

# Solar Rebate Prediction Study in China areas

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## PURPOSE

Study the prediction on the rebate (subsidy) of solar power generation in the next few years in various regions of the China, which can bring convenience and benefits to residents and promote the development of photovoltaic industry.

## INTRODUCTION

Family photovoltaic power generation enjoys the price rebate(RMB) given by the state to distributed PV power generation. With the increasing popularity of PV, more and more PV facilities will be incorporated into the power grid. From 2013 to 2020, the rebate of PV decrease year by year



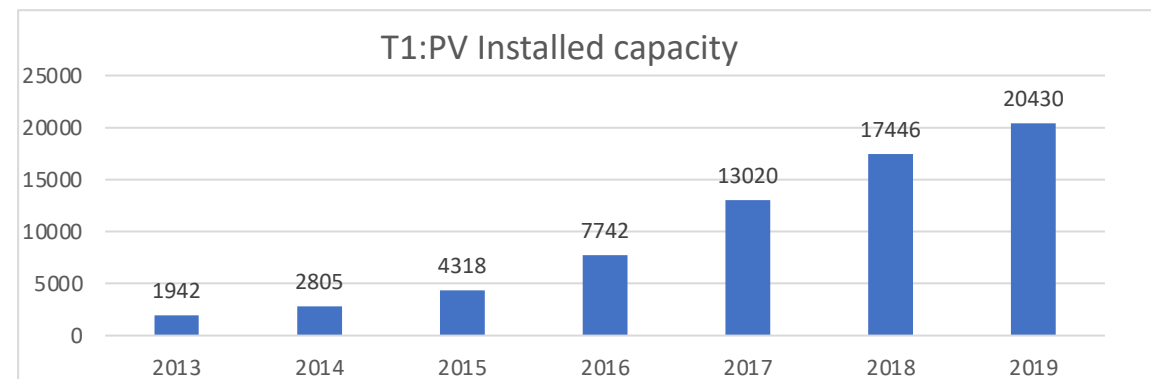
## METHODOLOGY

- Collect PV installed capacity data and PV rebate(RMB) data from different areas.
- Choose the suitable time series analysis model.
- Through the level ratio test,we find the Gray Prediction Model is suitable for the datasets then apply it to forecast the solar energy rebate prediction.

## PRODUCT & RESULT

### Task 1. Data Collection & Processing

- PV rebate in China(focus on three types of resource areas,Class I area is Zhejiang Province,Class II area is Jiangsu Province,Class III area is Anhui Province)
- New increment of solar energy installation
- According to the statistics of the national energy administration, the cost of photovoltaic power generation has decreased by about 90% since 2007



### Task 2. Time Series Analysis Model

In recent years, the rebate price of solar energy has dropped regularly according to time. Through the level ratio test of the data, all the level ratios of the translated sequence are within the interval (0.801, 1.249), indicating that the translated sequence is suitable for building a Gray Prediction Model.

#### Model Building

| Development coefficient (a) | Grey action (b) | Posterior error ratio C value |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| 0.135                       | 1.184           | 0.011                         |

### Task 3. Trend on Rebate Analysis

With the popularization of photovoltaic power generation, we can draw a conclusion from the data in the three charts that the installation cost of solar energy will continue to decrease, and the corresponding total amount of new solar energy installation will continue to increase. With the continuous and rapid development of the photovoltaic industry, it is reasonable to reduce the photovoltaic subsidies correspondingly. The photovoltaic rebate policy has a very important contribution to promoting the development of the solar energy industry.

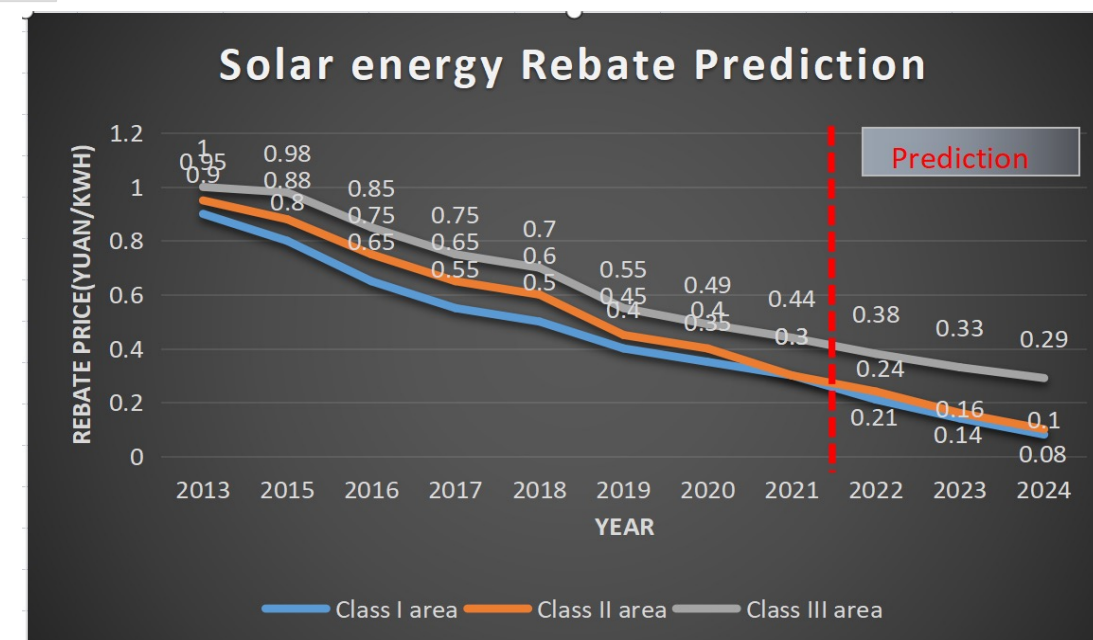
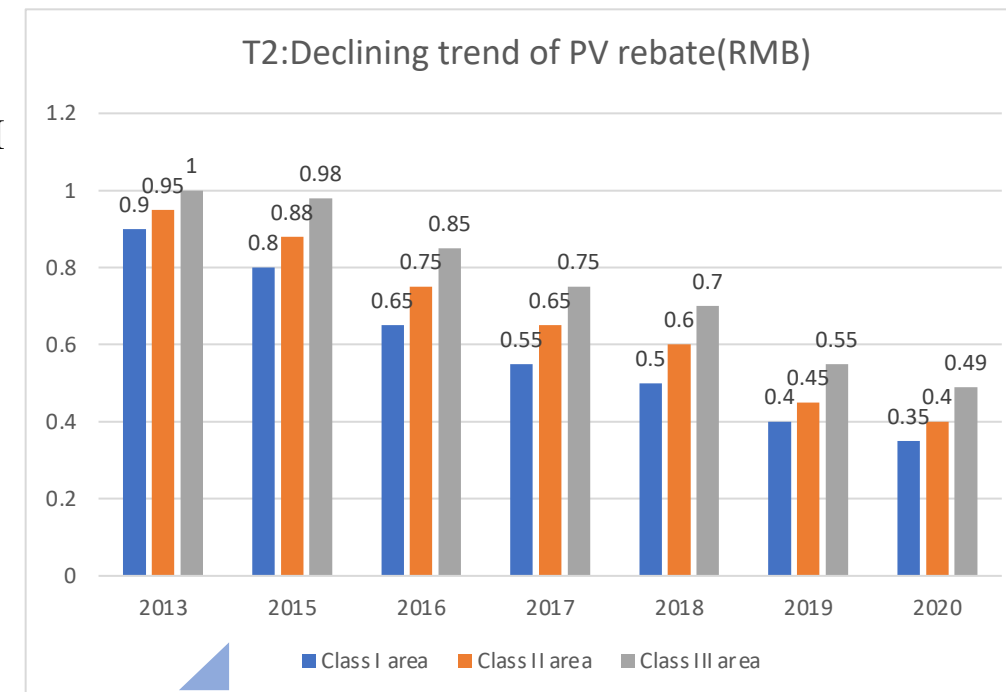


Figure3:prediction result

## CONCLUSION

Table3: Solar rebate in the next three years

| year | Class I | Class II | Class III |
|------|---------|----------|-----------|
| 2022 | 0.21    | 0.24     | 0.38      |
| 2023 | 0.14    | 0.16     | 0.33      |
| 2024 | 0.08    | 0.1      | 0.29      |

We can draw a conclusion from this table that the rebate price of solar energy will decline steadily in the next three years, and there is no significant difference in the downward trend of the rebate price in the three regions.

## FUTURE

- (1)Collect more precise and regional solar rebate data.
- (2)Find the data on the basis of the solar rebate price.
- (3)Accurately predict solar rebate with advanced models.

## REFENERCE

- [1][https://www.china5e.com/index.php?m=search&c=index&a=adv\\_search\\_spe&typeid=&siteid=&q=%E5%85%89%E4%BC%8F%E5%B9%B6%E7%BD%91](https://www.china5e.com/index.php?m=search&c=index&a=adv_search_spe&typeid=&siteid=&q=%E5%85%89%E4%BC%8F%E5%B9%B6%E7%BD%91)
- [2]<http://www.stats.gov.cn/tjsj/>
- [3]<https://www.singfosolar.com/articles/pdzgty.html>