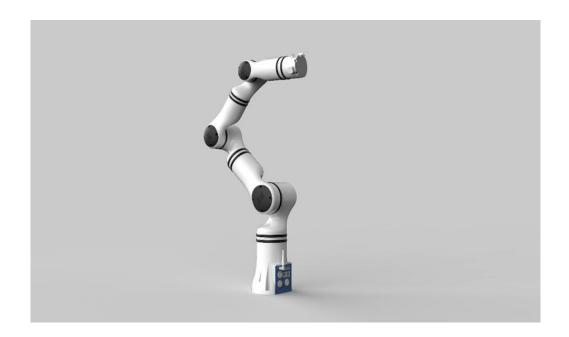


# RealMan Robotic Arm rm\_moveit2\_config User Manual V1.0



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### **Revision History:**

No.	Date	Comment
V1.0	11/22/2023	Draft



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#### 1 rm moveit2 config Description

rm\_moveit2\_config folder is a function package for realizing the moveit2 control of a real robotic arm. The package is mainly used to call the official moveit2 framework and generate the configuration and launch file of moveit2 suitable for our robotic arm combined with the URDF of the robotic arm. Through this package, we can realize the moveit2 control of the virtual robotic arm and control of the real robotic arm. This package is introduced in detail in the following aspects.

- 1. Package use.
- 2. Package architecture description.
- 3. Package topic description.

Through the introduction of the three parts, it can help you:

- 1. Understand the package use.
- 2. Familiar with the file structure and function of the package.
- 3. Familiar with the topic related to the package for easy development and use.

Source code address: https://github.com/RealManRobot/ros2\_rm\_robot.git.o

#### 2.rm moveit2 config Use

#### 2.1moveit2 Controlling Virtual Robotic Arm

First, after configuring the environment and completing the connection, we can directly launch the node through the following command.

rm@rm-desktop:~\$ ros2 launch rm <arm type> config demo.launch.py

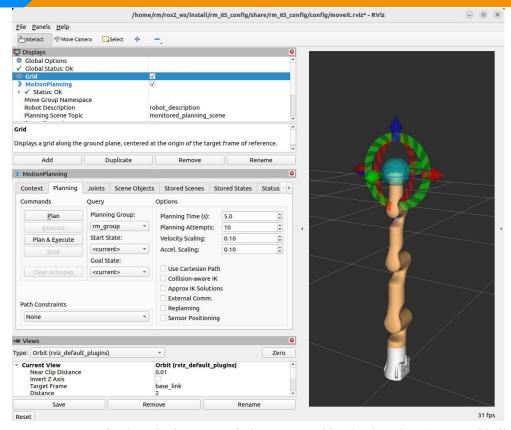
In practice, the above <arm\_type> needs to be replaced by the actual model of the robotic arm. The available models of the robotic arm are 65, 63, eco65, and 75.

For example, the launch command of 65 robotic arm:

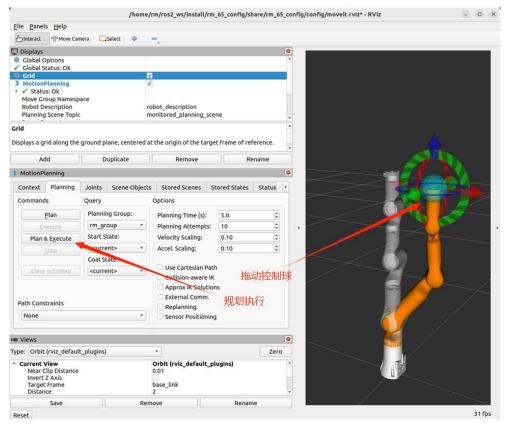
rm@rm-desktop:~\$ ros2 launch rm 65 config demo.launch.py

The following screen appears in the interface after successful node startup.



