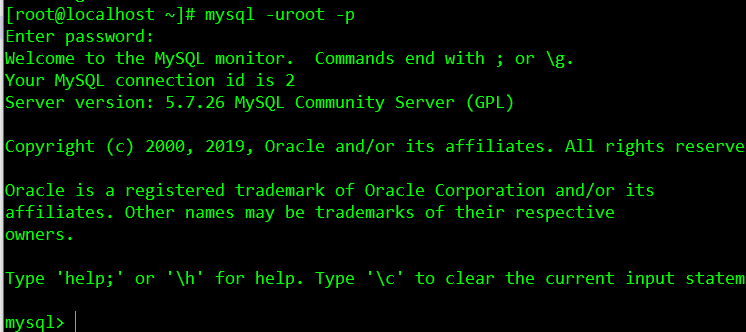
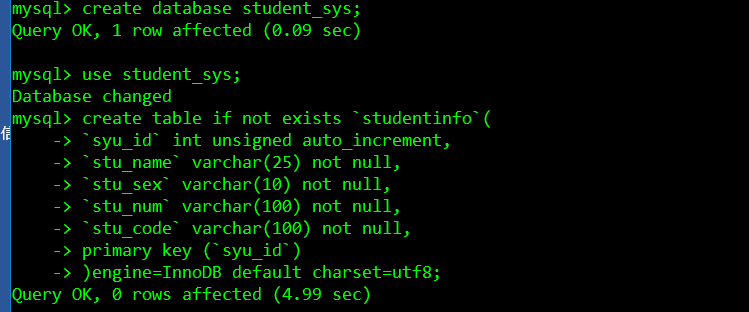
**搭建学生管理数据库（SQL语句使用）**

