

### *Exercise 7*

Show, that the DC-component of the Mexican-Hat-Wavelet below equals zero.

$$\psi(t) = \left(1 - \frac{t^2}{\sigma^2}\right) \cdot \exp\left(-\frac{t^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

### *Exercise 8*

The wavelet-transform can be expressed as a convolution of the original function  $y(t)$  and the scaled wavelet-function  $\Psi(t/c)$ . Compute the effect of the scaling-factor  $c$  on the spectral features of the function  $\Psi$ .

### *Exercise 9*

Examine the spectral features of the Mexican-Hat-Wavelet  $\Psi$  from exercise 7) by transforming it into the spectral domain. Has  $\Psi$  the characteristics of a bandpass? How do the spectral features change with a variable  $c$ , like in exercise 8)?

### *Exercise 10*

Compute the wavelet-transform of the Dirac-impulse  $\delta(t - \tau_0)$ , using the Mexican-Hat-Wavelet. How does the absolute value of the transform, as a function of  $\tau$  look like, using a constant  $c$ ? Which form has the resulting scalogram?