# Test Case: Hurricane Data

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#### Main task

Here are some recent tropical storms that were very severe with severe impacts to humans:

Storm	Landfall time	Landfall location	Some places affected
Hurricano An- drew	e 0905 UTC 24 August 1992	near Homestead AFB FL	Miami, Key Largo, Nassau (Bahamas)
Labor Day Storm	late on September 2, 1935	Florida Keys	Florida Keys, St. Peters- burg, Florida
Cyclone Tracy	very early December 25, 1974	Darwin, Australia	Darwin
Tropical Storm Bilis	12:50 p.m. local time July 14, 2006	near Fuzhou, China	Guangdong, Hunan, Fujian

You will be trying to collect relevant data for one of these storms.

# Relevant NOAA weather products

In later sections, you will have specific goals to try to achieve, in terms of what data to get. However, as you work on this project, please keep a running list here of any of the NOAA data products that you think might have data that could be used to explore the storm you're working on. Include the name of the dataset, a short description of what you might be able to get from it, and a link to any websites that give more information.

- BA: The IBTracS dataset gives data on tropical storm tracks. It can be pulled through the rnoaa function storm\_data.
- BA: The GHCN-Daily dataset has daily measurements of precipitation and, for some monitors, temperature and wind speed, internationally. It sounds like coverage is best in the US, Australia, and Canada, but there are monitors worldwide. Several rnoaa functions work with this data: meteo\_nearby\_stations (find all the monitors within a certain radius of a lat-lon, or find the [x] closest monitors to a point), meteo\_pull\_monitors, and ghcnd\_search. The function weather\_fips in countyweather (a package Rachel's developing on GitHub) can pull and aggregate data from this source from all monitors in a county based on the county's FIPS code.

BA: Note: For many of the rnoaa functions, you will need an API key from NOAA. Here's how you should save that on your computer so that you can get this document to compile without including your API key (these instructions are adapted from here:

- 1. Ask NOAA for an API key: http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/cdo-web/token
- 2. Open a new text file. Put the following in it (note: this might not show up here, but there should be a second blank line):

```
noaakey == [your NOAA API key]
```

- 3. Save this text file as .Renviron in your home directory. Your computer might be upset that the file name starts with a dot. That's okay—it should; ignore the warning and save like this.
- 4. Restart R.
- 5. Now you can pull your key using Sys.getenv("noaakey")

Now you can gear up to use functions that require the API key:

```
options("noaakey" = Sys.getenv("noaakey"))
```

## Relevant other data sources

As you work on this project, also keep a running list here of any data from sources other than NOAA that you think might have data that could be used to explore the storm you're working on. Include the name of the dataset, a short description of what you might be able to get from it, and a link to any websites that give more information and / or the data itself.

• BA: The USGS data on streamflow could be relevant for assessing flooding. This is available through the waterData package in R.

## Specific tasks

As you work on these, include the code that you try. Include things that worked and things that you thought would work but that did not. Also write down what parts were easy to figure out how to do, and which you had to search around a lot to figure out what to do.

#### Winds at landfall

Get any data you can that gives measurements of winds when the storm made landfall (use the landfall listed for the storm in the table– often, there are more than one for a storm for different locations, but just try for the listed one).

Try to get:

- A measure of how strong winds were over land around where the storm made landfall
- A measure of how strong winds were over water around where the storm made landfall
- Wind directions at different locations (on land or over water) near landfall
- An estimate of how many of the stations near the landfall that were operating the week before the storm that were still operational and recording data at landfall

#### A measure of how strong winds were over land around where the storm made landfall

BA: It may work, for daily wind speeds, to use the Global Historical Climatology Network Daily data. If you have monitor ids, you can use the meteo\_pull\_monitors function from rnoaa to pull data from this source. If you have the FIPS code for a county, you can use the function fips\_stations in countyweather (a package Rachel is developing) to get the station IDs for all relevant stations in a county.

CP: I had issues running install\_github("ropenscilabs/rnoaa") in order to use the function meteo\_pull\_monitors, so instead try load\_all(). Note that this will only work if you have devtools installed and you have forked the rnoaa respository from Github.

For example, the FIPS for Miami-Dade is 12086. Based on the README file for this data, some of the windspeed variables have the abbreviations: "AWND", "WSFG", "WSF1". You can therefore run:

```
library(devtools)
install_github("ropenscilabs/rnoaa", dependencies=TRUE) # if you need to install the package
## Skipping install for github remote, the SHA1 (f4157f3b) has not changed since last install.
    Use `force = TRUE` to force installation
install_github("leighseverson/countyweather") # if you need to install the package
## Downloading GitHub repo leighseverson/countyweather@master
## from URL https://api.github.com/repos/leighseverson/countyweather/zipball/master
## Installing countyweather
## Skipping 4 packages ahead of CRAN: rgdal, rnoaa, sp, weathermetrics
## '/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Resources/bin/R' --no-site-file \
##
     --no-environ --no-save --no-restore CMD INSTALL \
     '/private/var/folders/_n/qp9kh0cj071440ps5wncks1w0000gn/T/RtmpBgStxb/devtools198aefeadf/leighsever
##
     --library-'/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.2/Resources/library' \
##
     --install-tests
##
##
library(rnoaa)
library(countyweather)
miami_stations <- fips_stations("12086", date_min = "1992-08-01",
                                date_max = "1992-09-01")
miami_stations
```

This does not pull any weather stations. However, I know that the station "USW00012839" should exist for this time—it's the Miami Intl Airport station. I wonder why this isn't picked up by fips\_stations?

