

Python - Custom Functions and OS Module

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Functions

- Like Apps within your script
- Reuse code - Write Once
- Must be defined BEFORE they are called
- Good coders are lazy coders
- Example
 - hello.py
 - function-layered.py

Function Inputs

- Sending Variable Values to a Function
- Position Matters not the Name
- Local vs Global Variables
- Examples
 - function-input.py
 - function-input-multiple.py

Function Returns

- Functions can return variable values
- Multiple Values Can Be Accessed Based on Index
- Return can be a Dictionary or List
- Examples
 - `return.py`
 - `return-multiple.py`
 - `return-dict.py`

OS Module

- Allows you to send commands and receive responses from the Operating System
- This Makes Command Line Tools available in your Python Script
- Different OS's use different base commands
- Beware of PING!!!
- What About the Subprocess Module???

OS Basic Functions

- OS Module will use the appropriate command for the Operating System
- `os.name`
- `os.getcwd()`
- `os.listdir()`
- `os.mkdir('name')` - `os.remove('file')` - `os.rmdir('directory')`
- `os.join(directory, file)`
 - Formats file path for OS
- Example = `os-example.py`

OS - System Function

- Sends Commands to OS with No Return
- OS Commands are OS Dependent
- `subprocess.run()` - ???
- Example = `os-system.py`

OS - `popen()` Function

- Sends command to OS and receives what would be displayed on the screen.
- GREP is your friend!
- `read()`
- `readlines()`
- Example = `os-popen.py`

Try / Except

- What is an error really???
- `try:`
- `except:`
- `except Exception as error:`
- `else:`
- `finally:`

Labs

- lab-command.py
- lab-up-down.py
- lab-dashboard.py
