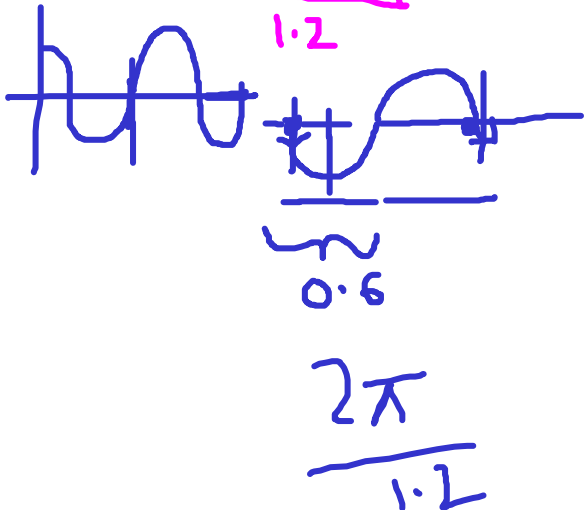
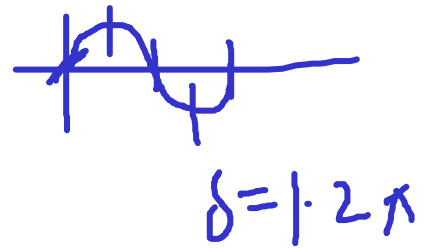
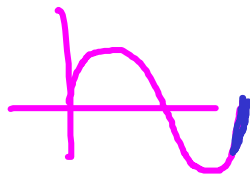
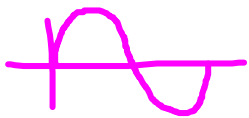


$$\begin{cases} T=? \\ \omega=? \\ \delta=? \end{cases}$$

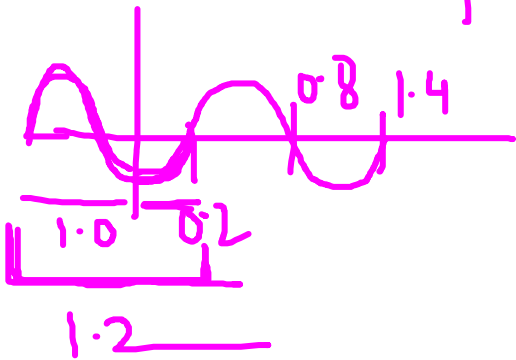


$$T = 0.6 \times 2 = 1.2$$

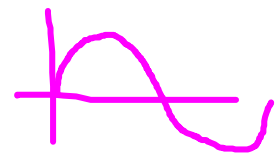
$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T}$$



$$\begin{matrix} 1.2 \rightarrow 2\pi \\ 0.4 \rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{1.2} \times 0.4 \end{matrix}$$



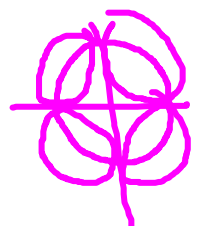
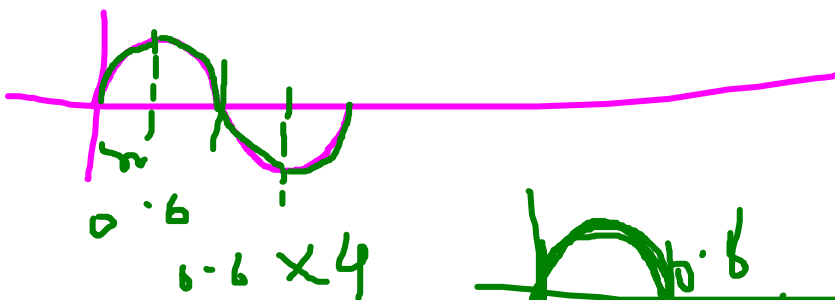
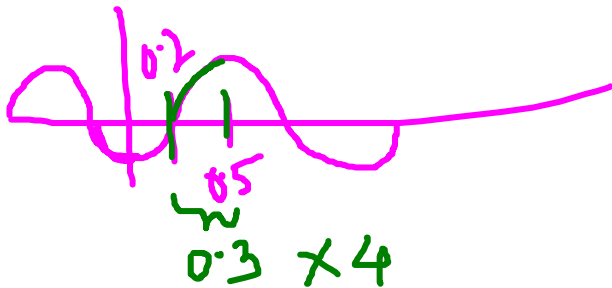
$$\begin{aligned} T &= 1.2 \\ \delta &= \frac{2}{3}\pi \\ \omega &= \end{aligned}$$

