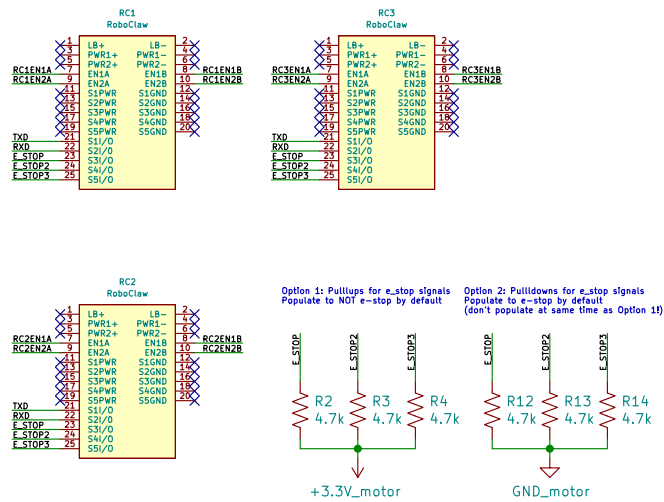
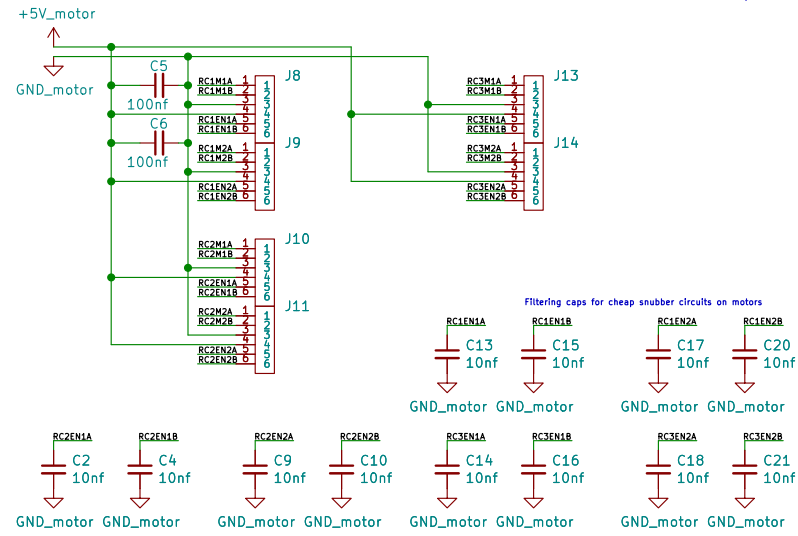


