

1.5 3D Green function for wave equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 \phi}{\partial t^2} - \alpha^2 \nabla^2 \phi = f(x, t) \quad , \quad f(x, t) = \frac{I}{\rho}$$

$$\hat{\phi}(k, \omega) = \int_0^\infty dt \iiint_{\mathbb{R}^3} d^3x \phi(x, t) e^{-i(k \cdot x - \omega t)}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \phi(x, t) &= \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \iiint_{\mathbb{R}^3} \frac{d^3k}{(2\pi)^3} \hat{\phi}(k, \omega) e^{i(k \cdot x - \omega t)} \end{aligned} \right.$$

similar for 1D FT .

$$f(x, t) \leftrightarrow f(k, \omega) \quad \text{and} \quad u(x, t) \leftrightarrow \hat{u}(k, \omega)$$

$$u_t \leftrightarrow -i\omega \hat{u}$$

$$u_{tt} \leftrightarrow -\omega^2 \hat{u}$$

$$\nabla u(x, t) \leftrightarrow i k \hat{u}$$

$$\nabla^2 u(x, t) \leftrightarrow -k^2 \hat{u}$$

Then the scalar wave equation in the Fourier domain is .

$$-\omega^2 \hat{\phi} + \alpha^2 k^2 \hat{\phi} = \hat{f} \quad , \quad \text{if } f(x, t) = \delta(x) \delta(t)$$

$$\text{then } \hat{f} = \hat{f}(k, \omega) = 1$$

$$\hat{\phi}(k, \omega) = \frac{1}{\alpha^2(k^2 - \frac{\omega^2}{\alpha^2})}$$

$$\text{then : } \phi(x, t) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{d\omega}{2\pi} \iiint_{\mathbb{R}^3} \frac{d^3k}{(2\pi)^3} \hat{\phi}(k, \omega) e^{i(k \cdot x - \omega t)} \quad \rightarrow \text{积分}$$