

# Retargetable Decompiler's IDA Plugin

# User Guide

Version 0.6

https://github.com/avast-tl/retdec-idaplugin https://retdec.com support@retdec.com September 4, 2018

# Contents

1	Introduction	2
2	Installation         2.1 IDA          2.2 RetDec          2.3 Python          2.4 RetDec IDA plugin          2.4.1 Linux          2.4.2 Windows	3 3 3 3 3 4
3	Configuration  3.1 IDA's plugin.cfg	<b>4</b> 5 5 6
4	Plugin Information 4.1 About Plugin	<b>6</b> 6 8
5	Decompilation5.1 Selective Decompilation5.2 Full Decompilation	<b>8</b> 8
6	User Interactions 6.1 Basic Interactions	9 9 10
7	List of All User Actions 7.1 Function-Declaration/Definition Context 7.2 Function-Call Context 7.3 Global-Variable Context 7.4 Global Context	10 11 11 12 12
8	Support and Feedback	12

### 1 Introduction

This document describes the Retargetable Decompiler's plugin for IDA (RetDec plugin). Its goal is to integrate with IDA, give transparent access to the Retargetable Decompiler and provide user-interaction capabilities like navigation or code refactoring. An example of code decompiled by Retdec plugin is shown in Figure 1.

Retargetable Decompiler (RetDec) is a reverse-engineering tool independent of any particular target architecture, file format, operating system, or compiler. It was developed in cooperation of Faculty of Information Technology, Brno University of Technology and AVG Technologies. Since the acquisition of AVG Technologies by Avast in 2016, Avast has continued to develop the decompiler. It is using Capstone disassembler engine and a Capstone2LlvmIR library to translate machine code into a high-level-language representation. Currently, the decompiler supports the MIPS, ARM (including Thumb extension), x86, and PowerPC architectures using the Windows PE, COFF, Unix ELF, Intel HEX, and RAW binary file formats.

RetDec can be used in the following ways:

- Standalone RetDec: either compiling RetDec repository on your own, or downloading and installing RetDec binary release.
- 2. RetDec IDA plugin (this quide's topic): requires the standalone version of RetDec to be installed.

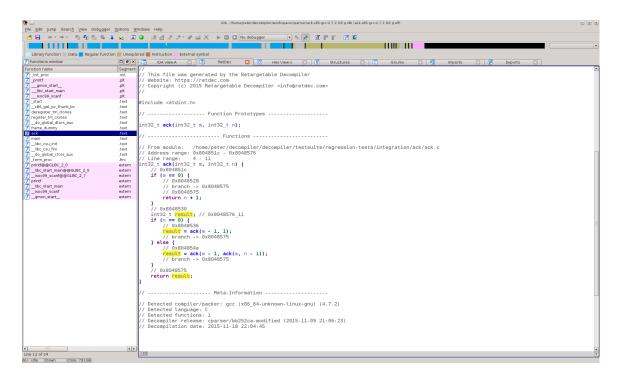


Figure 1: Example of code decompiled by RetDec plugin.

#### 2 Installation

This section describes prerequisites and the installation process of RetDec IDA plugin binary release.

It is also possible to build and install the plugin directly from sources. To do so, follow the Build and Installation instructions instead of this section.

#### 2.1 IDA

The plugin is created using IDA SDK version 7.0. The plugin is compatible with the following IDA versions: 7.0, 7.1. The plugin does NOT work with IDA 6.x, or freeware version of IDA 7.0. The plugin binary itself is 64-bit, but at the moment, it supports only 32-bit address space. I.e. it works in ida, not ida64, and can decompile only 32-bit binaries.

#### 2.2 RetDec

RetDec IDA plugin needs a standalone RetDec installation in order to perform decompilations. This particular RetDec IDA plugin release needs RetDec version 3.2. Follow these instructions to install it.

### 2.3 Python

RetDec needs Python 3 (at least version 3.4) in order to run. If you have not installed Python 3, as described in instructions referenced in Section 2.2, do it now. RetDec IDA plugin also needs the Pygments library – install it as well.

RetDec IDA plugin tries to execute the main decompilation script using one of these commands (in this order):

- 1. python3
- 2. py -3
- 3. python

Make sure at least one of these works, i.e. Python 3 is in PATH, and that it really is Python version 3 that gets executed (especially if the third option is used on your system).

## 2.4 RetDec IDA plugin

Finally, we need to install the RetDec IDA plugin itself.

#### 2.4.1 Linux

Follow the next steps to install RetDec plugin in a Linux environment:

1. Install 64-bit versions of the following shared-object dependencies:

- 2. Download the Linux installation package (Table 1) from the project's release page.
- 3. Copy retdec.so to the IDA's plugin directory (<IDA\_ROOT>/plugins).

