Tokeny Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis

Kaspersky

18.05.2020



Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report

Customer: Tokeny Solutions

Date: 06.05.2020

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Introduction

Kaspersky was contracted by Tokeny Solutions to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. The initial code review was conducted between 29.04.2020 – 06.05.2020.

Tokeny Solutions reacted swiftly and professionally to address issues found, fixed contract was deployed to Ethereum.

Kaspersky performed the second analysis on 15.05.2020 and reevaluated found issues. This report presents the findings of the second security assessment of Customer's smart contract.

It should be noted that this audit is not an endorsement of the reliability or effectiveness of the contract, merely an assessment of its logic and implementation. **The audit does not give any warranties on the security of the code**.

The statements made in this document should not be interpreted as investment or legal advice, nor should its authors be held accountable for decisions made based on them.

Executive Summary

Kaspersky performed analysis of code functionality, manual audit and automated checks with tools, described in previous section.

Kaspersky confirmed during the code audit, that smart-contract business-description and architecture corresponds to the functionality in the code. The reviewed source codes are well crafted and follow common security practices and compliant with architecture, described in whitepaper.

During the second analysis, we retested identified issues and ensured that Customer fixed the issues or confirmend that it has no security impact and implemented all recommendations from the report.

The second Code Review Verdict assigned is green.

More details of contracts are contained in Appendix A.

Scope

On 29.04.2020 contract source codes were obtained

Name	URL	
Migrations.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T-REX/blob/beta/contracts/Migrations.sol	
IToken.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/token/IToken.sol	
Token.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/token/Token.sol	
DefaultCompliance.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/compliance/DefaultCompliance.sol	
ICompliance.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/compliance/ICompliance.sol	
LimitHolder.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/compliance/LimitHolder.sol	
ClaimTopicsRegistry.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/registry/ClaimTopicsRegistry.sol	
IClaimTopicsRegistry.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/registry/IClaimTopicsRegistry.sol	
IldentityRegistry.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/registry/IldentityRegistry.sol	
IldentityRegistryStorage.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/registry/IldentityRegistryStorage.sol	
ITrustedIssuersRegistry.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/registry/ITrustedIssuersRegistry.sol	
IdentityRegistry.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/registry/IdentityRegistry.sol	
IdentityRegistryStorage.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/registry/IdentityRegistryStorage.sol	
TrustedIssuersRegistry.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/registry/TrustedIssuersRegistry.sol	
AgentManager.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/roles/AgentManager.sol	
AgentRole.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/roles/AgentRole.sol	
AgentRoles.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/roles/AgentRoles.sol	



Ownable.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/roles/Ownable.sol
OwnerManager.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/roles/OwnerManager.sol
OwnerRoles.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T- REX/blob/beta/contracts/roles/OwnerRoles.sol
Roles.sol	https://github.com/TokenySolutions/T-REX/blob/beta/contracts/roles/Roles.sol

On 29.04.2020 "T-REX (Token for Regulated EXchanges)" whitepaper was downloaded from specified addresses with their respective MD5 sums

URL	MD5 hash
https://tokeny.com/wp-content/uploads/2020/04/Whitepaper-T-REX-Security-Tokens-V3.pdf	260f50970066870fade69c8010dc36c5

Review Methodology

Throughout the review process, care is taken to ensure that the token contract:

- Implements and adheres to existing ERC-20 Token standard appropriately and effectively
- Documentation and code comments match logic and behavior
- Issues, manages and transfers tokens in a manner that described in in corresponding whitepaper (the smart contract is compliant with the requirement of Customer logic, matching the initial constant values etc.)
- Follows best practices in efficient use of gas, without unnecessary waste
- Uses methods safe from reentrance attacks
- Is not affected by known vulnerabilities

To do so our team of experts review the code line-by-line documenting any issues as they are discovered.

We are scanning this smart contract for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the vulnerabilities that are considered (the full list includes them but is not limited to them):

- Reentrancy
- Timestamp Dependence
- Gas Limit and Loops
- DoS with (Unexpected) Throw
- DoS with Block Gas Limit
- Transaction-Ordering Dependence
- Byte array vulnerabilities
- Style guide violation
- Transfer forwards all gas
- ERC20 API violation
- Malicious libraries
- Compiler version not fixed
- Unchecked external call
- Unchecked math
- Unsafe type inference



Implicit visibility level

The static analysis portion of our audit is performed using a series of automated tools, purposefully designed to test the security of the contract, such as Remix, Oyente, Solhint.

All the issues are divided into several risk levels:

- Informational The issue has no impact on the contract's ability to operate (code style violations and info statements, can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored)
- Low The issue has minimal impact on the contract's ability to operate (mostly related to outdated, unused etc. code snippets)
- Medium The issue affects the ability of the contract to operate in a way that doesn't significantly hinder its behavior
- High High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g. public access to crucial functions
- Critical The issue affects the contract in such a way that funds may be lost, allocated incorrectly, or otherwise result in a significant loss

A Code Review Verdict is assigned, which indicates a qualitative score for the Smart Contract source code. Verdict is represented by color mark: red, yellow or green, where

- red indicates the lowest possible source code quality, one or more high/critical issues found
- yellow indicates moderate source code quality, no high/critical issues found and one or more medium issues found
- green indicates the highest possible source code quality, no medium/high/critical issues found



Executive Summary

The reviewed source codes are well crafted and follow common security practices and compliant with architecture, described in whitepaper. We confirmed during the code audit, that smart-contract business-description and architecture corresponds to the functionality in the code.

We performed analysis of code functionality, manual audit and automated checks with tools, described in previous section. All found issues during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in Issue List section.

During the first analysis we found 3 informational issues, 2 low and 1 medium-level issues. Medium-level issue relies on potential opportunity for attacker to compromise priveledged role to compromise thrustworhiness of platform. Low-level issues are mostly related to outdated, unused etc. code snippets, that can't have significant impact on execution. Informational issues code style violations and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.

During the second analysis, we retested identified issues and ensured that Customer fixed the issues or confirmend **that it has no security impact and implemented all recommendations from the report**. The second Code Review Verdict assigned is **green**.

Appendix A

Reviewed contracts' source code listing can be found below.

Migrations.sol

```
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
// imports here are just for testing purpose
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/ClaimIssuer.sol";
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/Identity.sol";
contract Migrations {
    address public owner;
    uint public lastCompletedMigration;
    constructor() public {
        owner = msg.sender;
    modifier restricted() {
        if (msg.sender == owner) ;
    function setCompleted(uint completed) public restricted {
        lastCompletedMigration = completed;
    function upgrade(address new address) public restricted {
        Migrations upgraded = Migrations (new address);
        upgraded.setCompleted(lastCompletedMigration);
    }
}
```

