

# HW TC #08

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Q1: X and Y are two continuous RV

Joint pdf of X and Y  $\rightarrow$   $\text{pdf}_{X,Y}(x,y)$

support (X) =  $(-\infty, +\infty)$

support (Y) =  $(-\infty, +\infty)$

$$\text{pdf}_X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \text{pdf}_{X,Y}(x,y) dy$$

$$\text{pdf}_Y(y) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \text{pdf}_{X,Y}(x,y) dx$$

$$Z = X + Y$$

$$\text{cdf}_Z(z) = P\{Z \leq z\} = P\{X + Y \leq z\}$$

$$= \iint_{x+y \leq z} \text{pdf}_{X,Y}(x,y) \text{pdf}_Y(y) dx dy$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \text{cdf}_{X,Y}(z-y|y) \text{pdf}_Y(y) dy$$

if X and Y are independent

$$\text{pdf}_{X,Y}(x,y) = \text{pdf}_X(x) \text{pdf}_Y(y)$$

$$\text{pdf}_{Y|X}(y|x) = \text{pdf}_Y(y)$$

$$\text{then } \text{pdf}_Z(z) = \text{pdf}_X(z) * \text{pdf}_Y(z)$$

(\*  $\rightarrow$  convolution)

X and Y continuous RV  $Z = X + Y$

$$0 \leq x \leq a, 0 \leq y \leq b$$

$$\text{pdf}_X(x) = \int_0^b \frac{4}{a^2 b^2} \cdot xy \cdot dy = \frac{4}{a^2 b^2} \cdot x \cdot \frac{b^2}{2}$$

$$\text{pdf}_X(x) = \frac{2x}{a^2}$$

$$\text{pdf}_Y(y) = \int_0^a \frac{4}{a^2 b^2} \cdot xy \cdot dx = \frac{2y}{b^2}$$

$$\text{pdf}_Y(y) = \frac{2y}{b^2}$$

$$\text{pdf}_{X,Y}(x,y) = c \cdot xy$$

$$\int_0^a \int_0^b c \cdot xy \cdot dx \cdot dy = 1 \text{ then}$$

$$\frac{a^2}{2} \cdot c \cdot \frac{b^2}{2} = 1$$

$$c = \frac{4}{a^2 b^2}$$

$$\text{pdf}_{X,Y}(x,y) = \text{pdf}_X(x) \cdot \text{pdf}_Y(y) \text{ are independent}$$

$$\frac{4}{a^2 b^2} \cdot xy = \frac{2x}{a^2} \cdot \frac{2y}{b^2} \checkmark \text{ X and Y independent}$$



1.2

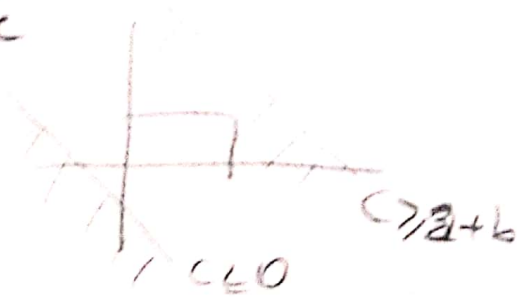
$$Z = X + Y$$

$$P\{Z \leq c\} = \iint_{\text{for } Z \leq c} \text{pdf}_{X,Y}(x,y) dx dy$$

if  $c \leq 0 \rightarrow \text{cdf}_Z(c) = 0$

if  $c \geq a+b \rightarrow \text{cdf}_Z(c) = 1$

$0 \leq x \leq a$   
 $0 \leq y \leq b$   
 $x+y \leq c$



$0 \leq c \leq a$



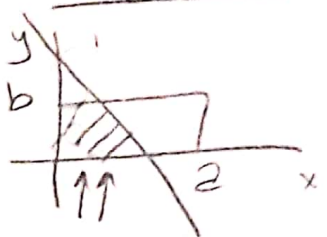
$$P\{Z \leq c\} = \int_0^c \int_0^{c-y} x y dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^c \frac{(c-x)^2}{2} \cdot x dx = \int_0^c \frac{x^3 - 2cx^2 + c^2x}{2} dx = \left[ \frac{x^4}{8} - \frac{cx^3}{3} + \frac{c^2x^2}{4} \right]_0^c$$

