Quiz 1 - 230125 • Graded

Student

Abhinav Shripad

Total Points

15 / 15 pts

Question 1

Q1 15 / 15 pts

Regularity of L_1

- \checkmark + 1 pt Claiming that L_1 is regular
- \checkmark + 4 pts Constructing the DFA for L_1
 - + 1 pt correct regex without correctness proof
 - + 4 pts correct regex with proof

Regularity of L_2

- \checkmark + 1 pt Claiming that L_2 is regular
- \checkmark +4 pts Constructing the DFA for L_2
 - + 3 pts correct regex without correctness proof
 - + 4 pts correct regex with proof
- ullet + 2.5 pts Claiming that $L^{'}=L\cap L_{1}\cap L_{2}$
- \checkmark + 2.5 pts Showing that $L^{'}$ is regular by closure properties
 - + 0 pts Totally Incorrect / Unattempted

NAME: Abunar R" Shripad ENTRY NUMBER: 2022CS11596 COL352: Introduction to Automata & Theory of Computation QUIZ Maximum marks: 15 Date: 15 minutes Let L = 3 w C w contain odd b3 and L2 = { w = 200 | w contain "aa"} Claim: - Ly and Lz are regular. Roof: DFA for L = (& 90,913, \(\Sigma\), \(\Sigma\), \(\Sigma\), \(\Sigma\), \(\Sigma\), \(\Sigma\) 8(90, b) = 91, 8(91, b) = 90and 8(qi, x)=qi where x E \(\Sigma\), x \(\frac{1}{2}\)b. This recognize LI Consider NFA for Lz as Estarques bollows: -> (9) - (92) => L1, L2 are regular => L1/L2 is regular (tutorial) be the DFA construct DFA bun L'as (Cl. 9, 8, 19,0, 5) as Q=Q1xQ2, 9,0=(90,902), S(Q1, 92, a) = (6, (9,1, a), 8, (92, a)) ·F=3(91,92) 9,16F1,9,2602/F23. This stearty recognizes thas it is that => (L, \L2) () L = L' is regurar (closed and er) (intersection and difference)