Token.sol

```
/**

* NOTICE

*

* The T-REX software is licensed under a proprietary license or the GPL v.3.

* If you choose to receive it under the GPL v.3 license, the following applies:

* T-REX is a suite of smart contracts developed by Tokeny to manage and transfer financial assets on the ethereum blockchain

* Copyright (C) 2019, Tokeny sarl.

* This program is free software: you can redistribute it and/or modify

* it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by

* the Free Software Foundation, either version 3 of the License, or

* (at your option) any later version.

* This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful,

* but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of

* MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the

* GNU General Public License for more details.
```

```
You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "./IToken.sol";
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IERC734.sol";
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IERC735.sol";
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IIdentity.sol";
import "../registry/IClaimTopicsRegistry.sol";
import "../registry/IIdentityRegistry.sol";
import "../compliance/ICompliance.sol";
import "../roles/AgentRole.sol";
import "openzeppelin-solidity/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol";
contract Token is IToken, AgentRole {
    using SafeMath for uint256;
    /// ERC20 basic variables
    mapping(address => uint256) private _balances;
    mapping(address => mapping(address => uint256)) private allowances;
    uint256 private totalSupply;
    /// Token information
    string private tokenName;
    string private tokenSymbol;
    uint8 private tokenDecimals;
    address private tokenOnchainID;
    string constant private TOKEN VERSION = "3.0.0";
    /// Variables of freeze and pause functions
    mapping(address => bool) private frozen;
    mapping(address => uint256) private frozenTokens;
    bool private tokenPaused = false;
    /// Identity Registry contract used by the onchain validator system
    IIdentityRegistry private tokenIdentityRegistry;
    /// Compliance contract linked to the onchain validator system
    ICompliance private tokenCompliance;
   /**
      @dev the constructor initiates the token contract
      msg.sender is set automatically as the owner of the smart contract
      @param identityRegistry the address of the Identity registry linked to the
token
      @param compliance the address of the compliance contract linked to the token
      @param _name the name of the token
      @param _symbol the symbol of the token
      @param _decimals the decimals of the token
      @param onchainID the address of the onchainID of the token
      emits an `UpdatedTokenInformation` event
    * emits an `IdentityRegistryAdded` event
      emits a `ComplianceAdded` event
    */
    constructor (
        address identityRegistry,
```

```
address compliance,
        string memory _name,
        string memory symbol,
        uint8 decimals,
        address onchainID
        )
    public {
        tokenName = name;
        tokenSymbol = _symbol;
        tokenDecimals = _decimals;
        tokenOnchainID = onchainID;
        tokenIdentityRegistry = IIdentityRegistry( identityRegistry);
        emit IdentityRegistryAdded( identityRegistry);
        tokenCompliance = ICompliance( compliance);
        emit ComplianceAdded( compliance);
        emit UpdatedTokenInformation(tokenName, tokenSymbol, tokenDecimals,
TOKEN VERSION, tokenOnchainID);
    }
    /// Modifier to make a function callable only when the contract is not paused.
    modifier whenNotPaused() {
        require(!tokenPaused, "Pausable: paused");
    }
    /// Modifier to make a function callable only when the contract is paused.
    modifier whenPaused() {
        require(tokenPaused, "Pausable: not paused");
    }
      @dev See {IERC20-totalSupply}.
    function totalSupply() public override view returns (uint256) {
       return totalSupply;
   /**
      @dev See {IERC20-balanceOf}.
    function balanceOf(address userAddress) public override view returns (uint256) {
       return balances[ userAddress];
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IERC20-allowance}.
    function allowance (address owner, address spender) public override view virtual
returns (uint256) {
       return allowances[ owner][ spender];
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {IERC20-approve}.
    function approve (address spender, uint256 amount) public override virtual
returns (bool) {
        _approve(msg.sender, _spender, _amount);
        return true;
```

```
}
   /**
    * @dev See {ERC20-increaseAllowance}.
    function increaseAllowance(address _spender, uint256 addedValue) public virtual
returns (bool) {
        approve (msg.sender, spender,
_allowances[msg.sender][_spender].add(_addedValue));
       return true;
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {ERC20-decreaseAllowance}.
    function decreaseAllowance(address _spender, uint256 _subtractedValue) public
virtual returns (bool) {
        _approve(msg.sender, spender,
 allowances[msg.sender][_spender].sub(_subtractedValue, "ERC20: decreased allowance
below zero"));
       return true;
    }
      @dev See {ERC20- mint}.
    function transfer(address from, address to, uint256 amount) internal virtual
{
        require(_from != address(0), "ERC20: transfer from the zero address");
        require( to != address(0), "ERC20: transfer to the zero address");
        beforeTokenTransfer( from, to, amount);
        balances[ from] = balances[ from].sub( amount, "ERC20: transfer amount
exceeds balance");
        _balances[_to] = _balances[_to].add(_amount);
        emit Transfer( from, to, amount);
      @dev See {ERC20- mint}.
    function _mint(address _userAddress, uint256 amount) internal virtual {
        require( userAddress != address(0), "ERC20: mint to the zero address");
        beforeTokenTransfer(address(0), userAddress, amount);
        _totalSupply = _totalSupply.add(_amount);
        _balances[_userAddress] = _balances[_userAddress].add(_amount);
        emit Transfer(address(0), userAddress, amount);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {ERC20-_burn}.
    function _burn(address _userAddress, uint256 _amount) internal virtual {
        require( userAddress != address(0), "ERC20: burn from the zero address");
        beforeTokenTransfer( userAddress, address(0), amount);
```

```
balances[ userAddress] = balances[ userAddress].sub( amount, "ERC20: burn
amount exceeds balance");
       totalSupply = totalSupply.sub( amount);
       emit Transfer( userAddress, address(0), amount);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {ERC20-_approve}.
    function approve(address owner, address spender, uint256 amount) internal
virtual {
        require( owner != address(0), "ERC20: approve from the zero address");
        require( spender != address(0), "ERC20: approve to the zero address");
        allowances[ owner] [_spender] = _amount;
        emit Approval(_owner, _spender, _amount);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {ERC20- beforeTokenTransfer}.
    function beforeTokenTransfer(address from, address to, uint256 amount)
internal virtual { }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-decimals}.
    function decimals() public override view returns (uint8){
       return tokenDecimals;
   /**
   * @dev See {IToken-name}.
    function name() public override view returns (string memory) {
       return tokenName;
   /**
    * @dev See {IToken-onchainID}.
    function onchainID() public override view returns (address) {
       return tokenOnchainID;
   /**
    * @dev See {IToken-symbol}.
    function symbol() public override view returns (string memory) {
       return tokenSymbol;
    }
   /**
   * @dev See {IToken-version}.
    function version() public override view returns (string memory){
       return TOKEN VERSION;
    }
```

```
* @dev See {IToken-setName}.
    function setName(string calldata name) external override onlyOwner {
       tokenName = name;
        emit UpdatedTokenInformation(tokenName, tokenSymbol, tokenDecimals,
TOKEN VERSION, tokenOnchainID);
   }
   /**
    * @dev See {IToken-setSymbol}.
    function setSymbol(string calldata symbol) external override onlyOwner {
        tokenSymbol = symbol;
        emit UpdatedTokenInformation(tokenName, tokenSymbol, tokenDecimals,
TOKEN VERSION, tokenOnchainID);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {IToken-setOnchainID}.
    function setOnchainID(address onchainID) external override onlyOwner {
       tokenOnchainID = onchainID;
       emit UpdatedTokenInformation(tokenName, tokenSymbol, tokenDecimals,
TOKEN VERSION, tokenOnchainID);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {IToken-paused}.
    function paused() public override view returns (bool) {
       return tokenPaused;
   /**
   * @dev See {IToken-isFrozen}.
    function isFrozen(address userAddress) external override view returns (bool) {
       return frozen[ userAddress];
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-getFrozenTokens}.
    function getFrozenTokens(address userAddress) external override view returns
(uint256) {
       return frozenTokens[ userAddress];
    }
    * @notice ERC-20 overridden function that include logic to check for trade
validity.
    * Require that the msg.sender and to addresses are not frozen.
    ^{\star} \, Require that the value should not exceed available balance .
    ^{\star} Require that the to address is a verified address
    ^{\star} @param _to The address of the receiver
      @param amount The number of tokens to transfer
      @return `true` if successful and revert if unsuccessful
    * /
```

```
function transfer(address to, uint256 amount) public override whenNotPaused
returns (bool) {
        require(!frozen[ to] && !frozen[msg.sender], "wallet is frozen");
        require( amount <= balanceOf(msg.sender).sub(frozenTokens[msg.sender]),</pre>
"Insufficient Balance");
        if (tokenIdentityRegistry.isVerified( to) &&
tokenCompliance.canTransfer(msg.sender, to, amount)) {
            tokenCompliance.transferred(msg.sender, to, amount);
            _transfer(msg.sender, _to, _amount);
            return true;
        revert("Transfer not possible");
    }
   /**
       @dev See {IToken-pause}.
    function pause() public override onlyAgent whenNotPaused {
       tokenPaused = true;
        emit Paused(msg.sender);
    }
   /**
       @dev See {IToken-unpause}.
    function unpause() public override onlyAgent whenPaused {
       tokenPaused = false;
        emit UnPaused(msg.sender);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-identityRegistry}.
    function identityRegistry() public override view returns (IIdentityRegistry) {
       return tokenIdentityRegistry;
   /**
       @dev See {IToken-compliance}.
    function compliance() public override view returns (ICompliance) {
       return tokenCompliance;
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-batchTransfer}.
    function batchTransfer(address[] calldata toList, uint256[] calldata amounts)
external override {
        for (uint256 i = 0; i < _toList.length; i++) {</pre>
           transfer( toList[i], amounts[i]);
        }
    }
   /**
   * @notice ERC-20 overridden function that include logic to check for trade
validity.
   * Require that the from and to addresses are not frozen.
    ^{\star} Require that the value should not exceed available balance .
    ^{\star} Require that the to address is a verified address
```

```
@param _from The address of the sender
      @param to The address of the receiver
    * @param amount The number of tokens to transfer
    * @return `true` if successful and revert if unsuccessful
    * /
    function transferFrom(address from, address to, uint256 amount) public
override whenNotPaused returns (bool) {
        require(!frozen[ to] && !frozen[ from], "wallet is frozen");
        require(_amount <= balanceOf(_from).sub(frozenTokens[_from]), "Insufficient</pre>
        if (tokenIdentityRegistry.isVerified( to) &&
tokenCompliance.canTransfer( from, to, amount)) {
            tokenCompliance.transferred( from, to, amount);
            _transfer(_from, _to, _amount);
            approve( from, msg.sender, allowances[ from][msg.sender].sub( amount,
"TREX: transfer amount exceeds allowance"));
            return true;
        }
       revert("Transfer not possible");
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-forcedTransfer}.
    function forcedTransfer(address from, address to, uint256 amount) public
override onlyAgent returns (bool) {
        uint256 freeBalance = balanceOf( from).sub(frozenTokens[ from]);
        if ( amount > freeBalance) {
            uint256 tokensToUnfreeze = amount.sub(freeBalance);
            frozenTokens[ from] = frozenTokens[ from].sub(tokensToUnfreeze);
            emit TokensUnfrozen( from, tokensToUnfreeze);
        if (tokenIdentityRegistry.isVerified( to)) {
            tokenCompliance.transferred(_from, _to, _amount);
            _transfer(_from, _to, _amount);
            return true;
        revert("Transfer not possible");
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-batchForcedTransfer}.
    function batchForcedTransfer(address[] calldata fromList, address[] calldata
_toList, uint256[] calldata _amounts) external override {
       for (uint256 i = 0; i < fromList.length; i++) {
            forcedTransfer( fromList[i], toList[i], amounts[i]);
    }
    * @dev See {IToken-mint}.
    function mint(address to, uint256 amount) public override onlyAgent {
        require(tokenIdentityRegistry.isVerified(_to), "Identity is not verified.");
        require(tokenCompliance.canTransfer(msg.sender, to, amount), "Compliance
not followed");
        mint( to, amount);
        tokenCompliance.created( to, amount);
```

```
}
   /**
    * @dev See {IToken-batchMint}.
    function batchMint(address[] calldata toList, uint256[] calldata amounts)
external override {
        for (uint256 i = 0; i < toList.length; i++) {</pre>
            mint(_toList[i], _amounts[i]);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {IToken-burn}.
    function burn(address userAddress, uint256 amount) public override onlyAgent {
        uint256 freeBalance = balanceOf(_userAddress) - frozenTokens[_userAddress];
        if ( amount > freeBalance) {
            uint256 tokensToUnfreeze = amount.sub(freeBalance);
           frozenTokens[ userAddress] =
frozenTokens[ userAddress].sub(tokensToUnfreeze);
            emit TokensUnfrozen( userAddress, tokensToUnfreeze);
        }
        burn( userAddress, amount);
        tokenCompliance.destroyed( userAddress, amount);
    }
      @dev See {IToken-batchBurn}.
    function batchBurn(address[] calldata userAddresses, uint256[] calldata
amounts) external override {
       for (uint256 i = 0; i < userAddresses.length; i++) {</pre>
            burn( userAddresses[i], amounts[i]);
    }
      @dev See {IToken-setAddressFrozen}.
    function setAddressFrozen(address userAddress, bool freeze) public override
onlyAgent {
       frozen[ userAddress] = freeze;
        emit AddressFrozen(_userAddress, _freeze, msg.sender);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-batchSetAddressFrozen}.
    function batchSetAddressFrozen(address[] calldata userAddresses, bool[] calldata
freeze) external override {
       for (uint256 i = 0; i < userAddresses.length; i++) {</pre>
            setAddressFrozen( userAddresses[i], freeze[i]);
    }
    * @dev See {IToken-freezePartialTokens}.
```

```
function freezePartialTokens(address userAddress, uint256 amount) public
override onlyAgent {
        uint256 balance = balanceOf( userAddress);
        require(balance >= frozenTokens[ userAddress] + amount, "Amount exceeds
available balance");
        frozenTokens[ userAddress] = frozenTokens[ userAddress].add( amount);
        emit TokensFrozen( userAddress, amount);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-batchFreezePartialTokens}.
    function batchFreezePartialTokens(address[] calldata userAddresses, uint256[]
calldata amounts) external override {
        for (uint256 i = 0; i < userAddresses.length; i++) {</pre>
            freezePartialTokens(_userAddresses[i], _amounts[i]);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-unfreezePartialTokens}.
    function unfreezePartialTokens(address userAddress, uint256 amount) public
override onlyAgent {
       require(frozenTokens[ userAddress] >= amount, "Amount should be less than or
equal to frozen tokens");
       frozenTokens[ userAddress] = frozenTokens[ userAddress].sub( amount);
        emit TokensUnfrozen( userAddress, amount);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-batchUnfreezePartialTokens}.
    function batchUnfreezePartialTokens(address[] calldata userAddresses, uint256[]
calldata amounts) external override {
       for (uint256 i = 0; i < _userAddresses.length; i++) {</pre>
            unfreezePartialTokens( userAddresses[i], amounts[i]);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-setIdentityRegistry}.
    function setIdentityRegistry(address _identityRegistry) public override onlyOwner
{
        tokenIdentityRegistry = IIdentityRegistry(_identityRegistry);
        emit IdentityRegistryAdded( identityRegistry);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {IToken-setCompliance}.
    function setCompliance(address _compliance) public override onlyOwner {
        tokenCompliance = ICompliance( compliance);
        emit ComplianceAdded( compliance);
    }
    * @dev See {IToken-recoveryAddress}.
```

```
function recoveryAddress(address _lostWallet, address _newWallet, address
investorOnchainID) public override onlyAgent returns (bool) {
        require(balanceOf( lostWallet) != 0, "no tokens to recover");
        IIdentity onchainID = IIdentity( investorOnchainID);
        bytes32 key = keccak256(abi.encode( newWallet));
        if ( onchainID.keyHasPurpose( key, 1)) {
            uint investorTokens = balanceOf( lostWallet);
            uint frozenTokens = frozenTokens[ lostWallet];
            tokenIdentityRegistry.registerIdentity( newWallet, onchainID,
tokenIdentityRegistry.investorCountry( lostWallet));
            tokenIdentityRegistry.deleteIdentity( lostWallet);
            forcedTransfer( lostWallet, newWallet, investorTokens);
            if (frozenTokens > 0) {
                freezePartialTokens( newWallet, frozenTokens);
            if (frozen[ lostWallet] == true) {
                setAddressFrozen( newWallet, true);
            emit RecoverySuccess( lostWallet, newWallet, investorOnchainID);
            return true;
        revert("Recovery not possible");
    }
   /**
       @dev See {IToken-transferOwnershipOnTokenContract}.
    function transferOwnershipOnTokenContract(address newOwner) public onlyOwner
override {
       transferOwnership( newOwner);
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-addAgentOnTokenContract}.
    function addAgentOnTokenContract(address agent) external override {
       addAgent( agent);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IToken-removeAgentOnTokenContract}.
    function removeAgentOnTokenContract(address _agent) external override {
       removeAgent( agent);
}
```

