

# WEB APPLICATION SECURITY ASSESSMENT REPORT

## OWASP Juice Shop Application Penetration Testing Assessment

Date: December 1, 2025

Assessed by: Security Analyst

Target Application: <https://juice-shop.herokuapp.com>

---

### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report presents the findings of a comprehensive security assessment conducted on the OWASP Juice Shop web application. The assessment identified FIVE (5) CRITICAL vulnerabilities that pose significant security risks.

OVERALL RISK RATING: CRITICAL

#### Key Findings:

- SQL Injection allowing authentication bypass
- Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) vulnerability
- Broken Access Control exposing admin panel
- Sensitive Data Exposure through FTP directory
- Security Misconfiguration revealing error details

Immediate remediation is strongly recommended.

---

### VULNERABILITY FINDINGS

#### [VULNERABILITY #1] SQL INJECTION - AUTHENTICATION BYPASS

Severity: CRITICAL 

OWASP Category: A03:2021 - Injection

CVSS Score: 9.8

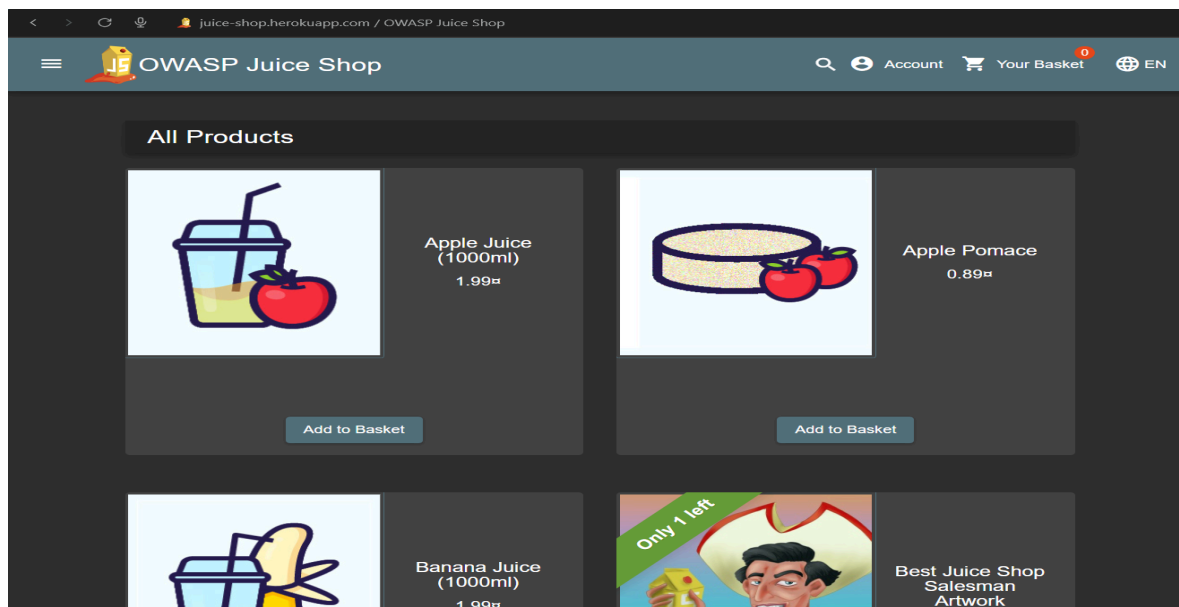
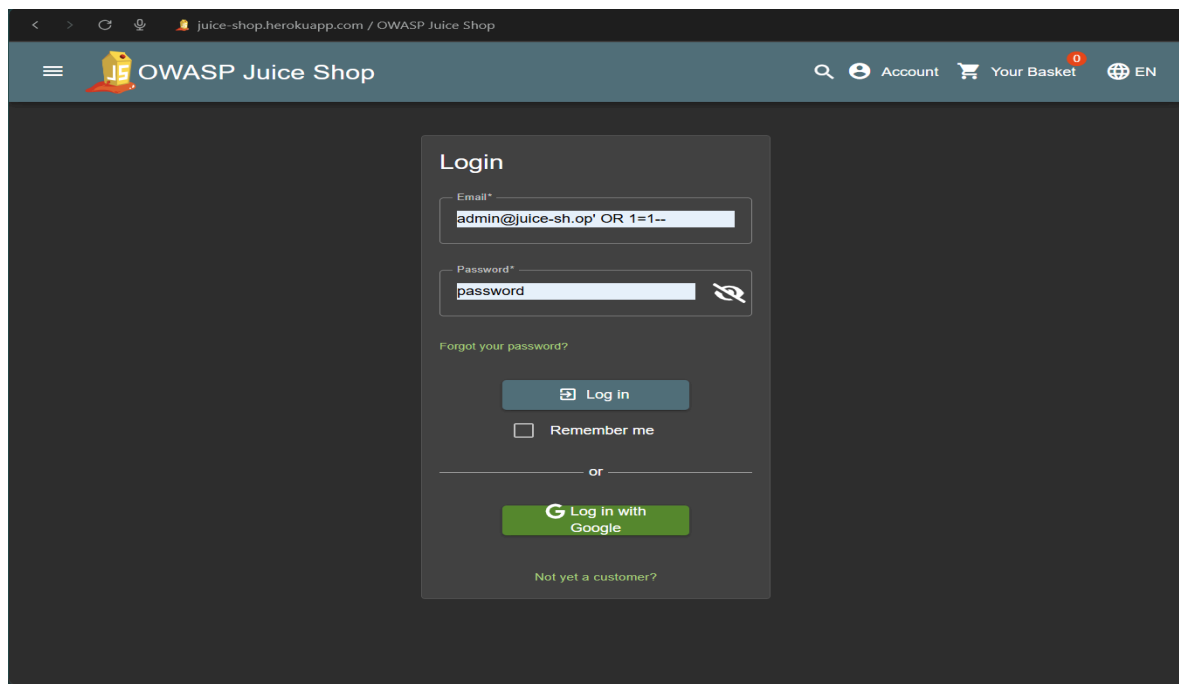
## Description:

