

From example 3.6

$f(x) = x^2$; odd type no cos $x \in [-2; 2]$

$$\frac{2}{2} \int_{-2}^0 x^2 \cos \pi n x dx = \frac{4}{\pi^2 n^2}$$

$$\frac{2}{2} \int_{-2}^0 x^2 \sin \pi n x dx = \frac{4}{\pi n}$$

$$\int_{-2}^0 (x^2) dx = 2 + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{2 + \frac{2}{3}}{2} = 1 + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4 \cos \pi n x}{\pi^2 n^2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4 \sin \pi n x}{\pi n} + \left(1 + \frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$\rightarrow 1 + \frac{4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\sin \pi n x}{n}}{\pi} + \frac{4 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\cos \pi n x}{n^2}}{\pi^2} + \frac{1}{3}$$