Assembler 4

Conditionals

- if-else
- while loop
- for loop
- recursion

cmp %r0, %r1

This says to compare the values of the registers r0 and r1, and set the control status register (CSR) to reflect the outcome. The CSR will store whether (r0==r1), (r0 < r1) or (r0 > r1).

b l1

This says go (branch) directly to label I1. This sets the pc to I1 rather than (pc+4). Note that you can't "return" from a branch like you can from a "jsr" statement.

beq l1

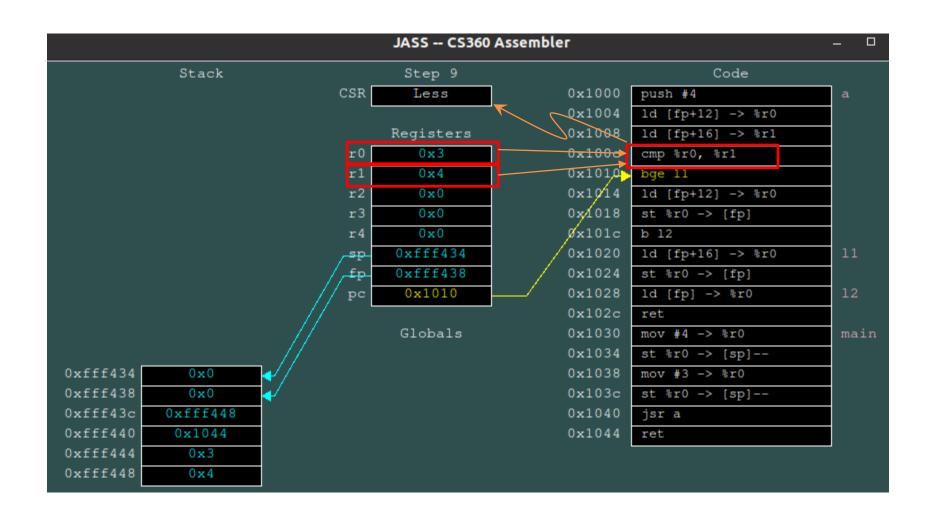
This says that if the CSR denotes that the two compared values are equal, go (set the pc) to label I1. If the two compared values are not equal, the next statement (pc+4) is executed.

- ble l1
- These should be obvious (<=,<,>=,>,!=).
- blt 11
- bge l1
- bgt l1
- bne l1

C code

Assembly code

```
int a(int i, int j)
                             a:
                               push #4
                                                      / Allocate k
 int k;
                               ld [fp+12] -> %r0
                                                      / Compare i & j
 if (i < j) {
                               ld [fp+16] -> %r1
                                                      / Branch on negation of less-than
   k = i;
                               cmp %r0, %r1
  } else {
                               bge 11
   k = j;
                               1d [fp+12] -> %r0 / k = i
                               st %r0 -> [fp]
  return k;
}
                               b 12
                             11:
int main()
                               ld [fp+16] -> %r0 / k = j
 return a(3, 4);
                              st %r0 -> [fp]
                             12:
                               ld [fp] -> %r0 / return k
                               ret
                             main:
                               mov #4 -> %r0
                               st %r0 -> [sp]--
                               mov #3 -> %r0
                               st %r0 -> [sp]--
                                jsr a
                               ret
```



```
while (cond) {
    s1
    set up conditional
        branch on the negation of the conditional to 12
    s1
    b 11
    12:
    s2
```

for-loop example

C code

int a(int k) int i, j; j = 0;for $(i = 1; i \le k; i++) j += i;$ return j; } int main() int i; i = a(4);}

Assembly code

```
a:
                               / Allocate i and j on the stack
  push #8
 st %q0 -> [fp-4]
                              / Set j to zero
                              / Initialize the for loop (S1)
  st %g1 -> [fp]
b 12
11:
  ld [fp] -> %r0
                              / Do i++ (S2)
  add %r0, %g1 -> %r0
  st %r0 -> [fp]
12:
                               / Perform the test, and
  ld [fp] -> %r0
  ld [fp+12] -> %r1
                               / branch on the negation
  cmp %r0, %r1
  bgt 13
  ld [fp-4] -> %r0
                              / Do j += i (S3)
  ld [fp] -> %r1
  add %r0, %r1 -> %r0
  st %r0 -> [fp-4]
 b 11
13:
  ld [fp-4] -> %r0
                      / return j (S4)
  ret
main:
 push #4
  mov #4 -> %r0
  st %r0 -> [sp]--
  jsr a
  pop #4
  st %r0 -> [fp]
  ret
```

