

```
In [2]: import cv2
import os
import numpy as np
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, confusion_matrix
```

```
In [3]: # Define file paths for training and testing data
cat_train_path = "C:\\Users\\visha\\Desktop\\Final Project\\IMAGE\\dog vs cat\\data
dog_train_path = "C:\\Users\\visha\\Desktop\\Final Project\\IMAGE\\dog vs cat\\data
cat_test_path = "C:\\Users\\visha\\Desktop\\Final Project\\IMAGE\\dog vs cat\\datas
dog_test_path = "C:\\Users\\visha\\Desktop\\Final Project\\IMAGE\\dog vs cat\\datas

# Function to load and preprocess data
def load_and_preprocess_data(image_path, label):
    images = []
    labels = []
    for image_name in os.listdir(image_path):
        if image_name.endswith(".jpg") or image_name.endswith(".png"):
            image = cv2.imread(os.path.join(image_path, image_name))
            if image is not None:
                image = cv2.resize(image, (128, 128)) # Resize to a common size
                image = image / 255.0 # Normalize pixel values to [0, 1]

                # Calculate mean RGB values for the image
                r_mean = np.mean(image[:, :, 0])
                g_mean = np.mean(image[:, :, 1])
                b_mean = np.mean(image[:, :, 2])

                images.append([r_mean, g_mean, b_mean])
                labels.append(label)
    return images, labels

# Load and preprocess training data
cat_train_images, cat_train_labels = load_and_preprocess_data(cat_train_path, 0) #
dog_train_images, dog_train_labels = load_and_preprocess_data(dog_train_path, 1) #

# Combine training data
X_train = np.array(cat_train_images + dog_train_images)
y_train = np.array(cat_train_labels + dog_train_labels)

# Load and preprocess testing data
cat_test_images, cat_test_labels = load_and_preprocess_data(cat_test_path, 0) # 0
dog_test_images, dog_test_labels = load_and_preprocess_data(dog_test_path, 1) # 1
```

```
In [4]: # Combine testing data
X_test = np.array(cat_test_images + dog_test_images)
y_test = np.array(cat_test_labels + dog_test_labels)

# Train a logistic regression model
model = LogisticRegression(max_iter=1000) # You can adjust max_iter based on converge
model.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Make predictions on the test data
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

# Evaluate the model
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
confusion = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
classification_report_str = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)

# Print evaluation metrics
```

```

print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion)
print("Classification Report:")
print(classification_report_str)

```

```

Accuracy: 0.5585
Confusion Matrix:
[[598 402]
 [481 519]]
Classification Report:

```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.55	0.60	0.58	1000
1	0.56	0.52	0.54	1000
accuracy			0.56	2000
macro avg	0.56	0.56	0.56	2000
weighted avg	0.56	0.56	0.56	2000

```

In [5]: from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, confusion_matrix

# Assuming X_train and y_train are your training data and labels
# Similarly, X_test and y_test are your test data and labels

# Create an SVM classifier (you can choose the kernel and other hyperparameters)
clf = svm.SVC(kernel='linear', C=1.0)

# Train the SVM on the training data
clf.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Make predictions on the test data
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)

# Evaluate the model
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
confusion = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
classification_report_str = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)

# Print evaluation metrics
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion)
print("Classification Report:")
print(classification_report_str)

```

```

Accuracy: 0.5465
Confusion Matrix:
[[646 354]
 [553 447]]
Classification Report:

```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.54	0.65	0.59	1000
1	0.56	0.45	0.50	1000
accuracy			0.55	2000
macro avg	0.55	0.55	0.54	2000
weighted avg	0.55	0.55	0.54	2000

```

In [6]: from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, confusion_matrix

```

```

# Assuming X_train and y_train are your training data and labels
# Similarly, X_test and y_test are your test data and labels

# Create a Random Forest classifier (you can choose hyperparameters)
clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, max_depth=None, random_state=0)

# Train the Random Forest on the training data
clf.fit(X_train, y_train)

# Make predictions on the test data
y_pred = clf.predict(X_test)

# Evaluate the model
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
confusion = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
classification_report_str = classification_report(y_test, y_pred)

# Print evaluation metrics
print(f"Accuracy: {accuracy}")
print("Confusion Matrix:")
print(confusion)
print("Classification Report:")
print(classification_report_str)

```

```

Accuracy: 0.54
Confusion Matrix:
[[572 428]
 [492 508]]
Classification Report:

```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.54	0.57	0.55	1000
1	0.54	0.51	0.52	1000
accuracy			0.54	2000
macro avg	0.54	0.54	0.54	2000
weighted avg	0.54	0.54	0.54	2000

```

In [8]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score, KFold
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import make_scorer, accuracy_score

# Create your Random Forest classifier
clf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, max_depth=None, random_state=0)

# Define the feature matrix (X_train) and labels (y_train) based on your training data
# X_train contains your feature vectors
# y_train contains your training labels (0 for cats, 1 for dogs)

# Specify the number of folds for cross-validation (e.g., 5-fold)
k = 5

# Create a cross-validation object (KFold)
kf = KFold(n_splits=k, shuffle=True, random_state=42)

# Define a custom scorer for accuracy
accuracy_scorer = make_scorer(accuracy_score)

# Perform cross-validation and get accuracy scores
accuracy_scores = cross_val_score(clf, X_train, y_train, cv=kf, scoring=accuracy_scorer)

# Calculate the mean and standard deviation of accuracy scores

```

```

mean_accuracy = accuracy_scores.mean()
std_accuracy = accuracy_scores.std()

# Print the mean accuracy and standard deviation
print(f"Mean Accuracy: {mean_accuracy}")
print(f"Standard Deviation of Accuracy: {std_accuracy}")

```

Mean Accuracy: 0.534
Standard Deviation of Accuracy: 0.013065938542638248

```

In [9]: from sklearn.model_selection import cross_val_score, KFold
        from sklearn.svm import SVC
        from sklearn.metrics import make_scorer, accuracy_score

        # Create an SVM classifier
        svm_classifier = SVC(kernel='linear', C=1) # You can adjust the kernel and C param

        # Specify the number of folds for cross-validation (e.g., 5-fold)
        k = 5

        # Create a cross-validation object (KFold)
        kf = KFold(n_splits=k, shuffle=True, random_state=42)

        # Define a custom scorer for accuracy
        accuracy_scorer = make_scorer(accuracy_score)

        # Perform cross-validation and get accuracy scores
        accuracy_scores = cross_val_score(svm_classifier, X_train, y_train, cv=kf, scoring=

        # Calculate the mean and standard deviation of accuracy scores
        mean_accuracy = accuracy_scores.mean()
        std_accuracy = accuracy_scores.std()

        # Print the mean accuracy and standard deviation
        print(f"Mean Accuracy: {mean_accuracy}")
        print(f"Standard Deviation of Accuracy: {std_accuracy}")

```

Mean Accuracy: 0.5418749999999999
Standard Deviation of Accuracy: 0.009834569131385447

In []: