

Assembler 4

- **Conditionals**
 - if-else
 - while loop
 - for loop
 - recursion

Branch Instructions

- **cmp %r0, %r1** This says to compare the values of the registers r0 and r1, and set the control status register (CSR) to reflect the outcome. The CSR will store whether (r0==r1), (r0 < r1) or (r0 > r1).
- **b l1** This says go (branch) directly to label l1. This sets the pc to l1 rather than (pc+4). Note that you can't "return" from a branch like you can from a "jsr" statement.
- **beq l1** This says that if the CSR denotes that the two compared values are equal, go (set the pc) to label l1. If the two compared values are not equal, the next statement (pc+4) is executed.
- **ble l1** These should be obvious (<=, <, >=, >, !=).
- **blt l1**
- **bge l1**
- **bgt l1**
- **bne l1**

Branch Instructions

if (cond) {	set up conditional
S1	branch on the negation of the conditional to l1
} else {	S1
S2	b l2
}	l1:
S3	S2
	l2:
	S3

C code

```
int a(int i, int j)
{
    int k;

    if (i < j) {
        k = i;
    } else {
        k = j;
    }
    return k;
}

int main()
{
    return a(3, 4);
}
```

Assembly code

```
a:
    push #4                / Allocate k

    ld [fp+12] -> %r0       / Compare i & j
    ld [fp+16] -> %r1       / Branch on negation of less-than
    cmp %r0, %r1
    bge l1

    ld [fp+12] -> %r0       / k = i
    st %r0 -> [fp]
    b l2

l1:
    ld [fp+16] -> %r0       / k = j
    st %r0 -> [fp]

l2:
    ld [fp] -> %r0         / return k
    ret

main:
    mov #4 -> %r0
    st %r0 -> [sp]--
    mov #3 -> %r0
    st %r0 -> [sp]--
    jsr a
    ret
```

Branch Instructions

JASS -- CS360 Assembler

Stack

Step 9

CSR Less

Registers

r0	0x3
r1	0x4
r2	0x0
r3	0x0
r4	0x0
sp	0xffff434
fp	0xffff438
pc	0x1010

Globals

0xffff434	0x0
0xffff438	0x0
0xffff43c	0xffff448
0xffff440	0x1044
0xffff444	0x3
0xffff448	0x4

Code

0x1000	push #4	a
0x1004	ld [fp+12] -> %r0	
0x1008	ld [fp+16] -> %r1	
0x100c	cmp %r0, %r1	
0x1010	bge 11	
0x1014	ld [fp+12] -> %r0	
0x1018	st %r0 -> [fp]	
0x101c	b 12	
0x1020	ld [fp+16] -> %r0	11
0x1024	st %r0 -> [fp]	
0x1028	ld [fp] -> %r0	12
0x102c	ret	
0x1030	mov #4 -> %r0	main
0x1034	st %r0 -> [sp]--	
0x1038	mov #3 -> %r0	
0x103c	st %r0 -> [sp]--	
0x1040	jsr a	
0x1044	ret	

Branch Instructions

while (cond) {	11:
S1	set up conditional
}	branch on the negation of the conditional to 12
S2	S1
	b 11
	12:
	S2

for (S1; cond; S2) {	S1
S3	b 12
}	11:
S4	S2
	12:
	set up conditional
	branch on the negation of the conditional to 13
	S3
	b 11
	13:
	S4

for-loop example

C code

```
int a(int k)
{
    int i, j;

    j = 0;

    for (i = 1; i <= k; i++) j += i;

    return j;
}

int main()
{
    int i;

    i = a(4);
}
```

Assembly code

```
a:
    push #8                / Allocate i and j on the stack

    st %g0 -> [fp-4]        / Set j to zero

    st %g1 -> [fp]          / Initialize the for loop (S1)
    b 12

11:

    ld [fp] -> %r0           / Do i++ (S2)
    add %r0, %g1 -> %r0
    st %r0 -> [fp]

12:
    ld [fp] -> %r0           / Perform the test, and
    ld [fp+12] -> %r1        / branch on the negation
    cmp %r0, %r1
    bgt 13

    ld [fp-4] -> %r0         / Do j += i (S3)
    ld [fp] -> %r1
    add %r0, %r1 -> %r0
    st %r0 -> [fp-4]
    b 11

13:
    ld [fp-4] -> %r0         / return j (S4)
    ret

main:
    push #4

    mov #4 -> %r0
    st %r0 -> [sp]--
    jsr a
    pop #4
    st %r0 -> [fp]
    ret
```

for-loop example

```
int a(int k)
{
    int i, j;

    j = 0;

    for (i = 1; i <= k; i++) j += i;

    return j;
}
```

JASS -- CS360 Assembler

Step 10

CSR 0x1000

Registers

r0	0x1
r1	0x4
r2	0x0
r3	0x0
r4	0x0
sp	0xffff430
fp	0xffff438
pc	0x1024

Globals

0xffff430	0x0
0xffff434	0x0
0xffff438	0x1
0xffff43c	0xffff448
0xffff440	0x1058
0xffff444	0x4
0xffff448	0x0

