Assignment 4 - CS335

Group 14

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1 Build and Run

- cd asgn4
- make
- bin/irgen file

2 Features

• **Declaration**: val and var declaration are supported. Also, It is necessary that declaration be accompanied by a value. It is optional to specify type. Multiple variables can be declared in same line.

```
val a = 5;
val b : Int = 27, aldo = 21;
var c = 312;
```

• **Array**: Integer Arrays are Supported with predefined length. They can be used just like any other other variable with standard array referencing.

```
val c = new Array[Int](21);
c[5] = a;
a = c[20]*2;
```

• Objects: There can be multiple singleton objects (Scala-Like). They cannot be referenced from each other. Also, code in outer most scope of both the objects will be executed (unlike scala, in which only the code of objects extending App are executed.)

```
object HelloWorld {
}
```

• For: Nested For loops are implemented with new scope beginning at each loop. There are two variants to and until

```
for ( i <- 23 to 71) {
   val j = 32;
   for ( j <- 21 until 23) a = a*2;
   print();
}</pre>
```

• While: Nested While loops are implemented with new scope beginning at each loop.

```
while(a >= 2) {
    print();
    a = a - 1;
    val b = 32;
    while( b < 50) {
        b = b + 1;
    }
}</pre>
```

• If/Else: Nested If/Else are implemented with new scope at each if, else.

```
if(a ==31) {
    print();
    if(b == 5) {
        print();
    }
} else {
    a = 31;
}
```

• Case Switch: Case/switch are supported and no new scope is made for them. We have not allowed fall-through and have clubbed all the conditional statements together for more efficient n-way branch (due to cache-hits while fetching instructions)

```
2*c[20] + 1 match{
  case b * 2 => a = 2;
  case 7 => a = 3;
  case 2 => {a = 4; a = 6;}
}
```

• Functions: Functions with multiple arguments and Single return value. A new scope is formed for each function. Recursion is also suported.

```
def print() = {
    val a = 2;
    print();
    return a;
}
```