$$\frac{c^4}{8} - \frac{c^4}{3} + \frac{c^4}{4} = \frac{c^4}{24}$$

$$\text{pdf}_Z(c) = \frac{c^3}{6} = \frac{d}{dc} (\text{pdf}_Z(c))$$

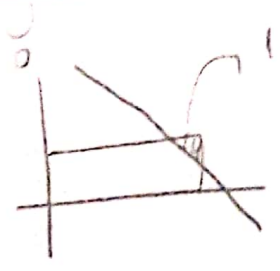
$b \leq c \leq a$



$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{c-y} x y dx dy = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{2} y (c-y)^2 dy = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 (y^3 - 2cy^2 + c^2y) dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{y^4}{4} - \frac{2c}{3} y^3 + \frac{c^2}{2} y^2 \right]_0^1 = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{1}{4} - \frac{2c}{3} + \frac{c^2}{2} \right]$$

$$\text{pdf}_Z(c) = \frac{d}{dc} (\text{cdf}_Z(c)) = \frac{-2}{3} + c$$



$$1 - \text{cdf}_Z(c) \rightarrow \int_{c-b}^a \int_{c-x}^b x y dy dx = \int_{c-b}^a \left( \frac{b^2 - (c-x)^2}{2} \right) x dx$$

$c \geq a+b$  use  $\text{cdf}_Z(c) = 1$

HWTC #08

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Q2: continuous LV  $X$   $Y = X^2 + 2$

$$cdf_Y(y) = P\{Y \leq y\} = P\{X^2 + 2 \leq y\}$$

$$= P\{|X| \leq \sqrt{y-2}\} \Rightarrow P\{-\sqrt{y-2} \leq X \leq \sqrt{y-2}\}$$

$$= P\{X \leq \sqrt{y-2}\} - P\{X \leq -\sqrt{y-2}\} \rightarrow \text{simetrikten}$$

$$= \boxed{cdf_X(\sqrt{y-2}) - cdf_X(-\sqrt{y-2})} = cdf_Y(y) \quad -(\sqrt{y-2}, \sqrt{y-2})$$

$$\frac{d}{dy} cdf_Y(y) = pdf_Y(y)$$

$$pdf_Y(y) = \frac{d}{d(\sqrt{y-2})} \cdot cdf_X(\sqrt{y-2}) \cdot \frac{d(\sqrt{y-2})}{dy} - \frac{d}{d(-\sqrt{y-2})} \cdot cdf_X(-\sqrt{y-2})$$

$$pdf_Y(y) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{y-2}} (pdf_X(\sqrt{y-2}) + pdf_X(-\sqrt{y-2}))$$

HW TC # 08

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Q3:  $S_k$ : Index of the week at which the  $k$ th successful sales attempt occurs

$S \sim \text{Geometric}(p)$        $A_k \sim \text{Uniform}$

konvergens için expected değeri bulalım.

$$E\left[\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \exp(-rw S_k) A_k\right] \quad E[\exp(-rw S_k)]$$

$$S_k = V_1 + V_2 + \dots + V_k$$

$V_k \sim \text{Geometric}(p)$ , iid       $V_i$ 's are independent so

$$\prod_{i=1}^k E[\exp(-rw V_i)]$$

$V_i$ 's are equal each other so;

$$[E[\exp(-rw V_1)]]^k \rightarrow E[\exp(-rw V_1)] = \text{Mgf}_{V_1}(-rw)$$

$$\text{Cov}(S_k, \exp(-rw S_{k-1})) = E[S_k \cdot \exp(-rw S_{k-1})] - E[S_k] \cdot E[\exp(-rw S_{k-1})]$$

index      bir önceki hafta indirim

$$E[\exp(-rw S_k)] = E[\exp(-rw S_1)]^k, \quad E[S_k] = E[S_1]^k = \left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)^k$$

$$\text{Cov}(S_k, \exp(-rw S_k)) = E[S_1 \cdot \exp(-rw S_1)]^k - \frac{1}{\lambda} \cdot E[\exp(-rw S_1)]^k$$