## [1] "USC00083909" "USC00084095" "USC00087020" "USC00087760" "USC00088780"

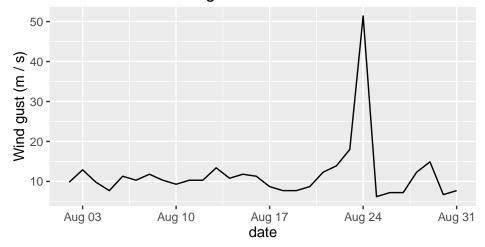
## [6] "USR0000FTEN" "USW00012839" "USW00012859" "USW00092811"

Once you know the station number, you can run:

```
## Source: local data frame [6 x 5]
##
##
               id
                         date
                               awnd
                                      wsf1
##
            (chr)
                       (date)
                                           (db1)
                              (int)
                                     (int)
## 1 USW00012839 1992-08-02
                                 38
                                        67
                                             9.8
## 2 USW00012839 1992-08-03
                                 27
                                        94
                                            12.9
## 3 USW00012839 1992-08-04
                                        76
                                             9.8
## 4 USW00012839 1992-08-05
                                 33
                                        54
                                             7.7
## 5 USW00012839 1992-08-06
                                 33
                                        98
                                            11.3
## 6 USW00012839 1992-08-07
                                            10.3
                                        80
```

```
ggplot(miami_wind, aes(x = date, y = wsfg)) +
  geom_line() + ggtitle("Wind gust speeds near Miami, FL, \nduring Hurricane Andrew") +
  ylab("Wind gust (m / s)")
```

## Wind gust speeds near Miami, FL, during Hurricane Andrew

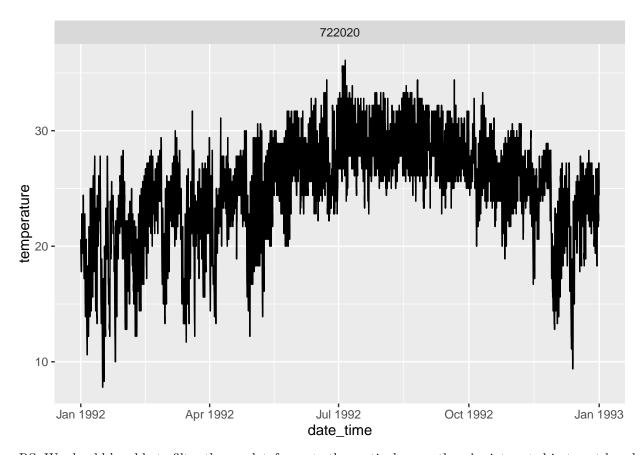


It seems like we should be able to get wind data from some of the other NOAA data sources. In particular, it seems like we should be able to get hourly, or another fine temporal resolution, of wind data. Check the "Data sources" section of the file at the bottom of the page here.

RS: The isd() function from the rnoaa package looks like it's getting hourly data. Here's an example with the station at Miami International Airport.

CP: A current issue is that the <code>isd()</code> function takes USAF and WBAN station codes as input, whereas we would like to use FIPS codes (county codes) as input. My initial thought for a way around this is to use the <code>isd\_stations\_search</code> from the rnoaa package, which takes lat/lon and radius (km) as input. I can use census data from here to find population weighted lat/lon associated with a given FIPS code, and then use the lat/lon as input to <code>isd\_stations\_search</code> to get the stations associated with that FIPS code. Note that we would like to produce output similar to <code>weather\_fips</code>, a function that takes a county code as input and then gives weather data in the surrounding area. <code>weather\_fips</code>, except for hourly data. The <code>weather\_fips</code> code can be forked from here.

```
library(stringr)
census_data <- read.csv('http://www2.census.gov/geo/docs/reference/cenpop2010/county/CenPop2010_Mean_CO</pre>
state <- census data$STATEFP</pre>
county <- census_data$COUNTYFP</pre>
state[str_length(state) == 1] <- paste0(0, state[str_length(state) == 1])</pre>
county[str length(county) == 1] <- paste0(00, county[str length(county) == 1])</pre>
county[str_length(county) == 2] <- paste0(0, county[str_length(county) == 2])</pre>
FIPS <- pasteO(state,county)</pre>
census_data$FIPS <- FIPS
lat <- census_data$LATITUDE</pre>
lon <- census_data$LONGITUDE</pre>
#the idea is to go from FIPS -> population weighted lat/lon -> station ID (USAF and WBAN) -> hourly wea
#this is the FIPS for Miami-Dade
FIPS_test = "12086"
row_num = which(grepl(FIPS_test, census_data$FIPS))
lat_FIPS = lat[row_num]
lon_FIPS = lon[row_num]
#Get the stations within a 50 km radius corresponding to the
#population weighted lat/lon of FIPS test.
#It is also possible to specify a bounding box, instead of radius here.
stations <- isd_stations_search(lat=lat_FIPS, lon=lon_FIPS, radius = 50)</pre>
## Assuming 'lon' and 'lat' are longitude and latitude, respectively
#stations contains usaf and wban codes in the county given by FIPS_test.
USAF_codes = stations$usaf
WBAN_codes = stations$wban
#We can apply the isd() function to each of these stations to get the average hourly 'weather' data in
#here is just an example of what the data looks like for a single station (Miami International Airport)
res <- isd(usaf = USAF codes[1], wban = WBAN codes[1], year = 1992)$data
## <path>~/.rnoaa/isd/722020-12839-1992.gz
res$date_time <- ymd_hm(sprintf("%s %s", as.character(res$date), res$time))
res <- res %>% filter(temperature < 900) %>% select(usaf_station, wban_station,
                                                      date_time, latitude, longitude,
                                                      wind_direction, wind_speed,
                                                      temperature)
ggplot(res, aes(date_time, temperature)) +
  geom_line() +
 facet_wrap(~usaf_station, scales = "free_x")
```



RS: We should be able to filter the res dataframe to the particular month we're interested in to get hourly wind data. We found the USAF and WBAN codes for Miami by searching this text file of stations - there should be a better way to find USAF and WBAN codes for a particular location or station.

CP: I found a function to go from location (lat/lon) to USAF and WBAN codes isd\_stations\_search, and use census data to go from FIPS to lat/lon. See above code.

More info about this data can be found by going to NOAA's land-based station data site, then following the link for Integrated Surface Hourly Data base (3505) at the bottom of the page. For example, the readme.txt and ish-format-document.pdf files could be helpful.