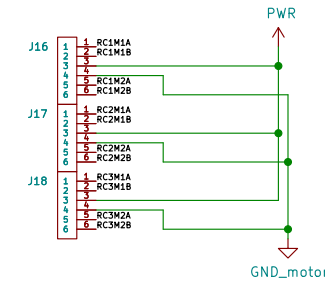
## RoboClaw Pin Header



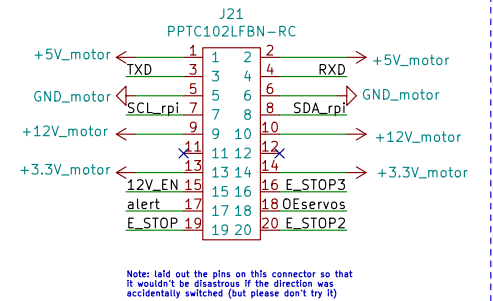
## Roboclaw Motor Connection Output



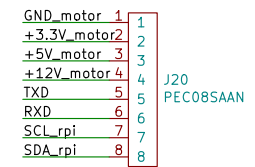
## Roboclaw Power BUS



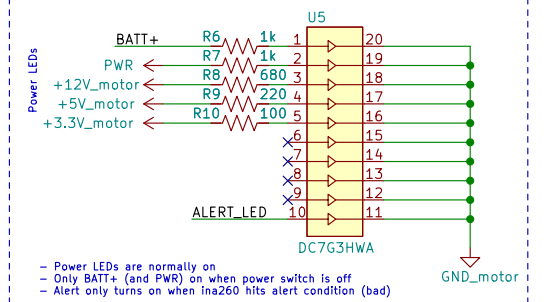
## Inter-Board Connection



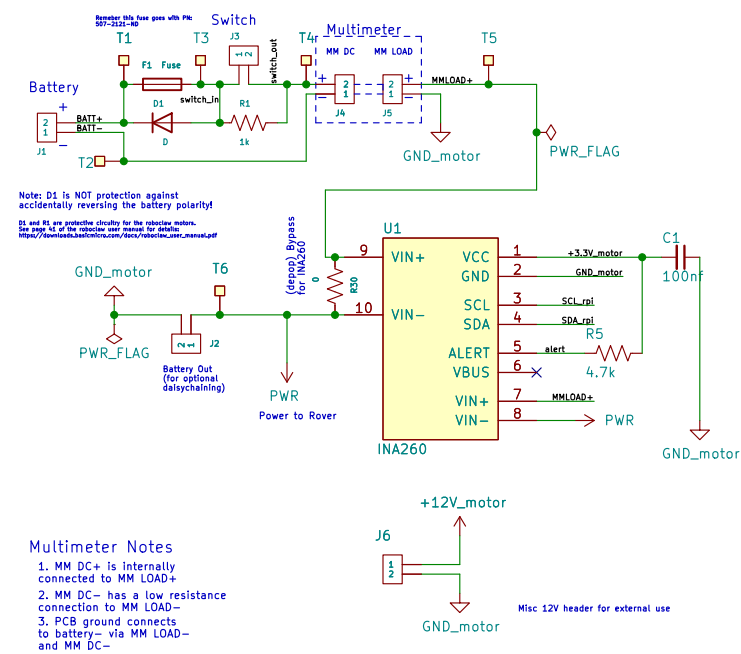
## Test Pin Header



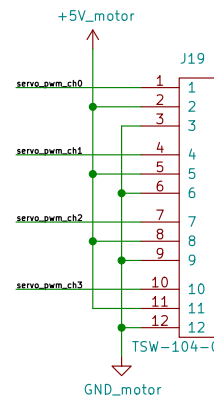
## Motor LEDs



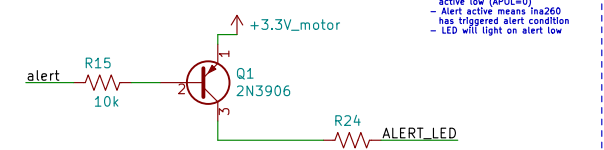
## Power Distribution



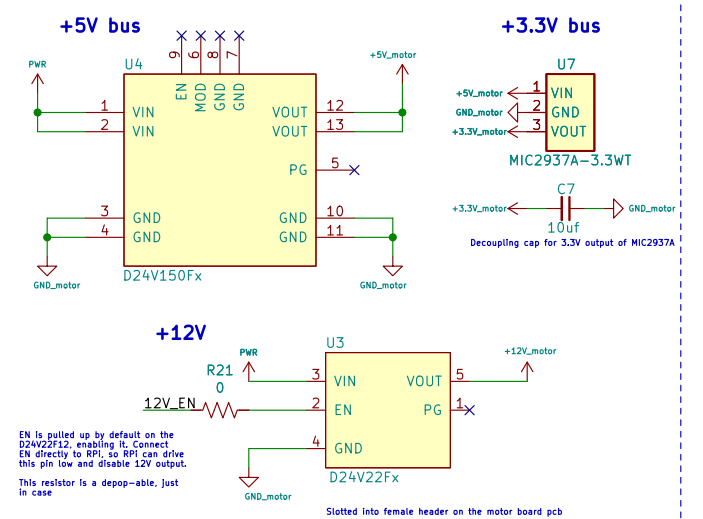
## Corner Steering Servos Header



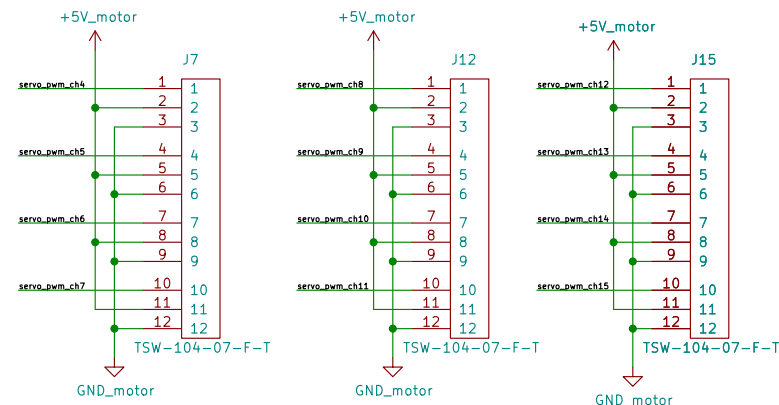
## Alert Signal LED logic



## Voltage Regulators

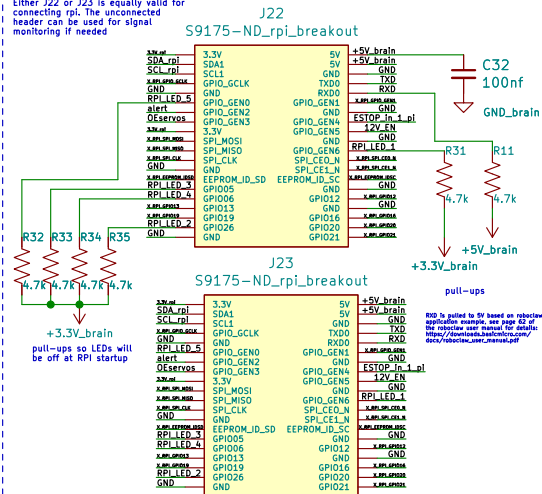


## Extra PWM Outputs Headers



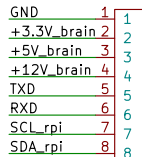
## Raspberry Pi breakout

Either J22 or J23 is equally valid for connecting rpi. The unconnected header can be used for signal monitoring if needed

