



**Date:** February 2022



# Systems Modeling Application Programming Interface (API) and Services

*Version 1.0*

*Release 2022-01*

**Submitted in response to Systems Modeling Language (SysML®) v2 API and Services RFP (ad/2018-06-03) by:**

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# 0 Submission Introduction

## 0.1 Submission Overview

This proposed specification is submitted in response to the Systems Modeling Language (SysML®) v2 API and Services RFP (ad/2018-16-03). It is being submitted along with two other specifications that are being submitted together in response to the Systems Modeling Language (SysML®) v2 Request for Proposals (RFP):

- Kernel Modeling Language (KerML), Version 1.0
- OMG Systems Modeling Language (SysML), Version 2.0

These specifications are all being submitted together because the APIs and services defined in this specification are intended to work with the language metamodels defined in the other two specification. Together, these three specifications respond to the full SysML v2 vision, as captured jointly by the two RFPs.

## 0.2 Submission Submitters

The following OMG member organizations are jointly submitting this proposed specification:

- 88Solutions Corporation
- GfSE e.V.
- IBM
- INCOSE
- InterCax LLC
- Lockheed Martin Corporation
- Model Driven Solutions, Inc.
- Dassault Système
- PTC
- Simula Research Laboratory AS

The submitters also thankfully acknowledge the support of over 60 other organizations that participated in the SysML v2 Submission Team.

## 0.3 Submission - Issues to be discussed

The SysML v2 API and Services RFP does not request that any issue be discussed by submitters.

## 0.4 API and Services Requirements Tables

### 0.4.1 Mandatory API & Services Requirements Table

Table 1. Mandatory API & Services Requirements Table

| Req. ID | Req. Name                     | Text  |
|---------|-------------------------------|---|
| API 1   | API and Services Architecture | This group includes general requirements related to the architecture and design of the API. |

| Req. ID | Req. Name        | Text   |
|---------|------------------|--|
| API 1.1 | API Architecture | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Platform-independent model (PIM) that specifies the services and the operations provided by the API. Services are collections of operations. Inputs and outputs of each operation shall be specified and be conformant to the SysML v2 meta-model and resulting UML profile [SysML v2]. The platform-independent model shall be defined using an open standard, such as UML2 or IDL, so that it can be used to auto-generate platform-specific bindings.</li> <li>2. Mappings to bind the platform-independent model (PIM) to each of platform-specific models (PSMs). The mappings shall be defined using an open standard, such as QVT.</li> <li>3. Platform-specific models (PSMs) as bindings of the PIM to OSLC 3.0 and one or more commonly used technology platforms, such as, but not limited to, REST/HTTP, Java, C#, Javascript, or GraphQL. The platform-specific models shall also include API documentation for each of the services and their operations.</li> </ol> <p>Proposals are also encouraged to leverage the latest industry standards and technologies for API specification and cross-language code generation (bindings), such as Apache Thrift, OpenAPI, and Swagger Codegen.</p> |

| Req. ID | Req. Name                             | Text  |
|---------|---------------------------------------|---|
| API 1.2 | API Infrastructure Services           | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall provide the following infrastructure-level service specifications.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Service discovery to get all the available services</li> <li>• Service access to get the handle of a service</li> </ul> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Refer to DDS [DDS] and CORBA [CORBA] as examples</p> |
| API 1.3 | Design Constraints                    | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall allow extensions of the platform-independent model (PIM) and platform-specific bindings (PSMs).</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Refer to DDS [DDS] and CORBA [CORBA] as examples</p>   |
| API 2   | API and Services Conformance          | <p>The requirements in this group are related to measuring the conformance level of SysML v2 modeling environments to the platform-specific models (PSMs). SysML v2 modeling environments may implement one or more platform-specific models in the SysML v2 API and Service specification, as described in section 6.2 and API 1.1 requirement above.</p>                      |
| API 2.1 | API and Services Conformance Criteria | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall provide measurable conformance criteria for all services in the proposal.</p>  |

| Req. ID | Req. Name   | Text   |
|---------|---|--|
| API 2.2 | API and Services Conformance Evaluation Method and Test Cases | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall provide an evaluation method and associated test cases to assess conformance for all the services in the proposal.   |
| API 2.3 | Functional Thread Conformance                                 | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall provide test cases to assess conformance of SysML v2 modeling environments to functional threads that use a combination of services. Four functional threads are specified below. Proposals can specify test cases for additional functional threads relevant to model-based systems engineering.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FT 1 - Assessing the impact of a requirement change during system development</li> <li>• FT 2 - Investigation and review of system design and relevant analyses after a failure during system operation is reported</li> <li>• FT 3 – Coordination and concurrent development of systems involving multiple disciplines, such as systems, hardware, software, simulation, project management, manufacturing, and operations</li> <li>• FT 4 Tracing system artifacts downstream and upstream during system development and during system operations and maintenance</li> </ul> |
| SV 1    | Service Scope, Conditions, and Response Requirements          | The requirements in this group are applicable to all the services in the scope of this RFP.  |

| Req. ID | Req. Name                | Text   |
|---------|--------------------------|--|
| SV 1.1  | Service Scope            | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall provide a mechanism to specify the model and its version, or collection of models and their versions, that are in scope for a service request.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b></p> <p>Example: If the Model Navigation Service is used by a consumer to get all elements of a specific type, then the consumer must have a mechanism to specify a specific model or collection of models in which elements of that type will be searched.</p>   |
| SV 1.2  | Pre- and Post-Conditions | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall provide a model-based specification for the pre-conditions and post-conditions for each service. Pre-conditions include the list of conditions that must be true for the service to initiate, and post-conditions include the list of conditions that must be true after the service has responded, whether successfully or unsuccessfully.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b></p> <p>Example: An example pre-condition for the Model Update Service may be that the model element being updated must exist and not be checked-out (or being modified). An example post-condition for the same service may be that the model must be in a valid state after the service has responded.</p> |

| Req. ID | Req. Name               | Text   |
|---------|-------------------------|--|
| SV 1.3  | Standard Response Model | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall provide a Standard Response Model that represents the response structure for all the services in the proposal. A Standard Response Model will make it feasible for service consumers to process service responses in a standard manner.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> REST/ HTTP APIs provide common response status codes specified by the HTTP protocol [HTTP/1.1].</p> |

| Req. ID | Req. Name                            | Text   |
|---------|--------------------------------------|--|
| SV 2    | Model Navigation Service Requirement | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify a service to navigate a SysML v2 model, as described in detail below.</p> <p>(a) Define starting point(s) for navigation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Get model (top-level/root element)</li> <li>ii. Get an element by its unique identifier</li> <li>iii. Get elements by their type in a given scope using direct or recursive strategy, e.g. get elements of type Block directly in a given package, or get elements of type Block recursively in the context of a given package.</li> </ul> <p>(b) Get all properties and their values for a given element, including the meta-data for each property such as its name, type, and multiplicity.</p> <p>(c) Get relationships given one or more of the following criteria, including meta-data for each relationship such as its name and type.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. Source element of the relationship</li> <li>ii. Target element of the relationship</li> <li>iii. Type of the relationship</li> </ul> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> The terms element, property, relationship, type, and package used here are based on the latest version of SysML/UML standard.</p> |

| Req. ID | Req. Name                          | Text   |
|---------|------------------------------------|--|
| SV 3    | Model Creation Service Requirement | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify a service to create a model element with a unique identifier given the name, type, and owning element for the model element.   |
| SV 4    | Model Update Service Requirement   | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify a service to update model elements, such as updating the name, type, property values, or the owning element.   |
| SV 5    | Model Deletion Service Requirement | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify a service to delete model elements according to deletion semantics. The deletion semantics will specify other model elements that may need to be deleted or updated to ensure that the model is valid.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b></p> <p>Example: The deletion semantics for deleting an element may specify deletion of all owned elements and all outgoing/incoming relationships from/to the given element.</p> |



| Req. ID | Req. Name  | Text   |
|---------|--|--|
| SV 6    | External Relationship Management Services Requirements | <p>The requirements in this group are related to creating, reading, updating, and deleting relationships between elements in a SysML v2 model and elements in non-SysML models and other SysML v2 models. These relations are termed as “external relationships” and are labeled as 2 in Figure 2.</p> <p>Assumption: These set of SysML v2 services assume that there is a service available to access and reference model elements in non-SysML v2 models.</p> |
| SV 6.1  | Get External Relationships                             | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify a service to get all external relationships for a given SysML v2 model element. The type of external relationship may be specified as a filter.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Refer to SV 6.5 below for types of external relationships.</p>  |
| SV 6.2  | Create External Relationships                          | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify a service to create an external relationship given its type and two model elements, one of which must be a SysML v2 model element.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Refer to SV 6.5 below for types of external relationships.</p>   |

| Req. ID | Req. Name                     | Text  |
|---------|-------------------------------|---|
| SV 6.3  | Update External Relationships | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify a service to update an external relationship, such as updating the name or type of the relationships, or updating the ends of the relationship.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Refer to SV 6.5 below for types of external relationships.</p> |
| SV 6.4  | Delete External Relationships | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify a service to delete an external relationship.</p>  |

| Req. ID | Req. Name                                     | Text   |
|---------|---|--|
| SV 6.5  | Types and Behaviors of External Relationships | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify the types of external relationships and their semantics that includes at least the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reference / Trace: Provide navigation between related elements</li> <li>2. Version tracking: Track versions of the related elements over time</li> <li>3. Executable model wrapping: Transfer inputs from the source element (at one end) to execute a model (at the other end) and to transfer results from the model execution back to the source element</li> <li>4. Data transfer: Bi-directionally transfer attribute values from model element at one end to the model element at the other end of the relationship</li> <li>5. Surrogate: Represent a model element in one domain as a surrogate of a model element in another domain, e.g. represent a physical part in a SysML model as a surrogate of a part in a PLM system</li> <li>6. Model generation: Generate/ update model (or model element) at one end of the relationship from the model (or model element) at the other end, e.g. generating code from behavior elements in a SysML v2 model, or generating a simulation model from system ports, connectors, and item flows in a SysML v2 model.</li> </ol> |

## 0.4.2 Non-Mandatory API & Services Requirements Table

Table 2. Non-Mandatory API & Services Requirements Table

| Req. ID | Req. Name   | Text  |
|---------|---|---|
| SVA 1   | Model Analysis Services Requirements                    | The requirements in this group are related to services for creating, querying, updating, deleting, and executing analysis-related model elements in SysML v2 models.  |
| SVA 1.1 | Analysis Creation, Query, Update, and Deletion Services | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services for creating, querying, updating, and deleting analysis-related model elements by reusing the model construction services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.2) and model navigation and query services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.1).</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Section 6.5.2.8 (requirement group ANL 1) of the SysML v2 language RFP specifies requirements for representing analysis-related concepts in SysML v2 language, such as Analysis, Analysis Model, Analysis Objective, Analysis Scenarios, Analysis Result, and others. The generic services for model navigation, model query, and model construction can be used for providing CRUD operations on analysis-related model elements in a SysML v2 model.</p> |

| Req. ID | Req. Name                  | Text  |
|---------|----------------------------|---|
| SVA 1.2 | Analysis Execution Service | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to execute analysis models. The service shall consume analysis inputs and produce analysis results conformant to the SysML v2 language.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Section 6.5.2.8 (ANL 1.09) of SysML v2 RFP states: Analysis models can be defined natively in SysML (e.g. parametric model or behavior model) or externally (e.g. equation-based math models, finite element analysis models, or computational fluid dynamics models).</p> <p>Example: Consider the following two scenarios for an analysis model to compute the energy collected by an array of solar panels on a spacecraft in a 24-hour period. In the first scenario, the analysis model for energy collection is defined entirely using parametric and activity-related concepts in a SysML v2 model. In the second scenario, the analysis model in a SysML v2 model is only a specification that is linked using an external relationship to a MATLAB function for energy calculation. A SysML v2 modeling environment may support one or both the scenarios and make them available via the Analysis Execution Service API. For the first scenario, the Analysis Execution Service implementation may take the inputs specified in the SysML v2 model, invoke an execution engine provided by the SysML v2 modeling environment to execute the parametric/activity model for energy collection, and return the results as a service response. For the second scenario, the Analysis Execution Service implementation may invoke the</p> |

| Req. ID | Req. Name   | Text   |
|---------|---|--|
|         |   | MATLAB code for energy calculation with the given inputs in the SysML v2 model and return the output of the MATLAB code execution as a service response.   |
| SVC 1   | Advanced Model Construction Services Requirements | The requirements in this group are related to advanced services for creating, updating, and deleting elements in the SysML v2 model beyond the basic model creation services (see requirements SV 3 to SV 6 in section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements. |
| SVC 1.1 | Bulk Model Creation Service                       | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to create multiple model elements (in bulk), each with their unique identifier, given the name, type, and owning element for each model element.   |
| SVC 1.2 | Bulk Model Update Service                         | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to update multiple model elements (in bulk), such as updating the name, type, property values, or the owning element for each model element.   |

| Reqt. ID  | Reqt. Name                                    | Text  |
|-----------|---|---|
| SVC 1.3   | Bulk Model Deletion Service                   | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to delete multiple model elements (in bulk) according to deletion semantics. The deletion semantics will specify other model elements that may need to be deleted or updated to ensure that the model is valid.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b></p> <p>Example: The deletion semantics for deleting an element may specify deletion of all owned elements and all outgoing/incoming relationships from/to the given element.</p> |
| SVC 1.4   | Bulk External Relationship Management Service | <p>The requirements in this group are related to services for bulk creation, update, and deletion of external relationships.</p>  |
| SVC 1.4.1 | Bulk External Relationship Creation Service   | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to create multiple external relationships (in bulk), given the relationship type and two model elements (one of which must be a SysML v2 model element) for each external relationship that needs to be created.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Refer to SV 6.5 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements) for types of external relationships.</p>   |

| Req. ID   | Req. Name                                   | Text   |
|-----------|---|--|
| SVC 1.4.2 | Bulk External Relationship Update Service   | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to update multiple external relationships (in bulk), such as updating the name or type or participant model elements for each relationship.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Refer to SV 6.5 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements) for types of external relationships.</p> |
| SVC 1.4.3 | Bulk External Relationship Deletion Service | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to delete multiple external relationships (in bulk).</p>  |
| SVG 1     | General Services Requirements               | <p>The requirements in this group are related to general services, such as timestamp and UUID generation, and API call back.</p>   |



| Req. ID | Req. Name            | Text  |
|---------|----------------------|---|
| SVG 1.1 | Timestamp Generation | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to read and process standard-formatted timestamps on existing model elements and to provide standard-formatted timestamps for new model elements, or new versions of existing model elements.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> An example of a timestamp, including both date and time (with time zone) is [2009-06-15T13:45:30-04:00]. Refer to ISO 8601 for a standard representation of date and time. The service can create a new timestamp from the current clock time and time zone information, or provide year, month, day, time, and time zone details given a timestamp.</p> <p>Requirement CRC 1.6.2 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements) of the SysML v2 language RFP requires that SysML v2 language provide a way to represent timestamp meta-data for model elements.</p> |
| SVG 1.2 | UUID Generation      | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to generate a universally unique identifier (UUID).</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Requirement CRC 1.2.2 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements) of the SysML v2 language RFP requires that SysML v2 language provide a way to represent a universally unique identifier for each model element that cannot be changed.</p>  |

| Req. ID | Req. Name                              | Text   |
|---------|--|--|
| SVG 1.3 | API Call Back                          | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to create or remove callbacks.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> A callback is an asynchronous, out-of-band request that a service can send to some other services in response to certain events [OpenAPI]. For example, a subscription functionality is a form of a callback where service consumers can subscribe to certain events of a service and receive notification when that event occurs. Most modern APIs provide a way to define callbacks, especially for other services and user-interfaces to respond to events. Callbacks are defined in the OpenAPI specification that submitters are encouraged to leverage for SysML 2 API and Services (see section 6.3).</p> |
| SVM 1   | Model Management Services Requirements | <p>The requirements in this group are related to services for version and configuration management of SysML v2 models, and data control services.</p>  |
| SVM 1.1 | Model Versioning Services              | <p>The requirements in this group are related to services for version management of SysML v2 models and model elements.</p>  |

| Req. ID   | Req. Name                           | Text   |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|
| SVM 1.1.1 | Define MCI Definition Default Rules | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services to define the rules to determine the type of model elements that will be versioned, which is referred to as a Model Configuration Item (MCI), and types of changes in a MCI that qualify as a version update.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> A Model Configuration Item is a specific portion of the system model that is maintained in a controlled fashion, i.e. has a unique ID and version history. MCI can be defined in different granularities, from an individual fine-grained Model Element, a set of Model Elements, a set of Elements, to the entire Model. Any MCI can contain another MCI. Examples include Container (i.e. Package), Block, Model Element, and View Definition. Refer to section A.2 (Glossary) for more details.</p> <p>Requirement CRC 1.6.1 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements) of the SysML v2 language RFP requires that the SysML v2 language provide a way to represent version meta-data for model elements.</p> |

| Req. ID   | Req. Name                           | Text   |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|
| SVM 1.1.2 | Create and Delete Versions of a MCI | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services that can create new versions or delete a specific version of a Model Configuration Item.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b><br/> Services for model construction will use this service to create new versions or delete existing versions of model elements. For example, Model Creation Service (SV 3, section 6.5.2) will require this service to create the first version of a model element if it is a MCI. Model Update Service (SV 4, section 6.5.2) will require this service to create a new version of an existing model element if it is a MCI.</p> |
| SVM 1.1.3 | Get Versions of a MCI               | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services to get the version history of a MCI. The version history provides a chronological list of all the versions of the given MCI.</p>   |
| SVM 1.1.4 | Compare Versions of a MCI           | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services to compare two or more versions of a MCI and provide a list of differences in a standard way.</p>  |

| Req. ID | Req. Name                    | Text  |
|---------|------------------------------|---|
| SVM 1.2 | Model Configuration Services | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services to create baseline configurations with MCIs, create branch configurations with MCIs from a given baseline configuration, and merge branch configurations with each other or with the originating baseline configuration.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> The intent of this service (or set of services) is to provide a standard way to define stable releases of a SysML v2 model as baselines, and allow multiple parallel branches of concurrent development on a SysML v2 model.</p> |
| SVM 1.3 | Model Data Control Services  | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services to create, read, update, and delete data protection control markings on model elements.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Requirement CRC 1.6.3 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements) of the SysML v2 language RFP requires that SysML v2 language provide a way to represent data protection control markings on model elements, such as ITAR, security, and proprietary classifications.</p>   |

| Reqt. ID | Reqt. Name                        | Text   |
|----------|-----------------------------------|--|
| SVQ 1    | Model Query Services Requirements | <p>The requirements in this group are related to services for creating, executing, and managing queries for SysML v2 models, beyond basic model navigation services covered in SV 2 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements).</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> A query is a precise request for information retrieval from a SysML v2 model (see section A.2 - Glossary).</p> |

| Req. ID | Req. Name            | Text  |
|---------|----------------------|---|
| SVQ 1.1 | Standard Query Model | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may provide a Standard Query Model to specify the scope, input criteria, and the outputs requested in a query. The elements used to specify the input criteria and the outputs shall conform to the SysML v2 meta-model and the resulting UML profile.</p> <p>The Standard Query Model shall serve as a language- and platform-independent interface definition for a query to a SysML v2 model, and can be used to generate language- or platform-specific queries for SysML v2 modeling environments.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b></p> <p><b>Example:</b> Consider an example query to get all electrical interfaces in system S, where electrical interfaces are identified as ports typed by standard value types AC or DC. A query can be created conforming to the Standard Query Model—scope of the query is System S (immediate level or recursive), the input criteria is port type is AC or port type is DC, and the requested output element type is Port. Now consider two different SysML v2 modeling environments, one that provides a REST/HTTP binding (PSM implementation) and one that provides a SQL binding. The Standard Query Model can be mapped to both the bindings, e.g. GET calls to one or more REST API endpoints in one SysML v2 modeling environment and SQL-based query in the other SysML v2 modeling environment.</p> |

| Req. ID | Req. Name                                  | Text   |
|---------|--|--|
| SVQ 1.2 | Query Execution Service                    | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to execute queries specified using the Standard Query Model.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b></p> <p>Example: Consider two different SysML v2 modeling environments that implement the query execution service based on their specific platform bindings (REST/HTTP versus SQL/JDBC). In one implementation, the query execution service is implemented as a REST endpoint that accepts a query specified using the Standard Query Model in JSON format and returns result conforming to the Standard Response Model (SV 1.1, section 6.5.2) in JSON format. In the other implementation, the query execution service is implemented using a Java-based JDBC call that accepts a query specified using the Standard Query Model, converts it to a SQL-based query expression, runs the SQL query, and returns the query result conforming to the Standard Response Model as a Java object.</p> |
| SVT 1   | Model Transformation Services Requirements | The requirements in this group are related to services for transforming SysML models.  |
| SVT 1.1 | Model Transformation Service               | Proposals for SysML v2 may specify services to create, read, update, delete, and execute model transformations specified as SysML models.  |



