs)  
    inserts explicit barrier on specified qubits. wait with duration '0'  
    is also equivalent to applying barrier on specified list of qubits.  
    If no qubits are specified, then barrier is applied on all the qubits.

Parameters

-----  
arg1 : []  
    list of qubits

classical(self, \*args)  
    adds classical operation kernel.

Parameters

-----  
arg1 : CReg  
    destination register for classical operation.  
arg2 : Operation  
    classical operation.

clifford(self, id, q0)  
    Applies clifford operation of the specified id on the qubit.

Parameters

-----  
arg1 : int  
    clifford operation id  
arg2 : int  
    target qubit

The ids and the corresponding operations are:

0 : ['I']  
1 : ['Y90', 'X90']  
2 : ['mX90', 'mY90']  
3 : ['X180']

```

4 : ['mY90', 'mX90']
5 : ['X90', 'mY90']
6 : ['Y180']
7 : ['mY90', 'X90']
8 : ['X90', 'Y90']
9 : ['X180', 'Y180']
10: ['Y90', 'mX90']
11: ['mX90', 'Y90']
12: ['Y90', 'X180']
13: ['mX90']
14: ['X90', 'mY90', 'mX90']
15: ['mY90']
16: ['X90']
17: ['X90', 'Y90', 'X90']
18: ['mY90', 'X180']
19: ['X90', 'Y180']
20: ['X90', 'mY90', 'X90']
21: ['Y90']
22: ['mX90', 'Y180']
23: ['X90', 'Y90', 'mX90']

```

cnot(self, q0, q1)

Applies controlled-not operation.

Parameters

-----

```

arg1 : int
      control qubit
arg2 : int
      target qubit

```

conjugate(self, k)

generates conjugate version of the kernel from the input kernel.

Parameters

-----

```

arg1 : ql::Kernel
      input kernel. Except measure, Kernel to be conjugated.

```

Returns

-----

None

controlled(self, k, control\_qubits, ancilla\_qubits)

generates controlled version of the kernel from the input kernel.

Parameters

-----

```

arg1 : ql::Kernel
      input kernel. Except measure, Kernel to be controlled may contain any of the default gates as well custom gates which are not specialized for a specific qubits.

```

```

arg2 : []
      list of control qubits.

```

```

arg3 : []
      list of ancilla qubits. Number of ancilla qubits should be equal to number of control qubits.

```

Returns

-----

None

cphase(self, q0, q1)

Applies controlled-phase operation.

Parameters

-----

arg1 : int

control qubit

arg2 : int

target qubit

cz(self, q0, q1)

display(self)

inserts QX display instruction (so QX specific).

Parameters

-----

None

Returns

-----

None

gate(self, \*args)

adds custom/default gates to kernel.

Parameters

-----

arg1 : str

name of gate

arg2 : []

list of qubits

arg3 : CReg

classical destination register for measure operation.

get\_custom\_instructions(self)

Returns list of available custom instructions.

Parameters

-----

None

Returns

-----

[]

List of available custom instructions

hadamard(self, q0)

Applies hadamard on the qubit specified in argument.

Parameters

-----

arg1 : int

target qubit

identity(self, q0)

Applies identity on the qubit specified in argument.

Parameters

-----

arg1 : int

```
target qubit

measure(self, q0)
    measures input qubit.

Parameters
-----
arg1 : int
    input qubit

mrx90(self, q0)
    Applies mrx90 on the qubit specified in argument.

Parameters
-----
arg1 : int
    target qubit

mry90(self, q0)

prepz(self, q0)

rx(self, q0, angle)

rx180(self, q0)
    Applies rx180 on the qubit specified in argument.

Parameters
-----
arg1 : int
    target qubit

rx90(self, q0)
    Applies rx90 on the qubit specified in argument.

Parameters
-----
arg1 : int
    target qubit

ry(self, q0, angle)

ry180(self, q0)
    Applies ry180 on the qubit specified in argument.

Parameters
-----
arg1 : int
    target qubit

ry90(self, q0)

rz(self, q0, angle)

s(self, q0)
    Applies x on the qubit specified in argument.

Parameters
-----
arg1 : int
    target qubit

sdag(self, q0)
```

Applies sdag on the qubit specified in argument.

Parameters

-----

arg1 : int  
    target qubit

t(self, q0)

tdag(self, q0)

toffoli(self, q0, q1, q2)

Applies controlled-controlled-not operation.

Parameters

-----

arg1 : int  
    control qubit  
arg2 : int  
    control qubit  
arg3 : int  
    target qubit

wait(self, qubits, duration)

inserts explicit wait on specified qubits. wait with duration '0'  
is equivalent to barrier on specified list of qubits. If no qubits  
are specified, then wait/barrier is applied on all the qubits.