IToken.sol

```
/**
       NOTICE
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pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "openzeppelin-solidity/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol";
import "../registry/IIdentityRegistry.sol";
import "../compliance/ICompliance.sol";
///interface
interface IToken is IERC20 {
    * this event is emitted when the token information is updated.
    ^{\star} the event is emitted by the token constructor and by the setTokenInformation
function
       ` newName` is the name of the token
      `newSymbol` is the symbol of the token
      `newDecimals` is the decimals of the token
      `newVersion` is the version of the token, current version is 3.0
        _newOnchainID` is the address of the onchainID of the token
    event UpdatedTokenInformation(string newName, string newSymbol, uint8
newDecimals, string newVersion, address newOnchainID);
      this event is emitted when the IdentityRegistry has been set for the token
    ^{\star} the event is emitted by the token constructor and by the setIdentityRegistry
function
       _identityRegistry` is the address of the Identity Registry of the token
    event IdentityRegistryAdded(address indexed identityRegistry);
    * this event is emitted when the Compliance has been set for the token
```

```
* the event is emitted by the token constructor and by the setCompliance
function
        _compliance` is the address of the Compliance contract of the token
    event ComplianceAdded(address indexed compliance);
   /**
    ^{\star} this event is emitted when an investor successfully recovers his tokens
    * the event is emitted by the recoveryAddress function
      `_lostWallet` is the address of the wallet that the investor lost access to
        newWallet` is the address of the wallet that the investor provided for the
         investorOnchainID` is the address of the onchainID of the investor who asked
for a recovery
    */
    event RecoverySuccess(address lostWallet, address newWallet, address
investorOnchainID);
   /**
    * this event is emitted when the wallet of an investor is frozen or unfrozen
    * the event is emitted by setAddressFrozen and batchSetAddressFrozen functions
        userAddress` is the wallet of the investor that is concerned by the freezing
status
      `isFrozen` is the freezing status of the wallet
    * i\bar{f} ` isFrozen` equals `true` the wallet is frozen after emission of the event
    * if `_isFrozen` equals `false` the wallet is unfrozen after emission of the
event
      `owner` is the address of the agent who called the function to freeze the
wallet
    event AddressFrozen(address indexed userAddress, bool indexed isFrozen, address
indexed owner);
   ^{\star} this event is emitted when a certain amount of tokens is frozen on a wallet
    ^\star the event is emitted by freezePartialTokens and batchFreezePartialTokens
       `_userAddress` is the wallet of the investor that is concerned by the freezing
status
       \ \underline{\ } amount \ \dot{\ } is the amount of tokens that are frozen
    event TokensFrozen(address indexed _userAddress, uint256 _amount);
   * this event is emitted when a certain amount of tokens is unfrozen on a wallet
      the event is emitted by unfreezePartialTokens and batchUnfreezePartialTokens
functions
      `userAddress` is the wallet of the investor that is concerned by the freezing
status
       \,\dot{}\, amount \dot{}\, is the amount of tokens that are unfrozen
    event TokensUnfrozen(address indexed userAddress, uint256 amount);
   /**
    ^{\star} \, this event is emitted when the token is paused
    ^{\star} the event is emitted by the pause function
       `_userAddress` is the address of the wallet that called the pause function
    * /
    event Paused(address userAddress);
```

```
/**
^{\star} this event is emitted when the token is unpaused
 ^{\star} \, the event is emitted by the unpause function
    `_userAddress` is the address of the wallet that called the unpause function
event UnPaused(address userAddress);
/**
* @dev Returns the number of decimals used to get its user representation.
* For example, if `decimals` equals `2`, a balance of `505` tokens should
 * be displayed to a user as 5,05 (505 / 1 ** 2).
 * Tokens usually opt for a value of 18, imitating the relationship between
 * Ether and Wei.
* NOTE: This information is only used for display purposes: it in
 * no way affects any of the arithmetic of the contract, including
 * balanceOf() and transfer().
function decimals() external view returns (uint8);
/**
 * @dev Returns the name of the token.
function name() external view returns (string memory);
/**
 * @dev Returns the address of the onchainID of the token.
 * the onchainID of the token gives all the information available
 * about the token and is managed by the token issuer or his agent.
function onchainID() external view returns (address);
* @dev Returns the symbol of the token, usually a shorter version of the
 * name.
function symbol() external view returns (string memory);
* @dev Returns the TREX version of the token.
 * current version is 3.0.0
function version() external view returns (string memory);
/**
 * @dev Returns the Identity Registry linked to the token
function identityRegistry() external view returns (IIdentityRegistry);
^{\star} \, Qdev Returns the Compliance contract linked to the token
function compliance() external view returns (ICompliance);
/**
^{\star} @dev Returns true if the contract is paused, and false otherwise.
 function paused() external view returns (bool);
```

```
/**
    * @dev Returns the freezing status of a wallet
      if isFrozen returns `true` the wallet is frozen
      if isFrozen returns `false` the wallet is not frozen
      isFrozen returning `true` doesn't mean that the balance is free, tokens could
be blocked by
    * a partial freeze or the whole token could be blocked by pause
    ^{\star} @param _userAddress the address of the wallet on which isFrozen is called
    function isFrozen(address userAddress) external view returns (bool);
   /**
    * @dev Returns the amount of tokens that are partially frozen on a wallet
    * the amount of frozen tokens is always <= to the total balance of the wallet
    ^{\star} @param userAddress the address of the wallet on which getFrozenTokens is
called
    * /
    function getFrozenTokens(address userAddress) external view returns (uint256);
    * @dev sets the token name
    * @param name the name of token to set
    * Only the owner of the token smart contract can call this function
      emits a `UpdatedTokenInformation` event
    function setName(string calldata name) external;
    \star @dev sets the token symbol
    ^{\star} @param symbol the token symbol to set
    ^{\star} Only the owner of the token smart contract can call this function
      emits a `UpdatedTokenInformation` event
    * /
    function setSymbol(string calldata symbol) external;
   /**
      @dev sets the onchain ID of the token
      @param onchainID the address of the onchain ID to set
    * Only the owner of the token smart contract can call this function
      emits a `UpdatedTokenInformation` event
    function setOnchainID(address _onchainID) external;
   /**
   * @dev pauses the token contract, when contract is paused investors cannot
transfer tokens anymore
    * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
    * emits a `Paused` event
    function pause() external;
    * @dev unpauses the token contract, when contract is unpaused investors can
transfer tokens
    * if their wallet is not blocked & if the amount to transfer is <= to the amount
of free tokens
    * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
    * emits an `Unpaused` event
    */
    function unpause() external;
```

```
/**
* @dev sets an address frozen status for this token.
   @param _userAddress The address for which to update frozen status
* @param _freeze Frozen status of the address
   This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
 * emits an `AddressFrozen` event
 function setAddressFrozen(address userAddress, bool freeze) external;
/**
 * @dev freezes token amount specified for given address.
  @param userAddress The address for which to update frozen tokens
 * @param amount Amount of Tokens to be frozen
 * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
   emits a `TokensFrozen` event
function freezePartialTokens(address userAddress, uint256 amount) external;
   @dev unfreezes token amount specified for given address
   @param userAddress The address for which to update frozen tokens
 * @param amount Amount of Tokens to be unfrozen
 * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
  emits a `TokensUnfrozen` event
function unfreezePartialTokens(address userAddress, uint256 amount) external;
/**
   @dev sets the Identity Registry for the token
   @param identityRegistry the address of the Identity Registry to set
 ^{\star} Only the owner of the token smart contract can call this function
   emits an `IdentityRegistryAdded` event
function setIdentityRegistry(address identityRegistry) external;
/**
   @dev sets the compliance contract of the token
   @param compliance the address of the compliance contract to set
   Only the owner of the token smart contract can call this function
   emits a `ComplianceAdded` event
function setCompliance(address _compliance) external;
   @dev force a transfer of tokens between 2 whitelisted wallets
   In case the `from` address has not enough free tokens (unfrozen tokens)
   but has a total balance higher or equal to the `amount`
   the amount of frozen tokens is reduced in order to have enough free tokens
   to proceed the transfer, in such a case, the remaining balance on the `from`
   account is 100% composed of frozen tokens post-transfer.
   Require that the `to` address is a verified address,
   @param _from The address of the sender
   @param _to The address of the receiver
   @param amount The number of tokens to transfer
   @return `true` if successful and revert if unsuccessful
   This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
^\star emits a 'TokensUnfrozen' event if '_amount' is higher than the free balance of
* emits a `Transfer` event
```

```
* /
    function forcedTransfer(address from, address to, uint256 amount) external
returns (bool);
   /**
    \star @dev mint tokens on a wallet
      Improved version of default mint method. Tokens can be minted
    * to an address if only it is a verified address as per the security token.
    * @param to Address to mint the tokens to.
    * @param amount Amount of tokens to mint.
    * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
    * emits a `Transfer` event
    */
    function mint(address to, uint256 amount) external;
   /**
      @dev burn tokens on a wallet
      In case the `account` address has not enough free tokens (unfrozen tokens)
    * but has a total balance higher or equal to the `value` amount
      the amount of frozen tokens is reduced in order to have enough free tokens
    * to proceed the burn, in such a case, the remaining balance on the `account`
    * is 100% composed of frozen tokens post-transaction.
    * @param userAddress Address to burn the tokens from.
    * @param amount Amount of tokens to burn.
    * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
      emits a `TokensUnfrozen` event if `_amount` is higher than the free balance of
`userAddress`
    * emits a `Transfer` event
    function burn(address userAddress, uint256 amount) external;
      @dev recovery function used to force transfer tokens from a
      lost wallet to a new wallet for an investor.
      @param _lostWallet the wallet that the investor lost
      @param newWallet the newly provided wallet on which tokens have to be
transferred
      @param investorOnchainID the onchainID of the investor asking for a recovery
      This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
      emits a `TokensUnfrozen` event if there is some frozen tokens on the lost
wallet if the recovery process is successful
      emits a `Transfer` event if the recovery process is successful
      emits a `RecoverySuccess` event if the recovery process is successful
      emits a `RecoveryFails` event if the recovery process fails
    function recoveryAddress(address lostWallet, address newWallet, address
investorOnchainID) external returns (bool);
   /**
      @dev function allowing to issue transfers in batch
      Require that the msg.sender and `to` addresses are not frozen.
    * Require that the total value should not exceed available balance.
      Require that the `to` addresses are all verified addresses,
      IMPORTANT: THIS TRANSACTION COULD EXCEED GAS LIMIT IF ` toList.length` IS TOO
HIGH,
    * USE WITH CARE OR YOU COULD LOSE TX FEES WITH AN "OUT OF GAS" TRANSACTION
    ^{\star} @param _toList The addresses of the receivers
    * @param amounts The number of tokens to transfer to the corresponding receiver
      emits toList.length `Transfer` events
    */
```

```
function batchTransfer(address[] calldata toList, uint256[] calldata amounts)
external;
   /**
    * @dev function allowing to issue forced transfers in batch
      Require that `amounts[i]` should not exceed available balance of
 fromList[i]`.
    * Require that the `toList` addresses are all verified addresses
    * IMPORTANT : THIS TRANSACTION COULD EXCEED GAS LIMIT IF `_fromList.length` IS
TOO HIGH,
    * USE WITH CARE OR YOU COULD LOSE TX FEES WITH AN "OUT OF GAS" TRANSACTION
      @param fromList The addresses of the senders
    * @param toList The addresses of the receivers
    * @param amounts The number of tokens to transfer to the corresponding receiver
    * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
    * emits `TokensUnfrozen` events if `_amounts[i]` is higher than the free balance
of `fromList[i]`
    * emits fromList.length `Transfer` events
    function batchForcedTransfer(address[] calldata fromList, address[] calldata
toList, uint256[] calldata amounts) external;
   /**
      @dev function allowing to mint tokens in batch
    * Require that the ` toList` addresses are all verified addresses
    * IMPORTANT : THIS TRANSACTION COULD EXCEED GAS LIMIT IF ` toList.length` IS TOO
HIGH,
     USE WITH CARE OR YOU COULD LOSE TX FEES WITH AN "OUT OF GAS" TRANSACTION
    * @param toList The addresses of the receivers
    ^{\star} @param ^{-}amounts The number of tokens to mint to the corresponding receiver
    ^{\star} This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
    * emits toList.length `Transfer` events
    function batchMint(address[] calldata toList, uint256[] calldata amounts)
external;
   /**
      @dev function allowing to burn tokens in batch
      Require that the `userAddresses` addresses are all verified addresses
      IMPORTANT : THIS TRANSACTION COULD EXCEED GAS LIMIT IF ` userAddresses.length`
IS TOO HIGH,
      USE WITH CARE OR YOU COULD LOSE TX FEES WITH AN "OUT OF GAS" TRANSACTION
      @param _userAddresses The addresses of the wallets concerned by the burn
      @param _amounts The number of tokens to burn from the corresponding wallets
      This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
      emits userAddresses.length `Transfer` events
   function batchBurn(address[] calldata userAddresses, uint256[] calldata
amounts) external;
   /**
    * @dev function allowing to set frozen addresses in batch
      IMPORTANT: THIS TRANSACTION COULD EXCEED GAS LIMIT IF ` userAddresses.length`
IS TOO HIGH,
    * USE WITH CARE OR YOU COULD LOSE TX FEES WITH AN "OUT OF GAS" TRANSACTION
      @param userAddresses The addresses for which to update frozen status
      @param freeze Frozen status of the corresponding address
    * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
      emits userAddresses.length `AddressFrozen` events
    */
```

```
function batchSetAddressFrozen(address[] calldata userAddresses, bool[] calldata
freeze) external;
   /**
    * @dev function allowing to freeze tokens partially in batch
      IMPORTANT: THIS TRANSACTION COULD EXCEED GAS LIMIT IF ` userAddresses.length`
IS TOO HIGH,
    * USE WITH CARE OR YOU COULD LOSE TX FEES WITH AN "OUT OF GAS" TRANSACTION
    * @param userAddresses The addresses on which tokens need to be frozen
    ^{\star} @param \_{\rm amounts} the amount of tokens to freeze on the corresponding address
    * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
    * emits userAddresses.length `TokensFrozen` events
    function batchFreezePartialTokens(address[] calldata userAddresses, uint256[]
calldata _amounts) external;
   /**
    * @dev function allowing to unfreeze tokens partially in batch
    * IMPORTANT : THIS TRANSACTION COULD EXCEED GAS LIMIT IF ` userAddresses.length`
IS TOO HIGH,
    * USE WITH CARE OR YOU COULD LOSE TX FEES WITH AN "OUT OF GAS" TRANSACTION
    * @param userAddresses The addresses on which tokens need to be unfrozen
    * @param amounts the amount of tokens to unfreeze on the corresponding address
    ^{\star} This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the token
    * emits userAddresses.length `TokensUnfrozen` events
    function batchUnfreezePartialTokens(address[] calldata userAddresses, uint256[]
calldata amounts) external;
    ^{\star} \, Qdev transfers the ownership of the token smart contract
    * @param newOwner the address of the new token smart contract owner
    * This function can only be called by the owner of the token
      emits an `OwnershipTransferred` event
    function transferOwnershipOnTokenContract(address newOwner) external;
      @dev adds an agent to the token smart contract
      @param agent the address of the new agent of the token smart contract
    ^{\star} This function can only be called by the owner of the token
      emits an `AgentAdded` event
    function addAgentOnTokenContract(address _agent) external;
   /**
      @dev remove an agent from the token smart contract
      @param agent the address of the agent to remove
      This function can only be called by the owner of the token
      emits an `AgentRemoved` event
    function removeAgentOnTokenContract(address agent) external;
}
```

DefaultCompliance.sol

```
/**
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```

```
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       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "./ICompliance.sol";
import "../roles/Ownable.sol";
contract DefaultCompliance is ICompliance, Ownable {
   /**
   * @dev See {ICompliance-canTransfer}.
   function canTransfer(address from, address to, uint256 value) public override
view returns (bool) {
       return true;
   /**
    * @dev See {ICompliance-transferred}.
    function transferred(address _from, address _to, uint256 _value) public override
{
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {ICompliance-created}.
    function created(address to, uint256 value) public override {
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {ICompliance-destroyed}.
    function destroyed(address from, uint256 value) public override {
    }
```

```
/**
  * @dev See {ICompliance-transferOwnershipOnComplianceContract}.
  */
  function transferOwnershipOnComplianceContract(address newOwner) external
override onlyOwner {
      transferOwnership(newOwner);
  }
}
```

ICompliance.sol

```
/**
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       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
 * /
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
interface ICompliance {
      @dev checks that the transfer is compliant.
      default compliance always returns true
      READ ONLY FUNCTION, this function cannot be used to increment
      counters, emit events, ...
      @param _from The address of the sender
      @param _to The address of the receiver
      @param amount The amount of tokens involved in the transfer
    function canTransfer(address from, address to, uint256 amount) external view
returns (bool);
    * @dev function called whenever tokens are transferred
      from one wallet to another
      this function can update state variables in the compliance contract
      these state variables being used by `canTransfer` to decide if a transfer
      is compliant or not depending on the values stored in these state variables
and on
```

```
* the parameters of the compliance smart contract
      @param from The address of the sender
      @param to The address of the receiver
    * @param amount The amount of tokens involved in the transfer
    * /
    function transferred(address from, address to, uint256 amount) external;
      @dev function called whenever tokens are created
      on a wallet
      this function can update state variables in the compliance contract
    * these state variables being used by `canTransfer` to decide if a transfer
    ^{\star} is compliant or not depending on the values stored in these state variables
      the parameters of the compliance smart contract
    * @param to The address of the receiver
    * @param _amount The amount of tokens involved in the transfer
    function created(address to, uint256 amount) external;
   /**
      @dev function called whenever tokens are destroyed
      this function can update state variables in the compliance contract
    * these state variables being used by `canTransfer` to decide if a transfer
    * is compliant or not depending on the values stored in these state variables
and on
      the parameters of the compliance smart contract
    * @param from The address of the receiver
    * @param amount The amount of tokens involved in the transfer
    function destroyed(address from, uint256 amount) external;
   /**
    ^{\star} @dev function used to transfer the ownership of the compliance contract
      to a new owner, giving him access to the `OnlyOwner` functions implemented on
the contract
    * @param newOwner The address of the new owner of the compliance contract
    * This function can only be called by the owner of the compliance contract
      emits an `OwnershipTransferred` event
    function transferOwnershipOnComplianceContract(address newOwner) external;
}
```

LimitHolder.sol

