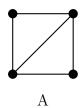
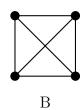
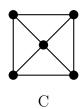
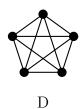
We say a graph is *planar* if it is possible to draw it (on a plane) without any edges crossing (except at vertices).

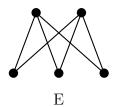
1. Which of the graphs below are planar? You might need to redraw some.











2. When a graph is planar and drawn in a planar way (without edges crossing), it divides the plane into regions we call faces. For each planar graph above, how many faces are there? Be sure to count the outside region as a face as well.

3. Draw three *different* planar graphs, each having 4 faces. Try to have a different number of vertices or edges for each graph (record these numbers).

4.	Draw three different planar graphs, each having 5 vertices. edges or faces for each graph (record these numbers).	Try to have a different number of
5.	Draw three different planar graphs, each having 6 edges. faces or vertices for each graph (record these numbers).	Try to have a different number of
6.	What is the relationship between the number vertices, edges $V,E,$ and $F$ to represent these numbers - find an equation	