### A measure of how strong winds were over water around where the storm made landfall

BA: For this, it seems like buoy data might work. The buoy function in rnoaa might work. I'm not sure how you could get station IDs through rnoaa for the buoy stations. I used the website to find a station close to Miami ("fwyf1"). Once you have a buoy id, you can do this kind of call:

```
ex <- buoy(dataset = 'cwind', buoyid = "fwyf1", year = 1992)</pre>
```

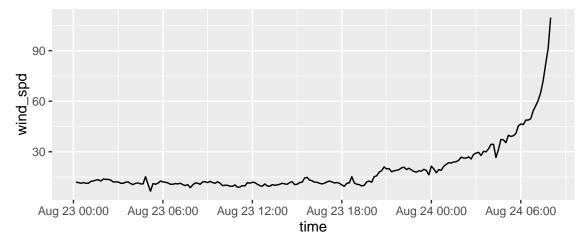
## Using c1992.nc

#### head(ex\$data)

```
## 1 1991-12-31T23:10:00Z 25.59 -80.1 19 10.3
## 2 1991-12-31T23:20:00Z 25.59 -80.1 19 10.3
## 3 1991-12-31T23:30:00Z 25.59 -80.1 12 9.3
```

```
## 4 1991-12-31T23:40:00Z 25.59 -80.1 12 10.1
## 5 1991-12-31T23:50:00Z 25.59 -80.1 6 9.9
## 6 1992-01-01T00:00:00Z 25.59 -80.1 7 9.3
```

```
fl_buoy <- ex$data %>% mutate(time = ymd_hms(time)) %>%
    filter(time > ymd_hms("1992-08-23 00:00:00") &
        time < ymd_hms("1992-08-26 00:00:00"))
ggplot(fl_buoy, aes(x = time, y = wind_spd)) + geom_line()</pre>
```



It looks like this buoy was actually lost during the hurricane. It stops recording during the worst of the storm, and it doesn't look like it got back online in 1992 after that.

It looks like you need to look through the historical station maps to find a station, rather than the current ones. If there's somewhere we could get a list of all buoy ids by latitude and longitude, we could identify the ones closest to a location.

Wind directions at different locations (on land or over water) near landfall

An estimate of how many of the stations near the landfall that were operating the week before the storm that were still operational and recording data at landfall

### Precipitation at affected cities

For each of the affected cities, estimate the precipitation during the storm and on neighboring days. Include:

- Daily and hourly estimates of rainfall
- How many stations you used to get each of those values
- A map of stations you used to get those values, with some measure on the map of the maximum daily or hourly rainfall measured at that station

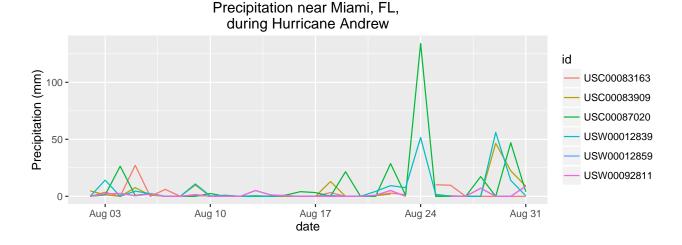
#### Daily and hourly estimates of rainfall

RS: The countyweather package has some functions for pulling and aggreagating weather data by FIPS code. For the US storms, this might be helpful for this task. If you have devtools installed, you can install countyweather using the following code:

```
# library(devtools)
# install_github("ropenscilabs/rnoaa") # if you need to install the package
# install_github("leighseverson/countyweather") # if you need to install the package
library(rnoaa)
library(countyweather)
miami_stations <- fips_stations(fips = "12086")
miami_rain <- meteo_pull_monitors(miami_stations, var = "PRCP")
range(miami_rain$date)</pre>
```

BG: For some reason, NCDC seems to only be identifying Miami weather monitors that operated from 2007 on.

You can instead use the meteo\_nearby\_stations function to find all precipitation monitors in a certain radius (parts of this take a long time to run, so I won't evaluate):



How many stations you used to get each of those values

A map of stations you used to get those values, with some measure on the map of the maximum daily or hourly rainfall measured at that station

## Flooding related to the hurricane

Was there severe flooding related to the storm? For locations along the storm path, try to figure out:

- What areas were along the storm path?
- Can you identify streams and rivers that were affected by the storm?
- What cities had problems with flooding during the storm? Get some measure to identify if and to what degree the location flooded.
- How closely were rainfall and flooding severity linked in locations?

#### What areas were along the storm path?

BG: For this, you'll need to have the storm track for each storm. I guess then match with distance to lat-lon coordinates for city or county centers to identify locations near the storm track?

The rnoaa package has some functions to tap into the IBTracS dataset, which has tropical storm tracks. It looks like you might be able to use the storm\_data function to pull in data on a storm. You can pull for just one storm if you have the storm serial number, but it's not entirely clear to me how you would figure out what this number is for a storm you want to look for.

You can pull by year or basin, but it looks like you can't pull by both at the same time. I'll put just for 1992:

```
# install_github("ropenscilabs/rnoaa") # if you need to install the package
library(rnoaa)
hurrs_1992 <- storm_data(year = 1992)</pre>
```

```
## <path>~/.rnoaa/storms/year/Year.1992.ibtracs_all.v03r06.csv
```

It looks like that pulls a list object, with the element data that has the actual data:

```
names(hurrs_1992)

## [1] "data"

colnames(hurrs_1992$data)[1:10]

## [1] "serial_num" "season" "num" "basin" "sub_basin"

## [6] "name" "iso_time" "nature" "latitude" "longitude"
```

Maybe we could use the name column to look for Andrew?

```
andrew <- hurrs_1992$data[which(hurrs_1992$data$name == "ANDREW"), ]
andrew[1:5, 1:10]</pre>
```

```
serial_num season num basin sub_basin
                                                                     iso_time
                                                    name
## 2417 1992230N11325
                               4
                                    NA
                                               MM ANDREW 1992-08-16 18:00:00
                        1992
## 2418 1992230N11325
                                    NA
                                               MM ANDREW 1992-08-17 00:00:00
                        1992
## 2419 1992230N11325
                                               MM ANDREW 1992-08-17 06:00:00
                        1992
                               4
                                    NA
## 2420 1992230N11325
                        1992
                               4
                                    NA
                                               MM ANDREW 1992-08-17 12:00:00
                                               MM ANDREW 1992-08-17 18:00:00
## 2421 1992230N11325
                        1992
                                    NA
       nature latitude longitude
## 2417
            TS
                   10.8
                            -35.5
```

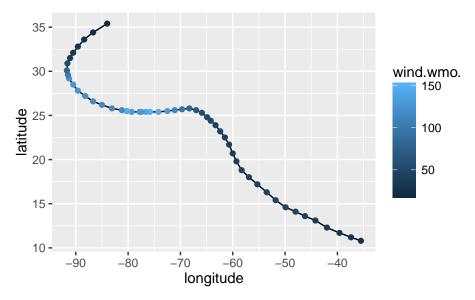
```
## 2418
             TS
                    11.2
                              -37.4
## 2419
             TS
                    11.7
                              -39.6
                    12.3
                              -42.0
## 2420
             TS
## 2421
             TS
                    13.1
                              -44.2
```

This looks about right...