| Req. ID | Req. Name                                  | Text  |
|---------|--|---|
| SVT 1.2 | SysML Version to Version Transformation    | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 may provide services to transform a model in a previous version of SysML to a model in the next version of SysML, beginning with the transformation from the current version of SysML v1 to SysML v2. Proposals may provide services to transform models in earlier versions of SysML v1 (e.g. 1.3 and 1.4 if 1.5 is the current version) to SysML v2 models. Proposals must state the specific SysML v1 versions supported beyond the current version.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> This includes the ability to transform the abstract syntax, concrete syntax and semantics. Some of the SysML v2 execution semantics are specified in other specifications including fUML, PSCS, and PSSM.</p> |
| SVT 1.3 | Model to Textual Syntax Generation Service | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may provide a service to generate the textual representation of a SysML v2 model (or model elements) conforming to the concrete textual syntax of the SysML v2 language. The scope of model elements shall be specified as an input to the service.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> The concrete textual syntax for SysML v2 language is presented in requirement LNG 1.4.4 of the SysML v2 RFP under Non-Mandatory Features. The concrete textual syntax provides a textual human-readable representation of a SysML v2 model.</p>  |

| Reqt. ID | Reqt. Name  | Text   |
|----------|---|--|
| SVT 1.4  | Textual Syntax to Model Generation Service                | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may provide a service to generate SysML v2 models (or model elements) from a textual representation conforming to the concrete textual syntax of the SysML v2 language.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> The concrete textual syntax for SysML v2 language is presented in requirement LNG 1.4.4 of the SysML v2 RFP under Non-Mandatory Features. The concrete textual syntax provides a textual human-readable representation of a SysML v2 model.</p>   |
| SVV 1    | Model View and Viewpoint Management Services Requirements | <p>The requirements in this group are related to services for creating, querying, updating, and deleting viewpoints and views in SysML v2 models.</p>  |
| SVV 1.1  | Viewpoint Creation, Query, Update, and Deletion Services  | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services for creating, querying, updating, and deleting viewpoints by reusing the model construction services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.2) and model navigation and query services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.1).</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Section 6.5.2.1 (requirement group CRC 1.5) of the SysML v2 language RFP specifies requirements for representing view and viewpoint-related concepts in SysML v2 language. The generic services for model navigation, model query, and model construction can be used for providing CRUD operations on viewpoint-related model elements in a SysML v2 model.</p> |

| Req. ID | Req. Name   | Text   |
|---------|---|--|
| SVV 1.2 | View Creation, Query, Update, and Deletion Services | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services for creating, querying, updating, and deleting views by reusing the model construction services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.2) and model navigation and query services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.1).</p> <p>Services to create, query, update, and delete views shall provide a mechanism to specify the viewpoint—to which the subject views conform—as an input.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> Section 6.5.2.1 (requirement group CRC 1.5) of the SysML v2 language RFP specifies requirements for representing view and viewpoint-related concepts in SysML v2 language. The generic services for model navigation, model query, and model construction can be used for providing CRUD operations on view-related model elements in a SysML v2 model.</p> |

### 0.4.3 Mandatory API and Services Requirements - Satisfied-by Table

Table 3. Mandatory API and Services Requirements - Satisfied-by Table

| ID      | Name                          | Satisfied? | Satisfied-by  | Comment |
|---------|-------------------------------|------------|---|---------|
| API 1   | API and Services Architecture | Yes        |   |         |
| API 1.1 | API Architecture              | Yes        | 1 Platform Independent Model (PIM)<br>2 Platform Specific Models (PSMs) |         |
| API 1.2 | API Infrastructure Services   | Partial    | 1 Platform Independent Model (PIM)                                      |         |
| API 1.3 | Design Constraints            | Yes        | 1 Platform Independent Model (PIM)<br>2 Platform Specific Models (PSMs) |         |

| ID      | Name  | Satisfied? | Satisfied-by   | Comment |
|---------|---|------------|--|---------|
| API 2   | API and Services Conformance                                  | Yes        |  |         |
| API 2.1 | API and Services Conformance Criteria                         | Yes        | Annex A - Conformance Test Cases                                       |         |
| API 2.2 | API and Services Conformance Evaluation Method and Test Cases | Yes        | Annex A - Conformance Test Cases                                       |         |
| API 2.3 | Functional Thread Conformance                                 | Yes        | Annex A - Conformance Test Cases                                       |         |
| SV 1    | Service Scope, Conditions, and Response Requirements          | Yes        |  |         |
| SV 1.1  | Service Scope   | Yes        | 1 Platform Independent Model (PIM)                                     |         |
| SV 1.2  | Pre- and Post-Conditions                                      | Yes        | 1 Platform Independent Model (PIM)<br>Annex A - Conformance Test Cases |         |
| SV 1.3  | Standard Response Model                                       | Yes        | 1 Platform Independent Model (PIM)                                     |         |
| SV 2    | Model Navigation Service Requirement                          | Yes        | Element Navigation Service<br>Query Service                            |         |
| SV 3    | Model Creation Service Requirement                            | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                    |         |
| SV 4    | Model Update Service Requirement                              | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                    |         |
| SV 5    | Model Deletion Service Requirement                            | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                    |         |

| ID     | Name   | Satisfied? | Satisfied-by  | Comment  |
|--------|--|------------|---|--|
| SV 6   | External Relationship Management Services Requirements | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service<br>External Relationship<br>External Data | ExternalRelationship and ExternalData are defined in the SysML v2 API as realizations of the Data interface. The generic services for data creation, update, and deletion apply. |
| SV 6.1 | Get External Relationships                             | Yes        | Query Service<br>Element Navigation Service                                   |  |
| SV 6.2 | Create External Relationships                          | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service   |  |
| SV 6.3 | Update External Relationships                          | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service   |  |
| SV 6.4 | Delete External Relationships                          | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service   |  |
| SV 6.5 | Types and Behaviors of External Relationships          | Yes        | External Relationship   |  |

#### 0.4.4 Non-Mandatory API and Services Requirements - Satisfied-by Table

Table 4. Non-Mandatory API and Services Requirements - Satisfied-by Table

| ID      | Name  | Satisfied? | Satisfied-by   | Comment  |
|---------|---|------------|--|--|
| SVA 1   | Model Analysis Services Requirements                    | Yes        |  |  |
| SVA 1.1 | Analysis Creation, Query, Update, and Deletion Services | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service<br>Element Navigation Service<br>Query Service | Analysis-related model elements extend Element and Relationship in SysML v2 meta-model. The same creation, query, update, and deletion services apply. |
| SVA 1.2 | Analysis Execution Service                              | No         |  |  |

| ID        | Name  | Satisfied? | Satisfied-by  | Comment   |
|-----------|---|------------|---|---|
| SVC 1     | Advanced Model Construction Services Requirements | Yes        |   | SysML v2 API consumers can request creation, update, and deletion of multiple elements in a single commit change set. |
| SVC 1.1   | Bulk Model Creation Service                       | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                     |   |
| SVC 1.2   | Bulk Model Update Service                         | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                     |   |
| SVC 1.3   | Bulk Model Deletion Service                       | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                     |   |
| SVC 1.4   | Bulk External Relationship Management Service     | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                     |   |
| SVC 1.4.1 | Bulk External Relationship Creation Service       | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                     |   |
| SVC 1.4.2 | Bulk External Relationship Update Service         | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                     |   |
| SVC 1.4.3 | Bulk External Relationship Deletion Service       | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                     |   |
| SVG 1     | General Services Requirements                     | Yes        |   |   |
| SVG 1.1   | Timestamp Generation                              | Yes        | 1 Platform Independent Model (PIM)<br>2 Platform Specific Models (PSMs) |   |
| SVG 1.2   | UUID Generation                                   | Yes        | 1 Platform Independent Model (PIM)<br>2 Platform Specific Models (PSMs) |   |
| SVG 1.3   | API Call Back                                     | No         |   |   |
| SVM 1     | Model Management Services Requirements            | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                     |   |
| SVM 1.1   | Model Versioning Services                         | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service                                     |   |

| ID        | Name                                       | Satisfied? | Satisfied-by   | Comment  |
|-----------|--|------------|--|--|
| SVM 1.1.1 | Define MCI Definition Default Rules        | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service<br>Data Identity<br>Data Version<br>Data |  |
| SVM 1.1.2 | Create and Delete Versions of a MCI        | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service  |  |
| SVM 1.1.3 | Get Versions of a MCI                      | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service  |  |
| SVM 1.1.4 | Compare Versions of a MCI                  | No         |  |  |
| SVM 1.2   | Model Configuration Services               | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service  |  |
| SVM 1.3   | Model Data Control Services                | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service  | Data protection control markings can be represented as: (1) Direct realization of the Data interface provided by the SysML v2 API, or (2) Extensions of Element concept in SysML v2 meta-model. The general services for Project and Data versioning will apply. |
| SVQ 1     | Model Query Services Requirements          | Yes        |  |  |
| SVQ 1.1   | Standard Query Model                       | Yes        | Query Service<br>Query   |  |
| SVQ 1.2   | Query Execution Service                    | Yes        | Query Service<br>Query   |  |
| SVT 1     | Model Transformation Services Requirements | No         |  |  |
| SVT 1.1   | Model Transformation Service               | No         |  |  |
| SVT 1.2   | SysML Version to Version Transformation    | No         |  |  |

| ID      | Name  | Satisfied? | Satisfied-by   | Comment  |
|---------|---|------------|--|--|
| SVT 1.3 | Model to Textual Syntax Generation Service                | No         |  |  |
| SVT 1.4 | Textual Syntax to Model Generation Service                | No         |  |  |
| SVV 1   | Model View and Viewpoint Management Services Requirements | No         |  | View and Viewpoint-related model elements extend Element and Relationship in SysML v2 meta-model. The same creation, query, update, and deletion services apply. |
| SVV 1.1 | Viewpoint Creation, Query, Update, and Deletion Services  | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service<br>Query Service<br>Element Navigation Service |  |
| SVV 1.2 | View Creation, Query, Update, and Deletion Services       | Yes        | Project and Data Versioning Service<br>Query Service<br>Element Navigation Service |  |



## 0.4.5 Changed API and Services Requirements Table

Table 5. Changed API and Services Requirements Table

| ID      | Name  | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description |
|---------|---|---|---------------|--------------------|
| API 2   | API and Services Conformance                                  | The requirements in this group are related to measuring the conformance level of SysML v2 modeling environments to the platform-specific models (PSMs). SysML v2 modeling environments may implement one or more platform-specific models in the SysML v2 API and Service specification, as described in section 6.2 and API 1.1 requirement above. | Modified      |                    |
| API 2.2 | API and Services Conformance Evaluation Method and Test Cases | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall provide an evaluation method and associated test cases to assess conformance for all the services in the proposal.  | Modified      |                    |

| ID      | Name                          | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description |
|---------|-------------------------------|--|---------------|--------------------|
| API 2.3 | Functional Thread Conformance | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall provide test cases to assess conformance of SysML v2 modeling environments to functional threads that use a combination of services. Four functional threads are specified below. Proposals can specify test cases for additional functional threads relevant to model-based systems engineering.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FT 1 - Assessing the impact of a requirement change during system development</li> <li>• FT 2 - Investigation and review of system design and relevant analyses after a failure during system operation is reported</li> <li>• FT 3 – Coordination and concurrent development of systems involving multiple disciplines, such as systems, hardware, software, simulation, project management, manufacturing, and operations</li> <li>• FT 4 Tracing system artifacts downstream and upstream during</li> </ul> | Modified      |                    |

| ID | Name | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description |
|----|------|--|---------------|--------------------|
|    |      | system development<br>and during system<br>operations and<br>maintenance |               |                    |

| ID     | Name  | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description |
|--------|---|--|---------------|--------------------|
| SV 6.5 | Types and Behaviors of External Relationships | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services shall specify the types of external relationships and their semantics that includes at least the following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Reference / Trace: Provide navigation between related elements</li> <li>2. Version tracking: Track versions of the related elements over time</li> <li>3. Executable model wrapping: Transfer inputs from the source element (at one end) to execute a model (at the other end) and to transfer results from the model execution back to the source element</li> <li>4. Data transfer: Bi-directionally transfer attribute values from model element at one end to the model element at the other end of the relationship</li> <li>5. Surrogate: Represent a model element in one domain as a surrogate of a model element in another domain, e.g. represent a physical part in a SysML model as a surrogate</li> </ol> | Modified      |                    |

| ID    | Name                                 | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description   |
|-------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------|--|
|       |                                      | <p>of a part in a PLM system</p> <p>6. Model generation: Generate/update model (or model element) at one end of the relationship from the model (or model element) at the other end, e.g. generating code from behavior elements in a SysML v2 model, or generating a simulation model from system ports, connectors, and item flows in a SysML v2 model.</p> |               |  |
| SVA 1 | Model Analysis Services Requirements | The requirements in this group are related to services for creating, querying, updating, deleting, and executing analysis-related model elements in SysML v2 models.  | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVA |

| ID      | Name  | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|---|---|---------------|---|
| SVA 1.1 | Analysis Creation, Query, Update, and Deletion Services | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services for creating, querying, updating, and deleting analysis-related model elements by reusing the model construction services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.2) and model navigation and query services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.1).</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b><br/>Section 6.5.2.8 (requirement group ANL 1) of the SysML v2 language RFP specifies requirements for representing analysis-related concepts in SysML v2 language, such as Analysis, Analysis Model, Analysis Objective, Analysis Scenarios, Analysis Result, and others. The generic services for model navigation, model query, and model construction can be used for providing CRUD operations on analysis-related model elements in a SysML v2 model.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVA1 |

| ID      | Name                       | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|----------------------------|---|---------------|---|
| SVA 1.2 | Analysis Execution Service | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to execute analysis models. The service shall consume analysis inputs and produce analysis results conformant to the SysML v2 language.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b><br/>Section 6.5.2.8 (ANL 1.09) of SysML v2 RFP states: Analysis models can be defined natively in SysML (e.g. parametric model or behavior model) or externally (e.g. equation-based math models, finite element analysis models, or computational fluid dynamics models).</p> <p>Example: Consider the following two scenarios for an analysis model to compute the energy collected by an array of solar panels on a spacecraft in a 24-hour period. In the first scenario, the analysis model for energy collection is defined entirely using parametric and activity-related concepts in a SysML v2 model.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVA2 |

| ID | Name | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description |
|----|------|--|---------------|--------------------|
|    |      | <p>In the second scenario, the analysis model in a SysML v2 model is only a specification that is linked using an external relationship to a MATLAB function for energy calculation. A SysML v2 modeling environment may support one or both the scenarios and make them available via the Analysis Execution Service API. For the first scenario, the Analysis Execution Service implementation may take the inputs specified in the SysML v2 model, invoke an execution engine provided by the SysML v2 modeling environment to execute the parametric/activity model for energy collection, and return the results as a service response. For the second scenario, the Analysis Execution Service implementation may invoke the MATLAB code for energy calculation with the given inputs in the</p> |               |                    |



| ID      | Name  | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|---|--|---------------|---|
|         |   | SysML v2 model and return the output of the MATLAB code execution as a service response.   |               |   |
| SVC 1   | Advanced Model Construction Services Requirements | The requirements in this group are related to advanced services for creating, updating, and deleting elements in the SysML v2 model beyond the basic model creation services (see requirements SV 3 to SV 6 in section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements. | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVC  |
| SVC 1.1 | Bulk Model Creation Service                       | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to create multiple model elements (in bulk), each with their unique identifier, given the name, type, and owning element for each model element.   | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVC1 |
| SVC 1.2 | Bulk Model Update Service                         | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to update multiple model elements (in bulk), such as updating the name, type, property values, or the owning element for each model element.   | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVC2 |

| ID      | Name  | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|---|---|---------------|---|
| SVC 1.3 | Bulk Model Deletion Service                   | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to delete multiple model elements (in bulk) according to deletion semantics. The deletion semantics will specify other model elements that may need to be deleted or updated to ensure that the model is valid.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b></p> <p>Example: The deletion semantics for deleting an element may specify deletion of all owned elements and all outgoing/incoming relationships from/to the given element.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVC3 |
| SVC 1.4 | Bulk External Relationship Management Service | The requirements in this group are related to services for bulk creation, update, and deletion of external relationships.   | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVC4 |

| ID        | Name  | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|-----------|---|---|---------------|---|
| SVC 1.4.1 | Bulk External Relationship Creation Service | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to create multiple external relationships (in bulk), given the relationship type and two model elements (one of which must be a SysML v2 model element) for each external relationship that needs to be created.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b><br/>Refer to SV 6.5 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements) for types of external relationships.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVC4.1 |
| SVC 1.4.2 | Bulk External Relationship Update Service   | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to update multiple external relationships (in bulk), such as updating the name or type or participant model elements for each relationship.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b><br/>Refer to SV 6.5 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements) for types of external relationships.</p>  | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVC4.2 |

| ID        | Name  | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description  |
|-----------|---|--|---------------|---|
| SVC 1.4.3 | Bulk External Relationship Deletion Service | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to delete multiple external relationships (in bulk).                             | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVC4.3 |
| SVG 1     | General Services Requirements               | The requirements in this group are related to general services, such as timestamp and UUID generation, and API call back.                      | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVG    |
| SVM 1     | Model Management Services Requirements      | The requirements in this group are related to services for version and configuration management of SysML v2 models, and data control services. | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVM    |
| SVM 1.1   | Model Versioning Services                   | The requirements in this group are related to services for version management of SysML v2 models and model elements.                           | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVM1   |

| ID        | Name                                      | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description  |
|-----------|---|--|---------------|---|
| SVM 1.1.1 | Define MCI<br>Definition Default<br>Rules | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services to define the rules to determine the type of model elements that will be versioned, which is referred to as a Model Configuration Item (MCI), and types of changes in a MCI that qualify as a version update.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> A Model Configuration Item is a specific portion of the system model that is maintained in a controlled fashion, i.e. has a unique ID and version history. MCI can be defined in different granularities, from an individual fine-grained Model Element, a set of Model Elements, a set of Elements, to the entire Model. Any MCI can contain another MCI. Examples include Container (i.e. Package), Block, Model Element, and View Definition. Refer to section A.2 (Glossary) for more details.</p> <p>Requirement CRC 1.6.1 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVM1.1 |

| ID        | Name                                | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description  |
|-----------|-------------------------------------|--|---------------|---|
|           |                                     | Requirements) of the SysML v2 language RFP requires that the SysML v2 language provide a way to represent version meta-data for model elements.  |               |   |
| SVM 1.1.2 | Create and Delete Versions of a MCI | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services that can create new versions or delete a specific version of a Model Configuration Item.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b><br/> Services for model construction will use this service to create new versions or delete existing versions of model elements. For example, Model Creation Service (SV 3, section 6.5.2) will require this service to create the first version of a model element if it is a MCI. Model Update Service (SV 4, section 6.5.2) will require this service to create a new version of an existing model element if it is a MCI.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVM1.2 |

| ID        | Name                      | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|-----------|---------------------------|---|---------------|---|
| SVM 1.1.3 | Get Versions of a MCI     | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services to get the version history of a MCI. The version history provides a chronological list of all the versions of the given MCI. | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVM1.3 |
| SVM 1.1.4 | Compare Versions of a MCI | Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services to compare two or more versions of a MCI and provide a list of differences in a standard way.                                | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVM1.4 |

| ID      | Name                         | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|------------------------------|---|---------------|---|
| SVM 1.2 | Model Configuration Services | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services to create baseline configurations with MCIs, create branch configurations with MCIs from a given baseline configuration, and merge branch configurations with each other or with the originating baseline configuration.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> The intent of this service (or set of services) is to provide a standard way to define stable releases of a SysML v2 model as baselines, and allow multiple parallel branches of concurrent development on a SysML v2 model.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVM2 |



| ID      | Name                        | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|-----------------------------|---|---------------|---|
| SVM 1.3 | Model Data Control Services | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services to create, read, update, and delete data protection control markings on model elements.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b><br/>Requirement CRC 1.6.3 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements) of the SysML v2 language RFP requires that SysML v2 language provide a way to represent data protection control markings on model elements, such as ITAR, security, and proprietary classifications.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVM3 |