The login form is vulnerable to SQL injection attacks. An attacker can bypass authentication by injecting SQL code into the email field.

## Proof of Concept:

- URL: <https://juice-shop.herokuapp.com/#/login>

## Screenshot Evidence:



- Payload: admin@juice-sh.op' OR 1=1--
- Password: (any value)
- Result: Successfully logged in as admin user

#### Impact:

- Complete authentication bypass
- Unauthorized access to admin account
- Potential data theft
- Database manipulation possible

#### Remediation:

1. Use parameterized queries/prepared statements
2. Implement input validation and sanitization
3. Use ORM frameworks (e.g., Sequelize, TypeORM)
4. Apply principle of least privilege to database accounts

#### Code Fix Example:

// VULNERABLE CODE

```
const query = `SELECT * FROM Users WHERE email='${email}' AND password='${password}'`;
```

// SECURE CODE

```
const query = 'SELECT * FROM Users WHERE email=? AND password=?';
db.execute(query, [email, hashedPassword]);
```

---

## [VULNERABILITY #2] CROSS-SITE SCRIPTING (XSS)

Severity: HIGH 

OWASP Category: A03:2021 - Injection

CVSS Score: 7.3

#### Description:

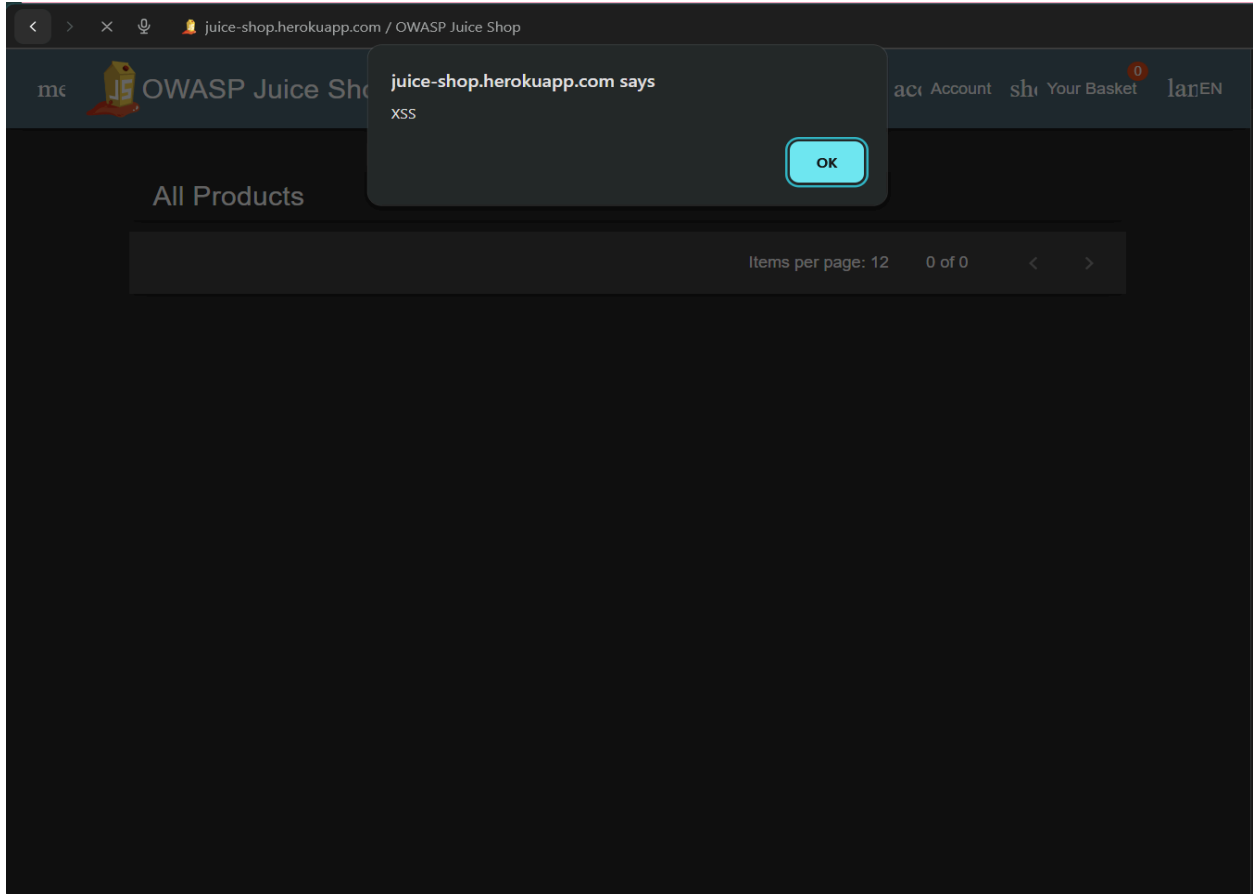
The search functionality reflects user input without proper sanitization, allowing execution of malicious JavaScript code.

#### Proof of Concept:

- URL: <https://juice-shop.herokuapp.com/#/search>

- **Payload:** `<iframe src="javascript:alert('XSS')">`
- **Result:** XSS payload executed and displayed in search results

#### ScreenShot Evidence:



#### Impact:

- Session hijacking through cookie theft
- Credential stealing via fake login forms
- Malicious redirects
- Defacement of web pages

#### Remediation:

1. Implement output encoding/escaping
2. Use Content Security Policy (CSP) headers
3. Sanitize user input on both client and server side
4. Use security libraries (DOMPurify, OWASP Java Encoder)

