

## New auto rules for direct-list-initialization

`auto x { 1 };` will be now deduced as `int`, but before it was an initializer list. For a braced-init-list with only a single element, auto deduction will deduce from that entry; For a braced-init-list with more than one element, auto deduction will be ill-formed.

## Typename in a template template parameter

Allows you to use typename instead of class when declaring a template template parameter.

## Nested namespace definition

Allows to write:

```
namespace A::B::C { /* ... */ }
```

Rather than:

```
namespace A { namespace B { namespace C { /* ... */ }}}}
```

## Fold Expressions

Allows to write compact code with variadic templates without using explicit recursion.

```
template<typename... Args>
auto SumWithOne(Args... args){
    return (1 + ... + args);
}
```

## Unary fold expressions and empty param packs

Specifies what to do when the parameter pack is empty for operators: `&&`, `||` and comma. For other operators we get invalid syntax.

## Removing Deprecated Exception Specifications

Dynamic exception specifications were deprecated in C++11. This paper formally proposes removing the feature from C++17, while retaining the (still) deprecated `throw()` specification strictly as an alias for `noexcept(true)`.

## Exception specifications part of the type system

Previously exception specifications for a function didn't belong to the type of the function, but it will be part of it.

## Aggregate initialization of classes with base classes

If a class was derived from some other type you couldn't use aggregate initialization. But now the restriction is removed.

## Lambda capture of `*this`

`this` pointer is implicitly captured by lambdas inside member functions. Now you can use `*this` when declaring a lambda. Capturing by value might be especially important for async invocation, parallel processing.

## Memory allocation for over-aligned data

C++11/14 did not specify any mechanism by which over-aligned data can be dynamically allocated correctly (i.e. respecting the alignment of the data). Now, we get new functions that takes alignment parameters. Like

```
void* operator new(std::size_t, std::align_val_t);
```

## `__has_include` in preprocessor conditionals

This feature allows a C++ program to directly, reliably and portably determine whether or not a library header is available for inclusion.

## Template argument deduction for class templates

Before C++17, template deduction worked for functions but not for classes. For `void f(std::pair<int, char>);` you had to explicitly write `f(std::pair<int, char>(42, 'z'))`; Now the restriction is removed and `f(std::pair(42, 'z'))`; will work.

## Non-type template parameters with auto type

Automatically deduce type on non-type template parameters.

```
template <auto value> void f() { }
f<10>(); // deduces int
```

## Guaranteed copy elision

Copy elision (e.g. RVO) was a common compiler optimization, now it's guaranteed and defined by the standard!

## Direct-list-initialization of enumerations

Allows to initialize enum class with a fixed underlying type:

```
enum class Handle : uint32_t { Invalid = 0 };
Handle h { 42 }; // OK
```

## Stricter expression evaluation order

An expression such as `f(a, b, c)`, the order in which the sub-expressions `f`, `a`, `b`, `c` (which are of arbitrary shapes) are evaluated is left unspecified by the standard.

Summary of changes:

- ⇒ Postfix expressions are evaluated from left to right.
- ⇒ Assignment expressions are evaluated from right to left.
- ⇒ Operands to shift operators are evaluated from left to right.

This should fix problem with function chaining, `std::then()`, `stream <<`

## constexpr lambda expressions

constexpr can be used in the context of lambdas.

```
constexpr auto ID = [] (int n) { return n; };
static_assert(ID(3) == 3);
```

## Differing begin and end types in range-based for

Types of `__begin` and `__end` iterators (used in the loop) will be different; only the comparison operator is required. This little change improves Range TS experience.

## Pack expansions in using-declarations

Allows you to inject names with using-declarations from all types in a parameter pack.

## std::uncaught\_exceptions()

The function returns the number of uncaught exception objects in the current thread. This might be useful when implementing proper Scope Guards that works also during stack unwinding.

## Attribute Features

**[[fallthrough]]** - indicates that a case in a switch statement can fall-through.

**[[nodiscard]]** - specifies that a return value should not be discarded, there's warning reported otherwise.

**[[maybe\_unused]]** - the compiler will not warn about a variable that is not used.

**Ignore unknown attributes** - compilers which don't support a given attribute will ignore it. Previously it was unspecified.

**Using attribute namespaces without repetition** - simplifies using attributes from the same namespace

**Attributes for namespaces and enumerators** - Fixes the spec, so now attributes can be used in most cases.

## Structured Bindings

Automatically decomposes packed structures like tuples structs and arrays into individual named variables.

```
auto [ a, b, c ] = tuple; // or struct or array
```

## Init-statements for if and switch

```
if (auto val = GetValue(); condition(val))
    // on success
```

```
else
    // on false...
```

`val` is only present in the scope of if and else clause.

## Inline variables

Variables can be declared inline in the same way as inline functions.

## constexpr if-statements

The static-if for C++! Will reduce need to use complicated SFINAE or tag dispatch.

## Other

- ⇒ **static\_assert with no message**
- ⇒ **u8 character literals**
- ⇒ **Removing trigraphs**
- ⇒ **Remove Deprecated Use of the register Keyword**
- ⇒ **Remove Deprecated operator++(bool)**
- ⇒ **Hexadecimal floating-point literals**
- ⇒ **Allow constant evaluation for all non-type template arguments**
- ⇒ **New specification for inheriting constructors**
- ⇒ **Matching of template template-arguments update**
- ⇒ **Removal of std::auto\_ptr, std::random\_shuffle, and more**

## References

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