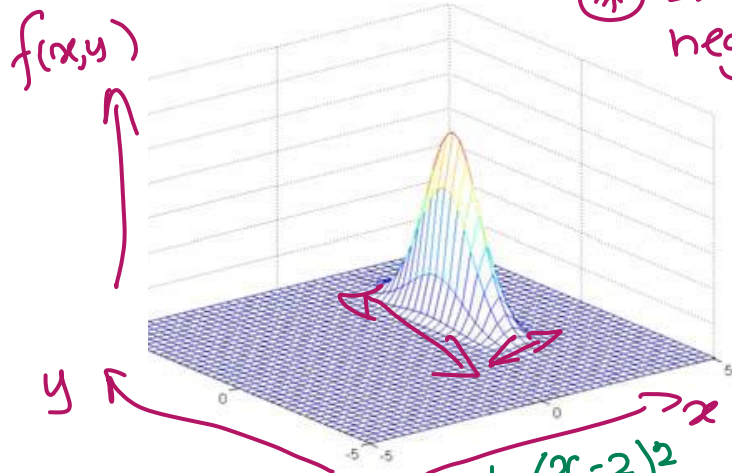


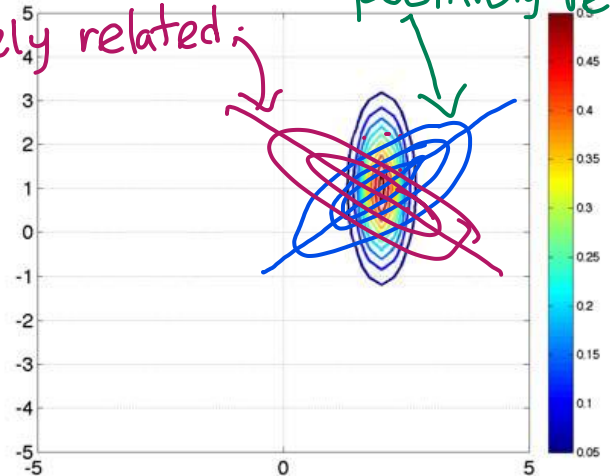
Here,  $X$  has Normal with  $\mu=2$ ,  $\sigma=0.3$   
 $Y$  has Normal with  $\mu=1$ ,  $\sigma=1$

Here, measurement along x-axis has smaller uncertainty than the measurement along the y-axis.



⊗ If  $x, y$  were negatively related;

⊗ If  $x, y$  were positively related.



$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}(0.3)} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x-2}{0.3} \right)^2}; -\infty < x < \infty$$

Since  $x, y$  are independent, the joint pdf is

$$f(x, y) = f(x) * f(y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}(0.3)} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x-2}{0.3} \right)^2} * \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2} (y-1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{0.6\pi} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left[ \left( \frac{x-2}{0.3} \right)^2 + (y-1)^2 \right]}; -\infty < x < \infty, -\infty < y < \infty$$

**Ex 10:** Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be independent and identically distributed normal random variables with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Write the joint pdf of these variables.

Each  $X_i$  has a Normal  $(\mu, \sigma^2)$ ,  $f(x_i) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x_i - \mu}{\sigma} \right)^2}$

Since  $X_i$  are independent, the joint pdf is

$$f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = f(x_1) * f(x_2) * \dots * f(x_n) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(x_i)$$

$$= \prod_{i=1}^n \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x_i - \mu}{\sigma} \right)^2} \right]$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{n}{2}} \sigma^n} e^{-\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \frac{x_i - \mu}{\sigma} \right)^2} & ; -\infty < x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n < \infty \\ & ; -\infty < \mu < \infty \\ & ; \sigma > 0 \\ 0 & ; \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$