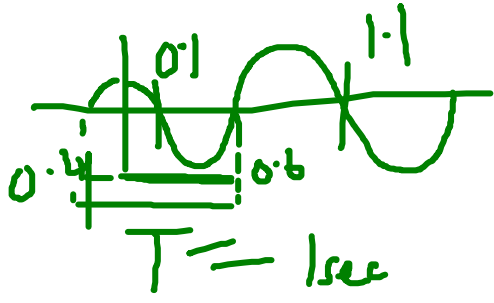


$$\checkmark T =$$

$$\delta =$$

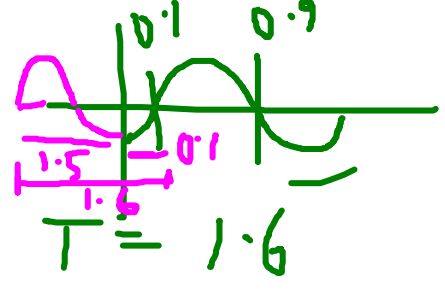
$$\omega =$$



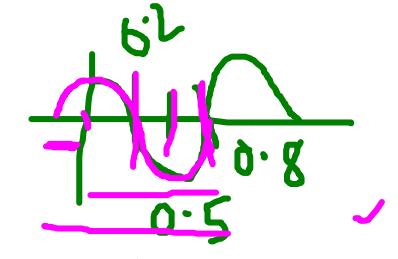


$$\omega = 2\pi$$

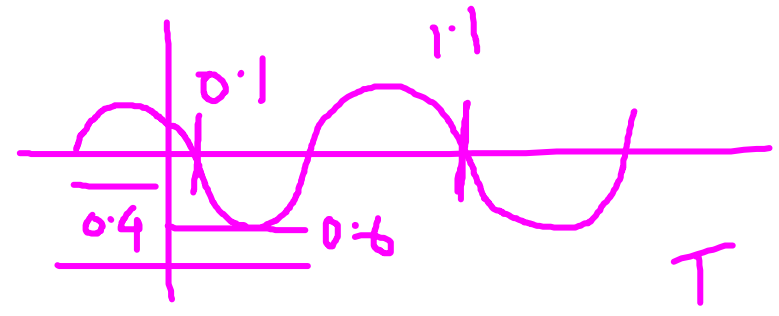
$$\delta = \frac{4}{5}\pi$$



$$\omega = \frac{5}{4}\pi$$



$$\omega = \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

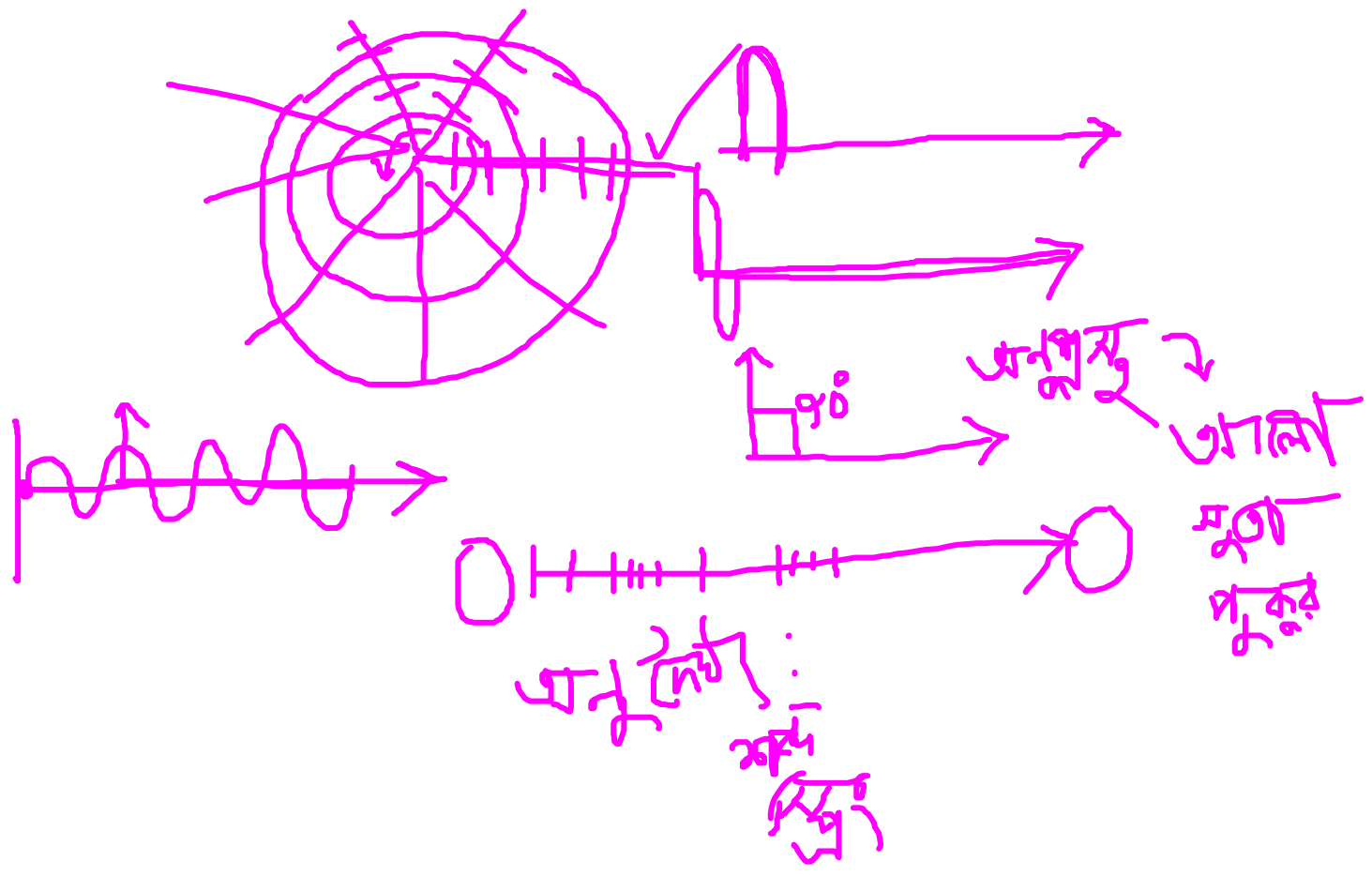


$$1 - 2\pi$$

0.4 -

$$T = 1$$

$\omega$   $\delta$



$$\checkmark y = A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$\frac{1}{T} = f$$

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = 2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{T}$$

$$\phi = \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} x$$

$$v = f\lambda$$

$$= 2\pi f$$

$$\omega = 2\pi \frac{v}{\lambda}$$

$$f = \frac{v}{\lambda}$$

$$y = A \sin\left(\frac{2\pi v}{\lambda} t + \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} x\right)$$

$$y = A \sin \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} (vt + x)$$

↑  
phase

↑  
phase

phase

↑  
phase

$$y = A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} y = \frac{d}{dt} (A \sin(\omega t + \phi))$$

$$v = A \frac{d}{dt} (\sin(\omega t + \phi))$$

$$= A \omega \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} v = \frac{d}{dt} (A \omega \cos(\omega t + \phi))$$

$$= A \omega \frac{d}{dt} \cos(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$= A \omega (-\omega \sin(\omega t + \phi))$$

$$\underline{\underline{F \propto a}} \quad \underline{\underline{a \propto y}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{F \propto -y}}$$

$$= -\omega^2$$

$$A \sin(\omega t + \phi)$$

$$a = -\omega^2 y$$

$$\underline{\underline{a \propto -y}}$$

$$y = A \sin \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} (vt - x)$$

$$v = ?$$

$$v = \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( A \sin \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} (vt - x) \right)$$
$$\frac{d}{dt} A \sin \left( \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} vt - \frac{2\pi}{\lambda} x \right)$$