

## GEBZE TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY ENGINEERING FACULTY ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

## **ELEC 218**

## PROBABILITY AND RANDOMNESS HW-TC 04

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, P2-) X~N(0,02) Q1-)  $A = \frac{1}{10} ?410 | pdf_x = \frac{1}{10} \cdot e^{-\frac{1}{10}x}$  support(x) =  $[0, \infty)$ A= & 5 daki kadan fazla sürmesi3 - P(x>5) = SPUXWX B= { 15 delikeder feele sürmesi3 -> P(x>15) -1 5 pdfxdx B= { 15 dalukadan az súrmesi} -> P(x 615) S'5 pdfxdx PEBIA = PEAIB 3, PEB3 PEAIB3. PEB3 + PEAIBS. PEBG3 EAIB3= £ 15 dk'den feele surdigit bilindigine gore 5 dk'den feele3=1

{AIB3= £ 15 dk'den 22 surdigit bil. gore 5 dk'den feele3= 5 1 e-110x 1x PEB3 = 5-10e-1/0x = 0 - (-100). e-15 = 1 e-15 = 1= 1/4 e 1/0x 15 P&BG3 = PEX 4153 = CUFA = 1-exp(-15) -1(e音=音) P&BIA3= (1.e-15).e-13 P\{BIA\} = \frac{e^{-15/10}}{e^{-15/10} + (e^{-5/0} - e^{-15/40}).(1 - e^{-5/10})}

$$P(x>2) \times N(0,\sigma^{2})$$

$$P(x>2) \qquad P(x>-2). \qquad P(x>3) = P(x)(2)^{2}$$

$$Support(x) = [-\infty, \infty) \qquad 2>0$$

$$P(x=3) = \frac{1}{\sigma(2\pi)} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(3-\mu)^{2}}{2\sigma^{2}} dg$$

$$1 - P(x)(2) = P(x>2)$$

$$1 - \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sigma(2\pi)} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{(3-\mu)^{2}}{2\sigma^{2}} dg = P(x>2)$$