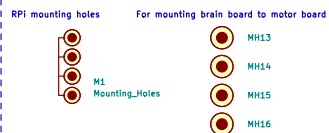


For GPIO availability, see worksheet here:  
<https://www.notion.so/GPIO-Pins-Worksheet-9ebb23e9b0ee4172a7b514ba388c0c59>

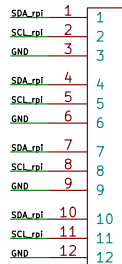
## Test Pin Header



Voltage pins can be used to test for good connectivity brain <-> motor board

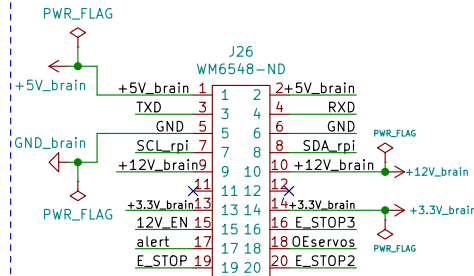


## RPi I2C Header



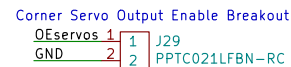
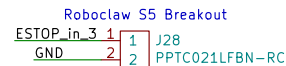
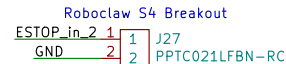
4 redundant I2C connections, for talking to arbitrary peripherals

## Inter-Board Connection

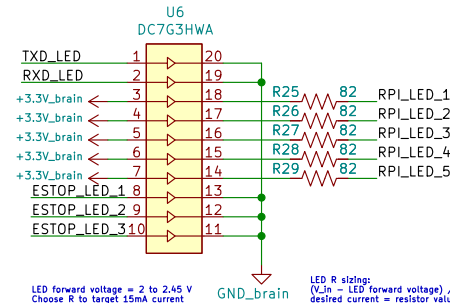


Note: laid out the pins on this connector so that it wouldn't be disastrous if the direction was accidentally switched (but please don't try it)

## Secondary ESTOP header



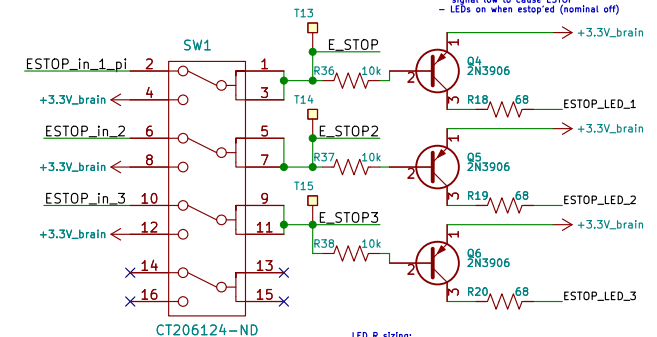
## Brain LEDs



LED forward voltage = 2 to 2.45 V  
 Choose R to target 15mA current

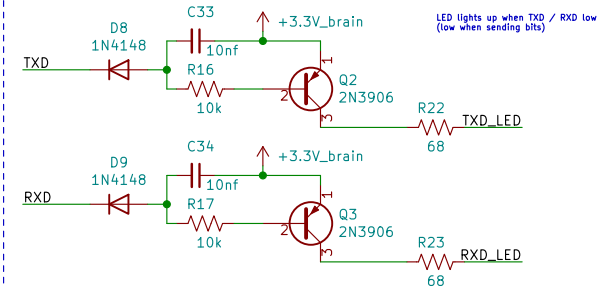
LED R sizing:  
 $(V_{in} - \text{LED forward voltage}) / \text{desired current} = \text{resistor value}$

## ESTOP LED logic

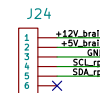


LED R sizing:  
 $(V_{in} - \text{collector emitter saturation voltage} - \text{LED forward voltage}) / \text{desired current} = \text{resistor value}$

## Serial TXD/RXD LED logic



## Arduino Communication



Sheet: /Brain Board/  
 File: Brain\_Board.kicad\_sch

Title:

Size: A4

Date:

KiCad E.D.A. kicad (6.0.11-0)

Rev:

Id: 3/3