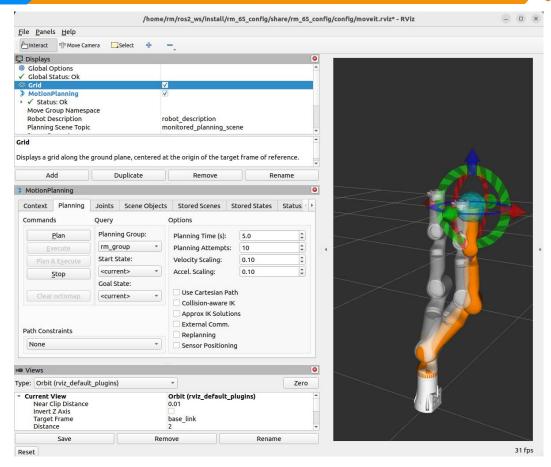


Next, we can make the robotic arm reach the target position by dragging the control ball and then clicking Plan Execution.



Execute the plan.





#### 2.2moveit2 Controlling Real Robotic Arm

There are relatively more control commands required to control a real robotic arm, and the following is a detailed control method.

First, run the chassis driver node.

rm@rm-desktop:~\$ ros2 launch rm\_driver rm\_<arm\_type>\_driver.launch.py

Next, run the rm description package file.

rm@rm-desktop:~\$ ros2 launch rm description rm <arm type> display.launch.py

Then, run the relevant nodes of the intermediate package rm control.

rm@rm-desktop:~\$ ros2 launch rm control rm <arm type> control.launch.py

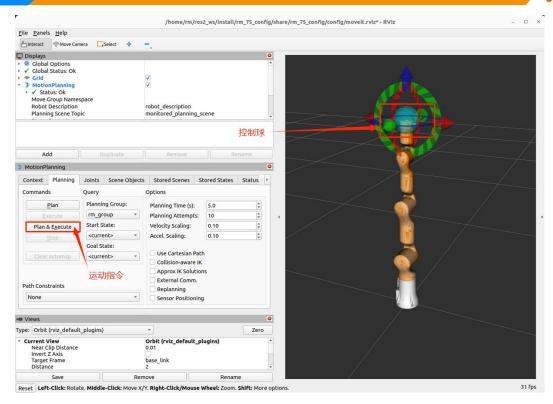
Finally, launch the moveit2 node that controls the real robotic arm.

rm@rm-desktop:~\$ ros2 launch rm\_<arm\_type>\_config real\_moveit\_demo.launch.py

Note that the above commands need to replace <arm\_type> with the corresponding robotic arm model, which can be selected as 65, 63, eco65, and 75.

After completing the above operations, the following interface appears, and we can control the movement of the robotic arm by dragging the control ball.

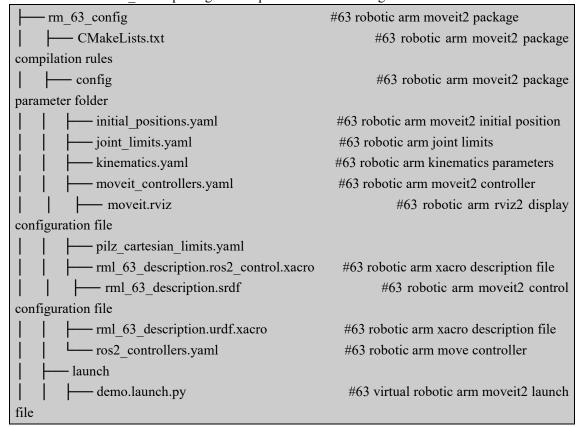




#### 3. rm\_moveit2\_config Architecture Description

#### 3.1 Overview of package files

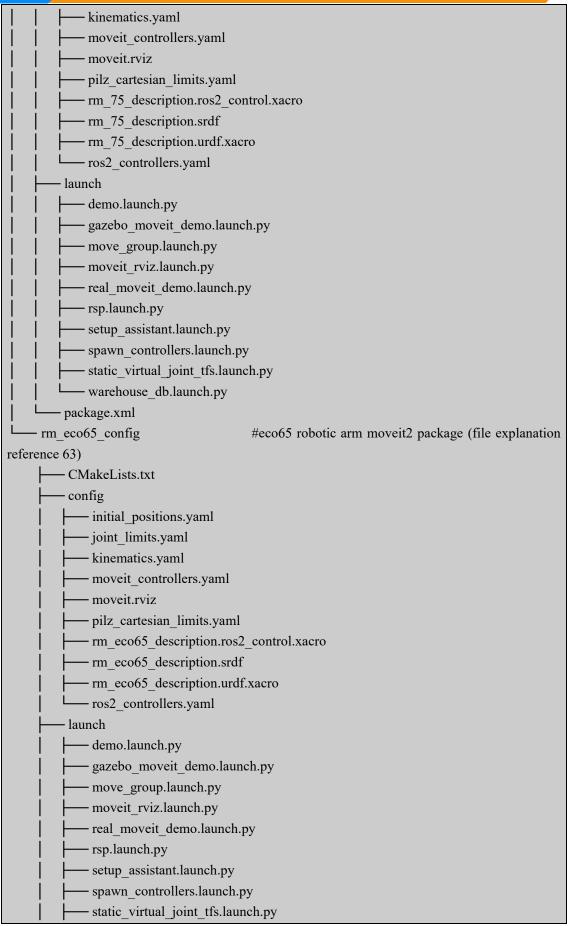
The current rm driver package is composed of the following files.