| ID    | Name                              | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description   |
|-------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------|--|
| SVQ 1 | Model Query Services Requirements | <p>The requirements in this group are related to services for creating, executing, and managing queries for SysML v2 models, beyond basic model navigation services covered in SV 2 (section 6.5.2 under Mandatory Requirements).</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> A query is a precise request for information retrieval from a SysML v2 model (see section A.2 - Glossary).</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVQ |

| ID      | Name                 | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|----------------------|---|---------------|---|
| SVQ 1.1 | Standard Query Model | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may provide a Standard Query Model to specify the scope, input criteria, and the outputs requested in a query. The elements used to specify the input criteria and the outputs shall conform to the SysML v2 meta-model and the resulting UML profile.</p> <p>The Standard Query Model shall serve as a language- and platform-independent interface definition for a query to a SysML v2 model, and can be used to generate language- or platform-specific queries for SysML v2 modeling environments.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b></p> <p>Example: Consider an example query to get all electrical interfaces in system S, where electrical interfaces are identified as ports typed by standard value types AC or DC. A query can be created conforming to the Standard Query Model—scope of</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVQ1 |

| ID | Name | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description |
|----|------|---|---------------|--------------------|
|    |      | <p>the query is System S (immediate level or recursive), the input criteria is port type is AC or port type is DC, and the requested output element type is Port. Now consider two different SysML v2 modeling environments, one that provides a REST/HTTP binding (PSM implementation) and one that provides a SQL binding. The Standard Query Model can be mapped to both the bindings, e.g. GET calls to one or more REST API endpoints in one SysML v2 modeling environment and SQL-based query in the other SysML v2 modeling environment.</p> |               |                    |

| ID      | Name                    | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|-------------------------|---|---------------|---|
| SVQ 1.2 | Query Execution Service | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify a service to execute queries specified using the Standard Query Model.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b></p> <p>Example: Consider two different SysML v2 modeling environments that implement the query execution service based on their specific platform bindings (REST/HTTP versus SQL/JDBC). In one implementation, the query execution service is implemented as a REST endpoint that accepts a query specified using the Standard Query Model in JSON format and returns result conforming to the Standard Response Model (SV 1.1, section 6.5.2) in JSON format. In the other implementation, the query execution service is implemented using a Java-based JDBC call that accepts a query specified using the Standard Query Model, converts it to a</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVQ2 |

| ID      | Name                                       | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|--|---|---------------|---|
|         |  | SQL-based query expression, runs the SQL query, and returns the query result conforming to the Standard Response Model as a Java object.  |               |   |
| SVT 1   | Model Transformation Services Requirements | The requirements in this group are related to services for transforming SysML models.   | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVT  |
| SVT 1.1 | Model Transformation Service               | Proposals for SysML v2 may specify services to create, read, update, delete, and execute model transformations specified as SysML models. | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVT1 |

| ID      | Name                                    | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|---|---|---------------|---|
| SVT 1.2 | SysML Version to Version Transformation | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 may provide services to transform a model in a previous version of SysML to a model in the next version of SysML, beginning with the transformation from the current version of SysML v1 to SysML v2. Proposals may provide services to transform models in earlier versions of SysML v1 (e.g. 1.3 and 1.4 if 1.5 is the current version) to SysML v2 models. Proposals must state the specific SysML v1 versions supported beyond the current version.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> This includes the ability to transform the abstract syntax, concrete syntax and semantics. Some of the SysML v2 execution semantics are specified in other specifications including fUML, PSCS, and PSSM.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVT2 |

| ID      | Name                                       | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|--|--|---------------|---|
| SVT 1.3 | Model to Textual Syntax Generation Service | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may provide a service to generate the textual representation of a SysML v2 model (or model elements) conforming to the concrete textual syntax of the SysML v2 language. The scope of model elements shall be specified as an input to the service.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> The concrete textual syntax for SysML v2 language is presented in requirement LNG 1.4.4 of the SysML v2 RFP under Non-Mandatory Features. The concrete textual syntax provides a textual human-readable representation of a SysML v2 model.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVT3 |



| ID      | Name  | Requirement Text   | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|---|--|---------------|---|
| SVT 1.4 | Textual Syntax to Model Generation Service                | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may provide a service to generate SysML v2 models (or model elements) from a textual representation conforming to the concrete textual syntax of the SysML v2 language.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b> The concrete textual syntax for SysML v2 language is presented in requirement LNG 1.4.4 of the SysML v2 RFP under Non-Mandatory Features. The concrete textual syntax provides a textual human-readable representation of a SysML v2 model.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVT4 |
| SVV 1   | Model View and Viewpoint Management Services Requirements | The requirements in this group are related to services for creating, querying, updating, and deleting viewpoints and views in SysML v2 models.   | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVV  |

| ID      | Name   | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|--|---|---------------|---|
| SVV 1.1 | Viewpoint Creation, Query, Update, and Deletion Services | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services for creating, querying, updating, and deleting viewpoints by reusing the model construction services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.2) and model navigation and query services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.1).</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b><br/>           Section 6.5.2.1 (requirement group CRC 1.5) of the SysML v2 language RFP specifies requirements for representing view and viewpoint-related concepts in SysML v2 language. The generic services for model navigation, model query, and model construction can be used for providing CRUD operations on viewpoint-related model elements in a SysML v2 model.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVV1 |

| ID      | Name  | Requirement Text  | Change Status | Change Description  |
|---------|---|---|---------------|---|
| SVV 1.2 | View Creation, Query, Update, and Deletion Services | <p>Proposals for SysML v2 API and Services may specify services for creating, querying, updating, and deleting views by reusing the model construction services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.2) and model navigation and query services (sections 6.5.2 and 6.6.1).</p> <p>Services to create, query, update, and delete views shall provide a mechanism to specify the viewpoint—to which the subject views conform—as an input.</p> <p><b>Supporting Information:</b><br/>           Section 6.5.2.1 (requirement group CRC 1.5) of the SysML v2 language RFP specifies requirements for representing view and viewpoint-related concepts in SysML v2 language. The generic services for model navigation, model query, and model construction can be used for providing CRUD operations on view-related model elements in a SysML v2 model.</p> | Modified      | 30 June 2018 - The original RFP requirement number was SVV2 |



# 1 Scope

The purpose of this standard is to specify the Systems Modeling Application Programming Interface (API) and Services that provide standard services to access, navigate, and operate on KerML-based models, and in particular SysML models. The standard services facilitate interoperability both across SysML modeling environments and between SysML modeling environments and other engineering tools and enterprise services.

The Systems Modeling API and Services specifies the types and details of the requests that can be made and responses that can be received by software applications that are consuming the services to software applications that are providing the services.

The Systems Modeling API and Services specification includes the Platform Independent Model (PIM) - see [Clause 7](#) - and two Platform Specific Models (PSMs) - see [Clause 8](#): REST/HTTP PSM and OSLC PSM.



## 2 Conformance

This specification defines the Systems Modeling API and Services that provide standard services to access, navigate, and operate on KerML-based models, and in particular SysML models. The specification comprises this document together with the content of the machine-readable files listed on the cover page. If there are any conflicts between this document and the machine-readable files, the machine-readable files take precedence.

A Systems Modeling API and Services Provider tool is a software application that provides the services defined in this specification. A Systems Modeling API and Services Consumer tool is a software application that consumes the services defined in this specification and provided by the Service Provider tool.

A Service Provider tool can conform to this specification at the PSM or PIM level.

1. **PSM-level Conformance** - A Service Provider tool demonstrating PSM-level Conformance implements one or more of the Systems Modeling API and Services PSMs defined in this specification. For example, a Provider tool can implement the REST/HTTP PSM, the OSLC PSM, or both. PSM-level conformance of Service Provider tools ensures interoperability of Service Consumer tools using the PSM across the different Service Providers. See [Clause 8](#).
2. **PIM-level Conformance** - A Service Provider tool demonstrating PIM-level Conformance implements a PSM that is not defined in this specification but is based on Systems Modeling API and Services PIM defined in this specification. The Service Provider tool shall define the PSM and the mapping from PIM to PSM with the goal that the new PSM may become part of future versions of this specification. See [Clause 7](#).

A Service Provider tool must demonstrate conformance to one or more services, as described below.

1. **Project Service Conformance** - A Service Provider tool must implement all the operations in the Project Service, and demonstrate that the implementation successfully passes all the Project Service Conformance Test Cases (see [A.1](#)) and Cross-Cutting Conformance Test Cases (see [A.7](#)).
2. **Element Navigation Service Conformance** - A Service Provider tool must implement all the operations in the Element Navigation Service, and demonstrate that the implementation successfully passes all the Element Navigation Service Conformance Test Cases (see [A.2](#)) and Cross-Cutting Conformance Test Cases (see [A.7](#)).
3. **Project and Data Versioning Service Conformance** - A Service Provider tool must implement all the operations in the Project and Data Versioning Service, and demonstrate that the implementation successfully passes all the Project and Data Versioning Service Conformance Test Cases (see [A.3](#)) and Cross-Cutting Conformance Test Cases (see [A.7](#)).
4. **Query Service Conformance** - A Service Provider tool must implement all the operations in the Query Service, and demonstrate that the implementation successfully passes all the Query Service Conformance Test Cases (see [A.4](#)) and Cross-Cutting Conformance Test Cases (see [A.7](#)).
5. **External Relationship Service Conformance** - A Service Provider tool must implement all the operations in the Query Service, and demonstrate that the implementation successfully passes all the External Relationship Service Test Cases (see [A.5](#)) and Cross-Cutting Conformance Test Cases (see [A.7](#)).
6. **Project Usage Service Conformance** - A Service Provider tool must implement all the operations in the Query Service, and demonstrate that the implementation successfully passes all the Project Usage Service Test Cases (see [Clause](#)) and Cross-Cutting Conformance Test Cases.





## 3 Normative References

[GraphQL] GraphQL  
<https://graphql.org/>

[Gremlin] Gremlin Graph Traversal Machine and Language  
<https://tinkerpop.apache.org/gremlin.html>

[IRI] *Internationalized Resource Identifiers (IRI)*  
<https://www.w3.org/International/articles/idn-and-iri/>

[KerML] *Kernel Modeling Language (KerML)*, Version 1.0  
(as submitted with this proposed specification)

[MOFVD] *MOF2 Versioning and Development Lifecycle (MOFVD<sup>TM</sup>)*, Version 2.0  
<https://www.omg.org/spec/MOFVD/2.0>

[OpenAPI] *OpenAPI Specification*  
<https://www.openapis.org/>

[OSLC] *Open Services for Lifecycle Collaboration (OSLC)*  
<http://open-services.net/>

[QVT] *MOF Query/View/Transformation (QVT<sup>TM</sup>)*, Version 1.3  
<https://www.omg.org/spec/QVT/1.3>

[SEBoK] *Systems Engineering Body of Knowledge (SEBoK)*  
[www.sebokwiki.org](http://www.sebokwiki.org)

[SE Handbook] *INCOSE Systems Engineering Handbook*  
<https://www.incose.org/products-and-publications/se-handbook>

[SMOF] *MOF Support for Semantic Structures (SMOF<sup>TM</sup>)*, Version 1.0  
<https://www.omg.org/spec/SMOF/1.0>

[SPARQL] *SPARQL Query Language for RDF*  
<https://www.w3.org/TR/rdf-sparql-query/>

[SQL] *ISO/IEC 9075:2016, Information technology — Database languages — SQL*  
<https://www.iso.org/standard/63555.html>

[STEP] *ISO 10303-233:2012 (STEP)*  
<https://www.iso.org/standard/55257.html>

[SysML] *OMG Systems Modeling Language (SysML<sup>®</sup>)*, Version 2.0  
(as submitted with this proposed specification)

[UML] *Unified Modeling Language (UML)*, Version 2.5.1  
<https://www.omg.org/spec/UML/2.5.1>

[UUID] *Universally Unique Identifier (UUID) URN Namespace*  
<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc4122>

[XMI] *XML Metadata Interchange (XMI®)*, Version 2.5.1  
<https://www.omg.org/spec/XMI/2.5.1>

## 4 Terms and Definitions

*To be provided in a future release.*



## 5 Symbols

There are no symbols defined in this specification.



# 6 Introduction

## 6.1 API and Services Architecture

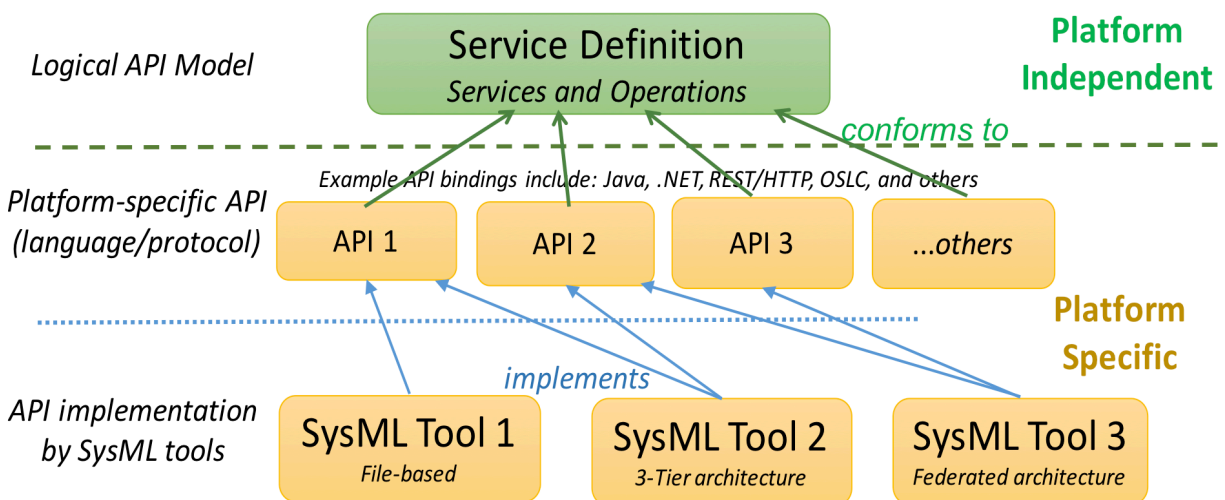
The Systems Modeling API and Services includes the following (see [Fig. 1](#)):

(1) **Platform-Independent Model (PIM)** provides a service specification that is consistent with KerML and SysML. The PIM serves as the logical API model and provides a specification of services independent of the platform or technology.

(2) **Platform-Specific Models (PSMs)** are bindings of the PIM using a particular technology, such as REST/HTTP, SOAP, Java, and .NET. Multiple platform-specific models can exist for a given PIM. Two PSMs are provided in this specification:

- REST / HTTP PSM - a binding of the PIM as a REST / HTTP API using OpenAPI specification.
- OSLC PSM - a binding of the PIM as services based on the OSLC standard.

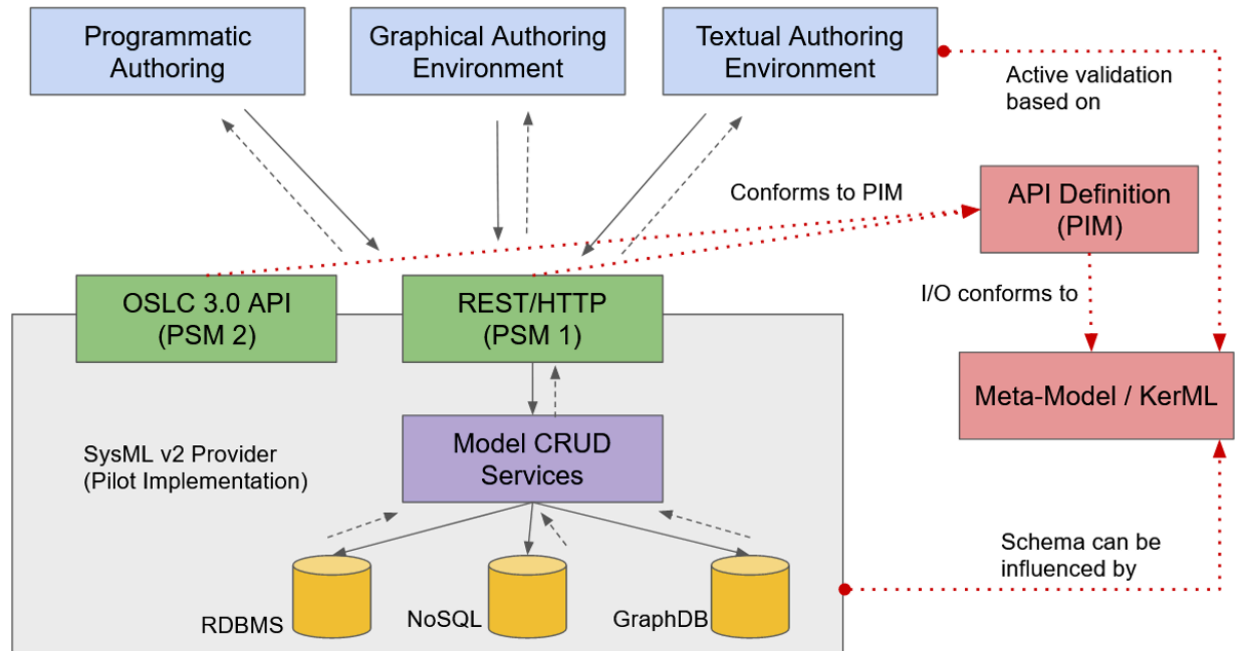
For each PSM, a mapping is defined. This mapping is used to generate the PSM from the PIM.



**Figure 1. API and Services Architecture**

Service specifications in the PIM do not prescribe or constrain the architecture of the SysML modeling environments. For example, SysML modeling environments with file-based, traditional 3-tier database based, or federated microservice-based architectures can all implement one or more PSMs derived from the same service specifications (PIM).

Applications written using a platform-specific binding (PSM) should be interoperable across multiple SysML modeling environments that implement the binding, without requiring any modification to the application.



**Figure 2. Use of PIM and PSMs by Providers and Consumers**

[Fig. 2](#) illustrates the role of PIM and PSMs in the context of Systems Modeling API and Services provider and consumer tools. Version 1 of the Systems Modeling API and Services includes two PSMs, specifically the REST/HTTP PSM and OSLC 3.0 PSM. The inputs and outputs of model create, read, update, and delete (CRUD) operations defined in PIM services conform to the concepts defined in KerML, which are inherited by the SysML v2 meta-model. A System Modeling API and Services provider tool implements either or both the PSMs using its native technology stack, such as databases and web-service frameworks. Consumer tools, such as those used for programmatic, graphical, or textual authoring, navigation, and querying models use the PSMs (e.g. REST/HTTP API), agnostic of the native technology stack of the providers. The choice of REST/HTTP PSM is key. Most modern programming languages provide libraries for consuming REST/HTTP APIs. Enterprise applications, written in any modern programming language, can consume the standard Systems Modeling API and Services, and interoperate with multiple providers.

## 6.2 Document Conventions

The following stylistic conventions are applied in the presentation of the Platform Independent Model (PIM) of the Systems Modeling API and Services.

### Service definitions

1. Names of classes representing services start with an uppercase letter, such as Element Navigation Service.
2. Names of operations representing the API calls available for each service start with a lowercase letter, such as `get_element_by_id`

### Input / output data

1. Names of classes representing data that is the input or output of services start with an uppercase letter, such as Project and Element
2. Names of attributes representing the details of the data that is the input or output of services start with a lowercase letter, such as identifier



The services and operations in the PIM are presented using class diagrams and tables with description of each operation.

The input and output data for services in the PIM are presented using class diagrams followed by detailed descriptions. In the description, the attributes of the input and output data are *italicized*.

## 6.3 Document Organization

The rest of this document is organized into two major clauses.

- [Clause 7](#). Platform Independent Model (PIM) of the Systems Modeling API and Services
- [Clause 8](#). Platform Specific Models (PSMs) of the Systems Modeling API and Services

[8.1](#) REST/HTTP PSM

[8.2](#) OSLC PSM

These clauses are followed by an annex.

- [Annex A](#) defines the suite of conformance tests that may be used to demonstrate the conformance of systems modeling environments to this specification - see [Clause 2](#).