## [VULNERABILITY #3] BROKEN ACCESS CONTROL

Severity: **CRITICAL** 

OWASP Category: A01:2021 - Broken Access Control

CVSS Score: 8.8

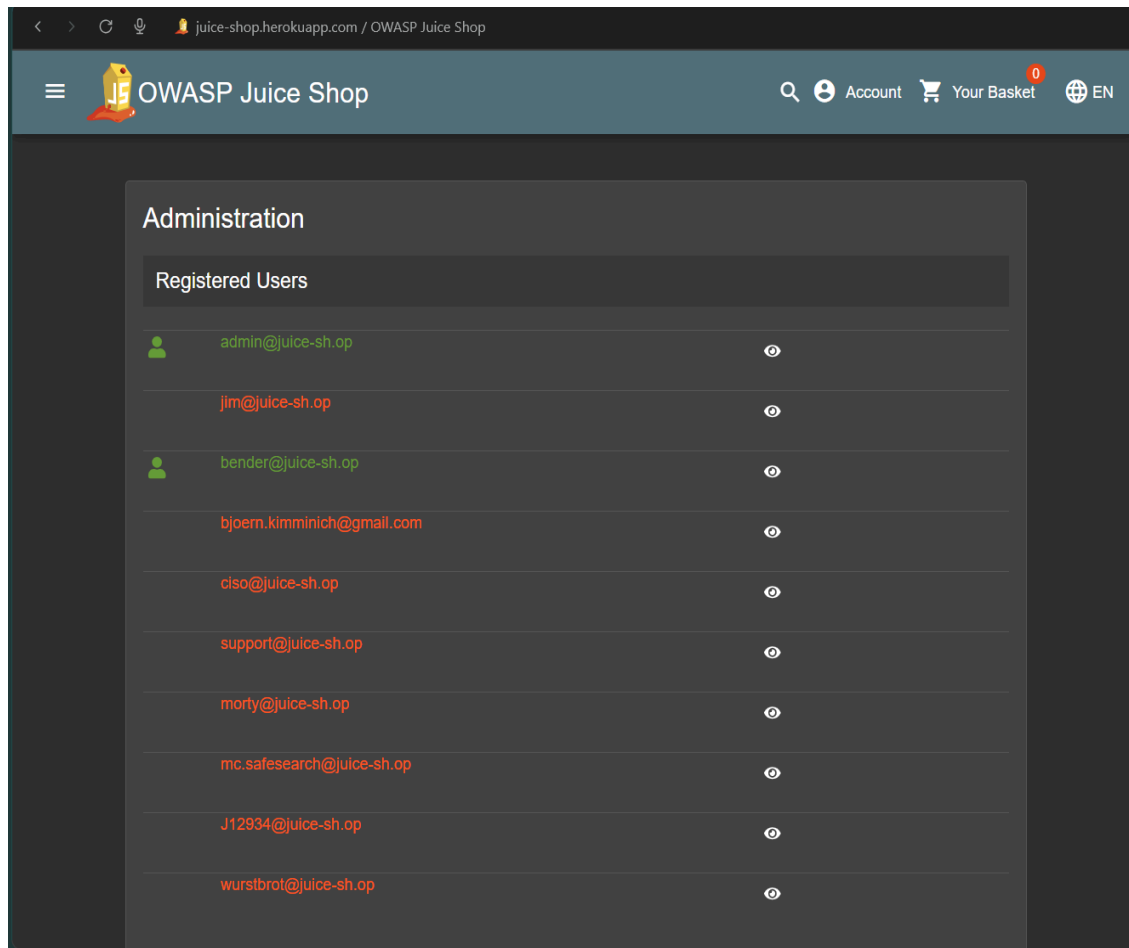
