

# Best Git Cheat Sheet

## For Web Developers

Git config --global user.name "siavash aghazadeh"

Git config --global user.email siavash.agh@gmail.com

Git init , Git status

Git add . || add <file>

Git add patch <file>

Git log --oneline --all --graph

Git commit || Git commit -m "message"

Git show <here hash of an commit>

Git restore --staged <file>

Git restore <file>

Git restore --source <commit hash> <file>

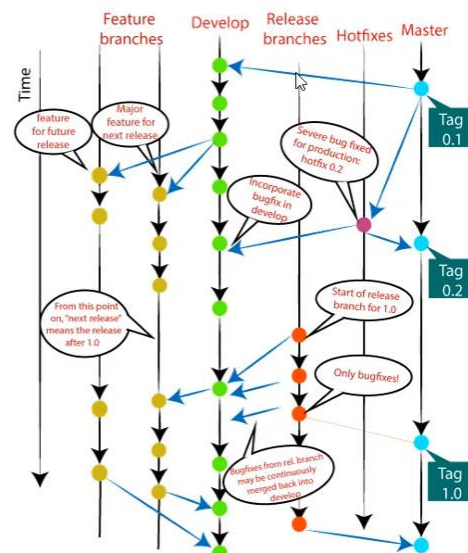
Git reset HEAD~2 || Git reset <hash of an commit>

Git branch

Git branch <branch name>

branch <branch name>(<hash of commit>||<HEAD~n>)

- **Master** (Main Branch)
  - The main branch of the project that contains all the history of final changes
- **Develop** (Main Branch)
  - It is parallel to the master branch, the final source code for the release. It is also called as a **integration branch**.
- **Feature branches** (Supportive Branch)
  - It is used to develop a new feature for the next version of the project
- **Release branches** (Supportive Branch)
  - created for the support of a new version release, merged to develop & master
- **Hotfixes** (Supportive Branch)
  - arise due to immediate action on the project. similar to Release branches, both are created for a new production release.



Git switch (switch between branches)

Git checkout (switch between branches)

(get to master branch and..) Git merge <branch name>

Git diff <branch name>--<branch name>

Git stash , Git stash -u <=> (this for untracked files)

Git stash list

Git stash show <stash id>

Git stash (apply || pop) <stash id>

Git stash clear

Git remote

Git remote add <name> <url>

Git remote rm <name>

Git remote rename <old-name> <new-name>

Git remote show <name>

Git push <remote-name> <branch-name>

Git clone <url from github>

Git pull <remote-name>