

Teacher Handout: DiMuon Histogram Lesson

Objectives:

Students will:

- create histograms of invariant mass vs # of events using Excel and SCILAB (the same way the Higgs Boson was discovered by CMS and ATLAS experiments at LHC)
- calculate invariant mass using relativistic mechanics (included in the IB Physics option: Relativity)
- use real data from LHC collisions collected by the CMS facility (Covers IB ICT requirement)
- vector sum momentum and calculate a resultant vector

Materials: [Marbles, markers, paper, hidden object kits], projector, computers with EXCEL and SCILAB installed – see instructions. Dry Erase Board/Chalkboard

Background:

Ask students: How can we discover a new elementary particle?

Activity: Rolling marbles/Collision and particle tracks -- see attached resource from TEMI (15-20 minutes)

Discussion of:

- Activity (5 minutes)

Further presentation (ppt – 10 minutes) of:

- Particle tracks to try to understand geometry.
- Angle of deflection to understand properties (Rutherford)
- Magnetic deflection (Muon other charged particles)
- Calorimeter absorption (EM, Hadron detectors)
- How is the Higgs Boson discovered?

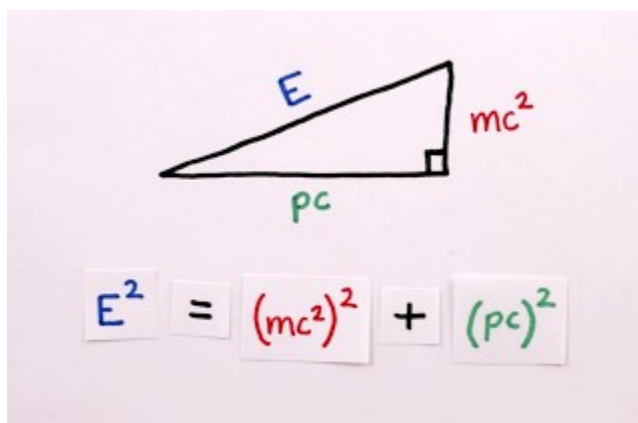
Simulation:

(15-30 minutes)

Have students go to <http://opendata.cern.ch/> -> education -> visualize events. Have them do the attached visualization activity.

Lecture-pass out lab handout and have student fill in the pre-lab notes:

(10-15 min)



Derive the equation for mass from the triangle.

Note that if $m = 0$ then $E = pc$ (photons)

Note that if $p = 0$ then $E = mc^2$ (rest energy)

Mention units – all units are in GeV in data sets.

Review vector addition (the magnitude of a 3D vector will be computed from its components)

Programming:

(1 hour)

Encourage students to work in pairs but to individually compute their histograms. Teacher walks around the room and helps students create histograms.

Discussion with students:

(15-20 minutes)

- How much data do we need to be sure there is a statistical peak? (ppt)
- Compare and Contrast EXCEL and SCILAB
- Where did the data come from? How did we get it? Cost?
- Why should we pay for fundamental research? (think www, imaging, medical applications)
- What questions are physicists trying to answer?