```
/**

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*

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```

```
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       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
 */
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "./ICompliance.sol";
import "../token/IToken.sol";
import "../roles/AgentRole.sol";
import "../registry/IIdentityRegistry.sol";
contract LimitHolder is ICompliance, AgentRole {
    /// the token on which this compliance contract is applied
    IToken public token;
    /// the limit of holders for this token
    uint private holderLimit;
    /// the Identity registry contract linked to `token`
    IIdentityRegistry private identityRegistry;
    /// the index of each shareholder in the array `shareholders`
    mapping(address => uint256) private holderIndices;
    /// the amount of shareholders per country
    mapping(uint16 => uint256) private countryShareHolders;
    /// the addresses of all shareholders
    address[] private shareholders;
   /**
    * this event is emitted when the holder limit is set.
    * the event is emitted by the setHolderLimit function and by the constructor
        _holderLimit` is the holder limit for this token
    event HolderLimitSet (uint _holderLimit);
    * @dev the constructor initiates the smart contract with the initial state
variables
    ^{\star} @param _token the address of the token concerned by the rules of this
compliance contract
    * @param _holderLimit the holder limit for the token concerned
      emits a `HolderLimitSet` event
    constructor (address _token, uint _holderLimit) public {
       token = IToken( token);
        holderLimit = holderLimit;
        identityRegistry = token.identityRegistry();
        emit HolderLimitSet( holderLimit);
    }
```

```
/**
* @dev sets the holder limit as required for compliance purpose
   @param holderLimit the holder limit for the token concerned
* This function can only be called by the agent of the Compliance contract
 * emits a `HolderLimitSet` event
*/
 function setHolderLimit(uint holderLimit) public onlyAgent {
    holderLimit = holderLimit;
    emit HolderLimitSet( holderLimit);
 }
/**
   @dev returns the holder limit as set on the contract
function getHolderLimit() public view returns (uint) {
    return holderLimit;
/**
   @dev returns the amount of token holders
function holderCount() public view returns (uint) {
    return shareholders.length;
 }
/**
   @dev By counting the number of token holders using `holderCount`
   you can retrieve the complete list of token holders, one at a time.
   It MUST throw if `index >= holderCount()`.
 * @param index The zero-based index of the holder.
   @return `address` the address of the token holder with the given index.
 function holderAt(uint256 index) public view returns (address) {
    require(index < shareholders.length, "shareholder doesn't exist");</pre>
    return shareholders[index];
 }
/**
   @dev If the address is not in the `shareholders` array then push it
   and update the `holderIndices` mapping.
   @param addr The address to add as a shareholder if it's not already.
function updateShareholders(address addr) internal {
    if (holderIndices[addr] == 0) {
        shareholders.push(addr);
        holderIndices[addr] = shareholders.length;
        uint16 country = identityRegistry.investorCountry(addr);
        countryShareHolders[country]++;
     }
 }
/**
   If the address is in the `shareholders` array and the forthcoming
   transfer or transferFrom will reduce their balance to 0, then
   we need to remove them from the shareholders array.
   Oparam addr The address to prune if their balance will be reduced to 0.
* @dev see https://ethereum.stackexchange.com/a/39311
```

```
* /
    function pruneShareholders(address addr) internal {
        require(holderIndices[addr] != 0, "Shareholder does not exist");
        uint256 balance = token.balanceOf(addr);
        if (balance > 0) {
            return;
        }
        uint256 holderIndex = holderIndices[addr] - 1;
        uint256 lastIndex = shareholders.length - 1;
        address lastHolder = shareholders[lastIndex];
        shareholders[holderIndex] = lastHolder;
        holderIndices[lastHolder] = holderIndices[addr];
        shareholders.pop();
        holderIndices[addr] = 0;
        uint16 country = identityRegistry.investorCountry(addr);
        countryShareHolders[country]--;
    }
   /**
      @dev get the amount of shareholders in a country
    * @param index the index of the country, following ISO 3166-1
    function getShareholderCountByCountry(uint16 index) public view returns (uint) {
        return countryShareHolders[index];
   /**
      @dev See {ICompliance-canTransfer}.
    ^{\star} @return true if the amount of holders post-transfer is less or
      equal to the maximum amount of token holders
    function canTransfer(address from, address to, uint256 value) public override
view returns (bool) {
        if (holderIndices[ to] != 0) {
           return true;
        if (holderCount() < holderLimit) {</pre>
           return true;
        return false;
    }
   /**
      @dev See {ICompliance-transferred}.
      updates the counter of shareholders if necessary
    function transferred(address from, address to, uint256 value) public override
onlyAgent {
        updateShareholders( to);
        pruneShareholders( from);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {ICompliance-created}.
    * updates the counter of shareholders if necessary
    function created(address to, uint256 value) public override onlyAgent {
        require(_value > 0, "No token created");
        updateShareholders(to);
```

```
/**
    * @dev See {ICompliance-destroyed}.
    * updates the counter of shareholders if necessary
    */
    function destroyed(address _from, uint256 _value) public override onlyAgent {
        pruneShareholders(_from);
    }

    /**
    * @dev See {ICompliance-transferOwnershipOnComplianceContract}.
    */
    function transferOwnershipOnComplianceContract(address newOwner) external
override onlyOwner {
        transferOwnership(newOwner);
    }
}
```

IClaimTopicsRegistry.sol

```
/**
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 * /
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
interface IClaimTopicsRegistry {
   /**
    ^{\star} this event is emitted when a claim topic has been added to the
ClaimTopicsRegistry
    * the event is emitted by the 'addClaimTopic' function
       `claimTopic` is the required claim added to the Claim Topics Registry
    event ClaimTopicAdded(uint256 indexed claimTopic);
```

```
/**
    ^{\star} this event is emitted when a claim topic has been removed from the
ClaimTopicsRegistry
   ^{\star} the event is emitted by the 'removeClaimTopic' function
      `claimTopic` is the required claim removed from the Claim Topics Registry
    event ClaimTopicRemoved(uint256 indexed claimTopic);
   /**
    * @dev Add a trusted claim topic (For example: KYC=1, AML=2).
    * Only owner can call.
    * emits `ClaimTopicAdded` event
    ^{\star} @param claimTopic The claim topic index
    function addClaimTopic(uint256 claimTopic) external;
   /**
    * @dev Remove a trusted claim topic (For example: KYC=1, AML=2).
    * Only owner can call.
    * emits `ClaimTopicRemoved` event
    * @param claimTopic The claim topic index
    function removeClaimTopic(uint256 claimTopic) external;
   /**
    * @dev Get the trusted claim topics for the security token
    * @return Array of trusted claim topics
    function getClaimTopics() external view returns (uint256[] memory);
    * @dev Transfers the Ownership of ClaimTopics to a new Owner.
    * Only owner can call.
      @param newOwner The new owner of this contract.
    function transferOwnershipOnClaimTopicsRegistryContract(address newOwner)
external;
```

IldentityRegistry.sol

```
/**
  * NOTICE

*

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  *

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```

```
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       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
 * /
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "../registry/ITrustedIssuersRegistry.sol";
import "../registry/IClaimTopicsRegistry.sol";
import "../registry/IIdentityRegistryStorage.sol";
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IClaimIssuer.sol";
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IIdentity.sol";
interface IIdentityRegistry {
   /**
    * this event is emitted when the ClaimTopicsRegistry has been set for the
IdentityRegistry
    * the event is emitted by the IdentityRegistry constructor
      `claimTopicsRegistry` is the address of the Claim Topics Registry contract
    event ClaimTopicsRegistrySet(address indexed claimTopicsRegistry);
    ^{\star} this event is emitted when the IdentityRegistryStorage has been set for the
IdentityRegistry
   * the event is emitted by the IdentityRegistry constructor
    * `identityStorage` is the address of the Identity Registry Storage contract
    * /
    event IdentityStorageSet(address indexed identityStorage);
   * this event is emitted when the ClaimTopicsRegistry has been set for the
IdentityRegistry
   * the event is emitted by the IdentityRegistry constructor
       `trustedIssuersRegistry` is the address of the Trusted Issuers Registry
contract
    event TrustedIssuersRegistrySet(address indexed trustedIssuersRegistry);
   * this event is emitted when an Identity is registered into the Identity
Registry.
    * the event is emitted by the 'registerIdentity' function
       `investorAddress` is the address of the investor's wallet
      `identity` is the address of the Identity smart contract (onchainID)
    event IdentityRegistered(address indexed investorAddress, IIdentity indexed
identity);
   /**
    * this event is emitted when an Identity is removed from the Identity Registry.
    ^{\star} the event is emitted by the 'deleteIdentity' function
       `investorAddress` is the address of the investor's wallet
      `identity` is the address of the Identity smart contract (onchainID)
    * /
```

```
event IdentityRemoved(address indexed investorAddress, IIdentity indexed
identity);
   /**
   * this event is emitted when an Identity has been updated
      the event is emitted by the 'updateIdentity' function
      `oldIdentity` is the old Identity contract's address to update
      `newIdentity` is the new Identity contract's
   event IdentityUpdated(IIdentity indexed oldIdentity, IIdentity indexed
newIdentity);
  /**
   * this event is emitted when an Identity's country has been updated
    * the event is emitted by the 'updateCountry' function
      `investorAddress` is the address on which the country has been updated
      `country` is the numeric code (ISO 3166-1) of the new country
   event CountryUpdated(address indexed investorAddress, uint16 indexed country);
   /**
      @dev Register an identity contract corresponding to a user address.
      Requires that the user doesn't have an identity contract already registered.
      This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the smart
contract
    * @param userAddress The address of the user
    * @param identity The address of the user's identity contract
    * @param
              country The country of the investor
    * emits `IdentityRegistered` event
   function registerIdentity(address userAddress, IIdentity identity, uint16
country) external;
    * @dev Removes an user from the identity registry.
   * Requires that the user have an identity contract already deployed that will be
deleted.
   * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the smart
contract
   * @param
              userAddress The address of the user to be removed
      emits `IdentityRemoved` event
   function deleteIdentity(address _userAddress) external;
      @dev Replace the actual identityRegistryStorage contract with a new one.
      This function can only be called by the wallet set as owner of the smart
contract
   * @param identityRegistryStorage The address of the new Identity Registry
Storage
   * emits `IdentityStorageSet` event
   function setIdentityRegistryStorage(address identityRegistryStorage) external;
   * @dev Replace the actual claimTopicsRegistry contract with a new one.
      This function can only be called by the wallet set as owner of the smart
contract
   * @param claimTopicsRegistry The address of the new claim Topics Registry
   * emits `ClaimTopicsRegistrySet` event
```

```
* /
    function setClaimTopicsRegistry(address claimTopicsRegistry) external;
    * @dev Replace the actual trustedIssuersRegistry contract with a new one.
      This function can only be called by the wallet set as owner of the smart
contract
    * @param trustedIssuersRegistry The address of the new Trusted Issuers Registry
    * emits `TrustedIssuersRegistrySet` event
    function setTrustedIssuersRegistry(address trustedIssuersRegistry) external;
   /**
    * @dev Updates the country corresponding to a user address.
    * Requires that the user should have an identity contract already deployed that
will be replaced.
    * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the smart
contract
    * @param userAddress The address of the user
    * @param country The new country of the user
    * emits `CountryUpdated` event
    function updateCountry(address userAddress, uint16 country) external;
   /**
    * @dev Updates an identity contract corresponding to a user address.
    * Requires that the user address should be the owner of the identity contract.
    * Requires that the user should have an identity contract already deployed that
will be replaced.
    * This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the smart
contract
    \star @param userAddress The address of the user
    * @param _identity The address * emits `IdentityUpdated` event
              identity The address of the user's new identity contract
    function updateIdentity(address _userAddress, IIdentity _identity) external;
      @dev function allowing to register identities in batch
      This function can only be called by a wallet set as agent of the smart
contract
    * Requires that none of the users has an identity contract already registered.
      IMPORTANT : THIS TRANSACTION COULD EXCEED GAS LIMIT IF `_userAddresses.length`
IS TOO HIGH,
      USE WITH CARE OR YOU COULD LOSE TX FEES WITH AN "OUT OF GAS" TRANSACTION
      @param _userAddresses The addresses of the users
      @param _identities The addresses of the corresponding identity contracts
    * @param countries The countries of the corresponding investors
      emits userAddresses.length `IdentityRegistered` events
    function batchRegisterIdentity(address[] calldata _userAddresses, IIdentity[]
calldata identities, uint16[] calldata countries) external;
   /**
    * @dev This functions checks whether a wallet has its Identity registered or not
    * in the Identity Registry.
    * @param userAddress The address of the user to be checked.
    * @return 'True' if the address is contained in the Identity Registry, 'false'
if not.
    * /
```

```
function contains (address userAddress) external view returns (bool);
   /**
    * @dev This functions checks whether an identity contract
    ^{\star} corresponding to the provided user address has the required claims or not
based
   * on the data fetched from trusted issuers registry and from the claim topics
registry
    * @param _userAddress The address of the user to be verified.
    * @return 'True' if the address is verified, 'false' if not.
    function is Verified (address userAddress) external view returns (bool);
   /**
    * @dev Returns the onchainID of an investor.
    ^{\star} @param userAddress The wallet of the investor
    function identity(address _userAddress) external view returns (IIdentity);
   /**
    * @dev Returns the country code of an investor.
      @param userAddress The wallet of the investor
    function investorCountry(address userAddress) external view returns (uint16);
    * @dev Returns the IdentityRegistryStorage linked to the current
IdentityRegistry.
   * /
    function identityStorage() external view returns (IIdentityRegistryStorage);
   * @dev Returns the TrustedIssuersRegistry linked to the current
IdentityRegistry.
   * /
   function issuersRegistry() external view returns (ITrustedIssuersRegistry);
   * @dev Returns the ClaimTopicsRegistry linked to the current IdentityRegistry.
    function topicsRegistry() external view returns (IClaimTopicsRegistry);
   /**
      @notice Transfers the Ownership of the Identity Registry to a new Owner.
      This function can only be called by the wallet set as owner of the smart
contract
    * @param newOwner The new owner of this contract.
    function transferOwnershipOnIdentityRegistryContract(address newOwner) external;
    * @notice Adds an address as agent of the Identity Registry Contract.
      This function can only be called by the wallet set as owner of the smart
contract
   * @param agent The agent's address to add.
    function addAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract(address agent) external;
   /**
```

```
* @notice Removes an address from being _agent of the Identity Registry
Contract.
  * This function can only be called by the wallet set as owner of the smart
contract
  * @param _agent The _agent's address to remove.
  */
  function removeAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract(address _agent) external;
}
```

IldentityRegistryStorage.sol