Table 1: Linux installation package contents.

File	Description
license	Directory with licenses.
license/LICENSE	RetDec IDA plugin's license.
license/LICENSE-THIRD-PARTY	Licenses of libraries used by RetDec plugin.
retdec.so	64-bit Linux RetDec plugin for 32-bit address space.
user_guide.pdf	RetDec plugin's user guide (this document).

#### 2.4.2 Windows

The Windows version of the plugin requires Windows 7 or later, with the MSVC 2015 runtime<sup>1</sup> installed.

Follow the next steps to install RetDec plugin in a Windows environment:

- 1. Download the Windows installation package (Table 2) from the project's release page.
- 2. Copy retdec.dll to the IDA's plugin directory (<IDA\_ROOT>/plugins).

Table 2: Windows installation package contents.

File	Description
license	Directory with licenses.
license/LICENSE	RetDec IDA plugin's license.
license/LICENSE-THIRD-PARTY	Licenses of libraries used by RetDec plugin.
retdec.dll	64-bit Windows RetDec plugin for 32-bit address space.
user_guide.pdf	RetDec plugin's user guide (this document).

# 3 Configuration

This section describes how to configure RetDec plugin. After you follow these steps, you should have your plugin ready for work.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Visual C++ Redistributable for Visual Studio 2015: https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=48145

### 3.1 IDA's plugin.cfg

The plugin's default mode is set to selective decompilation (see Section 5). It tries to register hotkey CTRL+D for its invocation. If you already use this hotkey for another action or you just want to use a different hotkey, you need to modify IDA's plugin configuration file. Moreover, the plugin supports one more decompilation mode and a hotkey invocation for the plugin's configuration. If you want to use any of them, you also have to modify the config file.

The IDA's plugin configuration file is in <IDA\_ROOT>/plugins/plugins.cfg. Its format is documented inside the file itself. To configure RetDec plugin, add the following lines at the beginning<sup>2</sup> of the file:

;	Plugin_name	File_name	Hotkey	Arg
;				
R	etargetable_Decompiler	retdec	Ctrl-d	0
Re	etargetable_Decompiler	retdec	Ctrl-Shift-d	1
Re	etargetable_Decompiler	retdec	Ctrl-Shift-c	2

These lines tell IDA which hotkeys invoke the plugin and what argument is passed to it. The plugin's behavior after invocation is determined by the passed argument. Possible argument values are summarized in Table 3. In the provided example, we mapped selective decompilation to hotkey CTRL+D (plugin's default), full decompilation to CTRL+SHIFT+D, and plugin configuration to CTRL+SHIFT+C. However, you may choose whichever hotkeys you like, provided they do not clash with other plugins or IDA.

Table 3: Description of RetDec plugin's invocation arguments.

Argument value	Description
0	Invokes selective decompilation. See Section 5.
1	Invokes full decompilation. See Section 5.
2	Invokes plugin configuration inside IDA. See Section 3.3.

## 3.2 Decompilation Configuration

Each time a decompilation is triggered, plugin checks that it is properly configured. If it is not, warning is displayed, then the configuration dialog appears. Here, you have to make sure plugin finds the retdec-decompiler.py script from the standalone RetDec installation (Section 2.2). Either set path to retdec-decompiler.py in the configuration dialog, or add the decompiler's bin directory to the system PATH.

The settings will be saved and if you want to change them later, you need to manually invoke the plugin's configuration from IDA (see Section 3.3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Newer versions of IDA behave strangely when the lines are appended at the end, so just put them at the start.

### 3.3 Configuration from IDA

The same dialog that is displayed if the plugin is misconfigured can be opened from IDA anytime later. There are the following two ways to do it:

- If you configured a hotkey for the plugin's configuration argument value according to Section 3.1, you can use it to invoke the configuration dialog.
- You can also open the configuration dialog from the Options/RetDec plugin options menu (Figure 2).

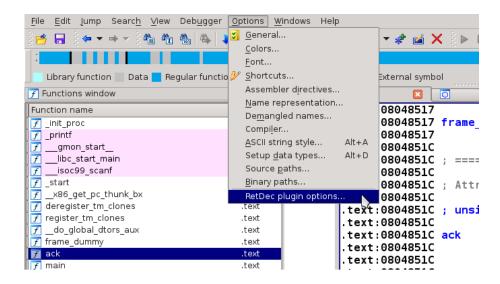


Figure 2: Opening the plugin's configuration dialog from the menu.

# 4 Plugin Information

This section describes how to find information about RetDec plugin you are currently using and how the plugin communicates information to you.

## 4.1 About Plugin

Information about RetDec plugin can be found among IDA's information on the registered plugins at Help/About program (Figure 3), where you need to click on the Addons button (Figure 4). Then, find the Retargetable Decompiler entry in the presented list (Figure 5).