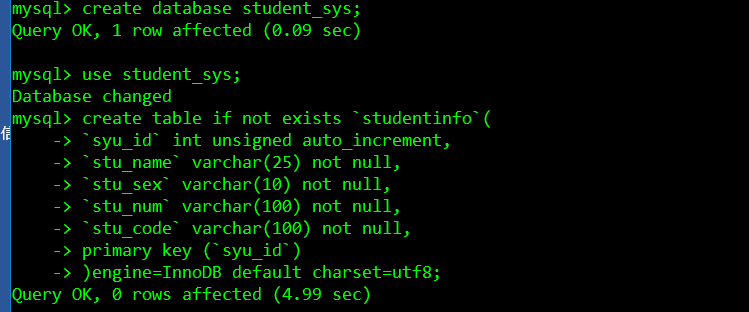
1. 登录MySQL数据库



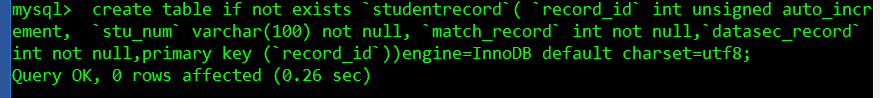
1. 建立数据库student\_sys



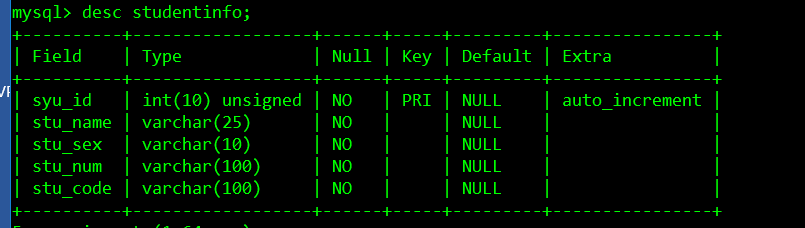
1. 建立《学生信息表》

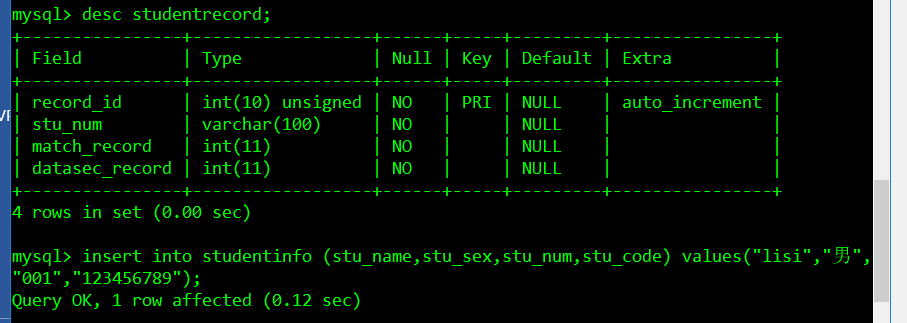


1. 建立学生成绩表

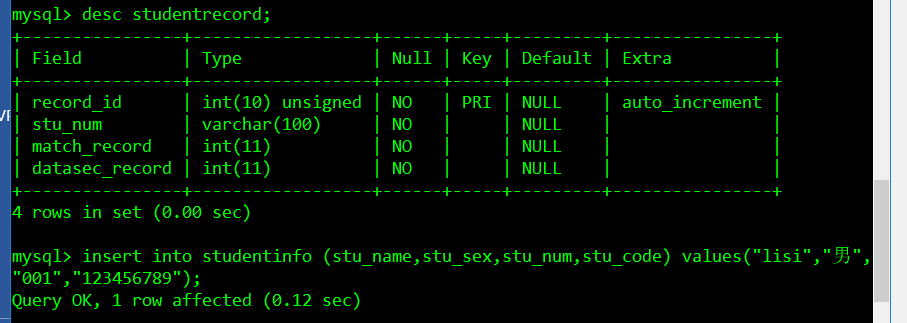


1. 获取数据表结构

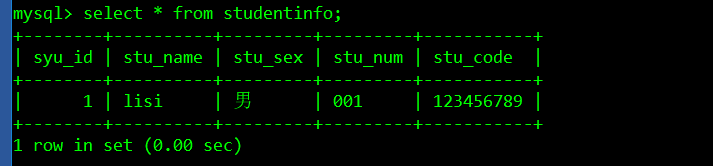




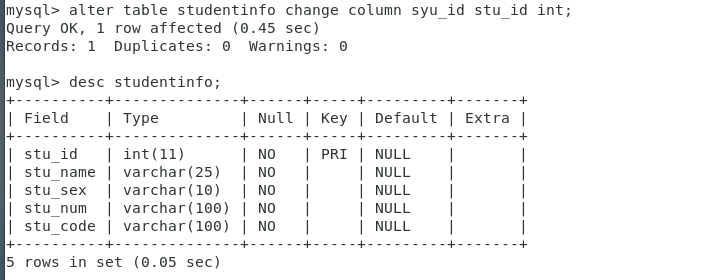
1. 向《学生信息表》插入数据



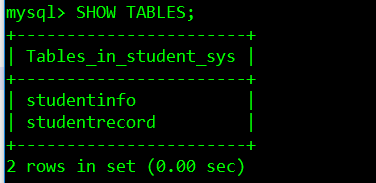
1. 查看表数据