```
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IIdentity.sol";
interface IIdentityRegistryStorage {
   * this event is emitted when an Identity is registered into the storage
contract.
   * the event is emitted by the 'registerIdentity' function
       `investorAddress` is the address of the investor's wallet
    ^{\star} `identity` is the address of the Identity smart contract (onchainID)
    event IdentityStored(address indexed investorAddress, IIdentity indexed
identity);
   /**
   * this event is emitted when an Identity is removed from the storage contract.
    * the event is emitted by the 'deleteIdentity' function
       `investorAddress` is the address of the investor's wallet
       `identity` is the address of the Identity smart contract (onchainID)
    event IdentityUnstored(address indexed investorAddress, IIdentity indexed
identity);
   /**
    * this event is emitted when an Identity has been updated
    * the event is emitted by the 'updateIdentity' function
       `oldIdentity` is the old Identity contract's address to update
      `newIdentity` is the new Identity contract's
    event IdentityModified(IIdentity indexed oldIdentity, IIdentity indexed
newIdentity);
    * this event is emitted when an Identity's country has been updated
    * the event is emitted by the 'updateCountry' function
       `investorAddress` is the address on which the country has been updated
      `country` is the numeric code (ISO 3166-1) of the new country
    event CountryModified(address indexed investorAddress, uint16 indexed country);
   * this event is emitted when an Identity Registry is bound to the storage
contract
   * the event is emitted by the 'addIdentityRegistry' function
```

contract

```
* `identityRegistry` is the address of the identity registry added
    event IdentityRegistryBound(address indexed identityRegistry);
    ^{\star} this event is emitted when an Identity Registry is unbound from the storage
contract
    * the event is emitted by the 'removeIdentityRegistry' function
      `identityRegistry` is the address of the identity registry removed
    event IdentityRegistryUnbound(address indexed identityRegistry);
   /**
    * @dev Returns the identity registries linked to the storage contract
    function linkedIdentityRegistries() external view returns (address[] memory);
   /**
    * @dev Returns the onchainID of an investor.
      @param userAddress The wallet of the investor
    function storedIdentity(address userAddress) external view returns (IIdentity);
    ^{\star} @dev Returns the country code of an investor.
      @param userAddress The wallet of the investor
    function storedInvestorCountry(address userAddress) external view returns
(uint16);
   /**
    * @dev adds an identity contract corresponding to a user address in the storage.
    * Requires that the user doesn't have an identity contract already registered.
      This function can only be called by an address set as agent of the smart
contract
    * @param _userAddress The address of the user
    ^{\star} @param _identity The address of the user's identity contract
    * @param
              country The country of the investor
      emits `IdentityStored` event
    function addIdentityToStorage(address _userAddress, IIdentity identity, uint16
_country) external;
      @dev Removes an user from the storage.
      Requires that the user have an identity contract already deployed that will be
deleted.
    * This function can only be called by an address set as agent of the smart
contract
    * @param userAddress The address of the user to be removed
    * emits `IdentityUnstored` event
    function removeIdentityFromStorage(address userAddress) external;
    * @dev Updates the country corresponding to a user address.
   * Requires that the user should have an identity contract already deployed that
will be replaced.
   * This function can only be called by an address set as agent of the smart
```

```
* @param userAddress The address of the user
      @param country The new country of the user
    * emits `CountryModified` event
    function modifyStoredInvestorCountry(address userAddress, uint16 country)
external;
   /**
    * @dev Updates an identity contract corresponding to a user address.
    * Requires that the user address should be the owner of the identity contract.
    * Requires that the user should have an identity contract already deployed that
will be replaced.
   * This function can only be called by an address set as agent of the smart
contract
    * @param userAddress The address of the user
    * @param identity The address of the user's new identity contract
    * emits `IdentityModified` event
   function modifyStoredIdentity(address userAddress, IIdentity identity)
external;
   /**
   * @notice Transfers the Ownership of the Identity Registry Storage to a new
Owner.
   * This function can only be called by the wallet set as owner of the smart
contract
   * @param newOwner The new owner of this contract.
   function transferOwnershipOnIdentityRegistryStorage(address newOwner) external;
   * @notice Adds an identity registry as agent of the Identity Registry Storage
Contract.
   * This function can only be called by the wallet set as owner of the smart
contract
   * This function adds the identity registry to the list of identityRegistries
linked to the storage contract
   * Oparam identityRegistry The identity registry address to add.
   function bindIdentityRegistry(address identityRegistry) external;
   * @notice Removes an identity registry from being agent of the Identity Registry
Storage Contract.
   * This function can only be called by the wallet set as owner of the smart
contract
   * This function removes the identity registry from the list of
identityRegistries linked to the storage contract
   * @param identityRegistry The identity registry address to remove.
   function unbindIdentityRegistry(address identityRegistry) external;
}
```

ITrustedIssuersRegistry.sol

```
/**
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```

```
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 * /
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IClaimIssuer.sol";
interface ITrustedIssuersRegistry {
   /**
    * this event is emitted when a trusted issuer is added in the registry.
    * the event is emitted by the addTrustedIssuer function
       `trustedIssuer` is the address of the trusted issuer's ClaimIssuer contract
    ^{\star} 'claimTopics' is the set of claims that the trusted issuer is allowed to emit
    event TrustedIssuerAdded(IClaimIssuer indexed trustedIssuer, uint[] claimTopics);
   /**
      this event is emitted when a trusted issuer is removed from the registry.
      the event is emitted by the removeTrustedIssuer function
       `trustedIssuer` is the address of the trusted issuer's ClaimIssuer contract
    event TrustedIssuerRemoved(IClaimIssuer indexed trustedIssuer);
   * this event is emitted when the set of claim topics is changed for a given
trusted issuer.
      the event is emitted by the updateIssuerClaimTopics function
       `trustedIssuer` is the address of the trusted issuer's ClaimIssuer contract
      `claimTopics` is the set of claims that the trusted issuer is allowed to emit
    event ClaimTopicsUpdated(IClaimIssuer indexed trustedIssuer, uint[] claimTopics);
      @dev registers a ClaimIssuer contract as trusted claim issuer.
    * Requires that a ClaimIssuer contract doesn't already exist
    ^{\star} Requires that the claimTopics set is not empty
      @param trustedIssuer The ClaimIssuer contract address of the trusted claim
   * Oparam claimTopics the set of claim topics that the trusted issuer is allowed
to emit
```

```
* This function can only be called by the owner of the Trusted Issuers Registry
contract
    * emits a `TrustedIssuerAdded` event
    function addTrustedIssuer(IClaimIssuer trustedIssuer, uint[] calldata
claimTopics) external;
   /**
    ^{\star} \, Qdev Removes the ClaimIssuer contract of a trusted claim issuer.
    ^{\star} Requires that the claim issuer contract to be registered first
    * @param trustedIssuer the claim issuer to remove.
    * This function can only be called by the owner of the Trusted Issuers Registry
contract
    * emits a `TrustedIssuerRemoved` event
    function removeTrustedIssuer(IClaimIssuer _trustedIssuer) external;
      @dev Updates the set of claim topics that a trusted issuer is allowed to emit.
    * Requires that this ClaimIssuer contract already exists in the registry
    * Requires that the provided claimTopics set is not empty
    * @param trustedIssuer the claim issuer to update.
    * @param claimTopics the set of claim topics that the trusted issuer is allowed
to emit
    * This function can only be called by the owner of the Trusted Issuers Registry
contract
    * emits a `ClaimTopicsUpdated` event
    function updateIssuerClaimTopics(IClaimIssuer trustedIssuer, uint[] calldata
claimTopics) external;
    ^{\star} \, Qdev Function for getting all the trusted claim issuers stored.
    * @return array of all claim issuers registered.
    function getTrustedIssuers() external view returns (IClaimIssuer[] memory);
    * @dev Checks if the ClaimIssuer contract is trusted
    ^{\star} @param issuer the address of the ClaimIssuer contract
      Greturn true if the issuer is trusted, false otherwise.
    function isTrustedIssuer(address _issuer) external view returns(bool);
    * @dev Function for getting all the claim topic of trusted claim issuer
    * Requires the provided ClaimIssuer contract to be registered in the trusted
issuers registry.
    * @param _trustedIssuer the trusted issuer concerned.
      Greturn The set of claim topics that the trusted issuer is allowed to emit
    function getTrustedIssuerClaimTopics(IClaimIssuer trustedIssuer) external view
returns(uint[] memory);
   /**
    ^{\star} \, @dev Function for checking if the trusted claim issuer is allowed
    * to emit a certain claim topic
    * @param issuer the address of the trusted issuer's ClaimIssuer contract
    ^{\star} @param claimTopic the Claim Topic that has to be checked to know if the
`issuer` is allowed to emit it
```

```
  * @return true if the issuer is trusted for this claim topic.
  */
  function hasClaimTopic(address _issuer, uint _claimTopic) external view
returns(bool);

/**
  * @dev Transfers the Ownership of TrustedIssuersRegistry to a new Owner.
  * @param _newOwner The new owner of this contract.
  * This function can only be called by the owner of the Trusted Issuers Registry
contract
  * emits an `OwnershipTransferred` event
  */
  function transferOwnershipOnIssuersRegistryContract(address _newOwner) external;
}
```

IdentityRegistry.sol

```
/**
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       You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
 */
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IClaimIssuer.sol";
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IIdentity.sol";
import "../registry/IClaimTopicsRegistry.sol";
import "../registry/ITrustedIssuersRegistry.sol";
import "../registry/IIdentityRegistry.sol";
import "../roles/AgentRole.sol";
import "../registry/IIdentityRegistryStorage.sol";
import "../roles/Ownable.sol";
contract IdentityRegistry is IIdentityRegistry, AgentRole {
    /// Address of the ClaimTopicsRegistry Contract
```

```
IClaimTopicsRegistry private tokenTopicsRegistry;
    /// Address of the TrustedIssuersRegistry Contract
    ITrustedIssuersRegistry private tokenIssuersRegistry;
    /// Address of the IdentityRegistryStorage Contract
    IIdentityRegistryStorage private tokenIdentityStorage;
   /**
    * @dev the constructor initiates the Identity Registry smart contract
    ^{\star} @param trustedIssuersRegistry the trusted issuers registry linked to the
Identity Registry
    * @param claimTopicsRegistry the claim topics registry linked to the Identity
Registry
    * @param identityStorage the identity registry storage linked to the Identity
Registry
    * emits a `ClaimTopicsRegistrySet` event
    * emits a `TrustedIssuersRegistrySet` event
    * emits an `IdentityStorageSet` event
    constructor (
        address trustedIssuersRegistry,
        address claimTopicsRegistry,
        address identityStorage
    ) public {
        tokenTopicsRegistry = IClaimTopicsRegistry( claimTopicsRegistry);
        tokenIssuersRegistry = ITrustedIssuersRegistry( trustedIssuersRegistry);
        tokenIdentityStorage = IIdentityRegistryStorage( identityStorage);
        emit ClaimTopicsRegistrySet( claimTopicsRegistry);
        emit TrustedIssuersRegistrySet( trustedIssuersRegistry);
        emit IdentityStorageSet( identityStorage);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-identity}.
    function identity(address userAddress) public override view returns (IIdentity) {
        return tokenIdentityStorage.storedIdentity( userAddress);
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-investorCountry}.
    function investorCountry(address userAddress) public override view returns
(uint16) {
       return tokenIdentityStorage.storedInvestorCountry( userAddress);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-issuersRegistry}.
    function issuersRegistry() public override view returns
(ITrustedIssuersRegistry) {
       return tokenIssuersRegistry;
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-topicsRegistry}.
    function topicsRegistry() public override view returns (IClaimTopicsRegistry){
```

```
return tokenTopicsRegistry;
    }
    * @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-identityStorage}.
    function identityStorage() public override view returns
(IIdentityRegistryStorage) {
       return tokenIdentityStorage;
   /**
    * @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-registerIdentity}.
    function registerIdentity(address _userAddress, IIdentity identity, uint16
_country) public override onlyAgent {
       tokenIdentityStorage.addIdentityToStorage( userAddress, _identity, _country);
        emit IdentityRegistered( userAddress, identity);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-batchRegisterIdentity}.
    function batchRegisterIdentity(address[] calldata userAddresses, IIdentity[]
calldata identities, uint16[] calldata countries) external override {
       for (uint256 i = 0; i < userAddresses.length; i++) {</pre>
            registerIdentity( userAddresses[i], identities[i], countries[i]);
    }
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-updateIdentity}.
    function updateIdentity(address userAddress, IIdentity identity) public
override onlyAgent {
       tokenIdentityStorage.modifyStoredIdentity(_userAddress, _identity);
        emit IdentityUpdated(identity( userAddress), identity);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-updateCountry}.
    function updateCountry(address _userAddress, uint16 _country) public override
onlyAgent {
       tokenIdentityStorage.modifyStoredInvestorCountry(_userAddress, _country);
       emit CountryUpdated( userAddress, country);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-deleteIdentity}.
    function deleteIdentity(address userAddress) public override onlyAgent {
       tokenIdentityStorage.removeIdentityFromStorage( userAddress);
        emit IdentityRemoved( userAddress, identity( userAddress));
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-isVerified}.
```

```
function is Verified (address userAddress) public override view returns (bool) {
        if (address(identity( userAddress)) == address(0)) {
            return false;
        }
        uint256[] memory claimTopics = tokenTopicsRegistry.getClaimTopics();
        uint length = claimTopics.length;
        if (length == 0) {
            return true;
        }
        uint256 foundClaimTopic;
        uint256 scheme;
        address issuer;
        bytes memory sig;
        bytes memory data;
        uint256 claimTopic;
        for (claimTopic = 0; claimTopic < length; claimTopic++) {</pre>
            bytes32[] memory claimIds =
identity(_userAddress).getClaimIdsByTopic(claimTopics[claimTopic]);
            if (claimIds.length == 0) {
                return false;
            for (uint j = 0; j < claimIds.length; j++) {</pre>
                (foundClaimTopic, scheme, issuer, sig, data,) =
identity(_userAddress).getClaim(claimIds[j]);
                if (!tokenIssuersRegistry.isTrustedIssuer(issuer)) {
                    return false;
                if (!tokenIssuersRegistry.hasClaimTopic(issuer,
claimTopics[claimTopic])) {
                    return false;
                if (!IClaimIssuer(issuer).isClaimValid(identity( userAddress),
claimTopics[claimTopic], sig, data)) {
                    return false;
            }
        return true;
   /**
       @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-setIdentityRegistryStorage}.
    function setIdentityRegistryStorage(address _identityRegistryStorage) public
override onlyOwner {
        tokenIdentityStorage = IIdentityRegistryStorage( identityRegistryStorage);
        emit IdentityStorageSet( identityRegistryStorage);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-setClaimTopicsRegistry}.
    function setClaimTopicsRegistry(address claimTopicsRegistry) public override
onlyOwner {
        tokenTopicsRegistry = IClaimTopicsRegistry( claimTopicsRegistry);
        emit ClaimTopicsRegistrySet( claimTopicsRegistry);
    }
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-setTrustedIssuersRegistry}.
```

```
* /
    function setTrustedIssuersRegistry(address trustedIssuersRegistry) public
override onlyOwner {
        tokenIssuersRegistry = ITrustedIssuersRegistry( trustedIssuersRegistry);
        emit TrustedIssuersRegistrySet( trustedIssuersRegistry);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-contains}.
    function contains (address userAddress) public override view returns (bool) {
        if (address(identity( userAddress)) == address(0)) {
            return false;
        return true;
    }
   /**
       @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-transferOwnershipOnIdentityRegistryContract}.
    function transferOwnershipOnIdentityRegistryContract(address newOwner) external
override onlyOwner {
       transferOwnership( newOwner);
    }
   /**
       @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-addAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract}.
    function addAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract(address agent) external override {
        addAgent( agent);
   /**
       @dev See {IIdentityRegistry-removeAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract}.
    function removeAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract(address agent) external override
{
        removeAgent( agent);
}
```

