

Office Sale's Database Project

Daniel Alberto Zarco Manzanares (Project Manager)

Gabriela Gaytan Medina (Database analyst)

Omar Hernandez Francisco (Web Developer)

Josué David Rivera Arellane (Developer Jr.)

GEANT Consultora S. de R.L. de C.V.



GEÁNT®

BRIGHT CODE

May 21, 2020

1 About us

1.1 Daniel Alberto Zarco Manzanares (Project Manager)

I'm student in computer engineering in Engineering's faculty where, alongside of my student career my focus has been develop all skills oriented to leadership, financial, management and high direction for business. My role since I was started my degree was be a leader of team, have organization and mark direction of projects. I'm really satisfied of be a member or Engineering's faculty.

1.2 Omar Hernandez Francisco (Web Developer)

My name is Omar Hernández Francisco, I was born in the State of Mexico, where I attended the primary educational level at the José Martí school, and later entered the secondary educational level at the José Vasconcelos School and finished my Baccalaureate at the Plantel Oriente School of Sciences and Humanities , where I had a robot programming course. Later he entered UNAM, specifically in the Faculty of Engineering (FI) where he is currently pursuing a degree in computer engineering. As for work, I started working at the age of 16. This is driven by the training of my mother which stopped me from teaching to be a worker and achieve things through hard work. In this first job I started a job where I was in charge of carrying out a control on the entry of personnel into the establishment. Later, after a year of entering my first job, I entered the Swiss pastry, working as a pastry chef as well as in the dessert area. Already with some experience in different types, I had the opportunity to work in a friend's business, where I was able to obtain knowledge about the production of pizzas, here I lasted about a year working from Monday to Friday, but due to entering my degree I had to leave it. Due to different changes throughout my career, I currently do not have a formal job, but I took advantage of the free times that sometimes arise to carry out maintenance work on computer equipment.

1.3 Gabriela Gaytan Medina (Database analyst)

My name is Gabriela Gaytan Medina and I was born in Mexico City on July 11, 1997; My residence is in the State of Mexico, but I have spent my daily life in the city. In May 2015, at the age of 17, I finished my Baccalaureate at the Vallejo School of Science and Humanities, processed my regulated pass for the Bachelor of Computer Engineering. Later in August 2015, at the age of 18, I entered the faculty and that career. In the Faculty of Engineering I have learned different values including responsibility, perseverance, effort, honesty, integrity and respect. I have participated in different projects, in the semester 2021-1, I participated in the modern digital design contest, which was based on a contest, even though I did not win I learned to work as a team. My academic life throughout the faculty has been satisfying and a great learning experience.

1.4 Josué David Rivera Arellane (Developer Jr.)

Hi, my name is Rivera Arellanes Josue David, born in “Naucalpan de Juarez, Edo Mex”. Like everyone, i’m a student at Faculty of engineering, actually studying computer engineering. About my laboral career, i only was in two informal Jobs, like be packer in Walmart and be assistant at a pizza shop. I haven’t a formal job yet, but im thinking in taking someone son for gain experience.

2 Introduction

GEANT consultora design a simple solution for project, this project has a structure divided by two parts, first part corresponding to Database process planning, an second corresponds to Web process planing. The project's requirements is design, development and deployment a data base for stationery's business. We opted to a simple structure in single computer, optimizing the development process, time and financial estimation. This simple structure is best than client-server structure, is less expensive in time and financial estimation.

2.1 Structure's description

Our structure's design has single computer that have dual function, first as server where every send request arrive at server. Second function as data base, where has stored all information about the business line and internal process.

1. Server: Server provide stored data of web site, where we can manipulate in simple form all data generated by information's flow. We use server with local area network(LAN).
2. Database: Developed across client's requirements, database can stored all information of business line structure. Client's information, sale's transactions, providers information and complete data around at products.



3 Scheduling plan

Following scheduling plan has purpose to organize all phases of development process. Cause we had a tight time to development this project, we designed this with high quality and minimum complexity.