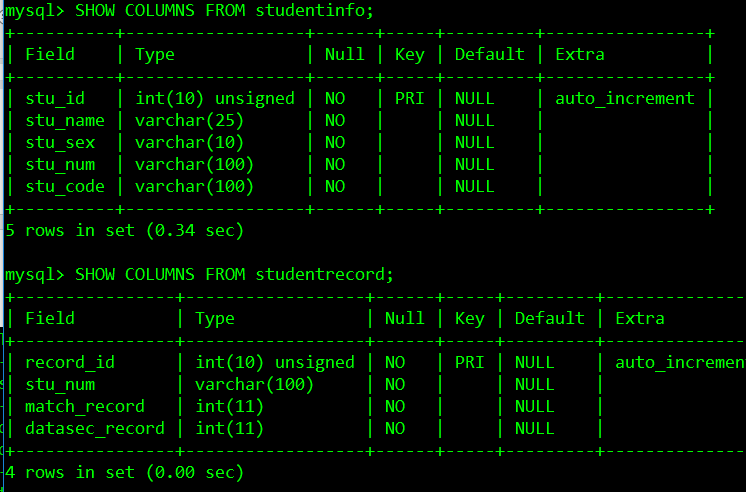
8.修改《学生信息表》的属性 列名syu\_id为stu\_id



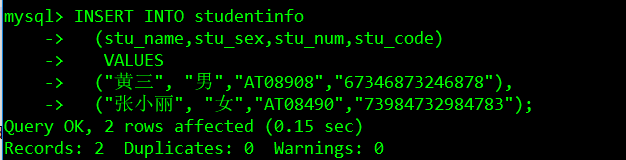
9. 查看数据库的表

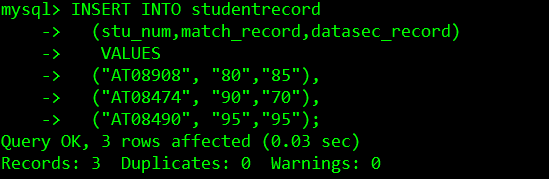


10.查看表的列

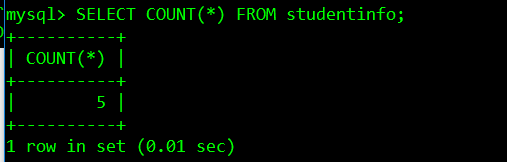


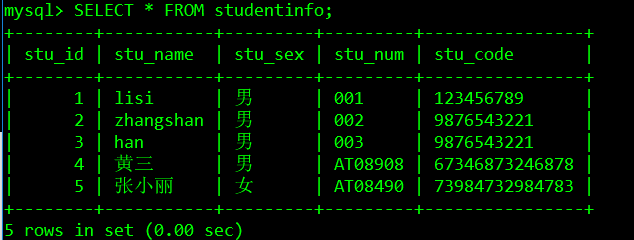
11.插入多条数据



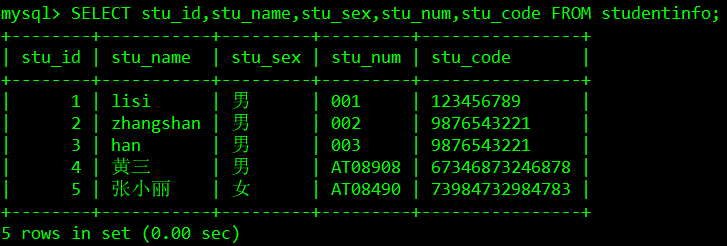


12.查看《学生信息表》的信息数（即学生总数）

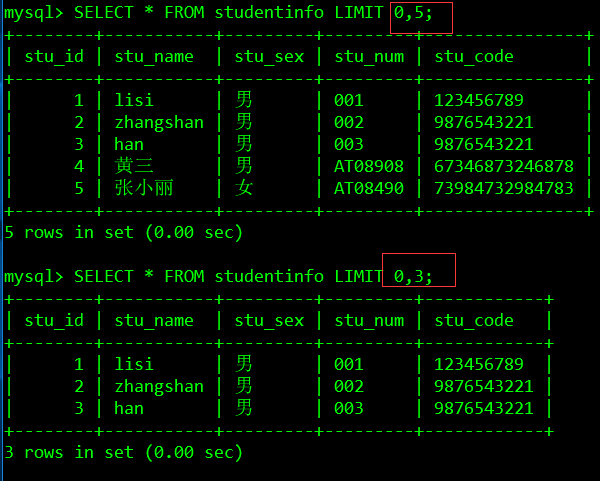


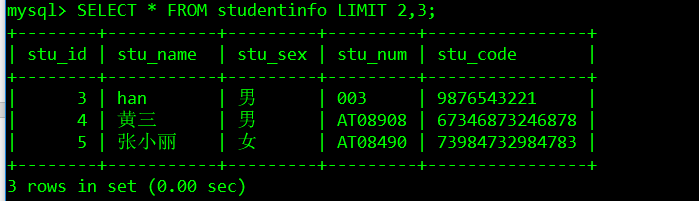


13.查看《学生信息表》相关属性的信息