IdentityRegistry.sol

```
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IIdentity.sol";
import "../roles/AgentRole.sol";
import "../registry/IIdentityRegistryStorage.sol";

contract IdentityRegistryStorage is IIdentityRegistryStorage, AgentRole {
    /// struct containing the identity contract and the country of the user struct Identity {
        IIdentity identityContract;
        uint16 investorCountry;
    }
```

```
/// mapping between a user address and the corresponding identity
    mapping(address => Identity) private identities;
    /// array of Identity Registries linked to this storage
    address[] private identityRegistries;
   /**
    * @dev See {IIdentityRegistryStorage-linkedIdentityRegistries}.
    function linkedIdentityRegistries() public override view returns (address[]
memory) {
       return identityRegistries;
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistryStorage-storedIdentity}.
    function storedIdentity(address userAddress) public override view returns
(IIdentity) {
       return identities[ userAddress].identityContract;
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistryStorage-storedInvestorCountry}.
    function storedInvestorCountry(address userAddress) public override view returns
(uint16) {
       return identities[ userAddress].investorCountry;
    }
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistryStorage-addIdentityToStorage}.
    function addIdentityToStorage(address _userAddress, IIdentity _identity, uint16
_country) public override onlyAgent {
       require (address (identity) != address(0), "contract address can't be a zero
address");
       require(address(identities[ userAddress].identityContract) == address(0),
"identity contract already exists, please use update");
        identities[ userAddress].identityContract = _identity;
        identities[ userAddress].investorCountry =
                                                    country;
        emit IdentityStored(_userAddress, _identity);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {IIdentityRegistryStorage-modifyStoredIdentity}.
    function modifyStoredIdentity(address userAddress, IIdentity identity) public
override onlyAgent {
       require(address(identities[ userAddress].identityContract) != address(0),
"this user has no identity registered");
       require(address(_identity) != address(0), "contract address can't be a zero
address");
       identities[ userAddress].identityContract = identity;
        emit IdentityModified(identities[ userAddress].identityContract, identity);
    }
    * @dev See {IIdentityRegistryStorage-modifyStoredInvestorCountry}.
```

```
* /
    function modifyStoredInvestorCountry(address userAddress, uint16 country)
public override onlyAgent {
        require(address(identities[ userAddress].identityContract) != address(0),
"this user has no identity registered");
        identities[ userAddress].investorCountry = country;
        emit CountryModified( userAddress, country);
    }
   /**
    * @dev See {IIdentityRegistryStorage-removeIdentityFromStorage}.
    function removeIdentityFromStorage(address userAddress) public override
onlyAgent {
        require(address(identities[ userAddress].identityContract) != address(0),
"you haven't registered an identity yet");
        delete identities[ userAddress];
        emit IdentityUnstored( userAddress,
identities[ userAddress].identityContract);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistryStorage-
transferOwnershipOnIdentityRegistryStorage } .
    function transferOwnershipOnIdentityRegistryStorage(address newOwner) external
override onlyOwner {
        transferOwnership( newOwner);
    }
    /**
      @dev See {IIdentityRegistryStorage-bindIdentityRegistry}.
    function bindIdentityRegistry(address identityRegistry) external override {
        addAgent( identityRegistry);
        identityRegistries.push(_identityRegistry);
        emit IdentityRegistryBound( identityRegistry);
    }
    /**
       @dev See {IIdentityRegistryStorage-unbindIdentityRegistry}.
    function \ unbindIdentity Registry (address \ \_identity Registry) \ external \ override \ \{ boundaries \ \_identity Registry \} .
        require (identity Registries.length > \overline{0}, "identity registry is not stored");
        uint length = identityRegistries.length;
        for (uint i = 0; i < length; i++) {
            if (identityRegistries[i] == identityRegistry) {
                 delete identityRegistries[i];
                 identityRegistries[i] = identityRegistries[length - 1];
                delete identityRegistries[length - 1];
                 identityRegistries.pop();
                break;
            }
        removeAgent( identityRegistry);
        emit IdentityRegistryUnbound( identityRegistry);
    }
}
```

TrustedIssuersRegistry.sol

```
/**
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       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IClaimIssuer.sol";
import "../registry/ITrustedIssuersRegistry.sol";
import "../roles/Ownable.sol";
contract TrustedIssuersRegistry is ITrustedIssuersRegistry, Ownable {
    /// Array containing all TrustedIssuers identity contract address.
    IClaimIssuer[] private trustedIssuers;
    /// Mapping between a trusted issuer index and its corresponding claimTopics.
    mapping(address => uint[]) private trustedIssuerClaimTopics;
    * @dev See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-addTrustedIssuer}.
    function addTrustedIssuer(IClaimIssuer _trustedIssuer, uint[] memory
claimTopics) public override onlyOwner {
       require(trustedIssuerClaimTopics[address( trustedIssuer)].length == 0,
"trusted Issuer already exists");
        require( claimTopics.length > 0, "trusted claim topics cannot be empty");
        trustedIssuers.push( trustedIssuer);
        trustedIssuerClaimTopics[address( trustedIssuer)] = claimTopics;
        emit TrustedIssuerAdded( trustedIssuer, claimTopics);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-removeTrustedIssuer}.
    function removeTrustedIssuer(IClaimIssuer trustedIssuer) public override
onlyOwner {
```

```
require(trustedIssuerClaimTopics[address( trustedIssuer)].length != 0,
"trusted Issuer doesn't exist");
        uint length = trustedIssuers.length;
        for (uint i = 0; i < length; i++) {
            if (trustedIssuers[i] == _trustedIssuer) {
                delete trustedIssuers[i];
                trustedIssuers[i] = trustedIssuers[length - 1];
                delete trustedIssuers[length - 1];
                trustedIssuers.pop();
                break;
            }
        delete trustedIssuerClaimTopics[address( trustedIssuer)];
        emit TrustedIssuerRemoved( trustedIssuer);
    }
   /**
       @dev See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-updateIssuerClaimTopics}.
    function updateIssuerClaimTopics(IClaimIssuer trustedIssuer, uint[] memory
claimTopics) public override onlyOwner {
       require(trustedIssuerClaimTopics[address( trustedIssuer)].length != 0,
"trusted Issuer doesn't exist");
        require( claimTopics.length > 0, "claim topics cannot be empty");
        trustedIssuerClaimTopics[address( trustedIssuer)] = claimTopics;
        emit ClaimTopicsUpdated( trustedIssuer, claimTopics);
    }
   /**
      @dev See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-getTrustedIssuers}.
    function getTrustedIssuers() public override view returns (IClaimIssuer[] memory)
{
        return trustedIssuers;
    }
   /**
       @dev See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-isTrustedIssuer}.
    function isTrustedIssuer(address issuer) public override view returns (bool) {
        uint length = trustedIssuers.length;
        for (uint i = 0; i < length; i++) {</pre>
            if (address(trustedIssuers[i]) == _issuer) {
                return true;
        return false;
    }
   /**
       @dev See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-getTrustedIssuerClaimTopics}.
    function getTrustedIssuerClaimTopics(IClaimIssuer trustedIssuer) public override
view returns (uint[] memory) {
       require(trustedIssuerClaimTopics[address( trustedIssuer)].length != 0,
"trusted Issuer doesn't exist");
       return trustedIssuerClaimTopics[address( trustedIssuer)];
    }
   /**
```

```
* @dev See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-hasClaimTopic}.
    function hasClaimTopic(address issuer, uint claimTopic) public override view
returns (bool) {
        uint length = trustedIssuerClaimTopics[ issuer].length;
        uint[] memory claimTopics = trustedIssuerClaimTopics[ issuer];
        for (uint i = 0; i < length; i++) {
            if (claimTopics[i] == claimTopic) {
                return true;
            }
        }
        return false;
    }
   /**
      @dev See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-transferOwnershipOnIssuersRegistryContract}.
    function transferOwnershipOnIssuersRegistryContract(address newOwner) external
override onlyOwner {
        transferOwnership( newOwner);
    }
}
```

ClaimTopicsRegistry.sol

```
/**
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       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
 * /
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "../registry/IClaimTopicsRegistry.sol";
import "../roles/Ownable.sol";
contract ClaimTopicsRegistry is IClaimTopicsRegistry, Ownable {
    /// All required Claim Topics
```

```
uint256[] private claimTopics;
   /**
    * @dev See {IClaimTopicsRegistry-addClaimTopic}.
    function addClaimTopic(uint256 claimTopic) public override onlyOwner {
        uint length = claimTopics.length;
        for (uint i = 0; i < length; i++) {
            require(claimTopics[i] != claimTopic, "claimTopic already exists");
        claimTopics.push( claimTopic);
        emit ClaimTopicAdded( claimTopic);
    }
   /**
       @dev See {IClaimTopicsRegistry-removeClaimTopic}.
    function removeClaimTopic(uint256 claimTopic) public override onlyOwner {
        uint length = claimTopics.length;
        for (uint i = 0; i < length; i++) {
            if (claimTopics[i] == claimTopic) {
                delete claimTopics[i];
                claimTopics[i] = claimTopics[length - 1];
                delete claimTopics[length - 1];
                claimTopics.pop();
                emit ClaimTopicRemoved( claimTopic);
                break:
            }
        }
    }
       @dev See {IClaimTopicsRegistry-getClaimTopics}.
    function getClaimTopics() public override view returns (uint256[] memory) {
        return claimTopics;
   /**
   * @dev See {IClaimTopicsRegistry-
transferOwnershipOnClaimTopicsRegistryContract}.
    function transferOwnershipOnClaimTopicsRegistryContract(address newOwner)
external override onlyOwner {
       transferOwnership( newOwner);
    }
```

AgentManager.sol

}

```
/**
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      T-REX is a suite of smart contracts developed by Tokeny to manage and transfer
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```

```
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       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
 */
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "../token/IToken.sol";
import "../registry/IIdentityRegistry.sol";
import "./AgentRoles.sol";
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IIdentity.sol";
contract AgentManager is AgentRoles {
    /// the token managed by this AgentManager contract
    IToken public token;
    constructor (address token) public {
       token = IToken(_token);
      @dev calls the `forcedTransfer` function on the Token contract
    ^{\star} AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
     See {IToken-forcedTransfer}.
    ^{\star} Requires that `_onchainID` is set as TransferManager on the AgentManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    ^{\star} @param _onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callForcedTransfer(address _from, address _to, uint256 _amount,
IIdentity onchainID) external {
        require(isTransferManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Transfer Manager");
       token.forcedTransfer( from, to, amount);
    }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `batchForcedTransfer` function on the Token contract
    ^{\star} AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-batchForcedTransfer}.
    ^{\star} Requires that `_onchainID` is set as TransferManager on the AgentManager
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
```

```
* @param _onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    * /
    function callBatchForcedTransfer(address[] calldata fromList, address[] calldata
_toList, uint256[] calldata _amounts, IIdentity _onchainID) external {
        require(isTransferManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Transfer Manager");
        token.batchForcedTransfer( fromList, toList, amounts);
   /**
    * @dev calls the `pause` function on the Token contract
    * AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-pause}.
    * Requires that ` onchainID` is set as Freezer on the AgentManager contract
    * Requires that msq.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    * /
    function callPause(IIdentity onchainID) external {
       require(isFreezer(address(onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msq.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Freezer");
       token.pause();
   /**
    * @dev calls the `unpause` function on the Token contract
    ^{\star} AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-unpause}.
    * Requires that `_onchainID` is set as Freezer on the AgentManager contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * \operatorname{@param} _onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callUnpause(IIdentity _onchainID) external {
       require(isFreezer(address(onchainID)) &&
onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Freezer");
       token.unpause();
    }
    * @dev calls the `mint` function on the Token contract
      AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
     See {IToken-mint}.
    * Requires that ` onchainID` is set as SupplyModifier on the AgentManager
contract.
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callMint(address _to, uint256 _amount, IIdentity onchainID) external {
        require(isSupplyModifier(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Supply Modifier");
```

```
token.mint( to, amount);
    }
   /**
      @dev calls the `batchMint` function on the Token contract
      AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-batchMint}.
    ^{\star} Requires that `_onchainID` is set as SupplyModifier on the AgentManager
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callBatchMint(address[] calldata toList, uint256[] calldata amounts,
IIdentity onchainID) external {
        require(isSupplyModifier(address(onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Supply Modifier");
        token.batchMint( toList, amounts);
    }
   /**
      @dev calls the `burn` function on the Token contract
    * AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
     See {IToken-burn}.
    * Requires that `_onchainID` is set as SupplyModifier on the AgentManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callBurn(address userAddress, uint256 amount, IIdentity onchainID)
       require(isSupplyModifier(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Supply Modifier");
       token.burn( userAddress, amount);
    }
      @dev calls the `batchBurn` function on the Token contract
      AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-batchBurn}.
    * Requires that `onchainID` is set as SupplyModifier on the AgentManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callBatchBurn(address[] calldata userAddresses, uint256[] calldata
amounts, IIdentity onchainID) external {
       require(isSupplyModifier(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Supply Modifier");
       token.batchBurn( userAddresses, amounts);
    }
```

