

## Tutorial-9

● Graded

Student

Abhinav Shripad

Total Points

2.75 / 3 pts

Question 1

(no title)

2.75 / 3 pts

✓ + 0.75 pts Identifying that there are constant ways of placing pebbles in a column - 0.75 points

✓ + 1 pt Correct recurrence relation - 1 point

✓ + 0.25 pts Correct Base Case - 0.25 points

✓ + 0.25 pts Brief justification of the recurrence relation - 0.25 points

✓ + 0.25 pts Mentioning the correct order of filling the DP table - 0.25 points

+ 0.25 pts Outputting the optimal placement (not just the optimal value) - 0.25 points

✓ + 0.25 pts Brief justification of the time complexity - 0.25 points

+ 0.6 pts Written "I do not know how to approach this problem" - 0.6 points

+ 0 pts Incorrect

COL351: Analysis and Design of Algorithms  
Tutorial 9

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Group: 3

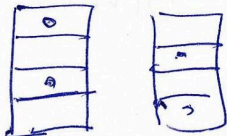
Observe that each column can have at max 2 pebbles - If not, then having 3 or 4 pebbles  $\Rightarrow$  2 will be adjacent.

For each column there are

$$\binom{4}{1} + \binom{4}{2} = 4 + 6 = 10 \text{ possible configurations}$$

let them be  $w_1, w_2, \dots, w_{10}$

for  $w_i, w_j$  define compatible  $(w_i, w_j) = \text{true}$  if  $w_i$  and  $w_j$  can be neighbours.

ie   $\Rightarrow$  compatible

~~state~~ and let ~~row~~ index of  $w_i$  be the indices of <sup>row</sup> cell in  $w_j$ . eg  $\text{index} \left( \begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \end{bmatrix} \right) = 1, 3$

$$\text{index} \left( \begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \end{bmatrix} \right) = 3, \text{index} \left( \begin{bmatrix} \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \\ \cdot \end{bmatrix} \right) = 4$$

$dp(i, w_j) =$  maximum value if only column  $[1:i]$  are considered and column  $i$  is in state  $w_j$

$$dp(1, w_i) = \sum_{x \in \text{index}(w_i)} A[1, x] \quad \# \text{ Base case}$$

$$dp(i, w_j) = \max_{\text{compatible}(w_k, w_j)}$$

$$dp(i, w_j) = \max_{\text{compatible}(w_k, w_j)} (A[i, w_k])$$

$$dp(i, w_j) = \sum_{x \in \text{index}(w_j)} A[i, x] + \max_{\text{compatible}(w_k, w_j)} (dp(i-1, w_k))$$

$i > 1$

$$\text{answer} = \max_{1 \leq i \leq 10} (dp(n, w_i))$$

$$T.C = O(n \frac{w^2}{100}) = O(n), \quad S.C. = O(n \frac{w}{10}) = O(n)$$

Proof of correctness:

if last column is in state  $w_j$ , then  $(n-1)^{th}$  column can take state  $w_k$  such that  $w_k$  and  $w_j$  are compatible and answer till  $n-1^{th}$  column ~~is~~; with last state  $w_k$  is max. Thus justifying the recurrence.