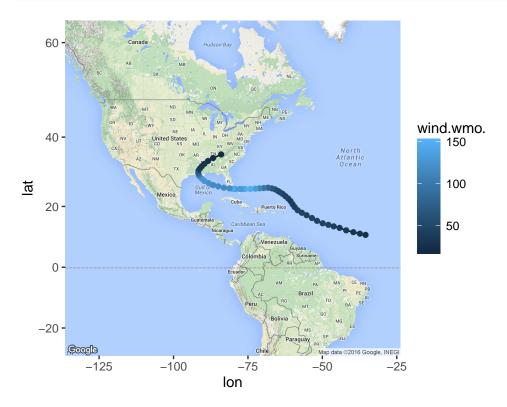
Note: after digging some more, it looks like you can use the storm\_meta function with the argument what = "storm\_names" from storm\_data to get the serial number for a storm if you know its name:

```
storm_names <- storm_meta(what = "storm_names")</pre>
head(storm names, 3)
##
                id
                                 name
## 1 1842298N11080 NOT NAMED(td9636)
## 2 1845336N10074 NOT NAMED(td9636)
## 3 1848011S09079 NOT NAMED(td9636)
grep("ANDREW", storm_names$name, value = TRUE)
## [1] "ANDREW(hurdat_atl) - bal011986(atcf)"
## [2] "ANDREW(hurdat_atl) - bal041992(atcf)"
storm_names[grep("ANDREW", storm_names$name), ]
                    id
                                                        name
## 9276 1986156N26284 ANDREW(hurdat_atl) - bal011986(atcf)
## 9963 1992230N11325 ANDREW(hurdat_atl) - bal041992(atcf)
andrew_id <- storm_names[grep("ANDREW", storm_names$name), 1][2]</pre>
andrew_2 <- storm_data(storm = andrew_id)</pre>
## <path>~/.rnoaa/storms/storm/Storm.1992230N11325.ibtracs_all.v03r06.csv
head(andrew_2$data[ , c("iso_time", "latitude", "longitude", "wind.wmo.")], 3)
##
                iso_time latitude longitude wind.wmo.
## 1 1992-08-16 18:00:00
                              10.8
                                        -35.5
                                                     25
## 2 1992-08-17 00:00:00
                              11.2
                                        -37.4
                                                     30
## 3 1992-08-17 06:00:00
                              11.7
                                        -39.6
                                                     30
Let's see what happens if we plot the locations of this:
andrew_loc <- select(andrew, iso_time, latitude, longitude, wind.wmo.)</pre>
head(andrew_loc, 3)
##
                    iso_time latitude longitude wind.wmo.
## 2417 1992-08-16 18:00:00
                                 10.8
                                           -35.5
                                                        25
## 2418 1992-08-17 00:00:00
                                 11.2
                                           -37.4
                                                         30
## 2419 1992-08-17 06:00:00
                                 11.7
                                           -39.6
                                                         30
```

```
ggplot(andrew_loc, aes(x = longitude, y = latitude)) +
geom_path() + geom_point(aes(color = wind.wmo.))
```



Let me add to a map:



And more locally:



Next, we could measure distance from US county centers and pick out the counties that were within [x] kilometers of the 6-hour storm location measures.

Cyclone Tracy example: (note: need to pull from 1975, even though it was in 1974)

```
Tracy_1975<-storm_data(year=1975)</pre>
```

## <path>~/.rnoaa/storms/year/Year.1975.ibtracs\_all.v03r06.csv

```
names(Tracy_1975)
```

## [1] "data"

```
colnames(Tracy_1975$data)[1:10]
```

```
## [1] "serial_num" "season" "num" "basin" "sub_basin"
## [6] "name" "iso_time" "nature" "latitude" "longitude"
```