FASE	NOMBRE	DURACION	INICIO	FIN
TIEMPO DEL PROYECTO	• DURACION TOTAL DEL PROYECTO	31 días	24 abril 2020	25 mayo 2020
PARTE UNO	• Discusiones sobre el proyecto	2 días	24 abril 2020	25 abril 2020
	• MER	2 días	26 abril 2020	27 abril 2020
	• MR	2 días	28 abril	29 abril 2020
	• Normalización	3 días	30 abril	2 mayo 2020
	• Creación de la base en PostgreSQL	1 días	3 mayo 2020	3 mayo 2020
	• Creación de las tablas correspondientes	1 días	3 mayo 2020	3 mayo 2020
	• Insertar datos en tablas	1 días	3 mayo 2020	3 mayo 2020
	• Formato VENT-001 en la tabla sale	2 días	4 mayo 2020	5 mayo 2020
	• Requerimiento de Utilidad	3 días	4 mayo 2020	6 mayo 2020
	• Requerimiento Stock	8 días	6 mayo 2020	13 mayo 2020
	• Requerimiento cantidad total	3 días	14 mayo 2020	16 mayo 2020
	• Requerimiento de consulta de 3 productos en stock	2 días	17 mayo 2020	18 mayo 2020
	• Requerimiento de la vista en formato factura	2 días	19 mayo 2020	20 mayo 2020
	• Requerimiento de realizar un índice	1 días	19 mayo 2020	19 mayo 2020
PARTE DOS	• Descarga del software XAMPP	1 días	27 abril 2020	27 abril 2020
	• Configuración del software para php y postgres	2 días	27 abril 2020	28 abril 2020
	• Creación del proyecto	1 días	29 abril 2020	29 abril 2020
	• Creación de la carpeta principal dentro de la carpeta htdocs	1 días	29 abril 2020	29 abril 2020
	• Creación del archivo principal para el registro de usuario	2 días	30 abril 2020	1 mayo 2020
	• Creación del archivo para valores de registro	3 días	2 mayo 2020	4 mayo 2020
	• Conexión de la base	4 días	5 mayo 2020	8 mayo 2020
	• Creación de las carpetas: estilo, fuente, imágenes y hojas	2 días	9 mayo 2020	10 mayo 2020
	• Creación de login dentro de la carpeta de hojas	3 días	11 mayo 2020	13 mayo 2020
	• Creación de la interfaz web	5 días	14 mayo 2020	18 mayo 2020
	• Modificación para las diferentes pestañas del menú	3 días	19 mayo 2020	21 mayo 2020
	• Agregación de las fuentes correspondientes	3 días	22 mayo 2020	24 mayo 2020
	• Realizar el formato necesario para las hojas y archivo principal.	3 días	22 mayo 2020	24 mayo 2020
FASE DE DOCUMENTACION	• DOCUMENTACION	30 días	26 abril 2020	25 mayo 2020

Details of scheduling plan

NOMBRE	SEMANA 1	SEMANA 2	SEMANA 3	SEMANA 4	SEMANA 5
• DURACIÓN TOTAL DEL PROYECTO					
• Discusiones sobre el proyecto					
• MER					
• MR					
• Normalización					
• Creación de la base en PostgreSQL					
• Creación de las tablas correspondientes					
• Insertar datos en tablas					
• Formato VENT-001 en la tabla sale					
• Requerimiento de Utilidad					
• Requerimiento Stock					
• Requerimiento cantidad total					
• Requerimiento de consulta de 3 productos en stock					
• Requerimiento de la vista en formato factura					
• Requerimiento de realizar un índice					
• Descarga del software XAMPP					
• Configuración del software para php y postgres					
• Creación del proyecto					
• Creación de la carpeta principal dentro de la carpeta htdocs					
• Creación del archivo principal para el registro de usuario					

Next diagram show description of all phases of this project.

• Creación del archivo para valores de registro					
• Conexión de la base					
• Creación de las carpetas: estilo, fuente, imágenes y hojas					
• Creación de login dentro de la carpeta de hojas					
• Creación de la interfaz web					
• Modificación para las diferentes pestañas del menú					
• Agregación de las fuentes correspondientes					
• Realizar el formato necesario para las hojas y archivo principal.					
• DOCUMENTACION					

- FASE PARTE UNO
- FASE PARTE DOS
- DURACION DEL PROYECTO
- DOCUMENTACION

SEMANA 1: 24 ABRIL 2020- 30 ABRIL 2020
SEMANA 2: 1 MAYO 2020-7 MAYO 2020
SEMANA 3: 8 MAYO 2020-14 MAYO 2020
SEMANA 4: 15 MAYO 2020- 21 MAYO 2020
SEMANA 5: 22 MAYO 2020- 25 MAYO-2020

4 Design

4.1 Requirements

We took all project's requirements for business line. Following list contain all requirements.