## 6.4 Acknowledgements

The primary authors of this specification document, the PIM, and the REST/HTTP PSM are:

- Manas Bajaj, InterCax LLC
- Ivan Gomes, NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory

The primary authors of the OSLC PSM are:

- David Honey, IBM
- Jad El-Khoury, KTH Royal Institute of Technology
- Jim Amsden, IBM

The specification was formally submitted for standardization by the following organizations:

- 88Solutions Corporation
- GfSE e.V.
- IBM
- INCOSE
- InterCax LLC
- Lockheed Martin Corporation
- Model Driven Solutions, Inc.
- Dassault Systèmes
- PTC
- Simula Research Laboratory AS

However, work on the specification was also supported by over 120 people in over 60 other organizations that participated in the SysML v2 Submission Team (SST). The following individuals had leadership roles in the SST:

- Manas Bajaj, InterCax LLC (API and services development lead)
- Yves Bernard, Airbus (profile development co-lead)
- Bjorn Cole, Lockheed Martin Corporation (metamodel development co-lead)

- Sanford Friedenthal, SAF Consulting (SST co-lead, requirements V&V lead)
- Charles Galey, Lockheed Martin Corporation (metamodel development co-lead)
- Karen Ryan, Siemens (metamodel development co-lead)
- Ed Seidewitz, Model Driven Solutions (SST co-lead, pilot implementation lead)
- Tim Weilkiens, oose (profile development co-lead)

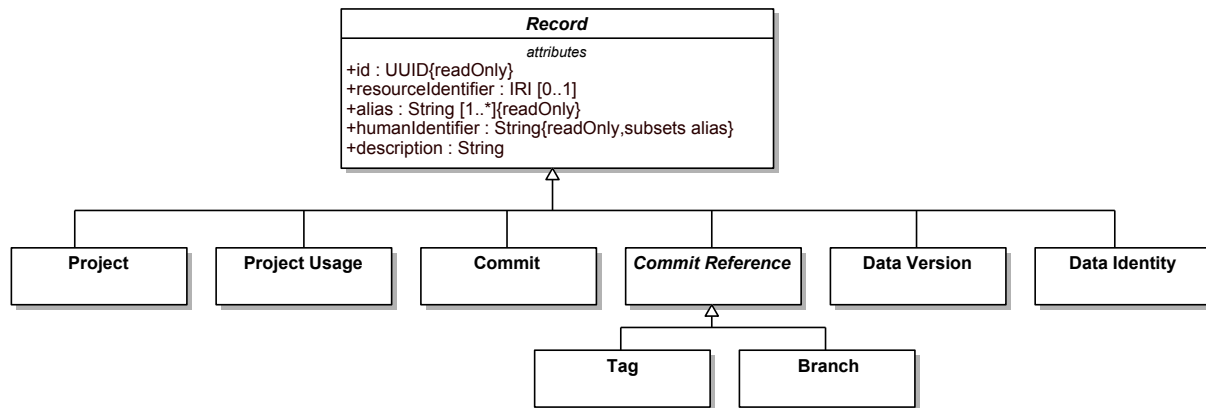
The specification was prepared using CATIA No Magic modeling tools and the OpenMBEE system for model publication (<http://www.openmbec.org>), with the invaluable support of the following individuals:

- Tyler Anderson, No Magic/Dassault Systèmes
- Christopher Delp, Jet Propulsion Laboratory
- Ivan Gomes, Jet Propulsion Laboratory
- Robert Karban, Jet Propulsion Laboratory
- Christopher Klotz, No Magic/Dassault Systèmes
- John Watson, Lightstreet consulting

# 7 Platform Independent Model (PIM)

## 7.1 API Model

### 7.1.1 Record

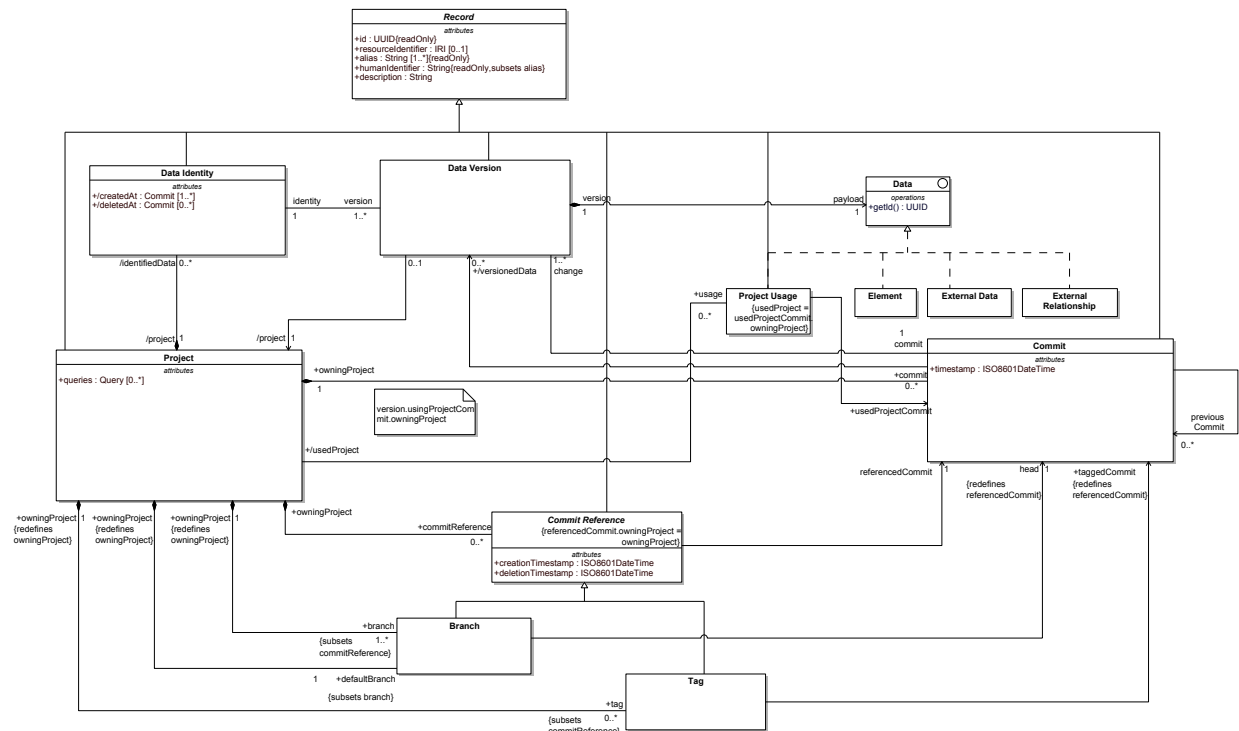


**Figure 3. Types of Records**

**Record** - A Record represents any data that is consumed (input) or produced (output) by the Systems Modeling API and Services. A Record is an abstract concept from which other concrete concepts inherit. A Record has the following attributes:

- *id* is the UUID assigned to the record
- *resourceIdentifier* is an IRI for the record
- *alias* is a collection of other identifiers for this record, especially if the record was created or represented in other software applications and systems
- *humanIdentifier* is a human-friendly unique identifier for this record
- *description* is a statement that provides details about the record.

### 7.1.2 Project and Data Versioning



### Figure 4. Project and Data Versioning API Model

The class diagram above presents concepts related to Project and Data Versioning Service.

**Data** - Data represents any entity that can be created, updated, deleted, and queried by the Systems Modeling API and Services. In the PIM, Data is represented as an Interface that is realized by the following concepts in the scope of Systems Modeling API and Services.

- Element, root metaclass in the SysML v2 language metamodel
- External Data
- External Relationship
- Project Usage

Each realization of Data must implement the *getId()* operation that provides a valid UUID.

**Data Identity** - Data Identity is a subclass of Record that represents a unique, version-independent representation of Data through its lifecycle. A Data Identity is associated with 1 or more Data Version records that represent different versions of the same Data. A Data Identity record has the following additional attributes:

- *createdAt* is a derived attribute that references the Commit in a project in which the given Data was created
- *deletedAt* is a derived attribute that references the Commit in a project in which the given Data was deleted

**Data Version** - Data Version is a subclass of Record that represents Data at a specific version in its lifecycle. A Data Version record is associated with only one (1) Data Identity record. Data Version serves as a wrapper for Data (*payload*) in the context of a Commit in a Project. Different versions of the same Data, identified by the same UUID values returned by *Data.getId()*, are represented in the following manner:

- One (1) Data Identity record is created for all versions of the same Data, where Data Identity.*id* returns the same UUID value as *Data.getId()*
- A Data Version record is created for each version of Data, where:
  - Data Version.*payload* is set to Data
  - Data Version.*identity* is set to the Data Identity common to all versions of the same Data.
  - Data Version.*id* is set to a new, randomly generated UUID for the specific Data Version record

Data Version record has the following additional attributes:

- *commit*: project commit at which the wrapped data (*payload*) was created, modified, or deleted.
- */project*: derived attribute referencing the owning project

**Project** - Project is a subclass of Record that represents a container for other Records and an entry point for version management and data navigation. The Project record has the following attributes:

- *identifiedData* is a derived attribute that is the set of Data Identity records corresponding to the Data contained in the project
- *commit* is the set of all commits in the Project
- *commitReference* is the set of all commit references in the Project
- *branch* is the set of all the branches in the Project and a subset of *commitReference*
- *defaultBranch* is the default branch in the Project and a subset of *branch*
- *tag* is the set of all the tags in the Project and a subset of *commitReference*
- *usage* is the set of Project Usage records representing all other Projects being used by the given Project (*Project Usage.usedProject*)
- *queries* is the set of Query records owned by the project. Each Query record represents a saved query for the given project. See [Query](#) for details.

A project also represents a permission target at which access and authorization controls may be applied to teams associated with a project.

**Project Usage** - Project Usage is a subclass of Record that represents the use of a Project in the context of another Project. Project Usage is represented as a realization of Data, and has the following attributes:

- *usedProject* references the Project being used
- *usedProjectCommit* references the Commit of the Project being used

**Commit** - Commit is a subclass of Record that represents the changes made to a Project at a specific point in time in its lifecycle, such as the creation, update, or deletion of data in a Project. A Project has 0 or more Commits. A Commit has the following attributes:

- *timestamp* is the timestamp at which the Commit was created
- *owningProject* is the Project that owns the Commit.
- *previousCommit* is the set of immediately preceding Commits
- *change* is the set of Data Version records representing Data that is created, updated, or deleted in the Commit
- *versionedData* is the set of cumulative Data Version records in a Project at the Commit

Commits are immutable. For a given Commit record, the value of Commit.*change* cannot be modified after a Commit has been created. If a modification is required, a new Commit record can be created with a different value of Commit.*change*.

Commits are not destructible<sup>1</sup>. A Commit record cannot be deleted during normal end-user operation. Commits represent the history and evolution of a Project. Deleting and mutating Commit records must be disabled for the normal end-user operations to preserve Project history.

<sup>1</sup>Note: A provider tool may provide administrative functions to repair the Commit graph of a Project but this is not considered a normal end-user operation.

**Commit Reference** - Commit Reference is an abstract subclass of Record that references a specific Commit (Commit Reference.*referencedCommit*). Project.*commit* is the set of all the Commit records for a given Project. Project.*commitReference* identifies specific Commit records in a Project that provide the context for navigating the Data in a Project. Two special types of Commit Reference are Branch and Tag, as described below.

**Branch** - Branch is an indirect subclass of Record (via CommitReference) that represents an independent line of development in a project. A Project can have 1 or more branches. When a Project is created, a default branch is also created. The default branch of a project can be changed, and a project can have only 1 default branch.

A Branch is a type of Commit Reference. A Branch is a pointer to a commit (*Branch.head*). The commit history of a Project on a given branch can be computed by recursively navigating *Commit.previousCommit*, starting from the head commit of the branch (*Branch.head*). A Branch has the following additional attributes:

- *creationTimestamp* is the timestamp at which the branch was created
- *deletionTimestamp* is the timestamp at which the branch was deleted
- *head* is the commit to which the branch is currently pointing. It represents the latest state of the project on the given branch.
- *owningProject* is the project that owns the given branch

Branches are immutable. Since a Branch is a pointer to a Commit, it can be updated to point to a different Commit. If a new Commit is created on a Project Branch, the value of *Branch.head* refers to that new Commit.

Branches are destructible under normal end-user operation. Branches can be deleted and merged with other branches.

**Tag** - Tag is an indirect subclass of Record (via Commit Reference) used for annotating specific commits-of-interest during Project development, such as for representing Project milestones, releases, baselines, or snapshots. A Project can have 0 or more tags.

A Tag is a type of Commit Reference. A Tag is a pointer to a commit (*Tag.taggedCommit*).

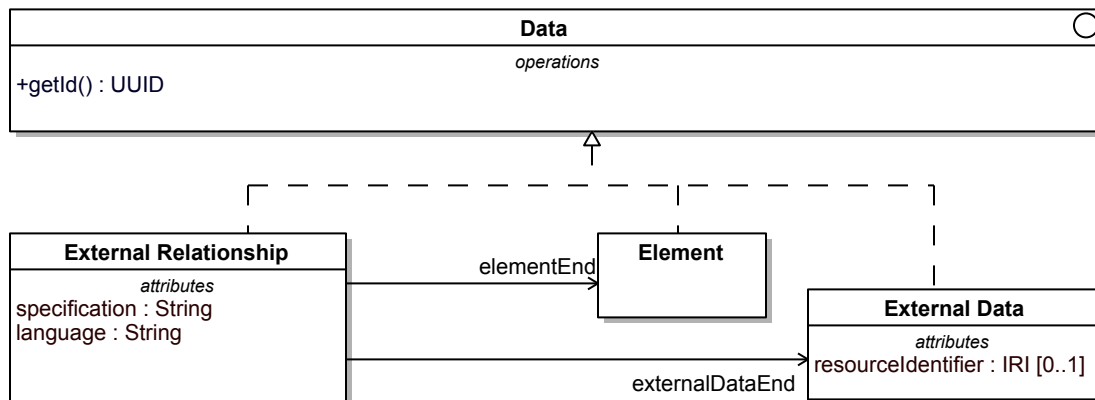
Tags are immutable. Tag.*taggedCommit* cannot be modified after a Tag record has been created. If Tag.*taggedCommit* needs to be modified to refer to a different Commit record, then the existing Tag can be deleted and a new Tag can be created with the same name and description.

Tags are destructible under normal end-user operation.

The table below summarizes the Mutability and Destruction semantics for Commit, Branch, and Tag.

| Type of Record | Mutable | Destructible |
|----------------|---------|--------------|
| Commit         | No      | No           |
| Branch         | Yes     | Yes          |
| Tag            | No      | Yes          |

### 7.1.3 External Data and Relationship



**Figure 5. External Relationship API Model**

The class diagram above presents concepts related to External Relationship Service.

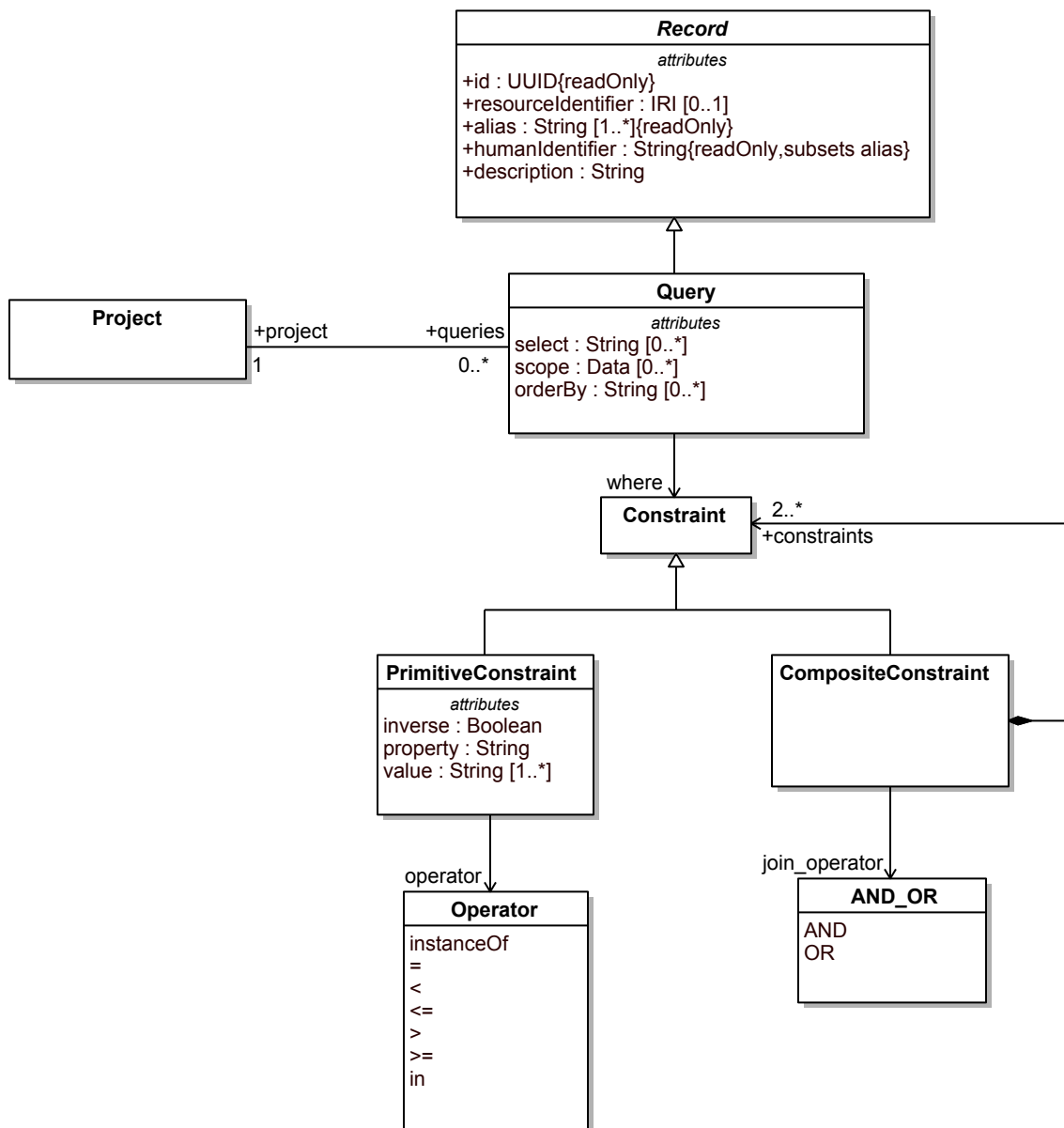
**External Relationship** - External Relationship is a realization of Data, and represents the relationship between a SysML Element in a provider tool or repository to External Data in another tool or repository. The External Data may be a SysML Element or a non-SysML Element. A hyperlink between a SysML Element to a web resource is the most primitive example of an External Relationship. An External Relationship has the following attributes:

- *specification* is the formal representation of the semantics of the external relationship. The specification can be a collection of mathematical expressions. For example, an External Relationship can be defined to map the attributes of a SysML element to the attributes of an External Data. In this case, the specification would contain the equations representing the mapping.
- *language* is the name of the expression language used for the specification

**External Data** - External Data is a realization of Data, and represents a resource external to a given tool or repository. External Data is defined only for the purpose of defining an External Relationship. An External Data has the following additional attributes.

- *resourceIdentifier* is the IRI of the resource represented by the External Data

## 7.1.4 Query



**Figure 6. Query API Model**

The class diagram above presents concepts related to the Query service.

**Query** - Query is a subclass of Record that represents a precise and language-independent request for information retrieval using the Systems Modeling API and Services. Query can be mapped to commonly used query languages, such as SQL, Gremlin, GraphQL, and SPARQL.

A Query record has the following additional attributes:

- *select* is a list of properties of Element or its subtypes that will be included for each Element object in the query response. Element is the root-metaclass in KerML. If no properties are specified, then all the properties will be included for each Element in the query response.



- *scope* is a list of Element objects that define the scope for query execution. The default scope of a Query is the owning project.
- *where* is of type Constraint and represents the conditions that Elements in the query response must satisfy.
- *orderBy* is a list of properties of Element or its subtypes that are used for sorting the Element objects in the query response. The order of properties in the list governs the sorting order.

**Constraint** - Constraint represents conditions that must be satisfied by Element objects in the query response.

**PrimitiveConstraint** is a subtype of Constraint that represents simple conditions that be modeled using the *property-operator-value* tuple, e.g. *mass <= 4 kg*, or *type instanceof Generalization*. A PrimitiveConstraint has the following additional attributes:

- *property* is a property of Element or its subtypes that is being constrained
- *operator* is of type Enumeration whose literals are mathematical operators, as listed above
- *value* is a list of primitive objects, such as String, Boolean, Integer, Double, and UUID
- *inverse* is of type Boolean. If true, a logical NOT operator is applied to the PrimitiveConstraint.

**CompositeConstraint** is a subtype of Constraint that represents complex conditions composed of two or more CompositeConstraints or PrimitiveConstraints using logical AND or OR operators.