# 4.2 Output Window

Right after the start, as well as during the work with RetDec plugin, it communicates with you mainly through the IDA's output window (Figure 6). Here, you are shown several kinds of important messages:

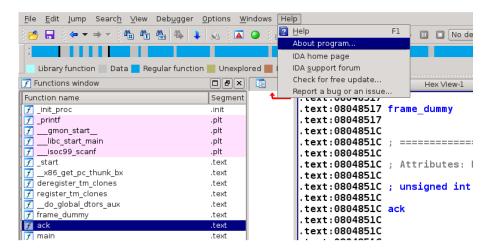


Figure 3: Opening the About IDA dialog from the menu.



Figure 4: Information window about IDA.

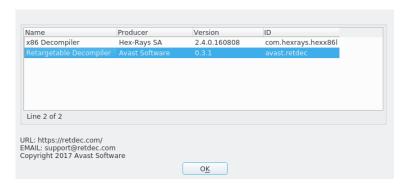


Figure 5: Information window about RetDec plugin.

[RetDec info] : some important piece of information
[RetDec warning]: something went a little bit wrong

[RetDec error] : something went very wrong

```
File '/home/peter/decompiler/workspace/cparser/ack.elf' has been successfully loaded into the database.

Compiling file '/home/peter/ida/ida-6.6/idc/ida.idc'...

Executing function 'main'...

Compiling file '/home/peter/ida/ida-6.6/idc/onload.idc'...

Executing function 'OnLoad'...|

IDA is analysing the input file...

You may start to explore the input file right now.

[RetDec info]: Retargetable Decompiler version 0.1 registered OK

[RetDec info]: Retargetable Decompiler version 0.1 loaded OK

Snowman plugin v0.0.6 loaded.

Press F3 to decompile the function under cursor, Ctrl-F3 to decompile the whole program.

Press F3 (Ctrl-F3) again to jump to the address under cursor.

Python 2.7.2 (default, Mar 26 2012, 16:13:09)

[GCC 4.2.4 (Ubuntu 4.2.4-lubuntu4)]

IDAPython v1.7.0 final (serial 0) (c) The IDAPython Team <idapython@googlegroups.com>
```

Figure 6: IDA's output window.

#### 4.3 GUI Windows

Sometimes, RetDec plugin wants to be sure you noticed an important message or event. In such a case, it shows you a pop-up window, which forces you to acknowledge it by pressing OK or a similar button.

# 5 Decompilation

This section describes how to invoke a decompilation. After reading it, you should be able to decompile a selected function, as well as an entire binary that is being analyzed.

### 5.1 Selective Decompilation

RetDec plugin's primary decompilation mode is selective decompilation. It decompiles the function that is currently under the cursor. It is invoked from the IDA's disassembly window, where you need to bring focus to the desired function and use either the default hotkey CTRL+D, or a hotkey you configured according to Section 3.1.

Once the decompilation is finished, the decompiled source code is displayed in a new IDA viewer window. Here, you can invoke new decompilations by double-clicking on function calls.

## 5.2 Full Decompilation

If you configured a hotkey for full decompilation in Section 3.1, you can use it to decompile an entire binary that is being analyzed. The result of this decompilation is stored into an output file, whose location is communicated to you through IDA's output window. The result cannot be displayed in the IDA's viewer window.

## 6 User Interactions

This section describes various kinds of user interactions that are currently supported by RetDec plugin. As was stated in Section 5, these interactions are applicable only on

results from selective decompilations because full decompilations cannot be displayed in IDA's viewer window.

#### 6.1 Basic Interactions

We use the IDA's native custom viewer window to display the decompiled source codes. Therefore, the plugin feels like part of IDA and we get a word occurrences highlighting (Figure 7) out of the box.

```
int32 t ack(int32 t m, int32 t n) {
    // 0x804851c
   if (m == 0) {
// 0x8048528
        // branch -> 0x8048575
        // 0x8048575
        return n + 1;
    // 0x8048530
    int32 t result; // 0x8048576 11
    if (n == 0) {
        // 0x8048536
        result = ack(m - 1, 1);
        // branch -> 0x8048575
    } else {
        // 0x804854e
        result = ack(m - 1, ack(m, n - 1));
        // branch -> 0x8048575
    // 0x8048575
    return result;
}
```

Figure 7: Native word occurrence highlighting.

