Package 'neuropsychology'

September 21, 2016

Type Package	
Title An R Toolbox for Psychologists, Neuropsychologists and Neuroscientists	
Version 0.1	
Author Dominique Makowski [aut, cre]	
URL https://github.com/neuropsychology/neuropsychology.R	
Date 2016-09-21	
Maintainer Dominique Makowski <dom.makowski@gmail.com></dom.makowski@gmail.com>	
Description An R package containing datasets and some statistical functions useful for psychology, neuropsychology and neuroscience.	
License MIT + file LICENSE	
Depends R (>= 3.3.0), Hmisc (>= 3.15), ggplot2 (>= 2.0.0), ggcorrplot (>= 0.1.0), lme4 (>= 1.1.0), MuMIn (>= 1.15.6)	
Imports	
LazyData TRUE	
LazyLoad yes	
R topics documented:	
APAze	2
describe_beta	2
get_factors	4
get_numeric	4
personality	5
theme_neuropsychology	5
Index	7

2 cortable

APAze

APA6-ready output

Description

Get an APA6-ready output for mixed effects and non-mixed effects linear models

Usage

```
APAze(fit, method="boot", nsim=1000)
```

Arguments

fit A lm() or lme4::lmer() fit

method "boot" for bootstrapped CI, "Wald" for estimated. See ?confint.merMod nsim how many times should it bootstrap the confint (only if method = "boot")

Author(s)

Dominique Makowski

Examples

```
require(neuropsychology)

df <- personality

fit <- lmer(Age ~ BMI + (1|Salary), data=df)
APAze(fit, method="Wald")</pre>
```

cortable

Correlation matrix with significance stars

Description

Quickly get a correlation table with significance stars

Usage

describe_beta 3

Arguments

df Dataframe

correction "none", "holm" for holm-bonferroni (default), "fdr" for False Discovery Rate

type "spearman" for Spearman's and "pearson" for Pearson'sprint.result TRUE or FALSE. Should it print the table in the console.plot.result TRUE or FALSE. Should it plot the result in the plotting tab.

Value

table The table in the format of a dataframe plot The plot in the format of a ggplot plot

Author(s)

Bertolt and Dominique Makowski

Examples

```
require(neuropsychology)

df <- personality

result <- cortable(df)

# Extract the table and the plot
table <- result$table
plot <- result$plot

# Save table
write.csv(table, "correlation_table.csv")

# Save plot
ggplot2::ggsave("mycorrplot.png", plot)</pre>
```

describe_beta

Describe a variable

Description

Describe a variable

Author(s)

Dominique Makowski

Examples

```
require(neuropsychology)
```

4 get_numeric

get_factors

Select numeric variables

Description

Subset a dataframe by keeping the factors

Usage

```
get_factors(x)
```

Arguments

Χ

Data frame

Author(s)

Dominique Makowski

Examples

```
require(neuropsychology)

df <- personality

df_only_factors <- get_factors(df)</pre>
```

get_numeric

Select numeric variables

Description

Subset a dataframe by keeping the numeric variables

Usage

```
get_numeric(x)
```

Arguments

Х

Data frame

Author(s)

Dominique Makowski

Examples

```
require(neuropsychology)

df <- personality

df_only_factors <- get_factors(df)</pre>
```

personality 5

personality

A dataframe with personality data

Description

A dataset containing normal and pathological personality traits data from an online questionnaire.

If you use this dataset for a publication, please refer to it as: "personality-1.0".

Demographic variables:

```
- Study_Level
```

The level of education. Should be treated as a factor. 0: Absence of Degree, 1: Secondary Eduction Degree, 2: Youth Training, 3: High-school Degree, 4: Higher National Diploma (2 years of higher education), 5: Bachelor Degree (3 years of higher education), 6: Master Degree (5 years of higher education), 7: Doctorate Degree (8 years of higher education)

Format

1327 observations (rows)

Author(s)

Dominique Makowski

Examples

```
library(neuropsychology)
df <- personality</pre>
```

theme_neuropsychology A minimal theme for ggplot2

Description

A minimal theme for ggplot2. For an even better result, don't forget to change the colour palette and to add a space between the axis title and the axis (see the example below).

Usage

Arguments

```
legend.position
one of the following: "right", "left", "top" or "bottom"
legend.text.size
size of legend text (usually the numbers)
axis.title.size
size of legend title
axis.text.size size of axis titles
```

Author(s)

Dominique Makowski

Examples

```
require(ggplot2)
require(neuropsychology)

df <- personality

ggplot(df, aes(x=Age, y=Negative_Affect, colour=Sex, fill=Sex)) +
    geom_point() +
    geom_smooth(method="lm", fullrange=TRUE) +

    theme_neuropsychology() +

    xlab("\nAge") +
    ylab("Negative Affect\n") +
    scale_fill_brewer(palette="Set1",direction=-1) +
    scale_colour_brewer(palette="Set1",direction=-1)</pre>
```

Index

```
*Topic \textasciitildecorrelation cortable, 2

APAze, 2

cortable, 2

describe_beta, 3

get_factors, 4

get_numeric, 4

personality, 5

theme_neuropsychology, 5
```