# tracy <- Tracy\_1975\$data[which(Tracy\_1975\$data\$name == "07S:TRACY"), ] as.vector(unique(Tracy\_1975\$data\$name))</pre>

```
[1] "MARCIA"
                                            "NORAH"
##
##
     [3] "PENNY"
                                            "01P"
     [5] "02P:HSK0475"
                                            "03S:SELMA"
##
##
     [7] "04P:HSK0675"
                                            "05P: HSK0775"
##
     [9] "06P:HSK0875"
                                            "07S:TRACY"
    [11] "ADELE"
                                            "08S"
   [13] "09S:BLANDINE"
                                            "01B"
##
    [15] "10S:CAMILLE"
                                            "12P"
##
   [17] "11P:12P:FLORA"
                                            "14S:DEBORAH:ROBYN:ROBYN/DEBORA"
##
##
   [19] "13P"
                                            "13P:GLORIA"
    [21] "LOLA"
                                            "15P:HSK1675"
##
##
    [23] "NOT NAMED"
                                            "16P:VAL"
    [25] "17S"
                                            "ELSA"
##
   [27] "18P:HSK1975"
                                            "19S"
##
    [29] "FERNANDE"
                                            "20S:GERVAISE"
##
##
    [31] "SHIRLEY"
                                            "21S:TRIXIE"
   [33] "22S:HELOSE"
                                            "23P:ALISON"
##
   [35] "24S:26S:INES"
                                            "25S:WILMA"
##
    [37] "26S"
                                            "27S:VIDA"
##
                                            "29P:BETTY:HSK3075"
##
    [39] "28S:BEVERLEY"
    [41] "30P:AMELIA"
                                            "31S:JUNON"
   [43] "CLARA"
                                            "32S:CLARA"
##
    [45] "02W:TD 02"
                                            "02A"
##
   [47] "03B"
##
                                            "DENISE"
   [49] "04A"
                                            "AGATHA"
##
    [51] "05B"
                                            "TD0616"
##
##
    [53] "06B"
                                            "07A"
##
    [55] "UNNAMED"
                                            "08B"
##
    [57] "AMY"
                                            "BRIDGET"
    [59] "CARLOTTA"
                                            "ELEANOR"
##
##
    [61] "09B"
                                            "MAMTE."
   [63] "BLANCHE"
                                            "FRANCENE"
##
##
   [65] "NINA"
    [67] "05W:TD 05"
                                            "(NAMELESS)(-)1:RITA:TD0809"
##
##
    [69] "ORA"
                                            "PHYLLIS"
##
    [71] "GEORGETTE"
                                            "HILARY"
##
    [73] "11B"
                                            "RITA"
##
    [75] "ILSA"
                                            "JEWEL"
                                            "SUSAN"
    [77] "CAROLINE"
##
    [79] "KATRINA"
                                            "DORIS"
##
    [81] "TESS"
                                            "VIOLA"
##
##
    [83] "WINNIE"
                                            "12B"
    [85] "ELOISE"
                                            "ALICE"
##
    [87] "BETTY"
                                            "LILY"
    [89] "FAYE"
                                            "GLADYS"
##
    [91] "13B"
##
                                            "MONICA"
##
   [93] "NANETTE"
                                            "CORA"
   [95] "14A"
                                            "ELSIE"
##
    [97] "18W:FLOSSIE:TD 18"
                                            "15B"
##
##
   [99] "16A"
                                            "OLIVIA"
```

```
## [101] "GRACE"
                                         "HALLIE"
## [103] "17B"
                                         "HELEN: HELLEN"
## [105] "18B"
                                         "PRISCILLA"
## [107] "IDA"
                                         "19B"
## [109] "JUNE"
                                         "20B"
## [111] "SUBTROP:UNNAMED"
                                         "25W:TD 25:TD1226"
## [113] "24W:TD 24"
tracy[1:5, 1:10]
         serial_num season num basin sub_basin
                                                    name
                                                                    iso_time
## 346 1974356S09132 1975
                                  SI
                                        WA 07S:TRACY 1974-12-21 11:30:00
## 347 1974356S09132 1975
                            5
                                SI
                                            WA 07S:TRACY 1974-12-21 12:00:00
## 348 1974356S09132 1975 5 SI
                                            WA 07S:TRACY 1974-12-21 18:00:00
## 349 1974356S09132 1975 5 SI
                                           WA 07S:TRACY 1974-12-21 23:30:00
## 350 1974356S09132 1975 5 SI
                                           WA 07S:TRACY 1974-12-22 00:00:00
##
      nature latitude longitude
## 346
          NR
                 -9.2
                          132.1
          TS -999.0
                         -999.0
## 347
          NR
                 -9.6
## 348
                          131.5
## 349
          NR
                 -9.9
                          131.2
## 350
          TS
              -999.0
                         -999.0
storm_names <- storm_meta(what = "storm_names")</pre>
head(storm names)
##
                                 name
## 1 1842298N11080 NOT NAMED(td9636)
## 2 1845336N10074 NOT NAMED(td9636)
## 3 1848011S09079 NOT NAMED(td9636)
## 4 1848011S09080 XXXX848003(reunion)
## 5 1848011S15057 XXXX848002(reunion)
## 6 1848011S16057 NOT NAMED(td9636)
grep("TRACY", storm_names$name, value = TRUE)
## [1] "bsh071975(jtwc_sh) - TRACY(bom) - NOT NAMED(td9636) - TRACY(neumann) - TRACY(ds824_au) - 07S(ds
storm_names[grep("TRACY", storm_names$name), ]
##
                   id
## 7945 1974356S09132
##
## 7945 bsh071975(jtwc_sh) - TRACY(bom) - NOT NAMED(td9636) - TRACY(neumann) - TRACY(ds824_au) - 07S(ds
tracy_id <- storm_names[grep("TRACY", storm_names$name), 1][1]</pre>
tracy_2 <- storm_data(storm = tracy_id)</pre>
## <path>~/.rnoaa/storms/storm/Storm.1974356S09132.ibtracs_all.v03r06.csv
```