## 6.2 Navigation

RetDec plugin supports function navigation—jumping forward and backward between already decompiled functions, or invoke an entirely new decompilation. When you double-click on a function call, the plugin presents the requested function. If it was already decompiled in the past, the cached result is shown to perform the action faster. You have to either explicitly request a re-decompilation of the previously processed functions, or perform an action that triggers the re-decompilation automatically (see Section 6.3). Re-decompilation can be forced by using the selective decompilation hotkey in IDA's disassembly (re-decompilation of any function), or in the RetDec plugin's viewer window (re-decompilation of currently shown function). If the double-clicked function was not decompiled yet, it is selectively reversed and displayed. In either case, only one function is shown at a time. A navigation entry for the newly presented function is added into a doubly linked navigation list, right after the entry for function from which the invocation was made. The list is then used for forward and backward navigation between the stored functions. An example of such navigation is depicted in Figure 8.

Unfortunately, we were not able to integrate navigation with IDA's graphical control elements, so it can be done only through keyboard hotkeys:

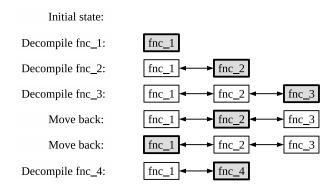


Figure 8: Decompiled function navigation example.

- ESC to move back.
- CTRL+F to move forward.

### 6.3 Code Refactoring

The RetDec plugin's viewer windows also allows you to refactor displayed source code. We can divide the source-code modifications into two basic categories:

- Those which do not require immediate re-decompilation, like object-identifier renaming or function-comment insertion.
- Those which automatically trigger re-decompilation of the modified function. These are typically changes that can be used or propagated by reversing analyses. For example, a user-specified object data type can by spread by the data-flow type recovery analysis among other objects.

Refactoring actions are triggered either by hotkeys associated with them, or by popup menus shown on right-click. Actions are sensitive to the current context (current word under the cursor). As is shown in Figure 9 and Figure 10, actions available for functions differ from actions for global variables. Available actions at any given position are composed of two sets of actions:

- Actions available for the current context, i.e. for functions, global variables, function calls, etc. This set may be empty.
- Global actions available at all posistions, i.e. navigation, current function comment modification, etc.

The complete catalog of available user actions is listed in Section 7.

### 7 List of All User Actions

This section provides a complete catalog of available user actions for all possible contexts.

```
/home/peter/decompiler/decompiler
// From module:
                                                               // ----- Global Variables -----
// Address range: 0x804851c - 0x8048576
int32_t __CTOR_LIST__ = -1; // 0x80497f4
    // 0x8
                                                               // ----- Functions -----
    if (m
             Rename function
              Change type declaration Y
                                                               // Address range: 0x8048680 - 0x80486a9
                                                               int32_t __do_global_ctors_aux(void) {
    // 0x8048680
              Open xrefs window
              Open calls window
                                                                   Edit func comment
              Move backward
    int32_t v1 = 0x8 Move backward
wnknown_fffffffff Move forward
// branch -> 0x8048698
                                                                   // branch -> 0x8048698
while (*(int32_t *)(v1 - 4) != -1) {
    // 0x8048698
    v1 -= 4;
    unknown_ffffffff();
    } else {
    // 0x804854e
         result = ack(m - 1, ack(m, n - 1));
// branch -> 0x8048575
                                                                       // continue -> 0x8048698
                                                                   // 0x80486a4
    }
// 0x8048575
    return result;
```

Figure 9: Context actions available for functions.

Figure 10: Context actions available for global variables.

### 7.1 Function-Declaration/Definition Context

Function actions are available on function declarations or definitions. They are listed in Table 4.

Action description	Hotkey	Triggers re-decompilation
Jump to IDA's ASM	A	Х
Rename function	N	X
Change type declaration	Y	✓

Χ

Table 4: Function context user actions.

#### 7.2 Function-Call Context

Open xrefs window

Open calls window

Function-call actions are available on function calls. We can divide them into two categories:

- Calls of user defined functions—actions are the same as in function-declaration/definition context (Section 7.1), except the "Change type declaration" action. Also, you can double-click on a call to decompile/display the called function.
- Calls of dynamically linked functions—the only available action is double-click, which takes you on the import stub in the IDA's disassembly view.

#### 7.3 Global-Variable Context

Global-variable actions are available on global-variable definitions and uses. They are listed in Table 5.

Table 5: Global-variable context user actions.

Action description	Hotkey	Triggers re-decompilation
Jump to IDA's ASM	A	X
Rename global variable	N	Х

#### 7.4 Global Context

Global context actions are available everywhere. They are listed in Table 6.

Table 6: Global context user actions.

Action description	Hotkey	Triggers
		re-decompilation
Edit current function's comment	;	Х
Move backward (navigation)	ESC	X
Move forward (navigation)	CTRL+F	X

# 8 Support and Feedback

RetDec plugin is still in an experimental beta version. If you have any feedback, suggestions, or bug reports, please open an issue in the GitHub project (preferred), or send them to us either through our website, or through email.