## 7.2 API Services

### 7.2.1 Project Service

| Project Service  |
|--|
| <i>operations</i><br>get_project_by_id( projectId : UUID ) : Project [0..1]<br>get_projects() : Project [0..*]<br>create_project( name : String, description : String [0..1] ) : Project |

Figure 7. Project Service Operations View

Table 6. Operations

| Name              | Documentation   |
|-------------------|---|
| get_project_by_id | Get project with the given id (projectId).                          |
| create_project    | Creates a new project with the given name and optional description. |
| get_projects      | Gets all projects.  |

## 7.2.2 Element Navigation Service

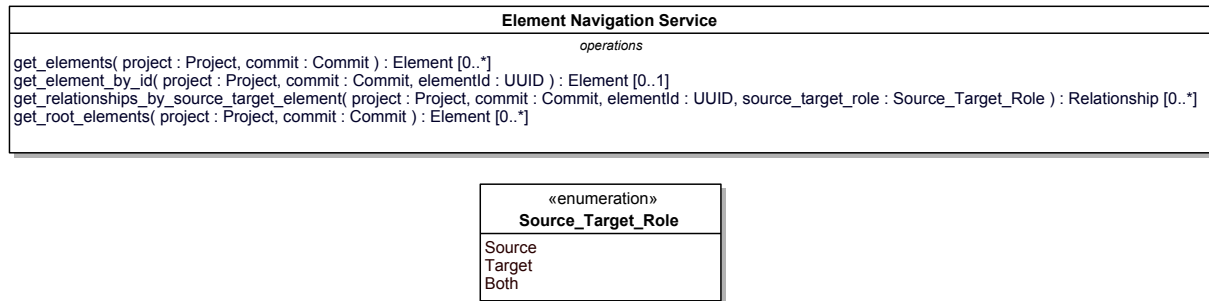


Figure 8. Element Navigation Service Operations View

Table 7. Operations

| Name                                       | Documentation  |
|--|--|
| get_elements                               | Get all the elements in a given project at the given commit.                                 |
| get_element_by_id                          | Gets element with the given id (elementId) in the given project at the given commit.         |
| get_relationships_by_source_target_element | Gets relationships by source and/or target element in the given project at the given commit. |
| get_root_elements                          | Gets all the root elements in the given project at the given commit.                         |

## 7.2.3 Project and Data Versioning Service

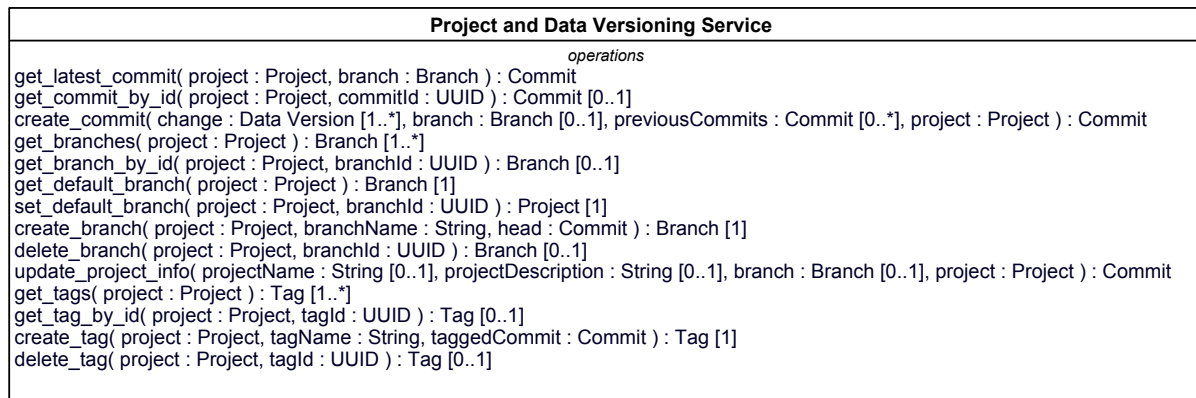


Figure 9. Project and Data Versioning Service Operations View

Table 8. Operations

| Name             | Documentation  |
|------------------|--|
| get_branch_by_id | Gets the branch with the given id (branchId) in the given project. |
| get_tag_by_id    | Gets the tag with the given id (tagId) in the given project.       |

| Name                | Documentation  |
|---------------------|--|
| get_branches        | Gets all the branches in the given project.  |
| create_commit       | Creates a new commit with the given change (collection of Data Version records) in the given branch of the project. If the branch is not specified, the default branch of the project is used. |
| update_project_info | Updates the name and/or description of the given project at the head commit of the given branch, creates a new commit on the branch, and sets the new commit as the head of the branch.        |
| get_commit_by_id    | Gets the commit with the given id (commitId) in the given project.   |
| delete_branch       | Deletes the branch with the given branchId in the given project.   |
| get_default_branch  | Gets the default branch of the given project.  |
| delete_tag          | Deletes the tag with the given id (tagId) in the given project.  |
| set_default_branch  | Sets the branch with the given branchId as the default branch of the given project.  |
| get_latest_commit   | Gets the latest commit in the given branch of the given project. If the branch is not specified, the default branch of the project is used.  |
| get_tags            | Gets all the tags in the given project.  |
| create_tag          | Creates a new tag with the name tagName in the given project, and sets the taggedCommit of the new tag as the given commit.  |
| create_branch       | Creates a new branch with the name branchName in the given project, and sets the head of the branch as the given Commit.   |

## 7.2.4 Query Service

| Query Service   |
|---|
| <i>operations</i><br>create_query( project : Project, select : String [0..*], scope : Data [0..*], where : Constraint, orderBy : String [0..*] ) : Query<br>execute_query( queryId : UUID, commit : Commit ) : Data [0..*]<br>get_query_by_id( project : Project, branchId : UUID ) : Query [0..1]<br>get_queries( project : Project ) : Query [1..*] |

Figure 10. Query Service Operations View

Table 9. Operations

| Name            | Documentation  |
|-----------------|--|
| get_query_by_id | Gets the query with the given id (queryId) in the given project. |
| get_queries     | Gets all the queries in the given project.                       |

| Name          | Documentation  |
|---------------|--|
| execute_query | Executes the given query in the given project (Query.project) at the given commit. |
| create_query  | Creates a query in the given project with the given inputs.                        |

## 7.2.5 External Relationship Service

| External Relationship Service  |
|--|
| <i>operations</i><br>get_external_relationships( project : Project, commit : Commit ) : External Relationship [0..*]<br>get_external_relationships_by_element_end( project : Project, commit : Commit, elementId : UUID ) : External Relationship [0..*]<br>get_external_relationships_by_id( project : Project, commit : Commit, externalRelationshipId : UUID ) : External Relationship [0..1] |

Figure 11. External Relationship Service Operations View

Table 10. Operations

| Name                                      | Documentation  |
|---|--|
| get_external_relationships_by_id          | Gets the external relationship with the given id (externalRelationshipId).   |
| get_external_relationships_by_element_end | Get all the external relationships in the given project at the given commit, where the id of elementEnd of the external relationship is the given elementId. |
| get_external_relationships                | Get all the external relationships in a given project at a given commit.   |

## 7.2.6 Project Usage Service

| Project Usage Service  |
|--|
| <i>operations</i><br>get_project_usages( project : Project, commit : Commit ) : Project Usage [0..*]<br>create_project_usage( project : Project, branch : Branch [0..1], projectUsage : Project_Usage ) : Commit<br>delete_project_usage( project : Project, branch : Branch [0..1], projectUsageId : UUID ) : Commit [0..1] |

Figure 12. Project Usage Service Operations View

Table 11. Operations

| Name                 | Documentation  |
|----------------------|--|
| create_project_usage | Creates a new project usage in the given project at the head commit of the given branch, creates a new commit, and sets the head of the given branch to the new commit. If a project branch is not given, then the default branch of the project will be used. |

| Name                 | Documentation   |
|----------------------|---|
| delete_project_usage | Deletes the project usage with the given id (projectUsageId) from given project at the head commit of the given branch, creates a new commit, and sets the head of the given branch to the new commit. If a project branch is not given, then the default branch of the project will be used. |
| get_project_usages   | Gets all the project usages in the given project at the given commit.   |



## 8 Platform Specific Models (PSMs)

### 8.1 REST/HTTP PSM

The REST/HTTP Platform-Specific Model (PSM) for the Systems Modeling API and Services is described using OpenAPI Specification (OAS) 2.0 and is included with this specification.

The table below shows the mapping between Systems Modeling API and Services PIM to the REST / HTTP PSM.

**Table 12. PIM to REST / HTTP PSM Mapping**

| PIM  | REST / HTTP PSM   |
|--|---|
| <b>Project Service</b>                     |   |
| create_project                             | POST /projects  |
| get_projects                               | GET /projects   |
| get_project_by_id                          | GET /projects/{projectId}   |
|  |   |
| <b>Element Navigation Service</b>          |   |
| get_elements                               | GET/projects/{projectId}/commits/{commitId}/elements  |
| get_element_by_id                          | GET /projects/{projectId}/commits/{commitId}/elements/{elementId}   |
| get_relationships_by_source_target_element | GET /projects/{projectId}/commits/{commitId}/elements/{relatedElementId}/relationships <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <i>direction</i> query parameter with allowable values {in, out, both}</li></ul> |
| get_root_elements                          | GET /projects/{projectId}/commits/{commitId}/roots  |
|  |   |
| <b>Project and Data Versioning Service</b> |   |
| get_latest_commit                          | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• GET /projects/{projectId}/branches/{branchId} returns the branch with the given ID.</li><li>• Branch.<i>head</i> is id of the latest commit on the branch</li></ul>     |
| get_commit_by_id                           | GET /projects/{projectId}/commits/{commitId}  |
| create_commit                              | POST /projects/{projectId}/commits  |
| get_branches                               | GET /projects/{projectId}/branches  |
| get_default_branch                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• GET /projects/{projectId} returns a Project</li><li>• Project.<i>defaultBranch</i> is the id of default branch</li></ul>  |

| PIM                                       | REST / HTTP PSM   |
|---|---|
| get_branch_by_id                          | GET /projects/{projectId}/branches/{branchId}   |
| set_default_branch                        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PUT /projects/{projectId}</li> <li>• Body of the PUT request is Project JSON model with <i>defaultBranch</i> set to the id the new default branch</li> </ul>   |
| create_branch                             | POST /projects/{projectId}/branches   |
| delete_branch                             | DELETE /projects/{projectId}/branches/{branchId}  |
| get_tags                                  | GET /projects/{projectId}/tags  |
| get_tag_by_id                             | GET /projects/{projectId}/tags/{tagId}  |
| create_tag                                | POST /projects/{projectId}/tags   |
| delete_tag                                | DELETE /projects/{projectId}/tags/{tagId}   |
| update_project_info                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PUT /projects/{projectId}</li> <li>• Body of the PUT request is Project JSON model with updated name and/or description</li> </ul>   |
|   |   |
| <b>Query Service</b>                      |   |
| get_queries                               | GET /projects/{projectId}/queries   |
| get_query_by_id                           | GET /projects/{projectId}/queries/{queryId}   |
| execute_query                             | GET /projects/{projectId}/queries/{queryId}/results   |
| create_query                              | POST /projects/{projectId}/queries  |
|   |   |
| <b>External Relationship Service</b>      |   |
| get_external_relationships                | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• POST /projects/{projectId}/queries with Query JSON model <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Query.<i>where</i> is set to a PrimitiveConstraint</li> <li>◦ PrimitiveConstraint.<i>property</i> = @type</li> <li>◦ PrimitiveConstraint.<i>value</i> = 'ExternalRelationship'</li> <li>◦ PrimitiveConstraint.<i>operator</i> = '='</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Execute the query with the following request <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ GET /projects/{projectId}/queries/{queryId}/results?commitId={commitId}, where {projectId} and {commitId} are inputs to get_external_relationships</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| get_external_relationships_by_element_end | Not implemented yet   |



| PIM                              | REST / HTTP PSM  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| get_external_relationships_by_id | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• POST /projects/{projectId}/queries with Query JSON model <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Query.where is set to a CompositeConstraint</li> <li>◦ CompositeConstraint.constraints includes the following 2 instances of PrimitiveConstraint <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ PrimitiveConstraint 1 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ PrimitiveConstraint.property = @type</li> <li>▪ PrimitiveConstraint.value = 'ExternalRelationship'</li> <li>▪ PrimitiveConstraint.operator = '='</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ PrimitiveConstraint 2 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ PrimitiveConstraint.property = @id</li> <li>▪ PrimitiveConstraint.value = {externalRelationshipId}</li> <li>▪ PrimitiveConstraint.operator = '='</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> <li>• Execute the query with the following request <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ GET /projects/{projectId}/queries/{queryId}/results?commitId={commitId}, where {projectId} and {commitId} are inputs to get_external_relationships</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
| <b>Project Usage Service</b>     |  |
| get_project_usages               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• POST /projects/{projectId}/queries with Query JSON model <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Query.where is set to a PrimitiveConstraint</li> <li>◦ PrimitiveConstraint.property = @type</li> <li>◦ PrimitiveConstraint.value = 'ProjectUsage'</li> <li>◦ PrimitiveConstraint.operator = '='</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Execute the query with the following request <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ GET /projects/{projectId}/queries/{queryId}/results?commitId={commitId}, where {projectId} and {commitId} are the ids of the Project and Commit input parameters in get_project_usages</li> </ul> </li> </ul>  |
| create_project_usage             | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• POST /projects/{projectId}/commits?branchId={branchId} with Commit JSON model, such that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Commit.change = DataVersion with the following inputs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ DataVersion.data = ProjectUsage with the following inputs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ ProjectUsage.usedProjectCommit = {commitId} of the Project and Commit being used.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>   |

| PIM                  | REST / HTTP PSM   |
|----------------------|---|
| delete_project_usage | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• POST <code>/projects/{projectId}/commits?branchId={branchId}</code> with Commit JSON model, such that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ Commit.<i>change</i> = DataVersion with the following inputs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ DataVersion.<i>identity</i> = DataIdentity with the following inputs <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ DataIdentity.<i>id</i> = {projectUsageId}</li> </ul> </li> <li>▪ DataVersion.<i>data</i> = null</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul> |

## Pagination

The REST/HTTP PSM uses a Cursor-based pagination strategy for the responses received from the GET requests. The following 3 query parameters can be specified in any GET request that returns a collection of records.

1. *page[size]* specifies the maximum number of records that will be returned per page in the response
2. *page[before]* specifies the URL of the page succeeding the page being requested
3. *and page[after]* specifies the URL of a page preceding the page being requested

If neither *page[before]* nor *page[after]* is specified, the first page is returned with the same number of records as specified in the *page[size]* query parameter. If the *page[size]* parameter is not specified, then a default page size is used, which can be set by the API provider.

The *Link* header in the response includes links (URLs) to the previous page and the next page, if any, for the given page in the response. The specification of these links is conformant to the [IETF Web Linking standard](#). As an example, the value of the *Link* response header is shown below. The *rel* value associated with each page link specifies the type of relationship the linked page has with the page returned in the response. Page link specified with *rel* value as *next* is the link for the next (or succeeding) page to the page returned in the response, and the page link specified with *rel* value as *prev* is the link for the previous (or preceding) page to the page returned in the response.

```
<http://sysml2-api-host:9000/projects?
  page[after]=MTYxODg2MTQ5NjYzMnwYMDewOWY0MC00ODI1LTQxNmEtODZmNi03NTA4YWM0MmEwMjE&
  page[size]=3>; rel="next",
<http://sysml2-api-host:9000/projects?
  page[before]=MTYxODg2MTQ5NjYzMnwYMDg2MDFjMS1iNzk1LTRkMGEtYTFiYy1lZjEyYmMwNTU5ZjI&
  page[size]=3>; rel="prev"
```

## Example

An example demonstrating the Cursor-based paginated responses received from GET requests to the `/projects` endpoint is presented here. The term "User" in the example scenario presented below refers to an API user that could be a human user or a software program.

**Step 1** - User makes a GET request to the `/projects` endpoint with *page[size]* query parameter set to 3. If successful, this request will return the first page with a maximum of 3 project records. The URL for this GET request is shown below.

```
http://sysml2-api-host:9000/projects?page[size]=3
```

**Step 2** - If there are more than 3 projects in the provider repository, the *Link* header in the response will provide the URL for the next page with *rel* value equal to *next*. The User gathers the link to the next page.

```
<http://sysml2-api-host:9000/projects?
  page[after]=MTYxODg2MjE2NTMxNXwwOGY0MzNkYi1iNmQ0LTQxYjgtOTAyMC1lODIwZWJjNDE3YmU&
  page[size]=3>; rel="next"
```

**Step 3** - User makes a GET request to the URL for the next page gathered from Step 2. The *Link* header in the response will provide the URL for the next page with *rel* value equal to *next*. Additionally, the *Link* header will include the URL for the previous page with *rel* value equal to *prev*.

```
<http://sysml2-dev.intercax.com:9000/projects?
  page[after]=MTYxODg2MjY4OTYxNHwyMDEwOWY0MC00ODI1LTQxNmEtODZmNi03NTA4YWM0MmEwMjE&
  page[size]=3>; rel="next",
<http://sysml2-dev.intercax.com:9000/projects?
  page[before]=MTYxODg2MjY4OTYxNHwxMDg2MDFjMS1iNzk1LTRkMGEtYTFiYy1lZjEyYmMwNTU5ZjI&
  page[size]=3>; rel="prev"
```

**Step 4** - User continues Step 3 until the *Link* header in the response does not include the URL for the next page (*rel* value as *next*).

## 8.2 OSLC 3.0 PSM

### 8.2.1 Overview

The OSLC Platform-Specific Model (PSM) for the Systems Modeling API and Services is described using OpenAPI Specification (OAS) 2.0 and is included with this specification.

Note that the URLs listed in the OpenAPI Specification are provided as examples only. With OSLC, all URLs are implementation-specific. A OSLC client typically relies on the OSLC discovery mechanism (<https://docs.oasis-open-projects.org/oslcp-core/v3.0/ps01/discovery.html>), to determine what services are provided by an OSLC server, as well as the necessary information (such as a service URL) to be able to consume any such service. At the least, an OSLC client requires a discovery URL to bootstrap this discovery for any particular server. The various approaches for bootstrapping and discovery are further detailed in the OSLC standard.

- [8.2.2](#) presents a brief introduction to OSLC and its nomenclature.
- [8.2.3](#) presents the mapping of PIM concepts to OSLC resource types
- [8.2.4](#) presents the mapping of PIM services and operations to OSLC services

An OSLC implementation may typically need to realize a broader set of services than those defined by the PIM for full integration with other OSLC-compliant systems. Services such as Delegated UI for Selection and Creation, resource UI Preview, authentication, and support for arbitrary queries (beyond those defined in the PIM).

### 8.2.2 OSLC Nomenclature

#### What is OSLC?

Open Services for Lifecycle Collaboration (OSLC) is an open community creating specifications for integrating tools. OSLC specifications allow conforming independent software and product lifecycle tools to integrate their data and workflows in support of end-to-end lifecycle processes. OSLC is based on the W3C Linked Data and the use of RDF to represent artifacts using common vocabularies, and HTTP to discover, create, read, update, and delete such artifacts. For a more comprehensive introduction, see the [OSLC Primer](#) and the OSLC specifications at <https://open-services.net/specifications/>.

OSLC servers may support any or all of the following:

1. *Creation factories* for creating a resource of some RDF type associated with the factory. For example, a client might create a new change request by an HTTP POST including the RDF representation of the change request to be created to the URI of a change request creation factory.
2. REST services to read, update, and/or delete resources at the resource's URI.
3. *Query capabilities* that allow OSLC clients to query for resources of an RDF type associated with the query capability. For example, a client might query for change requests by an HTTP GET or POST to the query base URI of a query capability for change requests. See [OSLC Query Version 3.0](#) for further details.
4. *Creation dialog* that allows some other application to embed it in an iFrame of an application dialog that allows a user to fill in information and create a resource of some type associated with the creation dialog.
5. *Selection dialog* that allows an application to display it to select a resource of some type associated with the dialog in order to create and persist a link to that resource in the application.
6. *Resource preview*, such as a pop-up display, that is shown as a rich hover when a user hovers over a link to a resource managed by the OSLC server.

## OSLC Discovery

OSLC clients and other servers discover the OSLC capabilities offered by a server through OSLC discovery. This allows clients to discover the URIs of creation factories, query capabilities, creation dialogs, and selection dialogs without the need for hard coding or constructing URIs for them. Discovery starts with a known URI for an OSLC *Service Provider Catalog*. That service provider catalog may reference zero, one, or many *service providers*. Servers that support the concept of project as a container of resources, often for access control, often define a service provider for each such container. A service provider may declare one or many services, each of which may define the creation factories, query capabilities, creation dialogs, and selection dialogs supported by that service. For more details, see [OSLC Core Version 3.0, Part 2: Discovery](#).

A creation factory for a specific RDF type is discovered by:

1. Start with a known OSLC service provider catalog URI, perform HTTP GET.
2. Get the URIs of service providers from the response.
3. For each service provider, perform HTTP GET.
4. From the response, look for services described in the response data, that declare a creation factory for the RDF type.
5. Get the URI of the creation factory.

A query capability for a specific RDF type is discovered by:

1. Start with a known OSLC service provider catalog URI, perform HTTP GET.
2. Get the URIs of service providers from the response.
3. For each service provider, perform HTTP GET.
4. From the response, look for services described in the response data, that declare a query capability for the RDF type.
5. Get the query base URI of the query capability.

## OSLC Resource Shapes

Resource shapes specify a standard way (using RDF) of describing resources of specific RDF types and their properties. For more details, see [OSLC Core Version 3.0, Part 6: Resource Shape](#). Resource shapes may be discovered in a number of ways:

1. The definition of a creation factory may reference a resource shape that describes the properties that might be included in the RDF content POSTed to that creation factory.
2. The definition of a query capability may reference a resource shape that describes the properties of the query results and references a shape that describes the properties that might be queried as a condition, or selected to be included in the results.

3. A resource may reference an instance shape that describes the properties of that resource.

## Linked Data Platform Containers

Linked Data Platform Containers (LDPC) are a way of representing containers as an RDF resource. OSLC specifications specify LPDCs as a container representation. See [W3C Linked Data Platform 1.0](#) for further information.

## OSLC Service Providers

A "global" service provider will contain one or more services that cross all SysML projects. A service provider will be declared for each SysML project that provides capabilities specific to that SysML project.

## RDF Media Types

OSLC recommends that servers support RDF/XML (application/rdf+xml), Turtle (text/turtle, application/x-turtle), and JSON-LD ( application/ld+json).

### 8.2.3 PIM API Model – OSLC PSM Resource Mapping

| PIM resource  | OSLC Configuration Management resource          | dcterms:identifier   |
|---------------|---|----------------------|
| Project       | Component (oslc_config:Component)               | PIM project id       |
| Branch        | Stream (oslc_config:Stream)                     | PIM branch id        |
| Tag           | Baseline (oslc_config:Baseline)                 | PIM tag id           |
| Commit        | Not supported by OSLC Configuration Management. | PIM commit id        |
| Data Identity | Concept resource.                               | PIM Data Identity id |
| Data Version  | Version resource (oslc_config:VersionResource)  | PIM Data Version id  |

### 8.2.4 PIM API Services – OSLC PSM Service Mapping

The table shows services relating to the Element class, which will implicitly include services to any of the Element subclasses. An OSLC implementation may also provide specific services relating to a specific subset of the Element subclasses.

Note that the URLs listed in the tables below are provided as examples only. With OSLC, all URLs are implementation-specific. A OSLC client typically relies on the OSLC discovery mechanism (<https://docs.oasis-open-projects.org/oslc-op/core/v3.0/ps01/discovery.html>), to determine what services are provided by an OSLC server, as well as the necessary information (such as a service URL) to be able to consume any such service. At the least, an OSLC client requires a discovery URL to bootstrap this discovery for any particular server. The various approaches for bootstrapping and discovery are further detailed in the OSLC standard.

| PIM             | OSLC PSM |
|-----------------|----------|
| Project Service |          |

| PIM                               | OSLC PSM   |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| get_project_by_id                 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for components (oslc_config:Component). See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying a query for the dterms:identifier in a <i>oslc.where</i> query parameter, and specifying which properties, if any, of the component should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for components with identifier 123, returning all properties.</p> <pre>GET queryBaseUri? oslc.where=dterms%3Aidentifier%3D%22123%22&amp; oslc.select=*</pre> |
| create_project                    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a creation factory for components (oslc_config:Component). See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. POST the RDF content describing the component (with a Content-Type header set to an RDF media type supported by the server) to the creation factory.</li> </ol> <p>Example:</p> <pre>POST creationFactoryUri</pre>  |
| get_projects                      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for components (oslc_config:Component). See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying which properties, if any, of the component should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for components returning their name (dterms:title) and id (dterms:identifier)</p> <pre>GET queryBaseUri? oslc.select=dterms%3Atitle%2Cdterms%3Aidentifier</pre>   |
| <b>Element Navigation Service</b> |  |

| PIM  | OSLC PSM  |
|--|---|
| get_elements                               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for elements (a SysML specific RDF type) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying which properties, if any, of the commit should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for elements returning name (dcterms:title) and identifier (dcterms:identifier).</p> <pre>GET queryBaseUri? oslc.select=dcterms%3Atitle%2Cdcterms%3Aidentifier</pre>  |
| get_element_by_id                          | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for elements (a SysML specific RDF type) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying a query for the dcterms:identifier in a <i>oslc.where</i> query parameter, and specifying which properties, if any, of the commit should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for elements with identifier 123, returning all properties.</p> <pre>GET queryBaseUri? oslc.where=dcterms%3Aidentifier%3D%22123%22&amp; oslc.select=*</pre> |
| get_relationships_by_source_target_element | <p>GET/POST request on the OSLC Query capability. The Query capability is identified under the Project's corresponding Service Provider. The following request parameters are expected:</p> <p>For example, GET projects/{projectId}/service/elements/query</p>   |
| get_root_elements                          | <p>GET/POST request on the OSLC Query capability. The Query capability is identified under the Project's corresponding Service Provider.</p> <p>For example, GET projects/{projectId}/service/elements/query</p>  |
| <b>Project and Data Versioning Service</b> |   |
| get_branch_by_id                           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for streams (oslc_config:Stream) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying a query for the dcterms:identifier in a <i>oslc.where</i> query parameter, and specifying which properties, if any, of the component should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for streams with identifier 123, returning all properties.</p> <pre>GET queryBaseUri? oslc.where=dcterms%3Aidentifier%3D%22123%22&amp; oslc.select=*</pre>       |

| PIM           | OSLC PSM   |
|---------------|--|
| get_tag_by_id | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for baselines (oslc_config:Baseline) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying a query for the dterms:identifier in a <i>oslc.where</i> query parameter, and specifying which properties, if any, of the component should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for baselines with identifier 123, returning all properties.</p> <pre>GET queryBaseUri? oslc.where=dterms%3Aidentifier%3D%22123%22&amp; oslc.select=*</pre>  |
| Get branches  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for streams (oslc_config:Stream) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying which properties, if any, of the stream should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for branches returning their name (dterms:title) and id (dterms:identifier)</p> <pre>GET queryBaseUri? oslc.select=dterms%3Atitle%2Cdterms%3Aidentifier</pre>  |
| Create commit | <p>For each element version to be delivered:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Execute a PUT on version resource concept URI with configuration context parameter/header set to the URI of a stream (branch). Body contains updated RDF representation of element version.</li> </ol> <p>Note that this only supports a new commit along a branch with the previous latest commit being its previous commit. If a client wants to commit from an earlier version, they must first create a stream (branch) from that earlier baseline (commit) and then use a PUT with that new stream.</p> <p>The OSLC Configuration Management specification does not currently define any mechanisms for creating new versions of multiple versioned resources in a single REST operation. Once the OSLC OP working group has published the current specification as a PSD, the working group would be happy to work with the SysML team to discuss how additional capabilities might be supported.</p> <p>Example 1:</p> <pre>PUT conceptResourceUri? oslc_config.context=urlEncodedStreamUri</pre> <p>Example 2:</p> <pre>Headers: Configuration-Context=streamUri PUT conceptResourceUri</pre> |



| PIM                          | OSLC PSM  |
|------------------------------|---|
| update_project_info          |   |
| Get commit by project and id | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for commits (a SysML specific RDF type) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying a query for the dterms:identifier in a <i>oslc.where</i> query parameter, and specifying which properties, if any, of the commit should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for commits with identifier 123, returning all properties.</p> <pre>GET queryBaseUri? oslc.where=dterms%3Aidentifier%3D%22123%22&amp; oslc.select=*</pre> |
| delete_branch                |   |
| get_default_branch           |   |
| delete_tag                   |   |
| set_default_branch           |   |
| get_latest_commit            |   |
| get_tags                     |   |
| Create tag (baseline)        | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Get the baselines LDPC URI from the RDF of a stream.</li> <li>2. POST the RDF representation of the baseline to the LDPC URI (with a Content-Type header set to an RDF media type supported by the server).</li> </ol> <p>Example: Create a baseline from a stream</p> <pre>POST baselinesLdpcUri</pre>   |

| PIM             | OSLC PSM  |
|-----------------|---|
| Create branch   | <p>A server might support either or both of the following:</p> <p>A) Use a creation factory:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a creation factory for streams (<code>oslc_config:Stream</code>) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. POST the RDF content describing the stream (with a Content-Type header set to an RDF media type supported by the server) to the creation factory.</li> </ol> <p>Example:</p> <pre>POST creationFactoryUri</pre> <p>or</p> <p>B) Use the streams LDPC of a component</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Get the URI of the streams LDPC from the RDF of a component.</li> <li>2. POST the RDF content describing the stream (with a Content-Type header set to an RDF media type supported by the server) to the LDPC.</li> </ol> <p>Example:</p> <pre>POST streamsLdpcUri</pre> |
| Query Service   | <p>The “query” being referred to here is <b>not</b> an OSLC query. OSLC does not provide any RDF representation or persistence of OSLC queries. Rather, here a “query” is a SysML-specific query – a specific type of persisted SysML resource. While no OSLC specification defines the RDF representation of such queries, they can be exposed in an OSLC compliant manner, using a mixture of OSLC vocabulary and SysML specific vocabulary.</p>  |
| get_query_by_id |   |
| Get queries     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for SysML queries (a SysML specific RDF type) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying which properties, if any, of the commit should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for SysML queries, returning all properties.</p> <pre>GET queryBaseUri?oslc.select=*</pre>   |
| execute_query   | <p>Since these queries are not OSLC queries, and OSLC queries have no RDF representation or persistence, OSLC does not define any mechanism for this. You can only execute OSLC queries by a GET or POST to a query base, specifying all the required inputs (<i>oslc.where</i>, <i>oslc.prefix</i>, <i>oslc.select</i>) in that request.</p>   |

| PIM                                       | OSLC PSM  |
|---|---|
| create_query                              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a creation factory for SysML queries (a SysML specific RDF type) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. POST the RDF content describing the stream (with a Content-Type header set to an RDF media type supported by the server) to the creation factory.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Create a SysML query</p> <p>POST <i>creationFactoryUri</i></p>   |
| <b>External Relationship Service</b>      | <p>OSLC does/can not differentiate between properties/relationships/elements that are external or otherwise.</p> <p>The services below are just specific examples of the get_elements; get_element_by_id services above.</p>  |
| get_external_relationships_by_id          |   |
| get_external_relationships_by_element_end |   |
| get_external_relationships                |   |
| <b>Project Usage Service</b>              |   |
| create_project_usage                      |   |
| delete_project_usage                      |   |
| get_project_usages                        |   |
|   |   |
|   |   |
| create_external_relationship              | <p>PUT request on the resource URL. (See <a href="https://docs.oasis-open-projects.org/oslc-op/core/v3.0/ps01/oslc-core.html#resourceShapes">https://docs.oasis-open-projects.org/oslc-op/core/v3.0/ps01/oslc-core.html#resourceShapes</a> - subsection "Resource Operations" - for details.)</p> <p>or example, PUT projects/{projectId}/elements/{elementId}</p>  |
| get_elements_by_type                      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for elements (a SysML specific RDF type) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying a query for the rdf:type in a <i>oslc.where</i> query parameter, and specifying which properties, if any, of the commit should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for elements with RDF type <i>TypeUri</i>, returning all properties.</p> <p>GET <i>queryBaseUri</i>?<br/> oslc.where=rdf%3Atype%3D%3CurlEncodedTypeUri%3E&amp;<br/> oslc.select=*</p> |
| update_root_elements                      | <p>OSLC does not support the atomic updating of multiple elements.</p> <p>OSLC has no specific support for updating root elements, which differs from the standard mechanism to update any other element.</p>   |

| PIM                             | OSLC PSM  |
|---------------------------------|---|
| <b>Element Creation Service</b> |   |
| create_element                  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a creation factory for elements (a SysML specific type) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. POST the RDF content describing the element (with a Content-Type header set to an RDF media type supported by the server) to the creation factory.</li> </ol> <p>Example:</p> <pre>POST creationFactoryUri</pre>   |
| create_relationship             | <p>Same as create_element</p> <p>Implementations can choose to define dedicated creation factories for any specific Element subclasses.</p>   |
| <b>Branches and Commits</b>     |   |
| Get commits by project          | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Discover a query capability for commits (a SysML specific RDF type) for the specified project. See <i>OSLC Discovery</i> section.</li> <li>2. Perform a GET on the query base, specifying which properties, if any, of the commit should be returned in the query result using an <i>oslc.select</i> query parameter.</li> </ol> <p>Example: Query for commits with identifier 123, returning all properties.</p> <pre>GET queryBaseUri? oslc.where=dcterms%3Aidentifier%3D%22123%22&amp; oslc.select=*</pre> |
|                                 |   |

# A Annex: Conformance Test Suite

## A.1 Project Service Conformance Test Cases

### Operation create\_project

PIM-PS-001

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>         | Create Project - success   |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. <code>_description : String[0..1]</code></li><li>2. <code>_name : String[1]</code></li></ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>            |  |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <code>let _record : Record = Record.allInstances()</code>  |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>create_project(name = _name, description = _description) : Project[1]</code>   |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Result, defined as <code>project : Project[1]</code>, is a created Project</li><li>2. The <code>id</code> attribute value of the created Project is randomly generated and universally unique, including (but not limited to) not being used as the <code>id</code> attribute value for any previously existing Record</li><li>3. A Branch is created and specified as the <code>defaultBranch</code> attribute value for the created Project</li><li>4. The <code>id</code> attribute value of the created Branch (<code>defaultBranch</code>) is randomly generated and universally unique, including (but not limited to) not being used as the <code>id</code> attribute value for any previously existing Record.</li><li>5. The <code>name</code> attribute value of the created Branch (<code>defaultBranch</code>) is specified as <code>'main'</code></li><li>6. The <code>description</code> attribute value is specified as inputted</li><li>7. The <code>name</code> attribute value is specified as inputted</li></ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <code>let project : Project = create_project(_name, _description)<br/>project-&gt;size() = 1<br/>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(project)<br/>_record.id-&gt;excludes(project.id)<br/>project.defaultBranch-&gt;notEmpty()<br/>_record.id-&gt;excludes(project.defaultBranch.id)<br/>project.defaultBranch.name = 'main'<br/>project.description = _description<br/>project.name = _name</code>  |

## Operation get\_projects

### PIM-PS-002

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>         | Get Projects - success   |
| <b>Input</b>               | None   |
| <b>Scenario</b>            |  |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  |  |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_projects()</code> : <code>Project[0..*]</code>                             |
| <b>Result</b>              | Result, defined as <code>project</code> : <code>Project[0..*]</code> , is all of the existing Projects |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <code>let project : Project = get_projects()</code><br><code>project = Project.allInstances()</code>   |

## Operation get\_project\_by\_id

### PIM-PS-003

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>         | Get Project by ID - exists  |
| <b>Input</b>               | 1. <code>_projectId</code> : <code>UUID[1]</code>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | A Project with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_projectId</code> exists   |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <code>let _project : Project = Project.allInstances()-&gt;select(id = _projectId)</code><br><code>_project-&gt;size() = 1</code>                            |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_project_by_id(projectId = _projectId)</code> : <code>Project[0..1]</code>   |
| <b>Result</b>              | Result, defined as <code>project</code> : <code>Project[1]</code> , is the Project with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_projectId</code> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <code>let project : Project = get_project_by_id(_projectId)</code><br><code>project = _project</code>   |

### PIM-PS-004

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>        | Get Project by ID - does not exist  |
| <b>Input</b>              | 1. <code>_projectId</code> : <code>UUID[1]</code>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | A Project with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_projectId</code> does not exist |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <code>Project.allInstances()-&gt;select(projectId = _projectId)-&gt;isEmpty()</code>              |

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_project_by_id(projectId = _projectId) : Project[0..1]</code>  |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>project : Project[0]</code>, does not include any Projects</li> <li>2. Result communicates that a Project with the provided ID does not exist</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let project : Project = get_project_by_id(_projectId) project-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>  |

## A.2 Element Navigation Service Conformance Test Cases

### Operation `get_elements`

#### PIM-EN-001

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>         | Get Elements - success  |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commit : Commit[1]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit belongs to the inputted Project</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_commit) _commit.owningProject = _project</pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_elements(project = _project, commit = _commit) : Element[0..*]</code>   |
| <b>Result</b>              | Result, defined as <code>element : Element[0..*]</code> , is all Elements at the inputted Commit  |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let element : Element = get_elements(_project, _commit) element = _commit.version.data-&gt;select(oclIsKindOf(Element))</pre>  |

### Operation `get_element_by_id`

#### PIM-EN-002

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b> | Get Element by ID - success  |
| <b>Input</b>       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commit : Commit[1]</code></li> <li>3. <code>_elementId : UUID[1]</code></li> </ol> |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit belongs to the inputted Project</li> <li>4. An Element with an id attribute value equal to <code>_elementId</code> exists at the inputted Commit</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_commit) _commit.owningProject = _project let _element : Element = _commit.version-&gt;select(identity.id = _elementId and data.ocIsKindOf(Element)).data _element.size() = 1 </pre>                               |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_element_by_id(project = _project, commit = _commit, elementId = _elementId) : Element[0..1]</code>   |
| <b>Result</b>              | Result, defined as <code>element : Element[1]</code> , is the Element with an id attribute value equal to <code>_elementId</code> at the inputted Commit   |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let element : Element = get_element_by_id(_project, _commit, _elementId) element = _element </pre>   |

## PIM-EN-003

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>        | Get Element by ID - does not exist at Commit   |
| <b>Input</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commit : Commit[1]</code></li> <li>3. <code>_elementId : UUID[1]</code></li> </ol>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit belongs to the inputted Project</li> <li>4. An Element with an id attribute value equal to <code>_elementId</code> does not exist at the inputted Commit</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_commit) _commit.owningProject = _project _commit.version-&gt;select(identity.id = _elementId and data.ocIsKindOf(Element)).data-&gt;isEmpty() </pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>              | Execute operation <code>get_element_by_id(project = _project, commit = _commit, elementId = _elementId) : Element[0..1]</code>   |



|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>element : Element[0]</code>, does not include any Elements</li> <li>2. Result communicates that an Element with the provided ID at the inputted Commit does not exist</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let element : Element = get_element_by_id(_project, _commit, _id) element-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>  |

## Operation `get_relationships_by_source`

### PIM-EN-004

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>         | Get Relationships by source (Element) - success   |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commit : Commit[1]</code></li> <li>3. <code>_elementId : UUID[1]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit belongs to the inputted Project</li> <li>4. An Element with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_elementId</code> exists at the inputted Commit</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_commit) _commit.owningProject = _project let _element : Element = _commit.version-&gt;select(identity.id = _id and data.ocIsKindOf(Element)).data _element.size() = 1</pre>   |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_relationships_by_source(project = _project, commit = _commit, elementId = _elementId) : Relationship[0..*]</code>   |
| <b>Result</b>              | Result, defined as <code>relationship : Relationship[0..*]</code> , is all the Relationships whose <code>source</code> attribute value includes the Element with <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_elementId</code>   |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let relationship : Relationship = get_relationship_by_source(_project, _commit, _elementId) relationship = _commit.version-&gt;select(data.ocIsKindOf(Relationship) and data.source-&gt;includes(_element))</pre>  |

## Operation `get_relationships_by_target`

### PIM-EN-005

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b> | Get Relationships by target (Element) - success |
|--------------------|---|