warehouse\_db.launch.py package.xml

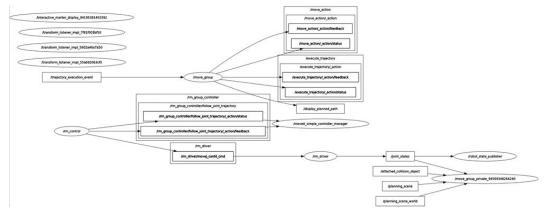
#### 4 rm moveit2 config Topic Description

About the topic description of moveit2, to make its topic structure clearer, we will view and explain it here in the form of a data flow graph of node topics.

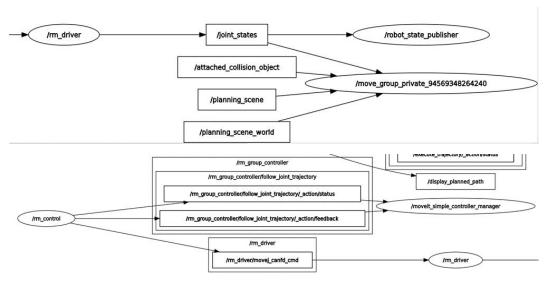
After launching the node that controls the real robot as above, we can run the following command to view the docking situation of the current topic.

#### rm@rm-desktop:~\$ ros2 run rqt\_graph rqt\_graph

The interface displays as follows after successful running.



The figure reflects the topic communication relationship between the currently running nodes and nodes. Firstly, view the /rm\_driver node, which subscribes and publishes the following topics when moveit2 is running.

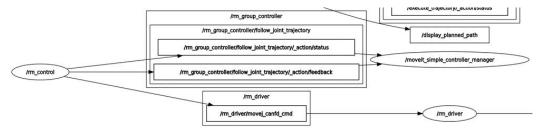


As we can see from the figure, the /joint\_states topic published by rm\_driver is continuously subscribed by the /robot\_state\_publiser node and the /move\_group\_private node. / robot\_state\_publiser receives /joint\_states to continuously publish TF transformations between joints; /move\_group\_private is the relevant node of moveit2, which also needs to obtain the current joint state information of the robotic arm in real-time during planning, so it also subscribes to this topic.

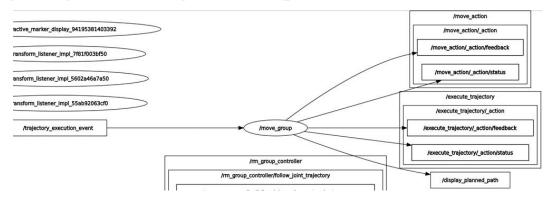
As we can see from the figure, rm\_driver also subscribes to the topic of /rm driver/movej canfd cmd of rm control, which is the topic of the transmission function of the



robotic arm. Through this topic, rm\_control publishes the planned joint nodes to rm\_driver node to control the movement of the robotic arm.



rm\_control is the bridge of communication between rm\_driver and moveit2. It communicates with /moveit\_simple\_controller\_manager through the action of /rm\_group\_controller/follow\_joint\_trajectory to obtain the planned points and perform interpolation operations. Give interpolated data to rm\_driver through transmission.



The nodes involved in moveit2 include move\_group, move\_group\_private and moveit\_simple\_controller\_manager. The main function is to realize the movement planning of the robotic arm and to display the planning information and other data in rviz. On the other hand, the planning data need to be passed to rm\_control for further subdivision.