```
# File: cleaningFuncs.R
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##----
peak.quick <- function (x, y) {</pre>
  return(x[which(diff(sign(diff(y)))==-2)])
getFirstPop <- function (dtIN)</pre>
 get.den <- density(dtIN)</pre>
 peaks <- peak.quick (get.den$x, get.den$y)</pre>
#str(peaks)
  dt.normed = dtIN - peaks[1]
  dt.first.left <- dt.normed[which(dt.normed < 0)]</pre>
  dt.first.right <- -dt.first.left</pre>
  dt.first <- c(dt.first.left, dt.first.right)</pre>
  str(dt.first)
  return (dt.first)
getPopWIndex <- function (dtIN, where2start)</pre>
  get.den <- density(dtIN)</pre>
  peaks <- peak.quick (get.den$x, get.den$y)</pre>
  #str(peaks)
  dt.normed = dtIN - peaks[where2start]
  dt.first.left <- dt.normed[which(dt.normed < 0)]</pre>
  dt.first.right <- -dt.first.left</pre>
  dt.first <- c(dt.first.left, dt.first.right)</pre>
  str(dt.first)
  return (dt.first)
getSecondPop <- function (dtIN)</pre>
  get.den <- density(dtIN)</pre>
  peaks <- peak.quick (get.den$x, get.den$y)</pre>
  #str(peaks)
  dt.normed = dtIN - peaks[2]
  dt.first.left <- dt.normed[which(dt.normed < 0)]</pre>
  dt.first.right <- -dt.first.left</pre>
  dt.first <- c(dt.first.left, dt.first.right)</pre>
  str(dt.first)
  return (dt.first)
cleanFirstPop <- function ( firstPeak,</pre>
                             dt.first.
                             dt.raw )
  ## Filter starts here...
  first.den <- density(dt.first + firstPeak)</pre>
  tempDen <- first.den
  tempDen$y <- first.den$y/sum(first.den$y)</pre>
  ## Retain data on the right of the first peak
  ##
                SAME AS
        Remove data on the left of the fist peak
  ##
  dt.right.of.peak <- dt.raw[which(dt.raw >= firstPeak)]
        Retain data on the right of max of the first population
  dt.right.of.peak.max <- dt.right.of.peak [which(dt.right.of.peak >=max(dt.first+firstPeak))]
        Data fall between the right of the first peak and the left of max of the first population
  dt.between.peak.max <- dt.right.of.peak [-which(dt.right.of.peak >=max(dt.first+firstPeak))]
        Now, remove the data according to the "estimated proportion"
  ##
        Between two adjacent populations
  adiust = 0:
  dt2filter <-dt.between.peak.max
        str(dt2filter)
  for (i in 1:256)
    temp = 0
```

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1.bound < - i + 255
    h.bound <- i + 256
    num.of.data <- ((tempDen$y[1.bound] + tempDen$y[h.bound])/2)*(length(dt.first))</pre>
    candidate <- which(dt2filter > tempDen$x[1.bound] & dt2filter < tempDen$x[h.bound])</pre>
    if (length(candidate) >=1)
      if (length(candidate) > floor(num.of.data))
        temp = num.of.data - floor(num.of.data)
        data2exclude <- sample(candidate, floor(num.of.data))</pre>
        if (length(data2exclude) >=1 )
          dt2filter <- dt2filter[-data2exclude]
          adjust = adjust + temp
      }else{
        dt2filter <- dt2filter[-candidate]</pre>
    }
  num2salvage <- sample (c(1:length(dt2filter)), ceiling(adjust)) #FIXME: Manully fixting</pre>
  dt2filter <- dt2filter[-num2salvage]</pre>
  dt.retain <- c(dt.right.of.peak.max, dt2filter)</pre>
  return (dt.retain)
followUpClean <- function ( firstPeak,</pre>
                             dt.first,
                             dt.raw )
  ## Filter starts here...
  #returnList <- list()</pre>
  first.den <- density(dt.first + firstPeak)</pre>
  tempDen <- first.den
  tempDen$y <- first.den$y/sum(first.den$y)</pre>
  ## Retain data on the right of the first peak
  ## Remove data on the left of the fist peak
  dt.right.of.peak <- dt.raw[which(dt.raw >= firstPeak)]
        Retain data on the right of max of the first population
  dt.right.of.peak.max <- dt.right.of.peak [which(dt.right.of.peak >=max(dt.first+firstPeak))]
        Data fall between the right of the first peak and the left of max of the first population
  dt.between.peak.max <- dt.right.of.peak [-which(dt.right.of.peak >=max(dt.first+firstPeak))]
        Now, remove the data according to the "estimated proportion"
  ##
        Between two adjacent populations
  adjust = 0;
  dt2filter <- dt.between.peak.max</pre>
  dt2retain <- 0
        str(dt2filter)
  for (i in 1:256)
    temp = 0
    1.bound <- i + 255
    h.bound < - i + 256
    num.of.data <- ((tempDen$y[1.bound] + tempDen$y[h.bound])/2)*(length(dt.first))</pre>
    \verb|candidate| <- which(dt2filter| > tempDen$x[l.bound] & dt2filter| < tempDen$x[h.bound]| )
    if (length(candidate) >=1)
      if (length(candidate) > floor(num.of.data))
        temp = num.of.data - floor(num.of.data)
        data2exclude <- sample(candidate, floor(num.of.data))</pre>
        if (length(data2exclude) >=1 )
          dt2filter
                        <- dt2filter[-data2exclude]</pre>
          dtRetainTemp <- dt.between.peak.max[data2exclude]</pre>
          dt2retain <- c(dt2retain, dtRetainTemp)</pre>
          adjust = adjust + temp
      }else{
        dt2filter
                      <- dt2filter[-candidate]</pre>
        dtRetainTemp <- dt.between.peak.max[candidate]</pre>
        dt2retain <- c(dt2retain, dtRetainTemp)</pre>
```

```
num2salvage <- sample (c(1:length(dt2filter)), ceiling(adjust)) #FIXME: Manully fixting</pre>
  if (length(num2salvage) > 0)
   dt2filter <- dt2filter[-num2salvage]</pre>
   dtRetainTemp <- dt.between.peak.max[num2salvage]</pre>
   dt2retain <- c(dt2retain, dtRetainTemp)</pre>
 dt.retained <- c(dt.right.of.peak.max, dt2filter)
returnList <- list(dtFiltered = dt2retain, dtRetained = dt.retained)</pre>
  return (returnList)
tryDensity <- function(dt) {</pre>
    out <- tryCatch(
                den <- density(dt, warn=FALSE)</pre>
        error=function(cond) {
             return(NA)
        },
         warning=function(cond) {
               return(NULL)
        },
        finally={
         message(paste("Somthing is wrong with the ", dt))
    return(out)
```

}