### Description:

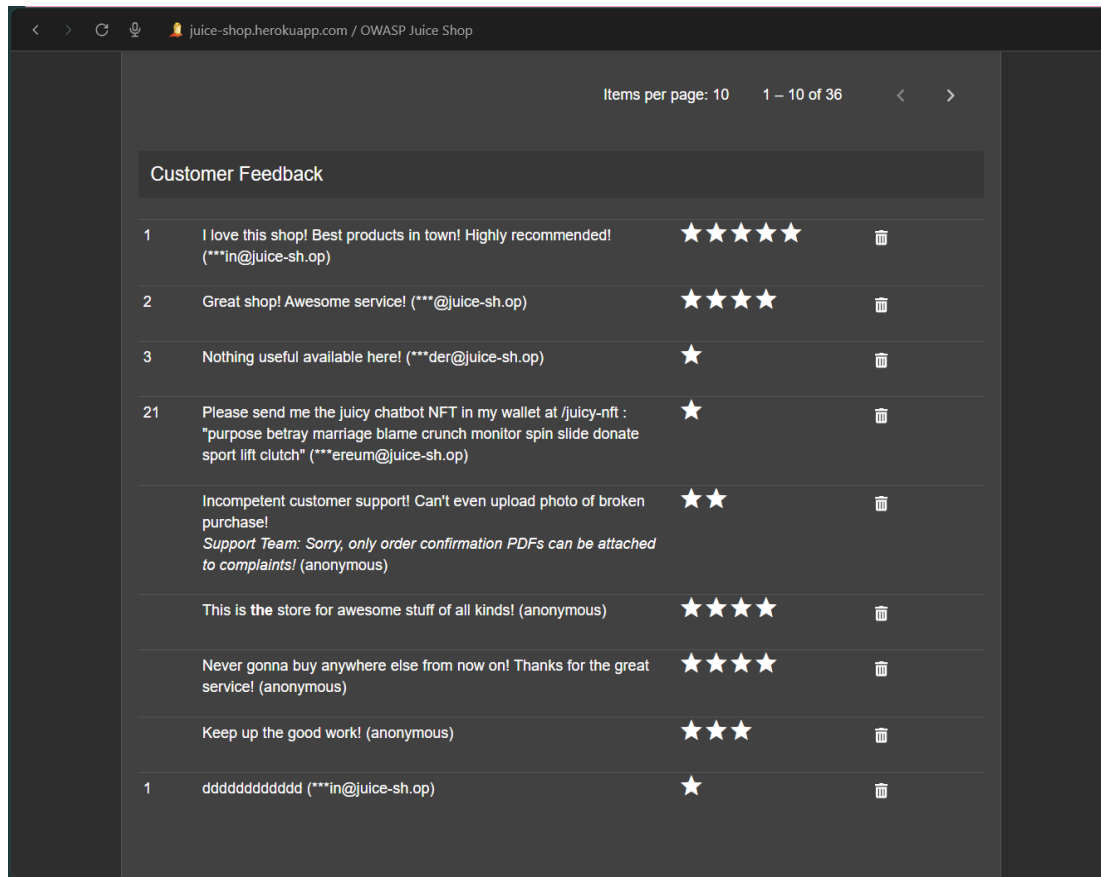
The administration panel is accessible without proper authorization checks. Any authenticated user can access sensitive admin functions.