1. When arrive product's bar code, shows the product's utility.
2. When registered a sale, must decrease the stock if product's stock is greater than 3 pieces, if product's stock is equal 3 pieces, must return a warning notifying to client that stock is equal 3 pieces or less, and if product's stock is zero, notify an error and stop the sale.
3. Get the product's name which stock is less than three pieces.
4. Generate view to show necessary information to be equal a bill.

5. Create at least one index and justify the reason to create that index in these place.

4.2 Design Entity relation model

Following image, show our entity relation model for set base of database.

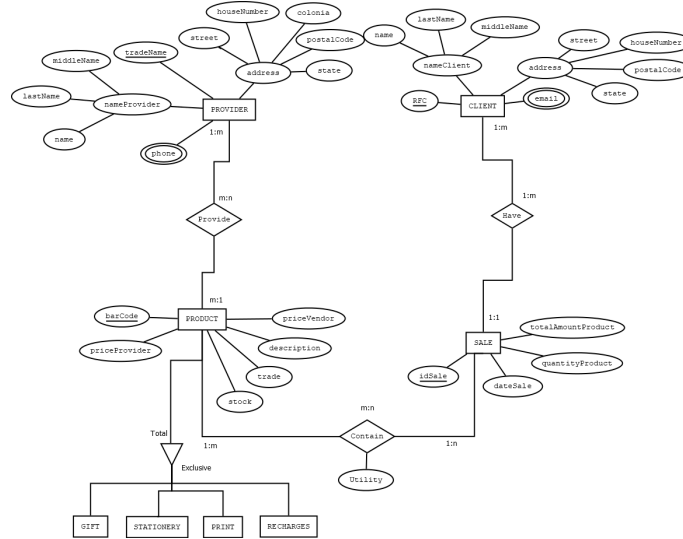


Diagram shows above have all specifications to describe all data with specific format requires our client , detailed in his requirement document.

4.3 Relational model

Following diagram correspond to third phase, building a relational model diagram, and receive entity relation model document as input.

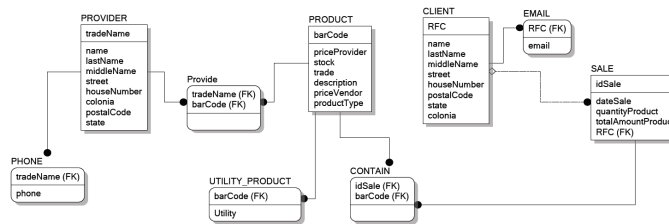


Diagram shows above

5 Implementation

To show files of source codes, please check the corresponding folder inside project.

5.1 Utility by product's bar code

Implemented by creation of function that returns a table with followings attributes:

1. Product's bar code
2. Product's trade
3. Product's description
4. Product's utility

Code of implementation: Function return a table with product's attributes to have more information, included the financial utility.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION utility(barcode_chose VARCHAR)
RETURNS TABLE(
    barcode_product VARCHAR,
    trade_product VARCHAR,
    description_product VARCHAR,
    utility_product FLOAT)
AS $$
DECLARE
    price_prov FLOAT;
    price_ven FLOAT;
    utility_net FLOAT;
BEGIN
    SELECT priceprovider INTO price_prov FROM product WHERE barcode=barcode_chose;
    SELECT pricevendor INTO price_ven FROM product WHERE barcode=barcode_chose;
    utility_net= price_ven-price_prov;
    RETURN QUERY SELECT
        barcode,
        trade,
        description,
        utility_net
    FROM
        product
    WHERE
        barcode=barcode_chose;
END; $$
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql';
```

5.2 Updating product's stock while transaction's process is running

Implemented by trigger, is necessary to execute trigger before to insert sale's data and function inside of trigger checks every product's stock, getting their

information through variables. Once function get the values, checks stock and their quantity, if product's stock is greater than three pieces, sale's registration is running normally, when transaction's process is running function checks actual stock, update record and notify if stock is less than three prices. Also function checks if stock is equal to zero, and is it, sale's process is aborted. Every process is running through case validations.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION INVENTARIO () RETURNS TRIGGER AS $$
DECLARE
    stock2 INTEGER;
    stock1 INTEGER;
BEGIN
    select stock INTO stock2 FROM product WHERE barcode=new.idproduct;
    stock1=new.quantityproduct;
    RAISE NOTICE 'new idsale: %',new.idsale;
    RAISE NOTICE 'stock1=quantityproduct: %',stock1;
    CASE
        WHEN stock2=1 or stock2<=0 THEN
            RAISE EXCEPTION USING MESSAGE = 'No hay productos en stock.';
        WHEN stock2<=3 THEN
            RAISE WARNING 'Quedan 3 o menos piezas en Stock, stock % pz. - %',stock2, NOW();
            UPDATE product
            SET stock=stock2-stock1
            WHERE barcode=new.idproduct;
        WHEN stock2>3 THEN
            UPDATE product
            SET stock=stock2-stock1
            WHERE barcode=new.idproduct;
            RAISE NOTICE 'Se realizo correctamente la actualización del stock %. stock2 %, s
        ELSE
            RAISE NOTICE 'Error en actualizar stock';
    END CASE;
    RETURN NEW;
END; $$
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql';

CREATE TRIGGER trstock BEFORE INSERT ON sale
FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE PROCEDURE INVENTARIO();
```