```
/**
    * @dev calls the `setAddressFrozen` function on the Token contract
    ^{\star} AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-setAddressFrozen}.
    * Requires that ` onchainID` is set as Freezer on the AgentManager contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on `_onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callSetAddressFrozen(address userAddress, bool freeze, IIdentity
_onchainID) external {
       require(isFreezer(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
        token.setAddressFrozen( userAddress, freeze);
   /**
      @dev calls the `batchSetAddressFrozen` function on the Token contract
    * AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-batchSetAddressFrozen}.
    * Requires that ` onchainID` is set as Freezer on the AgentManager contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callBatchSetAddressFrozen(address[] calldata userAddresses, bool[]
calldata freeze, IIdentity onchainID) external {
       require(isFreezer(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Freezer");
       token.batchSetAddressFrozen( userAddresses, freeze);
   /**
      @dev calls the `freezePartialTokens` function on the Token contract
      AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-freezePartialTokens}.
    * Requires that `_onchainID` is set as Freezer on the AgentManager contract
      Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on `_onchainID`
      @param _onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callFreezePartialTokens(address userAddress, uint256 amount, IIdentity
onchainID) external {
       require(isFreezer(address(onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Freezer");
       token.freezePartialTokens( userAddress, amount);
    }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `batchFreezePartialTokens` function on the Token contract
    ^{\star} AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-batchFreezePartialTokens}.
    * Requires that ` onchainID` is set as Freezer on the AgentManager contract
```

```
* Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
      @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callBatchFreezePartialTokens(address[] calldata userAddresses,
uint256[] calldata amounts, IIdentity onchainID) external {
        require(isFreezer(address(onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Freezer");
        token.batchFreezePartialTokens( userAddresses, amounts);
   /**
    * @dev calls the `unfreezePartialTokens` function on the Token contract
    * AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
      See {IToken-unfreezePartialTokens}.
    * Requires that ` onchainID` is set as Freezer on the AgentManager contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callUnfreezePartialTokens(address userAddress, uint256 amount,
IIdentity onchainID) external {
       require(isFreezer(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256 abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Freezer");
        token.unfreezePartialTokens( userAddress, amount);
   /**
      @dev calls the `batchUnfreezePartialTokens` function on the Token contract
      AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
     See {IToken-batchUnfreezePartialTokens}.
    * Requires that `_onchainID` is set as Freezer on the AgentManager contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
      @param _onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callBatchUnfreezePartialTokens(address[] calldata userAddresses,
uint256[] calldata _amounts, IIdentity _onchainID) external {
        require(isFreezer(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256 abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Freezer");
       token.batchUnfreezePartialTokens( userAddresses, amounts);
    }
   /**
      @dev calls the `recoveryAddress` function on the Token contract
    ^{\star} AgentManager has to be set as agent on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-recoveryAddress}.
    * Requires that ` managerOnchainID` is set as RecoveryAgent on the AgentManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` managerOnchainID`
    * @param managerOnchainID the onchainID contract o\bar{f} the caller, e.g. "i call
this function and i am Bob"
    * /
```

```
function callRecoveryAddress(address _lostWallet, address _newWallet, address
onchainID, IIdentity managerOnchainID) external {
        require(isRecoveryAgent(address( managerOnchainID)) &&
managerOnchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender
is NOT Recovery Agent");
        token.recoveryAddress( lostWallet, newWallet, onchainID);
    }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `registerIdentity` function on the Identity Registry contract
    ^{\star} AgentManager has to be set as agent on the Identity Registry smart contract to
process this function
    * See {IIdentityRegistry-registerIdentity}.
    * Requires that `ManagerOnchainID` is set as WhiteListManager on the
AgentManager contract
    * Requires that msq.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` managerOnchainID`
    * @param managerOnchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call
this function and i am Bob"
    function callRegisterIdentity(address userAddress, IIdentity onchainID, uint16
country, IIdentity managerOnchainID) external {
       require(isWhiteListManager(address( managerOnchainID)) &&
managerOnchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender
is NOT WhiteList Manager");
       token.identityRegistry().registerIdentity( userAddress, onchainID,
_country);
   }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `updateIdentity` function on the Identity Registry contract
    * AgentManager has to be set as agent on the Identity Registry smart contract to
process this function
    * See {IIdentityRegistry-updateIdentity}.
    ^\star Requires that `onchainID` is set as WhiteListManager on the AgentManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    ^{\star} @param _onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    * /
    function callUpdateIdentity(address userAddress, IIdentity identity, IIdentity
_onchainID) external {
       require(isWhiteListManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
WhiteList Manager");
       token.identityRegistry().updateIdentity( userAddress, identity);
    }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `updateCountry` function on the Identity Registry contract
    * AgentManager has to be set as agent on the Identity Registry smart contract to
process this function
    * See {IIdentityRegistry-updateCountry}.
    * Requires that `_onchainID` is set as WhiteListManager on the AgentManager
contract.
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callUpdateCountry(address userAddress, uint16 country, IIdentity
onchainID) external {
```

```
require(isWhiteListManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
WhiteList Manager");
        token.identityRegistry().updateCountry( userAddress, country);
    }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `deleteIdentity` function on the Identity Registry contract
    ^{\star} AgentManager has to be set as agent on the Identity Registry smart contract to
process this function
    * See {IIdentityRegistry-deleteIdentity}.
    ^{\star} Requires that `onchainID` is set as WhiteListManager on the AgentManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    */
    function callDeleteIdentity(address userAddress, IIdentity onchainID) external
{
        require(isWhiteListManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msq.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
WhiteList Manager");
        token.identityRegistry().deleteIdentity( userAddress);
}
```

AgentRole.sol

```
/**
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       but WITHOUT ANY WARRANTY; without even the implied warranty of
       MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. See the
       GNU General Public License for more details.
       You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
 * /
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "./Roles.sol";
import "./Ownable.sol";
```

```
contract AgentRole is Ownable {
    using Roles for Roles.Role;
    event AgentAdded(address indexed agent);
    event AgentRemoved(address indexed agent);
    Roles.Role private agents;
    modifier onlyAgent() {
       require(isAgent(msg.sender), "AgentRole: caller does not have the Agent
role");
    }
    function isAgent(address agent) public view returns (bool) {
        return _agents.has(_agent);
    function addAgent(address agent) public onlyOwner {
        agents.add( agent);
        emit AgentAdded( agent);
    }
    function removeAgent(address agent) public onlyOwner {
        agents.remove( agent);
        emit AgentRemoved( agent);
    }
}
```

AgentRoles.sol

```
/**
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      GNU General Public License for more details.
       You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
 * /
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
```

```
import "./Roles.sol";
import "./Ownable.sol";
contract AgentRoles is Ownable {
   using Roles for Roles.Role;
    event RoleAdded(address indexed agent, string role);
    event RoleRemoved(address indexed agent, string role);
    Roles.Role private _supplyModifiers;
    Roles.Role private freezers;
    Roles.Role private transferManagers;
    Roles.Role private recoveryAgents;
    Roles.Role private complianceAgents;
    Roles.Role private whiteListManagers;
    Roles.Role private agentAdmin;
    modifier onlyAdmin() {
       require(isOwner() || isAgentAdmin( msgSender()), "Role: Sender is NOT
Admin");
    /// AgentAdmin Role agentAdmin
    function isAgentAdmin(address agent) public view returns (bool) {
        return agentAdmin.has( agent);
    function addAgentAdmin(address _agent) public onlyAdmin {
        agentAdmin.add( agent);
        string memory role = "AgentAdmin";
        emit RoleAdded( agent, role);
    function removeAgentAdmin(address agent) public onlyAdmin {
        agentAdmin.remove( agent);
        string memory role = "AgentAdmin";
        emit RoleRemoved( agent, role);
    /// SupplyModifier Role _supplyModifiers
    function isSupplyModifier(address _agent) public view returns (bool) {
       return supplyModifiers.has( agent);
    function addSupplyModifier(address agent) public onlyAdmin {
        supplyModifiers.add( agent);
        string memory role = "SupplyModifier";
        emit RoleAdded( agent, role);
    }
    function removeSupplyModifier(address agent) public onlyAdmin {
        supplyModifiers.remove( agent);
        string memory _role = "SupplyModifier";
        emit RoleRemoved( agent, role);
    }
    /// Freezer Role freezers
```

```
function isFreezer(address _agent) public view returns (bool) {
    return _freezers.has(_agent);
function addFreezer(address agent) public onlyAdmin {
    freezers.add( agent);
    string memory role = "Freezer";
   emit RoleAdded(_agent, _role);
}
function removeFreezer(address agent) public onlyAdmin {
    freezers.remove( agent);
   string memory role = "Freezer";
   emit RoleRemoved(_agent, _role);
/// TransferManager Role transferManagers
function isTransferManager(address agent) public view returns (bool) {
   return transferManagers.has( agent);
function addTransferManager(address agent) public onlyAdmin {
    transferManagers.add( agent);
    string memory _role = "TransferManager";
   emit RoleAdded( agent, role);
}
function removeTransferManager(address agent) public onlyAdmin {
    transferManagers.remove( agent);
    string memory _role = "TransferManager";
    emit RoleRemoved( agent, role);
}
/// RecoveryAgent Role recoveryAgents
function isRecoveryAgent(address agent) public view returns (bool) {
   return recoveryAgents.has( agent);
{\tt function \ addRecoveryAgent (address \ \_agent) \ public \ onlyAdmin \ \{}
    recoveryAgents.add( agent);
    string memory _role = "RecoveryAgent";
   emit RoleAdded(_agent, _role);
}
function removeRecoveryAgent(address agent) public onlyAdmin {
    recoveryAgents.remove(_agent);
   string memory _role = "RecoveryAgent";
   emit RoleRemoved( agent, role);
}
/// ComplianceAgent Role complianceAgents
function isComplianceAgent(address agent) public view returns (bool) {
    return complianceAgents.has( agent);
}
function addComplianceAgent(address agent) public onlyAdmin {
```

```
_complianceAgents.add(_agent);
       string memory role = "ComplianceAgent";
       emit RoleAdded( agent, role);
    }
   function removeComplianceAgent(address _agent) public onlyAdmin {
       complianceAgents.remove( agent);
       string memory role = "ComplianceAgent";
       emit RoleRemoved( agent, role);
    }
   /// WhiteListManager Role whiteListManagers
   function isWhiteListManager(address agent) public view returns (bool) {
       return _whiteListManagers.has(_agent);
   function addWhiteListManager(address _agent) public onlyAdmin {
        whiteListManagers.add( agent);
       string memory role = "WhiteListManager";
       emit RoleAdded( agent, role);
    }
   function removeWhiteListManager(address _agent) public onlyAdmin {
        whiteListManagers.remove( agent);
       string memory role = "WhiteListManager";
       emit RoleRemoved( agent, role);
    }
}
```

Ownable.sol

```
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "openzeppelin-solidity/contracts/GSN/Context.sol";
/**
 * @dev Contract module which provides a basic access control mechanism, where
 * there is an account (an owner) that can be granted exclusive access to
 * specific functions.
 * This module is used through inheritance. It will make available the modifier
 * `onlyOwner`, which can be applied to your functions to restrict their use to
 * the owner.
contract Ownable is Context {
    address private owner;
    event OwnershipTransferred(address indexed previousOwner, address indexed
newOwner);
     ^{\star} @dev Initializes the contract setting the deployer as the initial owner.
    */
    constructor () internal {
        address msgSender = _msgSender();
        owner = msgSender;
```

}

```
emit OwnershipTransferred(address(0), msgSender);
}
/**
* @dev Returns the address of the current owner.
function owner() public view returns (address) {
   return owner;
}
/**
 * @dev Throws if called by any account other than the owner.
modifier onlyOwner() {
   require(isOwner(), "Ownable: caller is not the owner");
}
/**
 * @dev Returns true if the caller is the current owner.
function isOwner() public view returns (bool) {
   return msgSender() == owner;
}
 * @dev Leaves the contract without owner. It will not be possible to call
 * `onlyOwner` functions anymore. Can only be called by the current owner.
^{\star} NOTE: Renouncing ownership will leave the contract without an owner,
 * thereby removing any functionality that is only available to the owner.
function renounceOwnership() public virtual onlyOwner {
   emit OwnershipTransferred( owner, address(0));
    _{owner} = address(0);
}
* @dev Transfers ownership of the contract to a new account (`newOwner`).
* Can only be called by the current owner.
function transferOwnership(address newOwner) public virtual onlyOwner {
    _transferOwnership(newOwner);
* @dev Transfers ownership of the contract to a new account (`newOwner`).
function transferOwnership(address newOwner) internal virtual {
   require(newOwner != address(0), "Ownable: new owner is the zero address");
   emit OwnershipTransferred( owner, newOwner);
    owner = newOwner;
}
```

OwnerManager.sol

```
/**
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       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
 * /
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "../token/IToken.sol";
import "../registry/IIdentityRegistry.sol";
import "../registry/ITrustedIssuersRegistry.sol";
import "../registry/IClaimTopicsRegistry.sol";
import "../compliance/ICompliance.sol";
import "./OwnerRoles.sol";
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IIdentity.sol";
import "@onchain-id/solidity/contracts/IClaimIssuer.sol";
contract OwnerManager is OwnerRoles {
    /// the token that is managed by this OwnerManager Contract
    IToken public token;
    ^{\star} @dev the constructor initiates the OwnerManager contract
      and sets msg.sender as owner of the contract
      @param token the token managed by this OwnerManager contract
    constructor (address token) public {
       token = IToken( token);
   /**
    ^{\star} @dev calls the `setIdentityRegistry` function on the token contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the token smart contract to process
this function
     See {IToken-setIdentityRegistry}.
    ^{\star} Requires that `_onchainID` is set as RegistryAddressSetter on the OwnerManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
```

```
* @param _onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    * /
    function callSetIdentityRegistry(address identityRegistry, IIdentity onchainID)
external {
       require(isRegistryAddressSetter(address(onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Registry Address Setter");
        token.setIdentityRegistry( identityRegistry);
   /**
    * @dev calls the `setCompliance` function on the token contract
      OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-setCompliance}.
    ^\star Requires that `_onchainID` is set as ComplianceSetter on the OwnerManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callSetCompliance(address compliance, IIdentity onchainID) external {
       require(isComplianceSetter(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Compliance Setter");
       token.setCompliance( compliance);
     @dev calls the `setName` function on the token contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the token smart contract to process
this function
     See {IToken-setName}.
    ^\star Requires that `_onchainID` is set as TokenInfoManager on the OwnerManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    ^{\star} @param _onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callSetTokenName(string calldata name, IIdentity onchainID) external {
       require(isTokenInfoManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Token Information Manager");
       token.setName( name);
    }
    * @dev calls the `setSymbol` function on the token contract
      OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-setSymbol}.
    * Requires that ` onchainID` is set as TokenInfoManager on the OwnerManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callSetTokenSymbol(string calldata _symbol, IIdentity _onchainID)
external {
```