### Proof of Concept:

- URL: <https://juice-shop.herokuapp.com/#/administration>
- Steps: Login as any user, navigate to /administration
- Result: Full access to user database and admin panel
- Exposed Data: All user emails, account details

### ScreenShot Evidence:





### Impact:

- Unauthorized access to admin functionality
- Exposure of all user data
- Privilege escalation
- Data breach potential

### Remediation:

1. Implement role-based access control (RBAC)
2. Verify user permissions on server-side
3. Use authentication middleware
4. Apply least privilege principle
5. Log all access attempts to sensitive resources

## [VULNERABILITY #4] SENSITIVE DATA EXPOSURE

Severity: HIGH 🟡

OWASP Category: A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures

CVSS Score: 7.5

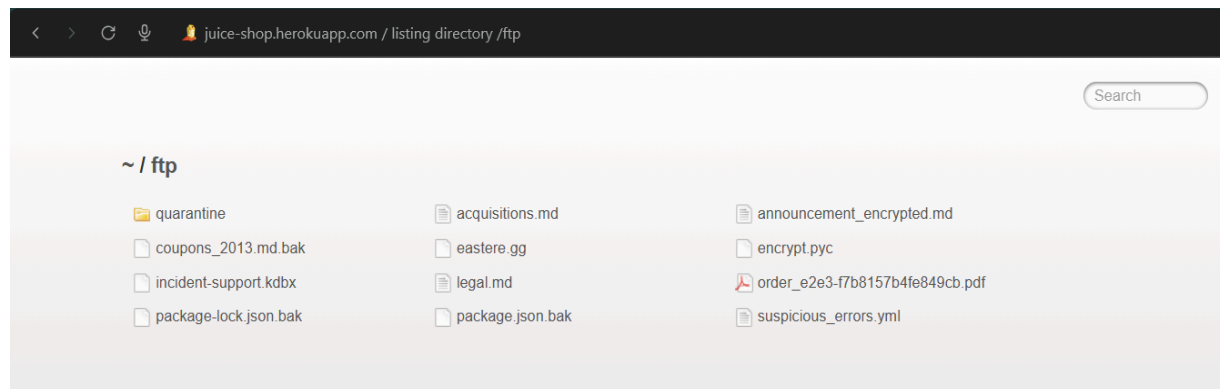
### Description:

The /ftp directory is publicly accessible without authentication, exposing confidential business documents and backup files.