Parameters

-----

arg1 : []  
    list of qubits  
arg2 : int  
    duration in ns

x(self, q0)

y(self, q0)

Applies y on the qubit specified in argument.

Parameters

-----

arg1 : int  
    target qubit

z(self, q0)

Applies z on the qubit specified in argument.

Parameters

-----

arg1 : int  
    target qubit

Instance variables

-----

creg\_count

kernel

name

platform

qubit\_count

thisown

The membership flag

#### Operation

Operation class representing classical operations.

Ancestors (in MRO)

-----

openql.openql.Operation

builtins.object

Class variables

-----

operation

thisown

Static methods

-----

\_\_init\_\_(self, \*args)

Constructs an Operation object (used for initializing with immediate values).

Parameters

-----

arg1 : int

immediate value

Instance variables

-----

operation

thisown

The membership flag

#### Platform

Platform class specifying the target platform to be used for compilation.

Ancestors (in MRO)

-----

openql.openql.Platform

builtins.object

Class variables

-----

config\_file

name

platform

thisown

Static methods

-----

\_\_init\_\_(self, \*args)

Constructs a Platform object.

Parameters

-----

arg1 : str

name of the Platform



```
    arg2 : str
        name of the configuration file specifying the platform
```

```
get_qubit_number(self)
    returns number of qubits in the platform.
```

```
Parameters
```

```
-----
None
```

```
Returns
```

```
-----
int
    number of qubits
```

```
Instance variables
```

```
-----
config_file
```

```
name
```

```
platform
```

```
thisown
    The membership flag
```

Program

Program class which contains one or more kernels.

```
Ancestors (in MRO)
```

```
-----
openql.openql.Program
builtins.object
```

```
Class variables
```

```
-----
creg_count
```

```
name
```

```
platform
```

```
program
```

```
qubit_count
```

```
thisown
```

```
Static methods
```

```
-----
__init__(self, *args)
    Constructs a program object.
```

```
Parameters
```

```
-----
arg1 : str
    name of the program
arg2 : Platform
    instance of an OpenQL Platform
arg3 : int
    number of qubits the program will use
arg4 : int
    number of classical registers the program will use (default: 0)
```

`add_do_while(self, *args)`  
 Adds specified sub-program to a program which will be repeatedly executed while specified condition is true.

Parameters

-----

`arg1` : Program  
         program to be executed repeatedly  
`arg2`: Operation  
         classical relational operation (<, >, <=, >=, ==, !=)

`add_for(self, *args)`  
 Adds specified sub-program to a program which will be executed for specified iterations.

Parameters

-----

`arg1` : Program  
         sub-program to be executed repeatedly  
`arg2`: int  
         iteration count

`add_if(self, *args)`  
 Adds specified sub-program to a program which will be executed if specified condition is true. This allows nesting of operations.

Parameters

-----

`arg1` : Program  
         program to be executed  
`arg2`: Operation  
         classical relational operation (<, >, <=, >=, ==, !=)

`add_if_else(self, *args)`  
 Adds specified sub-programs to a program. First sub-program will be executed if specified condition is true. Second sub-program will be executed if specified condition is false.

Parameters

-----

`arg1` : Program  
         program to be executed when specified condition is true (if part).  
`arg2` : Program  
         program to be executed when specified condition is false (else part).  
`arg3`: Operation  
         classical relational operation (<, >, <=, >=, ==, !=)

`add_kernel(self, k)`  
 Adds specified kernel to program.

Parameters

-----

`arg1` : kernel  
         kernel to be added

`add_program(self, p)`

`compile(self)`  
 Compiles the program.

Parameters

-----

None

```
get_sweep_points(self)
    Returns sweep points for an experiment.
```

```
Parameters
```

```
-----
```

```
None
```

```
Returns
```

```
-----
```

```
[]
    list of sweep points
```

```
microcode(self)
    Returns program microcode
Parameters
```

```
-----
```

```
None
```

```
Returns
```

```
-----
```

```
str
    microcode
```

```
print_interaction_matrix(self)
```

```
qasm(self)
    Returns program QASM
Parameters
```

```
-----
```

```
None
```

```
Returns
```

```
-----
```

```
str
    qasm
```

```
set_sweep_points(self, sweep_points)
    Sets sweep points for an experiment.
```

```
Parameters
```

```
-----
```

```
arg1 : []
    list of sweep points
```

```
write_interaction_matrix(self)
```

```
Instance variables
```

```
-----
```

```
creg_count
```

```
name
```

```
platform
```

```
program
```

```
qubit_count
```

```
thisown
```

```
    The membership flag
```