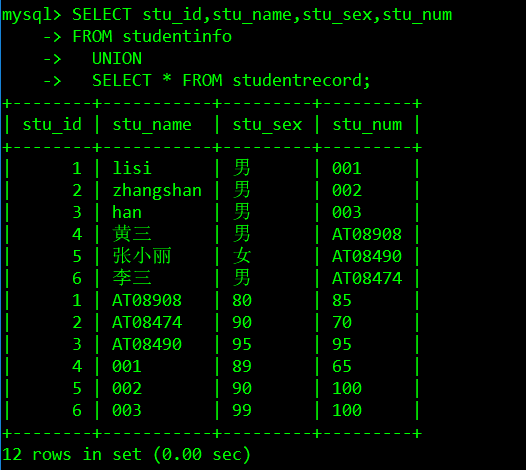


14.显示条数查询（如从第0条起查询5条数据；从第0条起查询3条数据；从第2条起查询3条信息）

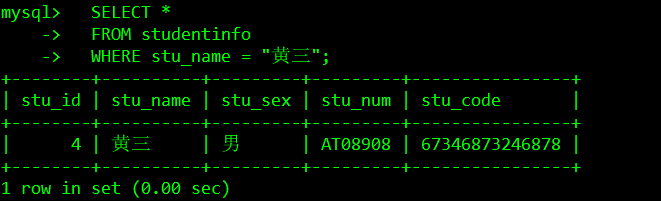




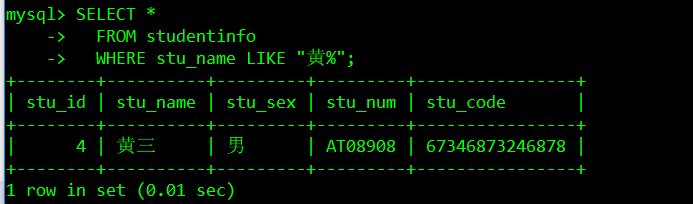
15.联合查询；注意两个表的列数要一样，且union联合查询以第一个表的属性显示

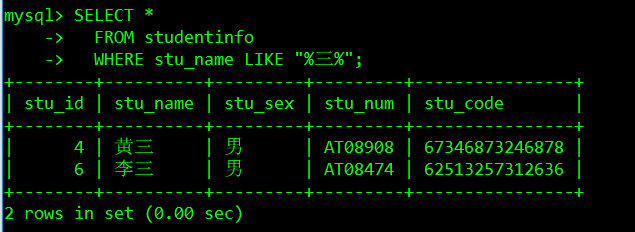


16.条件查询

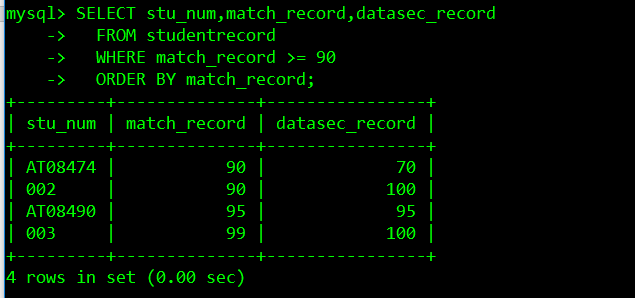


17.模糊查询

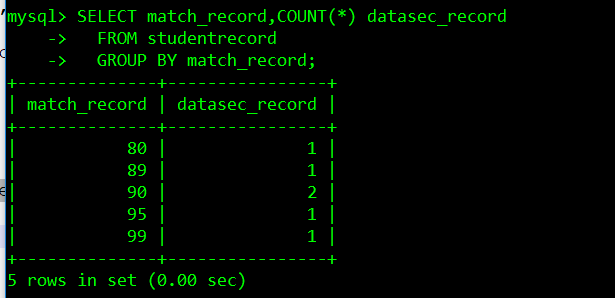




18.查询并以升序排列结果（数学成绩大于90的升序排列）



19.分组。按数学成绩分组并计算每组数据安全成绩的个数



20.删除数据



21.更新（修改）数据