### Proof of Concept:

- URL: <https://juice-shop.herokuapp.com/ftp>
- Exposed Files:
  - acquisitions.md (confidential business plans)
  - coupons\_2013.md.bak (backup with potential credentials)
  - package.json.bak (application configuration)
  - legal.md (legal documents)
  - suspicious\_errors.yml (system information)

### ScreenShot Evidence:



### Impact:

- Exposure of confidential business information
- Potential credential leakage in backup files
- System architecture disclosure
- Compliance violations (GDPR, PCI-DSS)

### Remediation:

1. Implement authentication for all file directories
2. Remove backup files from production servers
3. Use .htaccess or web server config to deny directory listing
4. Store sensitive files outside web root
5. Encrypt sensitive data at rest

## [VULNERABILITY #5] SECURITY MISCONFIGURATION - ERROR DISCLOSURE

Severity: MEDIUM 🟡

OWASP Category: A05:2021 - Security Misconfiguration

CVSS Score: 5.3

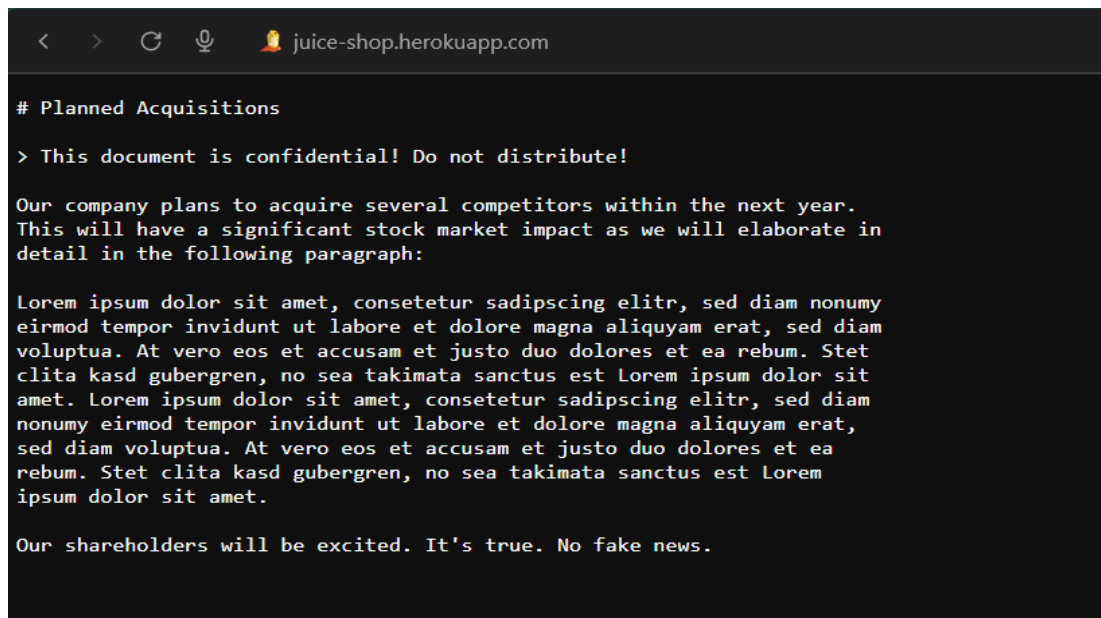
### Description:

Detailed error messages and stack traces are exposed to users, revealing internal application structure and technology stack.

### Proof of Concept:

- URL: <https://juice-shop.herokuapp.com/ftp/package.json.bak>
- Error Response: Full Node.js/Express stack trace
- Revealed Information:
  - Express version (4.21.0)
  - File system paths
  - Internal function names
  - Router implementation details

### ScreenShot Evidence:



```
< > ↺ 🎤 juice-shop.herokuapp.com

# Planned Acquisitions

> This document is confidential! Do not distribute!

Our company plans to acquire several competitors within the next year.
This will have a significant stock market impact as we will elaborate in
detail in the following paragraph:

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur sadipscing elitr, sed diam nonumy
eirmod tempor invidunt ut labore et dolore magna aliquyam erat, sed diam
voluptua. At vero eos et accusam et justo duo dolores et ea rebum. Stet
clita kasd gubergren, no sea takimata sanctus est Lorem ipsum dolor sit
amet. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consetetur sadipscing elitr, sed diam
nonumy eirmod tempor invidunt ut labore et dolore magna aliquyam erat,
sed diam voluptua. At vero eos et accusam et justo duo dolores et ea
rebum. Stet clita kasd gubergren, no sea takimata sanctus est Lorem
ipsum dolor sit amet.

Our shareholders will be excited. It's true. No fake news.
```