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project</code> : <code>Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commit</code> : <code>Commit[1]</code></li> <li>3. <code>_elementId</code> : <code>UUID[1]</code></li> </ol>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit belongs to the inputted Project</li> <li>4. An Element with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_elementId</code> exists at the inputted Commit</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_commit) _commit.owningProject = _project let _element : Element = _commit.version-&gt;select(identity.id = _id and data.ocIsKindOf(Element)).data _element.size() = 1 </pre>   |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_relationships_by_target(project = _project, commit = _commit, elementId = _elementId)</code> : <code>Relationship[0..*]</code>  |
| <b>Result</b>              | Result, defined as <code>relationship</code> : <code>Relationship[0..*]</code> , is all the Relationships whose <code>target</code> attribute value includes the Element with <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_elementId</code>  |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let relationship : Relationship = get_relationship_by_target(_project, _commit, _elementId) relationship = _commit.version-&gt;select(data.ocIsKindOf(Relationship) and data.target-&gt;includes(_element)) </pre>  |

## A.3 Project and Data Versioning Service Conformance Test Cases

### Operation `create_branch`

#### PIM-PCB-001

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b> | Create Branch - success   |
| <b>Input</b>       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project</code> : <code>Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_head</code> : <code>Commit[1]</code></li> <li>3. <code>_name</code> : <code>String[1]</code></li> </ol>              |
| <b>Scenario</b>    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit (<code>_head</code>) exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit (<code>_head</code>) belongs to the inputted Project</li> </ol> |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_head) _head.owningProject = _project let _record : Record = Record.allInstances() </pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>               | <pre> Execute operation create_branch(project = _project, head = _head, name = _name) : Branch[1] </pre>   |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>branch : Branch[1]</code>, is a created Branch in the inputted Project</li> <li>2. The <code>id</code> attribute value of the created Branch is randomly generated and universally unique, including (but not limited to) not being used as the <code>id</code> attribute value for any previously existing Record.</li> <li>3. The <code>owningProject</code> attribute value of the created Branch is specified as inputted, i.e. equal to <code>_project</code></li> <li>4. The <code>head</code> attribute value of the created Branch is specified as inputted</li> <li>5. The <code>name</code> attribute value of the created Branch is specified as inputted</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let branch : Branch = create_branch(_project, _head, _name) branch-&gt;size() = 1 Branch.allInstances()-&gt;includes(branch) _project.branch-&gt;includes(branch) _record.id-&gt;excludes(branch.id) branch.owningProject = _project branch.head = _head branch.name = _name </pre>  |

## Operation `get_branches`

### PIM-PCB-002

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>         | Get Branches - success  |
| <b>Input</b>               | 1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | The inputted Project exists   |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) </pre>                                      |
| <b>Steps</b>               | <pre> Execute operation get_branches(project = _project) : Branch[0..*] </pre>                  |
| <b>Result</b>              | Result, defined as <code>branch : Branch[0..*]</code> , is all Branches in the inputted Project |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let branch : Branch = get_branches(_project) branch = _project.branch </pre>              |

## Operation get\_branch\_by\_id

### PIM-PCB-003

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>         | Get Branch by ID - success  |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. <code>_project</code> : Project[1]</li><li>2. <code>_branchId</code> : UUID[1]</li></ol>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The inputted Project exists</li><li>2. A Branch with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_branchId</code> exists in the inputted Project</li></ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) let _branch : Branch = _project.branch-&gt;select(id = _branchId) _branch.size() = 1</pre>   |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_branch_by_id(project = _project, branchId = _branchId)</code><br>: Branch[0..1]   |
| <b>Result</b>              | Result, defined as <code>branch</code> : Branch[1], is the Branch with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_branchId</code> in the inputted Project   |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let branch : Branch = get_branch_by_id(_project, _branchId) branch = _branch</pre>   |

### PIM-PCB-004

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>        | Get Branch by ID - does not exist in Project  |
| <b>Input</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. <code>_project</code> : Project[1]</li><li>2. <code>_branchId</code> : UUID[1]</li></ol>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. The inputted Project exists</li><li>2. A Branch with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_branchId</code> does not exist in the inputted Project</li></ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) _project.branch-&gt;select(id = _branchId)-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>   |
| <b>Steps</b>              | Execute operation <code>get_branch_by_id(project = _project, branchId = _branchId)</code><br>: Branch[0..1]   |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>branch : Branch[0]</code>, does not include any Branches</li> <li>2. Result communicates that a Branch with the provided ID in the inputted Project does not exist</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let branch : Branch = get_branch_by_id(_project, _branchId) branch-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>  |

## Operation delete\_branch

### PIM-PCB-005

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>         | Delete Branch - success  |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_branchId : UUID[1]</code></li> </ol>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. A Branch with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_branchId</code> exists in the inputted Project</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) let _branch : Branch = _project.branch-&gt;select(id = _branchId) _branch.size() = 1</pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>delete_branch(project = _project, branchId = _branchId) : Branch[0..1]</code>  |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>branch : Branch[1]</code>, is the Branch with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_branchId</code> in the inputted Project</li> <li>2. Branch with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_branchId</code> does not exist</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let branch : Branch = delete_branch(_project, _branchId) _project.branch-&gt;excludes(branch) Branch.allInstances()-&gt;excludes(branch) _project.branch-&gt;select(id = _branchId)-&gt;isEmpty() Branch.allInstances()-&gt;select(id = _branchId)-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>  |

### PIM-PCB-006

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b> | Delete Branch - does not exist in Project  |
| <b>Input</b>       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_branchId : UUID[1]</code></li> </ol> |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. A Branch with an id attribute value equal to <code>_branchId</code> does not exist in the inputted Project</li> </ol>  |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) _project.branch-&gt;select(id = _branchId)-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>delete_branch(project = _project, branchId = _branchId) : Branch[0..1]</code>  |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>branch : Branch[0]</code>, does not include any Branches</li> <li>2. Result communicates that a Branch with the provided ID in the inputted Project does not exist</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let branch : Branch = delete_branch(_project, _branchId) branch-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>   |

## Operation `get_default_branch`

### PIM-PCB-007

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>         | Get default Branch - success   |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | The inputted Project exists  |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project)</pre>   |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_default_branch(project = _project) : Branch[1]</code>  |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>branch : Branch[1]</code>, is the <code>defaultBranch</code> attribute value of the inputted Project</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let branch = get_default_branch(_project) branch = _project.defaultBranch</pre>   |

## Operation `set_default_branch`

### PIM-PCB-008

|                    |                              |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Description</b> | Set default Branch - success |
|--------------------|------------------------------|

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_branchId : UUID[1]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. A Branch with an id attribute value equal to <code>_branchId</code> exists in the inputted Project</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) let _branch : Branch = _project.branch-&gt;select(id = _branchId) _branch.size() = 1</pre>   |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>set_default_branch(project = _project, branchId = _branchId) : Project[1]</code>  |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>project : Project[1]</code>, is the inputted Project</li> <li>2. The <code>defaultBranch</code> attribute value of the inputted Project is specified as the Branch with an id attribute value equal to <code>_branchId</code></li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let project : Project = set_default_branch(_project, _branchId) project.defaultBranch = _branch</pre>  |

## PIM-PCB-009

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>        | Set default Branch - does not exist in Project  |
| <b>Input</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_branchId : UUID[1]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. A Branch with an id attribute value equal to <code>_branchId</code> does not exist in the inputted Project</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) _project.branch-&gt;select(id = _branchId)-&gt;isEmpty() let _defaultBranch : Branch = _project.defaultBranch</pre>                                  |
| <b>Steps</b>              | Execute operation <code>set_default_branch(project = _project, branchId = _branchId) : Project[1]</code>  |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>project : Project[1]</code>, is the inputted Project</li> <li>2. The <code>defaultBranch</code> attribute value of the inputted Project is unchanged</li> <li>3. Result communicates that a Branch with the provided ID in the inputted Project does not exist</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let project : Project = set_default_branch(_project, _branchId) project.defaultBranch = _defaultBranch</pre>  |

## Operation `create_commit`

### PIM-PCB-010

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>        | Create Commit - success   |
| <b>Input</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_change : DataVersion[1..*]</code></li> <li>3. <code>_branch : Branch[0..1]</code></li> <li>4. <code>_previousCommit : Commit[0..*]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Branch, optional and if provided, exists in the inputted Project</li> <li>3. The inputted Commits (<code>_previousCommit</code>), optional and if provided, exists in the inputted Commit</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) _branch-&gt;isEmpty() or _project.branch-&gt;includes(_branch) _previousCommit-&gt;isEmpty() or _previousCommit-&gt;forall(owningProject = _project) let _record : Record = Record.allInstances() let _head : Commit = _branch.head</pre>        |
| <b>Steps</b>              | <p>Execute operation <code>create_commit(project = _project, change = _change, branch =</code><br/> <code>_branch, previousCommit = _previousCommit) : Commit[1]</code></p>   |



|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>commit : Commit[1]</code>, is a created Commit</li> <li>2. The <code>id</code> attribute value of the created Commit is randomly generated and universally unique, including (but not limited to) not being used as the <code>id</code> attribute value for any previously existing Record.</li> <li>3. The <code>owningProject</code> attribute value of the created Commit is specified as inputted (<code>_project</code>)</li> <li>4. The <code>change</code> attribute value of the created Commit is specified as inputted</li> <li>5. The <code>previousCommit</code> attribute value of the created Commit is specified as the union of the <code>head</code> attribute value of the inputted Branch, if provided, and the inputted Commits (<code>_previousCommit</code>)</li> <li>6. The <code>version</code> attribute value of the created Commit includes the new changes</li> <li>7. The <code>head</code> attribute value of the inputted Branch, if provided, is updated to the created Commit</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let commit : Commit = create_commit(_project, _change, _branch, previousCommit) commit-&gt;size() = 1 _record.id-&gt;excludes(commit.id) commit.owningProject = _project commit.change = _change commit.previousCommit = _head-&gt;union(_previousCommit) commit.version-&gt;includes(_change) _branch-&gt;isEmpty() or _branch.head = commit </pre>   |

## Operation `get_commit_by_id`

### PIM-PCB-011

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>        | Get commit by ID - success   |
| <b>Input</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commitId : UUID[1]</code></li> </ol>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. A Commit with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_commitId</code> exists in the inputted Project</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) let _commit : Commit = _project.commit-&gt;select(id = _commitId) _commit.size() = 1 </pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>              | Execute operation <code>get_commit_by_id(project = _project, commitId = _commitId)</code> : <code>Commit[0..1]</code>  |
| <b>Result</b>             | Result, defined as <code>commit : Commit[1]</code> , is the Commit with an <code>id</code> attribute value equal to <code>_commitId</code> in the inputted Project   |

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let commit : Commit = get_commit_by_id(_project, _commitId) commit = _commit </pre> |
|----------------------------|---|

## PIM-PCB-012

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>         | Get commit by ID - does not exist in Project  |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commitId : UUID[1]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. A Commit with an id attribute value equal to <code>_commitId</code> does not exist in the inputted Project</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) _project.commit-&gt;select(id = _commitId)-&gt;isEmpty() </pre>   |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_commit_by_id(project = _project, commitId = _commitId) : Commit[0..1]</code>  |
| <b>Result</b>              | Result, defined as <code>commit : Commit[0]</code> , does not include any Commits   |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let commit : Commit = get_commit_by_id(_project, _commitId) commit-&gt;isEmpty() </pre>   |

## Operation get\_head

### PIM-PCB-013

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>        | Get head Commit of Branch - success   |
| <b>Input</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_branch : Branch[1]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Branch exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Branch belongs to the inputted Project</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Branch.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_branch) _branch.owningProject = _project </pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>              | Execute operation <code>get_head(project = _project, branch = _branch) : Commit[0..1]</code>  |

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Result</b>              | Result, defined as head : Commit[0..1], is the Commit that is the head attribute value of the inputted Branch             |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let head : Commit = get_head(_project, _branch) Bag{0, 1}-&gt;includes(head-&gt;size()) head = _project.head </pre> |

## PIM-PCB-014

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>         | Get head Commit of Branch - Branch does not exist  |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. _project : Project[1]</li> <li>2. _branch : Branch[1]</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Branch does not exist</li> </ol>  |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Branch.allInstance()-&gt;excludes(_branch) </pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation get_head(project = _project, branch = _branch) : Commit[0..1]  |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as head : Commit[0], does not include any Commits</li> <li>2. Result communicates that the inputted Branch does not exist</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let head : Commit = get_head(_project, _branch) head-&gt;isEmpty() </pre>  |

## PIM-PCB-015

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b> | Get head Commit of Branch - Branch not in Project   |
| <b>Input</b>       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. _project : Project[1]</li> <li>2. _branch : Branch[1]</li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Branch exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Branch does not belong to the inputted Project</li> </ol> |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Branch.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_branch) _branch.owningProject &lt;&gt; _project</pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_head(project = _project, branch = _branch) : Commit[0..1]</code>   |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>head : Commit[0]</code>, does not include any Commits</li> <li>2. Result communicates that the provided input is invalid</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let head : Commit = get_head(_project, _branch) head-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>  |

## A.4 Query Service Conformance Test Cases

### Operation `create_query`

PIM-QS-001

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>        | Create Query - success   |
| <b>Input</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_select : String[0..*]</code></li> <li>3. <code>_scope : DataIdentity[0..*]</code></li> <li>4. <code>_where : Constraint[0..1]</code></li> <li>5. <code>_orderBy : String[0..*]</code></li> </ol> |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) let _record : Record = Record.allInstances()</pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>              | Execute operation <code>create_query(project = _project, select = _select, scope = _scope, where = _where, orderBy = _orderBy) : Query[1]</code>   |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>query : Query[1]</code>, is a created Query in the inputted Project</li> <li>2. The <code>id</code> attribute value of the created Query is randomly generated and universally unique, including (but not limited to) not being used as the <code>id</code> attribute value for any previously existing Record.</li> <li>3. The <code>owningProject</code> attribute value of the created Query is specified as inputted, i.e. equal to <code>_project</code></li> <li>4. The <code>select</code> attribute value of the created Query is specified as inputted</li> <li>5. The <code>scope</code> attribute value of the created Query is specified as inputted</li> <li>6. The <code>where</code> attribute value of the created Query is specified as inputted</li> <li>7. The <code>orderBy</code> attribute value of the created Query is specified as inputted</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let query : Query = create_query(_project, _select, _scope, _where, _orderBy) query-&gt;size() = 1 Query.allInstances()-&gt;includes(query) _project.query-&gt;includes(query) _record.id-&gt;excludes(query.id) query.owningProject = _project query.select = _select query.scope = _scope query.where = _where query.orderBy = orderBy </pre>  |

## PIM-QS-002

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>        | Execute Query - success   |
| <b>Input</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_query : Query[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commit : Commit[1]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Query exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Query and Commit both belong to the same Project</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> Query.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_query) Commit.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_commit) _query.owningProject = _commit.owningProject </pre>   |
| <b>Steps</b>              | Execute operation <code>execute_query(query = _query, commit = _commit) : Data[0..*]</code>   |
| <b>Result</b>             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>data : Data[0..*]</code>, is all of the Datas at the inputted Commit that satisfy the conditions of the inputted Query</li> <li>2. If inputted Query has a non-empty <code>scope</code> attribute value, result only includes Data within the Query's scope</li> </ol> |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let data : Data = execute_query(_query, _commit) _commit.versionedData-&gt;includesAll(data) _query.scope-&gt;isEmpty() or _query.scope-&gt;includesAll(data) </pre> |
|----------------------------|--|

## A.5 External Relationship Service Test Cases

### Operation get\_external\_relationships

#### PIM-ER-001

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>         | Get ExternalRelationships - success  |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. _project : Project[1]</li> <li>2. _commit : Commit[1]</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit belongs to the inputted Project</li> </ol>                |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_commit) _commit.owningProject = _project </pre>   |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation get_external_relationships(project = _project, commit = _commit) : ExternalRelationship[0..*]  |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as externalRelationship : ExternalRelationship[0..*], is all of the existing ExternalRelationships at the inputted Commit</li> </ol>         |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let externalRelationship : ExternalRelationship = get_external_relationships(_project, _commit) externalRelationship = _commit.version.data-&gt;select(oclIsKindOf(ExternalRelationship)) </pre> |

### Operation get\_external\_relationship\_by\_id

#### PIM-ER-002

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b> | Get ExternalRelationship by ID - success |
|--------------------|--|

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project</code> : <code>Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commit</code> : <code>Commit[1]</code></li> <li>3. <code>_externalRelationshipId</code> : <code>UUID[1]</code></li> </ol>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit belongs to the inputted Project</li> <li>4. An ExternalRelationship with an id attribute value equal to <code>_externalRelationshipId</code> exists at the inputted Commit</li> </ol>           |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre> Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_commit) _commit.owningProject = _project let _externalRelationship : ExternalRelationship = _commit.version-&gt;select(identity.id = _externalRelationshipId and data.oclIsTypeOf(ExternalRelationship)).data _externalRelationship.size() = 1 </pre> |
| <b>Steps</b>               | <p>Execute operation <code>get_external_relationship_by_id(project = _project, commit = _commit, externalRelationshipId = _externalRelationshipId)</code> :</p> <p><code>ExternalRelationship[0..1]</code></p>   |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>externalRelationship</code> : <code>ExternalRelationship[1]</code>, is the Element with an id attribute value equal to <code>_externalRelationshipId</code> at the inputted Commit</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre> let externalRelationship : ExternalRelationship = get_external_relationship_by_id(_project, _commit, _externalRelationshipId) externalRelationship = _externalRelationship </pre>  |

## PIM-ER-003

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b> | Get ExternalRelationship by ID - does not exist at Commit  |
| <b>Input</b>       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project</code> : <code>Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commit</code> : <code>Commit[1]</code></li> <li>3. <code>_externalRelationshipId</code> : <code>UUID[1]</code></li> </ol> |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit belongs to the inputted Project</li> <li>4. An ExternalRelationship with an id attribute value equal to <code>_externalRelationshipId</code> does not exist at the inputted Commit</li> </ol> |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_commit) _commit.owningProject = _project _commit.version-&gt;select(identity.id = _externalRelationshipId and data.oclIsTypeOf(ExternalRelationship)).data-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>   |
| <b>Steps</b>               | <p>Execute operation <code>get_external_relationship_by_id(project = _project, commit = _commit, externalRelationshipId = _externalRelationshipId) :</code><br/> <code>ExternalRelationship[0..1]</code></p>   |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>externalRelationship : ExternalRelationship[0]</code>, does not include any ExternalRelationships</li> <li>2. Result communicates that an ExternalRelationship with the provided ID at the inputted Commit does not exist</li> </ol>                                    |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let externalRelationship : ExternalRelationship = get_external_relationship_by_id(_project, _commit, _externalRelationshipId) externalRelationship-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>  |

## A.6 Project Usage Service Test Cases

### Operation `get_project_usages`

PIM-PU-001

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b> | Get ExternalRelationships - success   |
| <b>Input</b>       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commit : Commit[1]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit exists</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit belongs to the inputted Project</li> </ol> |



|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstance()-&gt;includes(_commit) _commit.owningProject = _project</pre>                         |
| <b>Steps</b>               | Execute operation <code>get_project_usages(project = _project, commit = _commit) : ProjectUsage[0..*]</code>   |
| <b>Result</b>              | 1. Result, defined as <code>projectUsage : ProjectUsage[0..*]</code> , is all of the existing ProjectUsages at the inputted Commit                           |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let projectUsage : ProjectUsage = get_project_usages(_project, _commit) projectUsage = _commit.version.data-&gt;select(oclIsKindOf(ProjectUsage))</pre> |

## A.7 Cross-Cutting Conformance Test Cases

### Operations with Invalid Input

#### PIM-CC-001

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>        | Execute operation - missing Project input  |
| <b>Input</b>              | 1. <code>_project : Project[0]</code>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>           |  |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> |  |
| <b>Steps</b>              | <p>Execute any of the following operations, defined as <code>x(project : Project[1], ...)</code>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>get_elements(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_element_by_id(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_source(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_target(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>create_branch(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_branches(project = _project)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_branch_by_id(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>delete_branch(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_default_branch(project = _project)</code></li> <li>• <code>set_default_branch(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>create_commit(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_commit_by_id(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_head(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>create_query(project = _project, ...)</code></li> </ul> |

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>result : OclAny[0]</code>, does not include any <code>OclAny</code></li> <li>2. Result communicates that <code>project</code> is a required input</li> </ol> |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let result : OclAny = x(_project, ...) result-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>  |

## PIM-CC-002

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>         | Execute operation - missing Commit input   |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_commit : Commit[0]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>            |  |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  |  |
| <b>Steps</b>               | <p>Execute any of the following operations, defined as <code>x(commit : Commit[1], ...)</code>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>get_elements(..., commit = _commit)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_element_by_id(..., commit = _commit, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_source(..., commit = _commit, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_target(..., commit = _commit, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>create_branch(..., head = _commit, ...)</code></li> </ul> |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>result : OclAny[0]</code>, does not include any <code>OclAny</code></li> <li>2. Result communicates that <code>commit</code> is a required input</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let result : OclAny = x(_commit, ...) result-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>  |