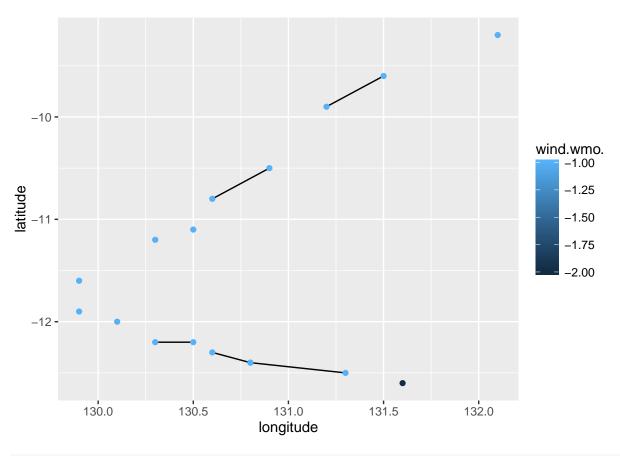
```
head(tracy_2$data[ , c("iso_time", "latitude", "longitude", "wind.wmo.")], 3)
##
                 iso_time latitude longitude wind.wmo.
## 1 1974-12-21 11:30:00
                              -9.2
                                        132.1
                                                      -1
                                       -999.0
## 2 1974-12-21 12:00:00
                            -999.0
                                                    -999
## 3 1974-12-21 18:00:00
                                        131.5
                              -9.6
                                                      -1
tracy_loc <- select(tracy, iso_time, latitude, longitude, wind.wmo.)</pre>
tracy loc$latitude[tracy loc$latitude < -300] <-NA
tracy_loc$longitude[tracy_loc$longitude < -300] <-NA
tracy_loc$wind.wmo.[tracy_loc$wind.wmo. < -300] <-NA
head(tracy, 3)
##
          serial num season num basin sub basin
                                                                         iso time
                                                        name
## 346 1974356S09132
                        1975
                               5
                                     SI
                                               WA 07S:TRACY 1974-12-21 11:30:00
## 347 1974356S09132
                        1975
                                     SI
                                               WA 07S:TRACY 1974-12-21 12:00:00
## 348 1974356S09132
                        1975
                               5
                                     SI
                                               WA 07S:TRACY 1974-12-21 18:00:00
       nature latitude longitude wind.wmo. pres.wmo. center
                   -9.2
## 346
           NR
                            132.1
                                          -1
                                                    990
                                                           bom
## 347
           TS
                 -999.0
                           -999.0
                                        -999
                                                   -999
                                                           N/A
## 348
           NR
                   -9.6
                            131.5
                                                    990
                                          -1
                                                           bom
##
       wind.wmo..percentile pres.wmo..percentile track_type
## 346
                        -100
                                            50.387
                                                          main
## 347
                        -999
                                          -999.000
                                                          main
## 348
                        -100
                                            50.387
                                                          main
##
       latitude_for_mapping longitude_for_mapping current.basin
## 346
                       -9.20
                                             132.10
## 347
                       -9.33
                                             132.03
                                                                SI
## 348
                       -9.65
                                             131.43
                                                                SI
##
       hurdat_atl_lat hurdat_atl_lon hurdat_atl_grade hurdat_atl_wind
## 346
                  -999
                                  -999
                                                    -999
                                                                     -999
                  -999
                                  -999
                                                    -999
## 347
                                                                     -999
## 348
                  -999
                                  -999
                                                    -999
                                                                     -999
##
       hurdat_atl_pres td9636_lat td9636_lon td9636_grade td9636_wind
## 346
                   -999
                            -999.0
                                        -999.0
                                                        -999
                                                                     -999
## 347
                   -999
                              -9.4
                                         132.0
                                                        -999
                                                                       10
## 348
                   -999
                              -9.7
                                         131.4
                                                        -999
                                                                       10
##
       td9636_pres reunion_lat reunion_lon reunion_grade reunion_wind
## 346
              -999
                           -999
                                        -999
                                                       -999
## 347
              -999
                           -999
                                        -999
                                                       -999
                                                                     -999
## 348
                                        -999
                                                       -999
               -999
                           -999
                                                                     -999
##
       reunion_pres atcf_lat atcf_lon atcf_grade atcf_wind atcf_pres
## 346
               -999
                         -999
                                   -999
                                              -999
                                                         -999
                                                                    -999
## 347
                -999
                         -999
                                   -999
                                              -999
                                                         -999
                                                                    -999
## 348
                -999
                         -999
                                   -999
                                              -999
                                                         -999
                                                                    -999
       ds824 sh lat ds824 sh lon ds824 sh grade ds824 sh wind ds824 sh pres
             -999.0
                           -999.0
## 346
                                             -999
                                                            -999
                                                                           -999
## 347
                -9.4
                            132.0
                                             -999
                                                              10
                                                                           -999
## 348
                -9.7
                                             -999
                                                              25
                                                                           -999
                            131.3
##
       ds824_ni_lat ds824_ni_lon ds824_ni_grade ds824_ni_wind ds824_ni_pres
## 346
                -999
                             -999
                                             -999
                                                            -999
                                                                           -999
## 347
                -999
                             -999
                                             -999
                                                            -999
                                                                           -999
```

```
-999
## 348
              -999
                                          -999
                                                        -999
      bom_lat bom_lon bom_grade bom_wind bom_pres ds824_au_lat ds824_au_lon
## 346
      -999.0 -999.0 -999 -999
                                          -999
                                                        -999.0
                                                                     -999.0
## 347
         -9.2 132.0
                           -999
                                    -999
                                              990
                                                          -9.2
                                                                      132.1
                                    -999
## 348
         -9.6 131.5
                           -999
                                              990
                                                          -9.6
##
       ds824 au grade ds824 au wind ds824 au pres jtwc sh lat jtwc sh lon
## 346
                -999
                            -999
                                         -999
                                                      -999.0
                -999
                                                        -9.4
## 347
                                45
                                             990
                                                                  132.0
## 348
                -999
                                45
                                             990
                                                        -9.7
                                                                   131.3
##
       jtwc_sh_grade jtwc_sh_wind jtwc_sh_pres jtwc_wp_lat jtwc_wp_lon
## 346
                        -999
                                    -999
                                                     -999
## 347
               -999
                                         -999
                                                     -999
                                                                 -999
                              10
## 348
                -999
                              25
                                                                 -999
                                         -999
                                                     -999
       jtwc_wp_grade jtwc_wp_wind jtwc_wp_pres td9635_lat td9635_lon
## 346
               -999
                            -999
                                         -999
                                                    -999
## 347
                -999
                            -999
                                         -999
                                                    -999
                                                                -999
## 348
               -999
                            -999
                                         -999
                                                    -999
                                                               -999
       td9635_grade td9635_wind td9635_pres ds824_wp_lat ds824_wp_lon
## 346
              -999
                          -999
                                      -999
                                                   -999
## 347
               -999
                          -999
                                       -999
                                                   -999
                                                                -999
                          -999
## 348
              -999
                                      -999
                                                   -999
                                                                -999
      ds824_wp_grade ds824_wp_wind ds824_wp_pres jtwc_io_lat jtwc_io_lon
## 346
                -999
                              -999
                                        -999
                                                        -999
## 347
                -999
                              -999
                                            -999
                                                        -999
                                                                    -999
## 348
                                            -999
                -999
                              -999
                                                        -999
                                                                    -999
       jtwc_io_grade jtwc_io_wind jtwc_io_pres cma_lat cma_lon cma_grade
               -999
                                         -999
## 346
                            -999
                                               -999 -999
## 347
                -999
                            -999
                                         -999
                                                 -999
                                                         -999
                                                                    -999
## 348
               -999
                            -999
                                         -999
                                                 -999
                                                         -999
                                                                   -999
       cma_wind cma_pres hurdat_epa_lat hurdat_epa_lon hurdat_epa_grade
                   -999
## 346
          -999
                                  -999
                                                 -999
## 347
          -999
                   -999
                                  -999
                                                 -999
                                                                  -999
## 348
          -999
                   -999
                                  -999
                                                 -999
      hurdat_epa_wind hurdat_epa_pres jtwc_ep_lat jtwc_ep_lon jtwc_ep_grade
## 346
                 -999
                                 -999
                                             -999