### Impact:

- Information disclosure aiding targeted attacks
- Technology stack fingerprinting
- Easier identification of known vulnerabilities
- Path traversal attack facilitation

## Remediation:

1. Implement custom error pages
  2. Disable debug mode in production
  3. Configure error logging to files, not browser
  4. Use generic error messages for users
  5. Remove version headers from HTTP responses
- 

## OWASP TOP 10 (2021) COMPLIANCE CHECKLIST

- ☒ **A01:2021 - Broken Access Control**  
Status: **VULNERABLE** - Admin panel accessible without authorization
- ☒ **A02:2021 - Cryptographic Failures**  
Status: **VULNERABLE** - Sensitive files exposed publicly
- ☒ **A03:2021 - Injection**  
Status: **VULNERABLE** - SQL Injection and XSS detected
- ☐ **A04:2021 - Insecure Design**  
Status: **NOT TESTED** in this assessment
- ☒ **A05:2021 - Security Misconfiguration**  
Status: **VULNERABLE** - Error messages expose system details
- ☐ **A06:2021 - Vulnerable and Outdated Components**  
Status: **PARTIAL** - Version disclosure detected
- ☐ **A07:2021 - Identification and Authentication Failures**  
Status: **VULNERABLE** - SQL Injection bypasses authentication
- ☐ **A08:2021 - Software and Data Integrity Failures**  
Status: **NOT TESTED** in this assessment
- ☐ **A09:2021 - Security Logging and Monitoring Failures**  
Status: **NOT TESTED** in this assessment
- ☐ **A10:2021 - Server-Side Request Forgery (SSRF)**  
Status: **NOT TESTED** in this assessment

---

---

## **RECOMMENDATIONS & REMEDIATION TIMELINE**

### **IMMEDIATE (0-7 days):**

- 1. Disable public access to /ftp directory**
- 2. Implement parameterized queries for all database operations**
- 3. Add role-based access control to admin panel**
- 4. Configure custom error pages (disable stack traces)**

### **SHORT-TERM (1-4 weeks):**

- 1. Implement input validation and output encoding**
- 2. Add Content Security Policy headers**
- 3. Remove all backup files from production**
- 4. Conduct code review for similar vulnerabilities**
- 5. Implement security logging and monitoring**

### **LONG-TERM (1-3 months):**

- 1. Security awareness training for development team**
  - 2. Integrate SAST/DAST tools in CI/CD pipeline**
  - 3. Regular penetration testing schedule**
  - 4. Establish secure coding standards**
  - 5. Implement Web Application Firewall (WAF)**
- 
- 

## **TOOLS & METHODOLOGY**

### **Testing Tools Used:**

- OWASP ZAP - Automated vulnerability scanning**
- Burp Suite Community Edition - Manual testing**
- Browser Developer Tools - Request/response analysis**
- Manual code review and penetration testing**

### **Testing Methodology:**

- 1. Reconnaissance and information gathering**
- 2. Vulnerability identification and scanning**
- 3. Manual exploitation and verification**
- 4. Impact assessment**

## 5. Documentation and remediation recommendations

### Standards Followed:

- OWASP Testing Guide v4.2
- OWASP Top 10 (2021)
- CVSS v3.1 Scoring

---

---

## CONCLUSION




This security assessment revealed **CRITICAL** vulnerabilities that require immediate attention. The application is vulnerable to:

- Authentication bypass through SQL injection
- Unauthorized access to administrative functions
- Exposure of sensitive business data
- Cross-site scripting attacks
- Information disclosure through error messages

These vulnerabilities could lead to:

- Complete system compromise
- Data breaches affecting all users
- Regulatory compliance violations
- Reputational damage
- Financial losses

### RISK SUMMARY:

-  **CRITICAL:** 2 vulnerabilities
-  **HIGH:** 2 vulnerabilities
-  **MEDIUM:** 1 vulnerability

### RECOMMENDATION:

Immediate remediation of all **CRITICAL** and **HIGH** severity vulnerabilities is strongly recommended before the application handles production data or customer information.

For questions or clarification on any findings, please contact the security assessment team.

---

---

**END OF REPORT**