## Multi-threaded vs Single-threaded

Multi-threading does necessarily means things are executed in parallel

→ We only have one CPU!

So, why do we need multithreading?

→ Because programming languages have blocking I/O, and by default, programs wait for the I/O to be completed

## But multithreading is expensive

- in terms of software design (synchronization)
- in terms of performances (context switch)

What is the alternative to multi-threading?

→ Single-threaded with non-blocking I/O

## Can you run a single-threaded web server?

Good performance, as long as the requests handlers:

- do some asynchronous I/O
  (filesys, database, cache, network and so on)
- do NOT do any heavy but yet synchronous computations (complex math, intensive data processing and so on)