```
require(isTokenInfoManager(address(onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Token Information Manager");
        token.setSymbol( symbol);
    }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `setOnchainID` function on the token contract
      OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-setOnchainID}.
    * Requires that ` tokenOnchainID` is set as TokenInfoManager on the OwnerManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callSetTokenOnchainID(address tokenOnchainID, IIdentity onchainID)
external {
       require(isTokenInfoManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Token Information Manager");
       token.setOnchainID( tokenOnchainID);
    }
    * @dev calls the `setClaimTopicsRegistry` function on the Identity Registry
contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Identity Registry smart contract to
process this function
    * See {IIdentityRegistry-setClaimTopicsRegistry}.
    * Requires that ` onchainID` is set as RegistryAddressSetter on the OwnerManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    ^{\star} @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    */
    function callSetClaimTopicsRegistry(address claimTopicsRegistry, IIdentity
_onchainID) external {
       require(isRegistryAddressSetter(address(onchainID)) &&
onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Registry Address Setter");
       token.identityRegistry().setClaimTopicsRegistry( claimTopicsRegistry);
    }
   * @dev calls the `setTrustedIssuersRegistry` function on the Identity Registry
contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Identity Registry smart contract to
process this function
    * See {IIdentityRegistry-setTrustedIssuersRegistry}.
    * Requires that ` onchainID` is set as RegistryAddressSetter on the OwnerManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callSetTrustedIssuersRegistry(address trustedIssuersRegistry, IIdentity
onchainID) external {
```

```
require(isRegistryAddressSetter(address(_onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
Registry Address Setter");
        token.identityRegistry().setTrustedIssuersRegistry( trustedIssuersRegistry);
    }
   /**
    ^{\star} @dev calls the `addTrustedIssuer` function on the Trusted Issuers Registry
contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Trusted Issuers Registry smart
contract to process this function
    * See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-addTrustedIssuer}.
    ^{\star} Requires that `_onchainID` is set as IssuersRegistryManager on the
OwnerManager contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callAddTrustedIssuer(IClaimIssuer _trustedIssuer, uint[] calldata
claimTopics, IIdentity onchainID) external {
        require(isIssuersRegistryManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msq.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
IssuersRegistryManager");
       token.identityRegistry().issuersRegistry().addTrustedIssuer( trustedIssuer,
claimTopics);
   }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `removeTrustedIssuer` function on the Trusted Issuers Registry
contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Trusted Issuers Registry smart
contract to process this function
    * See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-removeTrustedIssuer}.
    * Requires that `_onchainID` is set as IssuersRegistryManager on the
OwnerManager contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    ^{\star} @param _onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    * /
    function callRemoveTrustedIssuer(IClaimIssuer trustedIssuer, IIdentity
_onchainID) external {
        require(isIssuersRegistryManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
IssuersRegistryManager");
token.identityRegistry().issuersRegistry().removeTrustedIssuer(_trustedIssuer);
   }
   /**
   * @dev calls the `updateIssuerClaimTopics` function on the Trusted Issuers
Registry contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Trusted Issuers Registry smart
contract to process this function
    * See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-updateIssuerClaimTopics}.
    ^{\star} Requires that `_onchainID` is set as IssuersRegistryManager on the
OwnerManager contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    */
```

```
function callUpdateIssuerClaimTopics(IClaimIssuer trustedIssuer, uint[] calldata
claimTopics, IIdentity onchainID) external {
        require(isIssuersRegistryManager(address(onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
IssuersRegistryManager");
token.identityRegistry().issuersRegistry().updateIssuerClaimTopics( trustedIssuer,
_claimTopics);
    }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `addClaimTopic` function on the Claim Topics Registry contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Claim Topics Registry smart
contract to process this function
    * See {IClaimTopicsRegistry-addClaimTopic}.
    * Requires that `_onchainID` is set as ClaimRegistryManager on the OwnerManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    * @param onchainID the onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callAddClaimTopic(uint256 claimTopic, IIdentity onchainID) external {
        require(isClaimRegistryManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
ClaimRegistryManager");
       token.identityRegistry().topicsRegistry().addClaimTopic( claimTopic);
    * @dev calls the `removeClaimTopic` function on the Claim Topics Registry
contract
   * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Claim Topics Registry smart
contract to process this function
   * See {IClaimTopicsRegistry-removeClaimTopic}.
    ^\star Requires that `_onchainID` is set as ClaimRegistryManager on the OwnerManager
contract
    * Requires that msg.sender is a MANAGEMENT KEY on ` onchainID`
    ^{\star} @param _onchainID the _onchainID contract of the caller, e.g. "i call this
function and i am Bob"
    function callRemoveClaimTopic(uint256 claimTopic, IIdentity onchainID) external
{
        require(isClaimRegistryManager(address( onchainID)) &&
 onchainID.keyHasPurpose(keccak256(abi.encode(msg.sender)), 1), "Role: Sender is NOT
ClaimRegistryManager");
       token.identityRegistry().topicsRegistry().removeClaimTopic( claimTopic);
    }
   /**
   * @dev calls the `transferOwnershipOnTokenContract` function on the token
contract
   * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-transferOwnershipOnTokenContract}.
    ^{\star} Requires that msg.sender is an Admin of the OwnerManager contract
    * /
    function callTransferOwnershipOnTokenContract(address newOwner) external
onlyAdmin {
       token.transferOwnershipOnTokenContract( newOwner);
    }
```

```
/**
    * @dev calls the `transferOwnershipOnIdentityRegistryContract` function on the
Identity Registry contract
   * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Identity Registry smart contract to
process this function
    * See {IIdentityRegistry-transferOwnershipOnIdentityRegistryContract}.
    * Requires that msg.sender is an Admin of the OwnerManager contract
    function callTransferOwnershipOnIdentityRegistryContract(address newOwner)
external onlyAdmin {
token.identityRegistry().transferOwnershipOnIdentityRegistryContract( newOwner);
    }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `transferOwnershipOnComplianceContract` function on the
Compliance contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Compliance smart contract to
process this function
    * See {ICompliance-transferOwnershipOnComplianceContract}.
    * Requires that msg.sender is an Admin of the OwnerManager contract
    function callTransferOwnershipOnComplianceContract(address newOwner) external
onlyAdmin {
        token.compliance().transferOwnershipOnComplianceContract( newOwner);
   /**
      @dev calls the `transferOwnershipOnClaimTopicsRegistryContract` function on
the Claim Topics Registry contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Claim Topics registry smart
contract to process this function
    \hbox{$^*$ See \{IClaimTopicsRegistry-transferOwnershipOnClaimTopicsRegistryContract}\}.}
    * Requires that msg.sender is an Admin of the OwnerManager contract
    function callTransferOwnershipOnClaimTopicsRegistryContract(address newOwner)
external onlyAdmin {
token.identityRegistry().topicsRegistry().transferOwnershipOnClaimTopicsRegistryContr
act( newOwner);
   * @dev calls the `transferOwnershipOnIssuersRegistryContract` function on the
Trusted Issuers Registry contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Trusted Issuers registry smart
contract to process this function
    * See {ITrustedIssuersRegistry-transferOwnershipOnIssuersRegistryContract}.
    * Requires that msg.sender is an Admin of the OwnerManager contract
    */
    function callTransferOwnershipOnIssuersRegistryContract(address newOwner)
external onlyAdmin {
token.identityRegistry().issuersRegistry().transferOwnershipOnIssuersRegistryContract
( newOwner);
   }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `addAgentOnTokenContract` function on the token contract
```

```
* OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-addAgentOnTokenContract}.
    * Requires that msg.sender is an Admin of the OwnerManager contract
    * /
    function callAddAgentOnTokenContract(address agent) external onlyAdmin {
       token.addAgentOnTokenContract( agent);
   /**
      @dev calls the `removeAgentOnTokenContract` function on the token contract
      OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the token smart contract to process
this function
    * See {IToken-removeAgentOnTokenContract}.
    * Requires that msg.sender is an Admin of the OwnerManager contract
    function callRemoveAgentOnTokenContract(address _agent) external onlyAdmin {
        token.removeAgentOnTokenContract( agent);
    }
   /**
    * @dev calls the `addAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract` function on the Identity
Registry contract
    * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Identity Registry smart contract to
process this function
    * See {IIdentityRegistry-addAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract}.
    * Requires that msg.sender is an Admin of the OwnerManager contract
    function callAddAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract(address agent) external
onlvAdmin {
       token.identityRegistry().addAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract( agent);
   * @dev calls the `removeAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract` function on the
Identity Registry contract
   * OwnerManager has to be set as owner on the Identity Registry smart contract to
process this function
    * See {IIdentityRegistry-removeAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract}.
    * Requires that msg.sender is an Admin of the OwnerManager contract
    function callRemoveAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract(address agent) external
onlyAdmin {
       token.identityRegistry().removeAgentOnIdentityRegistryContract( agent);
}
```

OwnerRoles.sol

```
/**
  * NOTICE
  *
  * The T-REX software is licensed under a proprietary license or the GPL v.3.
  * If you choose to receive it under the GPL v.3 license, the following applies:
  * T-REX is a suite of smart contracts developed by Tokeny to manage and transfer financial assets on the ethereum blockchain
  **
```

```
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       GNU General Public License for more details.
       You should have received a copy of the GNU General Public License
       along with this program. If not, see <a href="https://www.gnu.org/licenses/">https://www.gnu.org/licenses/</a>.
 */
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
import "./Roles.sol";
import "./Ownable.sol";
contract OwnerRoles is Ownable {
    using Roles for Roles. Role;
    event RoleAdded(address indexed owner, string role);
    event RoleRemoved(address indexed owner, string role);
    Roles.Role private _ownerAdmin;
    Roles.Role private _ownerAdmin,
Roles.Role private _registryAddressSetter;
Roles.Role private _complianceSetter;
Roles.Role private _claimRegistryManager;
Roles.Role private _issuersRegistryManager;
Roles.Role private _tokenInfoManager;
    modifier onlyAdmin() {
        require(isOwner() || isOwnerAdmin( msgSender()), "Role: Sender is NOT
Admin");
    /// OwnerAdmin Role ownerAdmin
    function isOwnerAdmin(address _owner) public view returns (bool) {
         return _ownerAdmin.has(_owner);
    function addOwnerAdmin(address owner) public onlyAdmin {
         ownerAdmin.add( owner);
         string memory role = "OwnerAdmin";
         emit RoleAdded( owner, role);
    function removeOwnerAdmin(address owner) public onlyAdmin {
         ownerAdmin.remove(_owner);
         string memory _role = "OwnerAdmin";
         emit RoleRemoved( owner, role);
    /// RegistryAddressSetter Role registryAddressSetter
```

```
function isRegistryAddressSetter(address owner) public view returns (bool) {
    return registryAddressSetter.has( owner);
function addRegistryAddressSetter(address _ owner) public onlyAdmin {
    registryAddressSetter.add( owner);
    string memory role = "RegistryAddressSetter";
    emit RoleAdded( owner, role);
}
function removeRegistryAddressSetter(address owner) public onlyAdmin {
    registryAddressSetter.remove( owner);
    string memory role = "RegistryAddressSetter";
    emit RoleRemoved( owner, role);
}
/// ComplianceSetter Role _complianceSetter
function isComplianceSetter(address owner) public view returns (bool) {
    return complianceSetter.has( owner);
function addComplianceSetter(address owner) public onlyAdmin {
    complianceSetter.add( owner);
    string memory role = "ComplianceSetter";
    emit RoleAdded( owner, role);
function removeComplianceSetter(address owner) public onlyAdmin {
    complianceSetter.remove( owner);
    string memory role = "ComplianceSetter";
    emit RoleRemoved( owner, role);
/// ClaimRegistryManager Role claimRegistryManager
function isClaimRegistryManager(address owner) public view returns (bool) {
    return claimRegistryManager.has(owner);
function addClaimRegistryManager(address owner) public onlyAdmin {
    claimRegistryManager.add( owner);
    string memory _role = "ClaimRegistryManager";
   emit RoleAdded(_owner, _role);
function removeClaimRegistryManager(address owner) public onlyAdmin {
    claimRegistryManager.remove( owner);
    string memory _role = "ClaimRegistryManager";
   emit RoleRemoved( owner, role);
/// IssuersRegistryManager Role issuersRegistryManager
function isIssuersRegistryManager(address owner) public view returns (bool) {
    return issuersRegistryManager.has( owner);
function addIssuersRegistryManager(address owner) public onlyAdmin {
    issuersRegistryManager.add( owner);
```

```
string memory role = "IssuersRegistryManager";
       emit RoleAdded( owner, role);
    }
   function removeIssuersRegistryManager(address _owner) public onlyAdmin {
       issuersRegistryManager.remove( owner);
       string memory role = "IssuersRegistryManager";
       emit RoleRemoved( owner, role);
    }
   /// TokenInfoManager Role tokenInfoManager
   function isTokenInfoManager(address owner) public view returns (bool) {
       return tokenInfoManager.has( owner);
   function addTokenInfoManager(address _owner) public onlyAdmin {
        tokenInfoManager.add( owner);
       string memory role = "TokenInfoManager";
       emit RoleAdded( owner, role);
    }
   function removeTokenInfoManager(address owner) public onlyAdmin {
        _tokenInfoManager.remove(_owner);
       string memory role = "TokenInfoManager";
       emit RoleRemoved( owner, role);
    }
}
```

Roles.sol

```
pragma solidity ^0.6.0;
/**
 * @title Roles
 * @dev Library for managing addresses assigned to a Role.
library Roles {
    struct Role {
       mapping (address => bool) bearer;
    /**
    * @dev Give an account access to this role.
    function add(Role storage role, address account) internal {
        require(!has(role, account), "Roles: account already has role");
        role.bearer[account] = true;
    }
    /**
     \star @dev Remove an account's access to this role.
    function remove (Role storage role, address account) internal {
        require (has (role, account), "Roles: account does not have role");
        role.bearer[account] = false;
    }
```

```
/**
  * @dev Check if an account has this role.
  * @return bool
  */
function has(Role storage role, address account) internal view returns (bool) {
    require(account != address(0), "Roles: account is the zero address");
    return role.bearer[account];
}
```

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