## PIM-CC-003

|                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>        | Execute operation - Project input does not exist  |
| <b>Input</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> </ol> |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | The inputted Project does not exist   |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <code>Project.allInstances()-&gt;excludes(_project)</code>                              |

|                            |  |
|----------------------------|--|
| <b>Steps</b>               | <p>Execute any of the following operations, defined as <code>x(project : Project[1], ...)</code>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>get_elements(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_element_by_id(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_source(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_target(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>create_branch(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_branches(project = _project)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_branch_by_id(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>delete_branch(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_default_branch(project = _project)</code></li> <li>• <code>set_default_branch(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>create_commit(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_commit_by_id(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_head(project = _project, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>create_query(project = _project, ...)</code></li> </ul> |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>result : OclAny[0]</code>, does not include any <code>OclAny</code></li> <li>2. Result communicates that the inputted Project does not exist</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let result : OclAny = x(_project, ...) result-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>   |

## PIM-CC-004

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Description</b>        | Execute operation - Commit input does not exist  |
| <b>Input</b>              | 1. <code>_commit : Commit[1]</code>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>           | The inputted Commit does not exist   |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b> | <code>Commit.allInstances()-&gt;excludes(_commit)</code>   |
| <b>Steps</b>              | <p>Execute any of the following operations, defined as <code>x(commit : Commit[1], ...)</code>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>get_elements(..., commit = _commit)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_element_by_id(..., commit = _commit, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_source(..., commit = _commit, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_target(..., commit = _commit, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>create_branch(..., head = _commit, ...)</code></li> </ul> |
| <b>Result</b>             | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>result : OclAny[0]</code>, does not include any <code>OclAny</code></li> <li>2. Result communicates that the inputted Commit does not exist</li> </ol>  |

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let result : OclAny = x(_commit, ...) result-&gt;isEmpty()</pre> |
|----------------------------|---|

## PIM-CC-005

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>         | Execute operation - Commit input is not owned by Project input  |
| <b>Input</b>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_project : Project[1]</code></li> <li>2. <code>_commit : Commit[1]</code></li> </ol>  |
| <b>Scenario</b>            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The inputted Project exists</li> <li>2. The inputted Commit does not exist</li> <li>3. The inputted Commit does not belong to the inputted Project</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  | <pre>Project.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_project) Commit.allInstances()-&gt;includes(_commit) _commit.owningProject &lt;&gt; _project</pre>  |
| <b>Steps</b>               | <p>Execute any of the following operations, defined as <code>x(project : Project[1], commit : Commit[1], ...)</code>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>get_elements(project = _project, commit = _commit)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_element_by_id(project = _project, commit = _commit, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_source(project = _project, commit = _commit, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_target(project = _project, commit = _commit, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>create_branch(project = _project, head = _commit, ...)</code></li> </ul> |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>result : OclAny[0]</code>, does not include any OclAny</li> <li>2. Result communicates that the provided input is invalid</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let result : OclAny = x(_project, _commit, ...) result-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>   |

## PIM-CC-006

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b> | Execute operation - missing name input  |
| <b>Input</b>       | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <code>_name : String[0]</code></li> </ol> |
| <b>Scenario</b>    |   |

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  |   |
| <b>Steps</b>               | <p>Execute any of the following operations, defined as <code>x(name : String[1], ...) : OclAny</code>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>create_project(name = _name, ...)</code></li> <li>• <code>create_branch(..., name = _name, ...)</code></li> </ul> |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>result : OclAny[0]</code>, does not include any <code>OclAny</code></li> <li>2. Result communicates that <code>name</code> is a required input</li> </ol>  |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let result : OclAny = x(_name, ...) result-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>   |

## PIM-CC-007

|                            |   |
|----------------------------|---|
| <b>Description</b>         | Execute operation - missing UUID input  |
| <b>Input</b>               | 1. <code>_id : UUID[0]</code>   |
| <b>Scenario</b>            |   |
| <b>Precondition (OCL)</b>  |   |
| <b>Steps</b>               | <p>Execute any of the following operations, defined as <code>x(id : UUID[1], ...) : OclAny</code>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>get_project_by_id(projectId = _id)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_element_by_id(..., elementId = _id)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_source(..., elementId = _id)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_relationships_by_target(..., elementId = _id)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_branch_by_id(..., branchId = _id)</code></li> <li>• <code>delete_branch(..., branchId = _id)</code></li> <li>• <code>set_default_branch(..., branchId = _id)</code></li> <li>• <code>get_commit_by_id(..., commitId = _id)</code></li> </ul> |
| <b>Result</b>              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Result, defined as <code>result : OclAny[0]</code>, does not include any <code>OclAny</code></li> <li>2. Result communicates that the input for which <code>_id</code> is used is a required input</li> </ol>   |
| <b>Postcondition (OCL)</b> | <pre>let result : OclAny = x(_id, ...) result-&gt;isEmpty()</pre>   |



## B Annex: API and Services Examples

In this section, examples of REST/HTTP PSM (API) requests and responses are presented. The examples are organized per the tags in the OpenAPI specification that group individual endpoints, such as Project, Branch, Commit, and Element. The tags defined in the OpenAPI specification of the REST/HTTP PSM are generally organized by PIM Services. For each request, the curl notation and the JSON response is present.

The term *Protocol://FQDN* in the request URLs indicates the protocol (e.g. http/https) and the Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the System Modeling API and Services Provider tool, e.g. <https://sysml2-test.omg.org>.

### Project

#### GET /projects

Gets all the projects.

##### Request:

```
curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects" -H "accept: application/json"
```

##### Response:

```
[
  {
    "@id": "09257c67-2dce-4177-a95a-f2ede95b3ef3",
    "@type": "Project",
    "defaultBranch": {
      "@id": "71904fd1-2d86-4bb3-a626-ca94097f746c"
    },
    "description": null,
    "name": "1c-Parts Tree Redefinition Mon Oct 18 21:43:35 CDT 2021"
  },
  {
    "@id": "0d885964-c176-4006-9809-4c74621da0f0",
    "@type": "Project",
    "defaultBranch": {
      "@id": "0a021fc1-b70c-4256-9342-41ed383d3933"
    },
    "description": null,
    "name": "Hello SysML v2"
  },
  {
    "@id": "11507ece-f27b-4b01-bc7e-1fe8cb4b665c",
    "@type": "Project",
    "defaultBranch": {
      "@id": "3e01a5f9-95bc-40de-8332-3d0d2c111d55"
    },
    "description": null,
    "name": "8-Requirements Wed Oct 20 14:24:05 CDT 2021"
  }
]
```

#### GET /projects/{projectId}

Gets the project with id {projectId}.

**Request:**

```
curl -X GET "protocol://FQDN/projects/0d885964-c176-4006-9809-4c74621da0f0" -H
"accept: application/json"
```

**Response:**

```
{
  "@id": "0d885964-c176-4006-9809-4c74621da0f0",
  "@type": "Project",
  "defaultBranch": {
    "@id": "0a021fc1-b70c-4256-9342-41ed383d3933"
  },
  "description": null,
  "name": "Hello SysML v2"
}
```

## POST /projects

Creates a new project using the project data specified in the body of the request.

**Request:**

```
curl -X POST "Protocol://FQDN/projects" -H "accept: application/json" -H
"Content-Type: application/json" -d "{ \"@type\": \"Project\", \"description\":
\\\"Getting started with SysML v2 REST/HTTP API\\\", \"name\": \"SysML v2 API Start\\\"}"
```

**Response (body):**

```
{
  "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288",
  "@type": "Project",
  "defaultBranch": {
    "@id": "e9e33b09-ad9b-45ea-a85b-107dc862c1ff"
  },
  "description": "Getting started with SysML v2 REST/HTTP API",
  "name": "SysML v2 API Start"
}
```

## Branch

### GET /projects/{projectId}/branches

Gets all the branches in the project with id {projectId}.

**Request:**

```
curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/branches"
-H "accept: application/json"
```

**Response (body):**

```
[
  {
    "@id": "e9e33b09-ad9b-45ea-a85b-107dc862c1ff",
    "@type": "Branch",
  }
]
```



```

    "head": {
      "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
    },
    "name": "main",
    "owningProject": {
      "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
    },
    "referencedCommit": {
      "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
    },
    "timestamp": "2021-11-06T15:45:34.967737-04:00"
  },
  {
    "@id": "feefb263-f330-49da-b679-1d65602bf611",
    "@type": "Branch",
    "head": {
      "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
    },
    "name": null,
    "owningProject": {
      "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
    },
    "referencedCommit": {
      "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
    },
    "timestamp": "2021-11-06T15:55:57.332349-04:00"
  }
]

```

## GET /projects/{projectId}/branches/{branchId}

Gets the branch with id {branchId} in the project with id {projectId}.

### Request:

```
curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/branches/e9e33b09-ad9b-45ea-a85b-107dc862c1ff" -H "accept: application/json"
```

### Response (body):

```

{
  "@id": "e9e33b09-ad9b-45ea-a85b-107dc862c1ff",
  "@type": "Branch",
  "head": {
    "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
  },
  "name": "main",
  "owningProject": {
    "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
  },
  "referencedCommit": {
    "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
  },
  "timestamp": "2021-11-06T15:45:34.967737-04:00"
}

```

## POST /projects/{projectId}/branches

Creates a new branch in the project with id {projectId} using the branch data specified in the body of the request.

### Request:

```
curl -X POST "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/branches"
-H "accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d "{ \"@type\":
\"Branch\", \"head\": { \"@id\": \"068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde\" },
\"name\": \"SysML v2 API Explore Branch\", \"owningProject\": { \"@id\":
\"6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288\" } }"
```

### Response (body):

```
{
  "@id": "feefb263-f330-49da-b679-1d65602bf611",
  "@type": "Branch",
  "head": {
    "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
  },
  "name": null,
  "owningProject": {
    "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
  },
  "referencedCommit": {
    "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
  },
  "timestamp": "2021-11-06T15:55:57.332349-04:00"
}
```

## Tag

### GET /projects/{projectId}/tags

Gets all the tags in the project with id {projectId}.

### Request:

```
curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/tags" -H
"accept: application/json"
```

### Response:

```
[
  {
    "@id": "d4657183-c4c1-45e9-90ac-dc984fc7c488",
    "@type": "Tag",
    "name": "Release 1",
    "owningProject": {
      "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
    },
    "referencedCommit": {
      "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
    },
    "taggedCommit": {
      "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
    }
  }
]
```

```

    "timestamp": "2021-11-06T16:18:42.992149-04:00"
  }
]

```

## POST /projects/{projectId}/tags

Creates a new tag in the project with id {projectId} using the tag data specified in the body of the request.

### Request:

```

curl -X POST "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/tags" -H
"accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d "{ \"name\":
\"Release 1\", \"taggedCommit\": { \"@id\":
\"068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde\" } }"

```

### Response (body):

```

{
  "@id": "d4657183-c4c1-45e9-90ac-dc984fc7c488",
  "@type": "Tag",
  "name": "Release 1",
  "owningProject": {
    "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
  },
  "referencedCommit": {
    "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
  },
  "taggedCommit": {
    "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
  },
  "timestamp": "2021-11-06T16:18:42.992149-04:00"
}

```

## GET /projects/{projectId}/tags/{tagId}

Gets the tag with id {tagId} in the project with id {projectId}.

### Request:

```

curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/tags/
d4657183-c4c1-45e9-90ac-dc984fc7c488" -H "accept: application/json"

```

### Response (body):

```

{
  "@id": "d4657183-c4c1-45e9-90ac-dc984fc7c488",
  "@type": "Tag",
  "name": "Release 1",
  "owningProject": {
    "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
  },
  "referencedCommit": {
    "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
  },
  "taggedCommit": {
    "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
  },
}

```

```
    "timestamp": "2021-11-06T16:18:42.992149-04:00"
  }
}
```

## Commit

### GET /projects/{projectId}/commits

Gets all the commits in a project with id {projectId}.

#### Request:

```
curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/commits"
-H "accept: application/json"
```

#### Response:

```
[
  {
    "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde",
    "@type": "Commit",
    "owningProject": {
      "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
    },
    "previousCommit": null,
    "timestamp": "2021-11-06T15:54:11.867499-04:00"
  },
  {
    "@id": "cd4e9929-a51f-4f68-b87e-42b63083d9e6",
    "@type": "Commit",
    "owningProject": {
      "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
    },
    "previousCommit": {
      "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
    },
    "timestamp": "2021-11-06T16:39:46.579269-04:00"
  }
]
```

### GET /projects/{projectId}/commits/{commitId}

Gets the commit with id {commitId} in the project with id {projectId}.

#### Request:

```
curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/commits/
cd4e9929-a51f-4f68-b87e-42b63083d9e6" -H "accept: application/json"
```

#### Response (body):

```
{
  "@id": "cd4e9929-a51f-4f68-b87e-42b63083d9e6",
  "@type": "Commit",
  "change": [
    {
      "@id": "635e54a6-f091-4925-b784-96c5243ca99d",
      "identity": {
```

```

        "@id": "7787bf4a-48fb-4176-a495-d23b38c2f3ec",
        "@type": "DataIdentity"
    },
    "payload": null
}
],
"owningProject": {
    "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
},
"previousCommit": {
    "@id": "068440fd-9294-4acf-bc61-00b9156c9dde"
},
"timestamp": "2021-11-06T16:39:46.579269-04:00"
}

```

## POST /projects/{projectId}/commits

Creates a new commit in the given project with id {projectId} using the commit data specified in the body of the request. If the branch is not specified ({branchId} query parameter is absent), the default branch of the project will reference the new commit.

### Request:

```

curl -X POST "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/commits"
-H "accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d "{
  \"@type\": \"Commit\",
  \"change\": [
    {
      \"@type\": \"DataVersion\",
      \"payload\": {
        \"@type\": \"PartDefinition\",
        \"name\": \"Vehicle_B\"
      },
      \"identity\": {
        \"@type\": \"DataIdentity\"
      }
    }
  ],
  \"containingProject\": {
    \"id\": \"6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288\"
  },
  \"previousCommit\": {
    \"id\": \"d3b258d4-c2e3-4385-b044-e32f535ae673\"
  }
}"

```

### Response:

```

{
  "@id": "42122503-70f1-42e9-ac6d-9b1ea2790138",
  "@type": "Commit",
  "owningProject": {
    "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
  },
  "previousCommit": {
    "@id": "d3b258d4-c2e3-4385-b044-e32f535ae673"
  },
  "timestamp": "2021-11-06T17:01:11.031488-04:00"
}

```

## Element

### GET /projects/{projectId}/commits/{commitId}/elements

Gets all the elements at the commit with id {commitId} in the project with id {projectId}.

### Request:

```

curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/commits/42122503-70f1-42e9-ac6d-9b1ea2790138/elements" -H "accept: application/json"

```

**Response:**

```
[
  {
    "@type": "PartDefinition",
    "@id": "4ace3d89-fd5d-4a03-a303-376eea6fbf29",
    "identifier": "4ace3d89-fd5d-4a03-a303-376eea6fbf29",
    "name": "Vehicle_B",
    ...
  },
  {
    "@type": "PartDefinition",
    "@id": "72f90039-064b-4e91-a21d-7c58813aa4c1",
    "identifier": "72f90039-064b-4e91-a21d-7c58813aa4c1",
    "name": "Vehicle_A",
    ...
  }
]
```

**GET /projects/{projectId}/commits/{commitId}/elements/{elementId}**

Gets the element with id {elementId} at the commit with id {commitId} in the project with id {projectId}.

**Request:**

```
curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/commits/42122503-70f1-42e9-ac6d-9b1ea2790138/elements/72f90039-064b-4e91-a21d-7c58813aa4c1"
-H "accept: application/json"
```

**Response:**

```
{
  "@type": "PartDefinition",
  "@id": "72f90039-064b-4e91-a21d-7c58813aa4c1",
  "name": "Vehicle_A",
  ...
}
```

## Query

**GET /projects/{projectId}/queries**

Gets all the queries defined in the project with id {projectId}.

**Request:**

```
curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/queries"
-H "accept: application/json"
```

**Response (body):**

```
[
  {
    "@id": "1e368830-eee5-404a-be93-490a2b84d28f",
    "@type": "Query",
    "owningProject": {
      "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
    }
  }
]
```

```

    },
    "scope": [],
    "select": [
        "owner",
        "@type",
        "name",
        "@id"
    ],
    "where": {
        "@type": "PrimitiveConstraint",
        "inverse": false,
        "operator": "=",
        "property": "@type",
        "value": "PartDefinition"
    }
},
{
    "@id": "2cfc2123-90c3-48a9-a165-b50d21ab067d",
    "@type": "Query",
    "owningProject": {
        "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
    },
    "scope": [],
    "select": [
        "owner",
        "@type",
        "name",
        "@id"
    ],
    "where": {
        "@type": "PrimitiveConstraint",
        "inverse": false,
        "operator": "=",
        "property": "@type",
        "value": "PartDefinition"
    }
},
{
    "@id": "930167d5-0d5e-4f2e-8544-8f66f200e56a",
    "@type": "Query",
    "owningProject": {
        "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
    },
    "scope": [],
    "select": [
        "owner",
        "@type",
        "name",
        "@id"
    ],
    "where": {
        "@type": "PrimitiveConstraint",
        "inverse": false,
        "operator": "=",
        "property": "name",
        "value": "Vehicle_A"
    }
},
{
    "@id": "ab894e8b-d6be-4af0-b029-b52058f20b93",

```

```

    "@type": "Query",
    "owningProject": {
      "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
    },
    "scope": [],
    "select": [
      "owner",
      "@type",
      "name",
      "@id"
    ],
    "where": {
      "@type": "PrimitiveConstraint",
      "inverse": false,
      "operator": "=",
      "property": "name",
      "value": "Vehicle_A"
    }
  }
]

```

## POST /projects/{projectId}/queries

Creates a new query in project with id {projectId} using the query data specified in the body of the request.

### Request:

```

curl -X POST "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/queries"
-H "accept: application/json" -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d "{ \"@type\":
\\\"Query\\\", \"select\": [ \"name\\\",\\\"@id\\\",\\\"@type\\\",\\\"owner\\\" ], \"where\":
{ \"@type\\\": \\\"PrimitiveConstraint\\\", \"inverse\\\": false, \"operator\\\":
\\\"=\\\", \"property\\\": \\\"@type\\\", \"value\\\": \\\"PartDefinition\\\" }}"

```

### Response (body):

```

{
  "@id": "2cfc2123-90c3-48a9-a165-b50d21ab067d",
  "@type": "Query",
  "owningProject": {
    "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
  },
  "scope": [],
  "select": [
    "owner",
    "@type",
    "name",
    "@id"
  ],
  "where": {
    "@type": "PrimitiveConstraint",
    "inverse": false,
    "operator": "=",
    "property": "@type",
    "value": "PartDefinition"
  }
}

```



## GET /projects/{projectId}/queries/{queryId}

Gets the query with id {queryId} in project with id {projectId}.

### Request:

```
curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/queries/2cfc2123-90c3-48a9-a165-b50d21ab067d" -H "accept: application/json"
```

### Response (body):

```
{
  "@id": "2cfc2123-90c3-48a9-a165-b50d21ab067d",
  "@type": "Query",
  "owningProject": {
    "@id": "6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288"
  },
  "scope": [],
  "select": [
    "owner",
    "@type",
    "name",
    "@id"
  ],
  "where": {
    "@type": "PrimitiveConstraint",
    "inverse": false,
    "operator": "=",
    "property": "@type",
    "value": "PartDefinition"
  }
}
```

## GET /projects/{projectId}/queries/{queryId}/results

Executes the query with id {queryId} in project with id {projectId}. If the commit is not specified ({commitId} query parameter is absent), the query is executed at the head commit in the default branch of the project.

### Request:

```
curl -X GET "Protocol://FQDN/projects/6b5e80d1-7291-4eef-880c-c462ca5a3288/queries/2cfc2123-90c3-48a9-a165-b50d21ab067d/results?commitId=42122503-70f1-42e9-ac6d-9b1ea2790138" -H "accept: application/json"
```

### Response (body):

```
[
  {
    "@type": "PartDefinition",
    "@id": "4ace3d89-fd5d-4a03-a303-376eea6fbf29",
    "name": "Vehicle_B",
    "owner": null
  },
  {
    "@type": "PartDefinition",
    "@id": "72f90039-064b-4e91-a21d-7c58813aa4c1",
    "name": "Vehicle_A",
  }
]
```

```
    "owner": null
  }
]
```