                                                         -999
                                                                       -999
                 -999
                                             -999
                                                         -999
## 347
                                 -999
                                                                       -999
                                             -999
## 348
                 -999
                                 -999
                                                         -999
                                                                       -999
       jtwc_ep_wind jtwc_ep_pres ds824_ep_lat ds824_ep_lon ds824_ep_grade
## 346
              -999
                           -999
                                        -999
                                                     -999
## 347
              -999
                           -999
                                        -999
                                                     -999
                                                                    -999
## 348
              -999
                           -999
                                        -999
                                                     -999
       ds824_ep_wind ds824_ep_pres jtwc_cp_lat jtwc_cp_lon jtwc_cp_grade
               -999
                             -999
                                         -999
                                                     -999
## 346
## 347
               -999
                             -999
                                         -999
                                                     -999
                                                                   -999
## 348
               -999
                             -999
                                         -999
                                                     -999
       jtwc_cp_wind jtwc_cp_pres tokyo_lat tokyo_lon tokyo_grade tokyo_wind
                                     -999
                                               -999
## 346
              -999
                           -999
                                                           -999
## 347
              -999
                           -999
                                     -999
                                               -999
                                                           -999
                                                                      -999
                           -999
                                     -999
## 348
              -999
                                               -999
                                                                      -999
       tokyo_pres neumann_lat neumann_lon neumann_grade neumann_wind
## 346
            -999
                      -999.0
                                  -999.0
                                               -999
            -999
                      -999.0
                                  -999.0
                                                  -999
                                                               -999
## 347
## 348
            -999
                       -9.5
                                   131.8
                                                  -999
##
      neumann pres hko lat hko lon hko grade hko wind hko pres cphc lat
```

```
-999
## 346
               -999
                                -999
                                           -999
                                                    -999
                                                              -999
                                                                       -999
## 347
               -999
                        -999
                                -999
                                           -999
                                                    -999
                                                              -999
                                                                       -999
## 348
                        -999
                                -999
                                           -999
                                                    -999
                                                              -999
                                                                       -999
                990
       cphc_lon cphc_grade cphc_wind cphc_pres wellington_lat wellington_lon
## 346
           -999
                      -999
                                 -999
                                            -999
                                                           -999
## 347
           -999
                       -999
                                 -999
                                            -999
                                                            -999
                                                                           -999
           -999
                      -999
                                 -999
                                            -999
                                                                           -999
##
       wellington_grade wellington_wind wellington_pres newdelhi_lat
## 346
                   -999
                                    -999
                                                     -999
## 347
                   -999
                                    -999
                                                     -999
                                                                   -999
## 348
                   -999
                                    -999
                                                     -999
##
       newdelhi_lon newdelhi_grade newdelhi_wind newdelhi_pres nadi_lat
                               -999
                                              -999
## 346
               -999
                               -999
                                              -999
                                                             -999
## 347
               -999
                                                                      -999
## 348
               -999
                               -999
                                              -999
                                                             -999
                                                                      -999
       nadi_lon nadi_grade nadi_wind nadi_pres reunion_rmw
## 346
           -999
                      -999
                                -999
                                            -999
                                                        -999
           -999
                       -999
                                 -999
                                            -999
                                                        -999
## 347
## 348
           -999
                      -999
                                 -999
                                            -999
                                                         -999
       reunion_wind_radii_1_ne reunion_wind_radii_1_se
## 346
                           -999
## 347
                           -999
                                                    -999
## 348
                           -999
       reunion wind radii 1 sw reunion wind radii 1 nw
## 346
                           -999
## 347
                           -999
## 348
                           -999
                                                    -999
       reunion_wind_radii_2_ne reunion_wind_radii_2_se
## 346
                           -999
## 347
                           -999
                                                    -999
## 348
                           -999
                                                    -999
       reunion_wind_radii_2_sw reunion_wind_radii_2_nw bom_mn_hurr_xtnt
## 346
                           -999
                                                    -999
                                                                      -999
## 347
                           -999
                                                    -999
                                                                      -999
                                                                      -999
## 348
                           -999
                                                    -999
       bom_mn_gale_xtnt bom_mn_eye_diam bom_roci atcf_rmw atcf_poci atcf_roci
                   -999
## 346
                                    -999
                                              -999
                                                     -999
                                                                  -999
                                                                             -999
## 347
                   -999
                                    -999
                                                -1
                                                       -999
                                                                  -999
                                                                             -999
## 348
                    -999
                                    -999
                                                -1
                                                       -999
                                                                  -999
                                                                             -999
       atcf_eye atcf_wrad34_rad1 atcf_wrad34_rad2 atcf_wrad34_rad3
##
           -999
                             -999
## 346
## 347
           -999
                             -999
                                               -999
                                                                 -999
## 348
           -999
                             -999
                                               -999
                                                                 -999
       atcf_wrad34_rad4 atcf_wrad50_rad1 atcf_wrad50_rad2 atcf_wrad50_rad3
## 346
                    -999
                                     -999
                                                       -999
## 347
                    -999
                                     -999
                                                       -999
                                                                         -999
                    -999
## 348
                                     -999
                                                       -999
       atcf_wrad50_rad4 atcf_wrad64_rad1 atcf_wrad64_rad2 atcf_wrad64_rad3
## 346
                   -999
                                     -999
                                                       -999
                                                                         -999
## 347
                    -999
                                     -999
                                                       -999
                                                                         -999
## 348
                   -999
                                     -999
                                                       -999
       atcf_wrad64_rad4 tokyo_dir50 tokyo_long50 tokyo_short50 tokyo_dir30
## 346
                   -999
                                -999
                                              -999
                                                            -999
## 347
                    -999
                                -999
                                              -999
                                                             -999
                                                                         -999
```

```
-999 -999 -999
                                                              -999
## 348
## tokyo_long30 tokyo_short30 jtwc_.._rmw jtwc_.._poci jtwc_.._roci
                               -999 -999 -999
## 346
                       -999
           -999
## 347
             -999
                         -999
                                       0
                                                  0
                                                              0
## 348
             -999
                         -999
                                      0
                                                   0
                                                              0
##
      jtwc_.._eye jtwc_.._wrad34_rad1 jtwc_.._wrad34_rad2
## 346
            -999
             0
## 347
                               -1
                                                 -1
             0
## 348
                                -1
      jtwc_.._wrad34_rad3 jtwc_.._wrad34_rad4 jtwc_.._wrad50_rad1
## 346
                     -1
## 347
                                       -1
                                                         -1
## 348
                     -1
                                       -1
                                                         -1
## jtwc_.._wrad50_rad2 jtwc_.._wrad50_rad3 jtwc_.._wrad50_rad4
## 346
                   -999
                                     -999
## 347
                     -1
                                       -1
                                                         -1
## 348
                     -1
                                       -1
                                                         -1
## jtwc_.._wrad64_rad1 jtwc_.._wrad64_rad2 jtwc_.._wrad64_rad3
## 346
                   -999
                                    -999
                                                       -999
## 347
                     -1
                                       -1
                                                         -1
## 348
                     -1
                                       -1
                                                         -1
## jtwc_.._wrad64_rad4
## 346
                   -999
## 347
                     -1
## 348
                     -1
ggplot(tracy_loc, aes(x = longitude, y = latitude)) +
geom_path() + geom_point(aes(color = wind.wmo.))
```