5.3 Gets products where stock is less than three

We implemented in this requirement a function to returns a table with product's information. Below you can find respective code:

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION checkstock() RETURNS TABLE(
    barcode_checks VARCHAR,
    priceprovider_check FLOAT,
```

```

        stock_checks INTEGER,
        trade_checks VARCHAR,
        description_checks VARCHAR,
        pricevendor_check FLOAT,
        product_type VARCHAR
    )
AS $$
BEGIN
    RETURN QUERY SELECT
        barcode,
        priceprovider,
        stock,
        trade,
        description,
        pricevendor,
        producttype
    FROM
        product
    WHERE
        stock<3;
END; $$
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql';

```

5.4 Generation of bill view

Implemented by function where this gets as parameter idsale, with this parameters, function sear along table of sale the choose idsale and returns all information about this sale, product, and client and transforms into bill.

```

CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION billinfo(IN id_sale VARCHAR)
RETURNS TABLE(
    id_sale_bill VARCHAR,
    barcode_bill VARCHAR,
    description_bill VARCHAR,
    quantityp_bill INTEGER,
    price_vendor_bill FLOAT,
    total_bill FLOAT
) AS $$
DECLARE
    total_p FLOAT;
    price_prod FLOAT;
    quant INTEGER;
    idd_sale VARCHAR;
    name_bill VARCHAR;
    last_name_bill VARCHAR;
    rfc_bill VARCHAR;

```

```

street_bill VARCHAR;
house_bill VARCHAR;
colonia_bill VARCHAR;
postal_code_bill VARCHAR;
state_bill VARCHAR;
BEGIN
    SELECT c.name INTO name_bill FROM client c
    INNER JOIN sale s ON c.rfc=s.rfc WHERE idsale=id_sale;
    SELECT c.lastname INTO last_name_bill FROM client c
    INNER JOIN sale s ON c.rfc=s.rfc WHERE idsale=id_sale;
    SELECT c.rfc INTO rfc_bill FROM client c
    INNER JOIN sale s ON c.rfc=s.rfc WHERE idsale=id_sale;
    SELECT c.street INTO street_bill FROM client c
    INNER JOIN sale s ON c.rfc=s.rfc WHERE idsale=id_sale;
    SELECT c.housenumber INTO house_bill FROM client c
    INNER JOIN sale s ON c.rfc=s.rfc WHERE idsale=id_sale;
    SELECT c.colonia INTO colonia_bill FROM client c
    INNER JOIN sale s ON c.rfc=s.rfc WHERE idsale=id_sale;
    SELECT c.postalcode INTO postal_code_bill FROM client c
    INNER JOIN sale s ON c.rfc=s.rfc WHERE idsale=id_sale;
    SELECT c.state INTO state_bill FROM client c
    INNER JOIN sale s ON c.rfc=s.rfc WHERE idsale=id_sale;