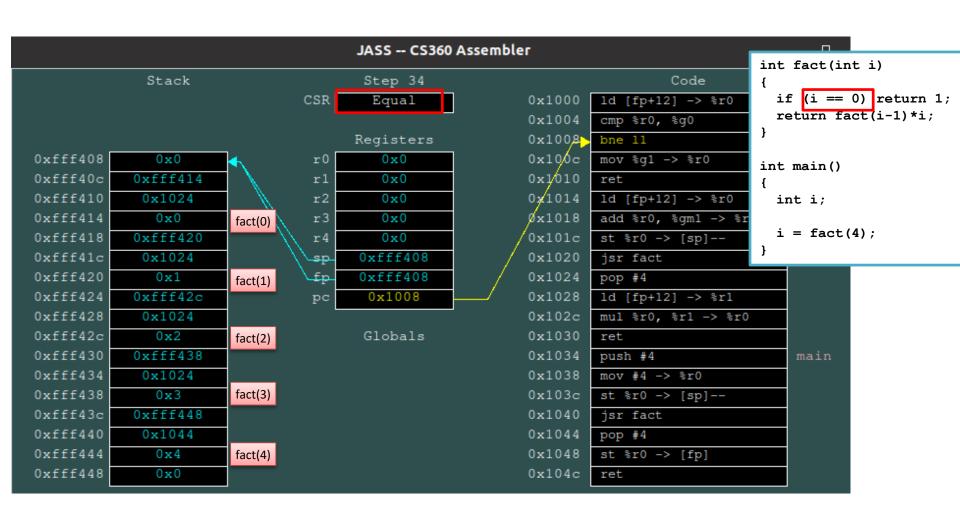
for-loop example

```
JASS -- CS360 Assembler
                                                                                                                          int a(int k)
                                                          Step 10
                                                                                                     Code
  int i, j;
                                                  CSR
                                                                                 0x1000
                                                                                           push #8
                                                                                 0x1004
                                                                                           st %g0 -> [fp-4]
  j = 0;
                                                         Registers
                                                                                 0x1008
                                                                                           st %gl -> [fp]
  for (i = 1; i \le k; i++) j += i;
                                                             0x1
                                                                                 0x100c
                                                                                           b 12
                                                    r1
                                                             0 \times 4
                                                                                           ld [fp] -> %r0
                                                                                                                       11
                                                                                 0x1010
  return j;
                                                             0 \times 0
                                                                                 0x1014
                                                                                           add %r0, %g1 -> %r0
                                                   r2
                                                                                 0 \times 1018
                                                   r3
                                                             0 \times 0
                                                                                           st %r0 -> [fp]
                                                                                 0x101c
                                                   r4
                                                             0 \times 0
                                                                                           ld [fp] -> %r0
                                                          0xffff430
                                                                                 0x1020
                                                                                           ld [fp+12] -> %r1
                                                   sp
                                                          0xfff438
                                                                                 0x1024
                                                                                           cmp %r0, %rl
                                                                                 0x1028
                                                           0x1024
                                                                                           bgt 13
                                                   рс
                                                                                 0x102c
                                                                                           ld [fp-4] -> %r0
                                                          Globals
                                                                                 0 \times 1030
                                                                                           ld [fp] -> %rl
             0xfff430
                              0 \times 0
                                                                                 0 \times 1034
                                                                                           add %r0, %r1 -> %r0
                                                                                 0x1038
             0xfff434
                              0 \times 0
                                                                                           st %r0 -> [fp-4]
             0xfff438
                                                                                           b 11
                              0x1
                                                                                 0x103c
                          0xfff448
                                                                                           ld [fp-4] -> %r0
                                                                                                                       13
             0xfff43c
                                                                                 0x1040
                            0x1058
             0xfff440
                                                                                 0x1044
                                                                                           ret
             0xfff444
                                                                                 0x1048
                                                                                           push #4
                              0 \times 4
                                                                                                                       main
             0xfff448
                                                                                 0x104c
                                                                                           mov #4 -> %r0
                             0 \times 0
```

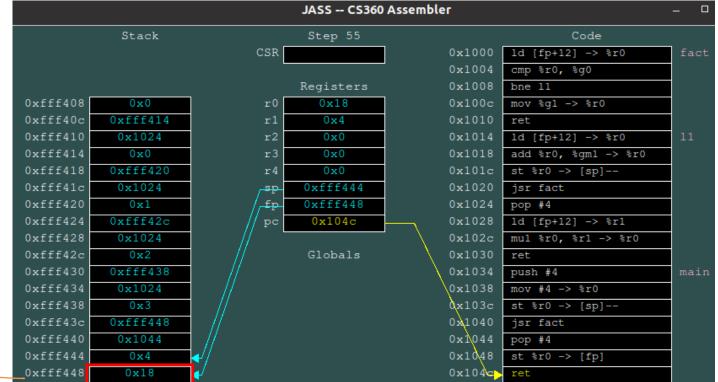
Recursion example

Assembly code C code int fact(int i) fact: ld [fp+12] -> %r0 / do the if statement if (i == 0) return 1; cmp %r0, %g0 return fact(i-1)*i; bne 11 mov %g1 -> %r0 ret int main() 11: ld [fp+12] -> %r0 / push i-1 on the stack int i; add %r0, %gm1 -> %r0 i = fact(4);st %r0 -> [sp]-jsr fact / recursive call to fact pop #4 / pop the argument off the stack ld [fp+12] -> %r1 / multiply fact(i-1)*i mul %r0, %r1 -> %r0 ret main: push #4 mov #4 -> %r0 st %r0 -> [sp]-jsr fact pop #4 st %r0 -> [fp] ret

Recursion example



Recursion example



```
int fact(int i)
{
   if (i == 0) return 1;
   return fact(i-1)*i;
}
int main()
{
   int i;
   i = fact(4);
}
```