## Warning: Removed 12 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).



```
library(ggmap)
darwin_map <- get_map(location = 'Darwin', zoom = 5)</pre>
```

## Map from URL : http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/staticmap?center=Darwin&zoom=5&size=640x640&scale

 $\verb|## Information from URL : http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?address=Darwin\&sensor=false| | formation from URL : http://maps.googleapis.com/maps/api/geocode/json?address=Darwin&sensor=false| | formation from URL : http://maps.googleapis.googl$ 

## Warning: Removed 12 rows containing missing values (geom\_point).



## Can you identify streams and rivers that were affected by the storm?

BG: No idea where to start here... Are there any databases where you can identify rivers or streams that are close to a certain location? Does streamgage meta-data have some information saying what river or stream it's on? If so, we might be able to pull meta-data on all streamgages through USGS, filter to just ones within the right date range, and then pull the latitude-longitude and the stream / river name, then calculate distances to the central path of the storm from storm tracks.

# What cities had problems with flooding during the storm? Get some measure to identify if and to what degree the location flooded.

BG: The waterData package allows you to pull daily hydrologic time series from the USGS. You need to have the station IDs to do that first, though.

The package countyweather (this is Rachel's package) has a function to pull all the station IDs for a US county, based on the county FIPS code. This function is still in development (so feel free to fork the package and make your own changes!), but for right now you can use it like this—to get the station IDs for Miami-Dade, which has a FIPS code of 12086:

[Change to load from my branch of county weather for the moment because of the streamstations issue.]

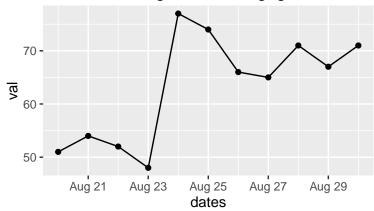
```
# library(devtools)
install_github("geanders/countyweather") # install the package if you need to
```

- ## Downloading GitHub repo geanders/countyweather@master
- ## from URL https://api.github.com/repos/geanders/countyweather/zipball/master

```
## Installing countyweather
## Skipping 4 packages ahead of CRAN: rgdal, rnoaa, sp, weathermetrics
  '/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Resources/bin/R' --no-site-file \
     --no-environ --no-save --no-restore CMD INSTALL \
##
     '/private/var/folders/_n/qp9kh0cj071440ps5wncks1w0000gn/T/RtmpBgStxb/devtools198a4012226f/geanders
##
     --library='/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.2/Resources/library' \
##
     --install-tests
##
##
## Reloading installed countyweather
library(countyweather)
miami_ids <- countyweather:::streamstations("12086",
                                        date min = "1992-08-20".
                                        date max = "1992-08-30")
miami_ids
##
   [1] "02287395"
                           "02287497"
                                             "02288600"
   [4] "02289019"
                           "02289040"
                                             "02289041"
   [7] "02289050"
                           "02289060"
                                             "02289500"
##
## [10] "02290710"
                           "022907647"
                                             "02290765"
## [13] "02290769"
                           "252523080352500" "254543080405401"
## [16] "254543080491101"
Then you can use these IDs with importDVs from the waterData package to import daily hydrological time
series data. This function will, I think, only pull for one gauge at a time:
# install.packages(waterData) # if you need to install the package
library(waterData)
miami_1 <- importDVs(miami_ids[1], sdate = "1992-08-20", edate = "1992-08-30")
head(miami 1)
##
                       dates qualcode
        staid val
## 1 02287395 51 1992-08-20
## 2 02287395 54 1992-08-21
                                     Α
## 3 02287395 52 1992-08-22
                                     Α
## 4 02287395 48 1992-08-23
                                     Α
## 5 02287395 77 1992-08-24
                                     Α
## 6 02287395 74 1992-08-25
                                     Α
ggplot(miami_1, aes(x = dates, y = val)) + geom_line() +
```

geom\_point() + ggtitle("Stream discharge for streamgage 02287395")

## Stream discharge for streamgage 02287395



The default is for importDVs to pull in the mean daily value. You can use the stat option to change what you get in, although for this, you'd want to look up what all the USGS statistics codes are. You can also change the USGS parameter code using the code argument. The default is "00060", which is the discharge in cubic feet per second. The help file for importDvs has web links to find the right codes for these.

So, I think next steps would be to use something from the apply family of functions or a loop to go through and get data from all of the Miami gauges, and then plot the discharge for them all. Are there any problems with pulling data from any of the gauges that we get back from the streamflow function?

#### How closely were rainfall and flooding severity linked in locations?

BG: One way to do this would be to try to get county-level aggregated daily estimates of rainfall and flooding intensity. You could do all sorts of things with this. For example, you could take the county maximum of both values for days near the storm and see how well correlated those are across different counties. You could also try to measure how many days are typical between the maximum rain fall and maximum stream flow.

#### Plotting the storm

Plot the full track of the storm. Show its intensity as it progressed along the track, as well as the affected cities.