    RAISE NOTICE 'GEANT S. de R.L. de C.V.';
    RAISE NOTICE 'www.geantcommerce.com.mx';
    RAISE NOTICE 'Telephone: 26-45-78-41';
    RAISE NOTICE 'Alvaro Obregón, Ciudad de México.';
    RAISE NOTICE 'Bill to % %',name_bill,last_name_bill;
    RAISE NOTICE 'RFC: %',rfc_bill;
    RAISE NOTICE 'Address: %, %, %, %, %',street_bill, house_bill, colonia_bill, postal_code_bill;
    SELECT pricevendor INTO price_prod FROM product INNER JOIN sale ON barcode=idproduct WHERE
    SELECT quantityproduct INTO quant FROM product INNER JOIN sale ON barcode=idproduct WHERE
    total_p=quant*price_prod;
    idd_sale=id_sale;
    RETURN QUERY SELECT
        idd_sale,
        barcode,
        description,
        quant,
        price_prod,
        total_p
    FROM
        product INNER JOIN sale ON barcode=idproduct
    WHERE
        idsale=id_sale;
END; $$

```

```
LANGUAGE 'plpgsql';
```

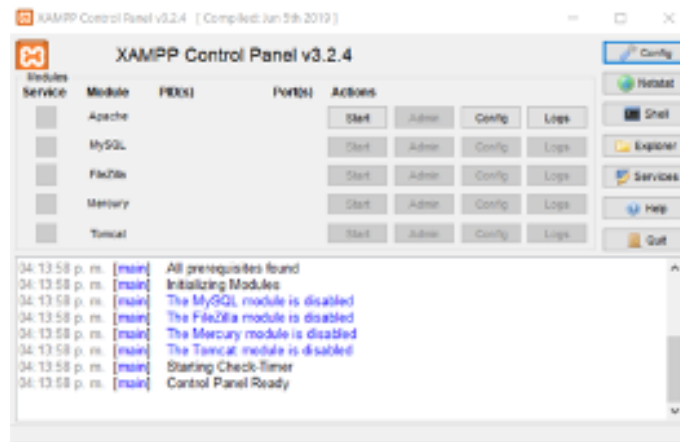
5.5 Create index to optimizing searching on database

Create a index on sale table in column idsale cause table will have many record with all sales generated in time period.

```
create index indiceventa on sale (idsale)
```

6 Presentation

For the connection of our database with the web interface, it was necessary to use the Xampp software, which is a server with Apache distribution which will be in charge of making a connection between the database in Postgresql and php. To make the connection already having this software, the first thing to do was the Xampp configuration, since it is not configured to work together with postgresql - php. Here's how this configuration is done.



Having already made the configuration, we proceeded to test the connection. Having a database ready in postgresql we turn on the Xampp server with Apache. Then we create a folder where our project will be housed, and inside it we create our php file. It should be noted that this folder must be located in the "htdocs" folder, which can be found within the Xampp installation path.

there is different information on the web about the software that should be used for the correct connection, it was not enough because the problem was not in Xampp software, but in other software inside my computer since it intervened in the connection and even though I had the connection well implemented in my php file this did not stop it.

7.3 Gabriela Gaytan Medina (Database analyst)

Carrying out this project taught me to apply all the knowledge about the Database and to realize that there is not only one solution. For the realization of MER, MR, the standardization, the creation of the base and the filling of it was not very complicated, however, complying with the requirements did take me some time to research and think about the solution that could be more convenient. In the case of the decrease in the Stock, it was the one that cost us the most work since this had to be done through a function and trigger so that it was automatic. One factor that complicates us is that in the postgres handler the triggers are handled differently compared to another, but as I had already mentioned, investigating and working in a team managed to solve the requirement. In the case of requirement of the index it was easier for me since that was only to apply it in one of the table that best suited us. After the above, our results began to be positive and satisfactory, and thus I can generally conclude that to solve a database it is necessary to have the bases well implemented in order to have a positive process and that, to solve the requirements, connections and among other things there are several solutions that reach the same result.

7.4 Josué David Rivera Arellane (Developer Jr.)

In this Project , as a team we deal with a lot of difficulties, among them are time planinning, implementation problems and, maybe the most uncomftable: Deal with something i haven't any idea how to figured out, the connection between the database and the web page. In the part of the implementation, was hard find the solution on few requirements that it need experience manipulating data on sql. I think the hardest problems was interact with the team in order to achieve all requeriments needed.