Code

0x1000	push #8	a
0x1004	st %g0 -> [fp-4]	
0x1008	st %g1 -> [fp]	
0x100c	b 12	
0x1010	ld [fp] -> %r0	11
0x1014	add %r0, %g1 -> %r0	
0x1018	st %r0 -> [fp]	
0x101c	ld [fp] -> %r0	12
0x1020	ld [fp+12] -> %r1	
0x1024	cmp %r0, %r1	
0x1028	bgt 13	
0x102c	ld [fp-4] -> %r0	
0x1030	ld [fp] -> %r1	
0x1034	add %r0, %r1 -> %r0	
0x1038	st %r0 -> [fp-4]	
0x103c	b 11	
0x1040	ld [fp-4] -> %r0	13
0x1044	ret	
0x1048	push #4	main
0x104c	mov #4 -> %r0	

Diagram illustrating the state of the JASS -- CS360 Assembler during Step 10. The code window shows the assembly output for the provided C code. The registers window shows the current values of the registers, with r0 and r1 highlighted. The globals window shows the memory layout, with the stack frame for function 'a' visible. The code window shows the assembly instructions, with the instruction at address 0x1024, 'cmp %r0, %r1', highlighted. Arrows indicate the flow of data and control: from the 'cmp' instruction to the 'Globals' window, and from the 'Globals' window to the 'Registers' window.

Recursion example

C code

```
int fact(int i)
{
    if (i == 0) return 1;
    return fact(i-1)*i;
}

int main()
{
    int i;

    i = fact(4);
}
```

Assembly code

```
fact:
    ld [fp+12] -> %r0        / do the if statement
    cmp %r0, %g0
    bne l1
    mov %g1 -> %r0
    ret

l1:
    ld [fp+12] -> %r0        / push i-1 on the stack
    add %r0, %gml -> %r0
    st %r0 -> [sp]--
    jsr fact                 / recursive call to fact
    pop #4                   / pop the argument off the
stack

    ld [fp+12] -> %r1        / multiply fact(i-1)*i
    mul %r0, %r1 -> %r0
    ret

main:
    push #4
    mov #4 -> %r0
    st %r0 -> [sp]--
    jsr fact
    pop #4
    st %r0 -> [fp]
    ret
```


Recursion example

JASS -- CS360 Assembler

Step 34

CSR Equal

Stack

0xffff408	0x0	
0xffff40c	0xffff414	
0xffff410	0x1024	
0xffff414	0x0	fact(0)
0xffff418	0xffff420	
0xffff41c	0x1024	
0xffff420	0x1	fact(1)
0xffff424	0xffff42c	
0xffff428	0x1024	
0xffff42c	0x2	fact(2)
0xffff430	0xffff438	
0xffff434	0x1024	
0xffff438	0x3	fact(3)
0xffff43c	0xffff448	
0xffff440	0x1044	
0xffff444	0x4	fact(4)
0xffff448	0x0	

Registers

r0	0x0
r1	0x0
r2	0x0
r3	0x0
r4	0x0
sp	0xffff408
fp	0xffff408
pc	0x1008

Globals

Code

0x1000	ld [fp+12] -> %r0
0x1004	cmp %r0, %g0
0x1008	bne 11
0x100c	mov %g1 -> %r0
0x1010	ret
0x1014	ld [fp+12] -> %r0
0x1018	add %r0, %gml -> %r
0x101c	st %r0 -> [sp]--
0x1020	jsr fact
0x1024	pop #4
0x1028	ld [fp+12] -> %r1
0x102c	mul %r0, %r1 -> %r0
0x1030	ret
0x1034	push #4
0x1038	mov #4 -> %r0
0x103c	st %r0 -> [sp]--
0x1040	jsr fact
0x1044	pop #4
0x1048	st %r0 -> [fp]
0x104c	ret

main

```
int fact(int i)
{
    if (i == 0) return 1;
    return fact(i-1)*i;
}

int main()
{
    int i;

    i = fact(4);
}
```

Recursion example

```
int fact(int i)
{
    if (i == 0) return 1;
    return fact(i-1)*i;
}

int main()
{
    int i;

    i = fact(4);
}
```

JASS -- CS360 Assembler

Step 55

Stack	Registers	Code
0xffff408: 0x0	r0: 0x18	0x1000: ld [fp+12] -> %r0
0xffff40c: 0xffff414	r1: 0x4	0x1004: cmp %r0, %g0
0xffff410: 0x1024	r2: 0x0	0x1008: bne ll
0xffff414: 0x0	r3: 0x0	0x100c: mov %g1 -> %r0
0xffff418: 0xffff420	r4: 0x0	0x1010: ret
0xffff41c: 0x1024	sp: 0xffff444	0x1014: ld [fp+12] -> %r0
0xffff420: 0x1	fp: 0xffff448	0x1018: add %r0, %gml -> %r0
0xffff424: 0xffff42c	pc: 0x104c	0x101c: st %r0 -> [sp]--
0xffff428: 0x1024		0x1020: jsr fact
0xffff42c: 0x2		0x1024: pop #4
0xffff430: 0xffff438		0x1028: ld [fp+12] -> %r1
0xffff434: 0x1024		0x102c: mul %r0, %r1 -> %r0
0xffff438: 0x3		0x1030: ret
0xffff43c: 0xffff448		0x1034: push #4
0xffff440: 0x1044		0x1038: mov #4 -> %r0
0xffff444: 0x4		0x103c: st %r0 -> [sp]--
0xffff448: 0x18		0x1040: jsr fact
		0x1044: pop #4
		0x1048: st %r0 -> [fp]
		0x104c: ret

Globals

fact

ll

main

Result of the factorial.
 $4! = (24)_{10} = (18)_{16}$