

Урок 6, задание 5

$$y = \frac{(2-x^2)^3 (x-1)^2}{(2x^3-3x) \cdot e^x}$$

$$\ln y = 3 \ln(2-x^2) + 2 \ln(x-1) - \ln(2x^3-3x) - x$$

$$\frac{y'}{y} = \frac{3}{2-x^2} (-2x) + \frac{2}{x-1} - \frac{6x-3}{2x^3-3x} - 1$$

$$y' = y \left(\frac{-6x}{2-x^2} + \frac{2}{x-1} - \frac{6x-3}{2x^3-3x} - 1 \right)$$

$$y' = \frac{(2-x^2)^3 (x-1)^2}{(2x^3-3x) \cdot e^x} \left(-\frac{6x}{2-x^2} + \frac{2}{x-1} - \frac{6x-3}{2x^3-3x} - 1 \right)$$