

# TUTORIAL 07

Notiztitel

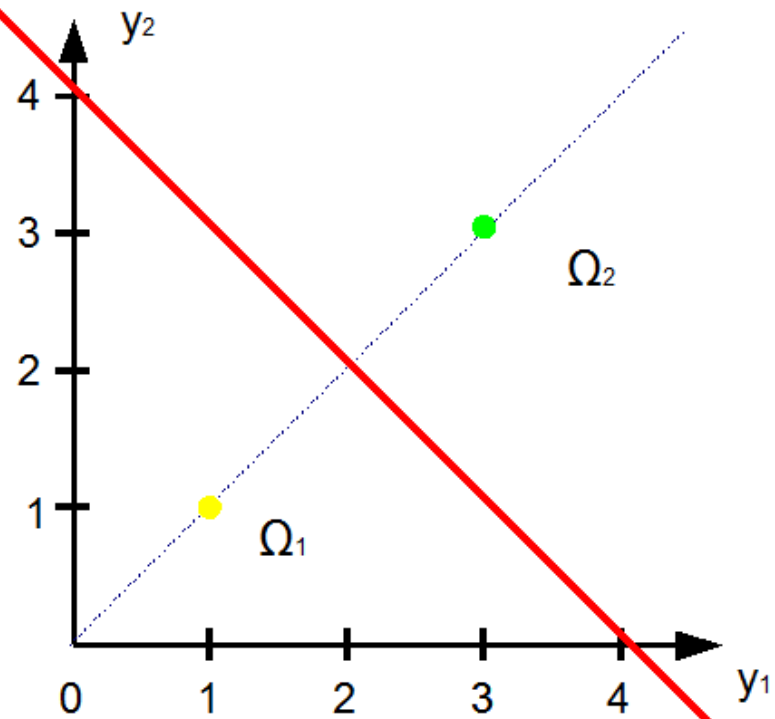
13.06.2014

Outline:

Pattern Classification

- Classification with distance functions:
  - Euclidean distance
  - Mahalanobis distance

## Exercise 17



$$y_2 = -y_1 + 4$$

b) Derive decision border, mathematically

$$d(\underline{w}_1, \underline{y}) \stackrel{!}{=} d(\underline{w}_2, \underline{y})$$

$$\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^N (w_{i1} - y_i)^2} = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^N (w_{i2} - y_i)^2}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N (w_{i1} - y_i)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^N (w_{i2} - y_i)^2$$

$$(w_{11} - y_1)^2 + (w_{21} - y_2)^2 = (w_{12} - y_1)^2 + (w_{22} - y_2)^2$$

...

$$y_1 \left( -2w_{11} + 2w_{12} \right) = -w_{11}^2 - w_{11}^2 + y_2 \left( 2w_{21} - 2w_{22} \right) + w_{12}^2 + w_{22}^2$$

$$y_2 = \frac{w_{12} - w_{11}}{w_{21} - w_{22}} y_1 + \frac{w_{11}^2 + w_{21}^2 - w_{12}^2 - w_{22}^2}{2w_{21} - 2w_{22}} \quad \leftarrow$$

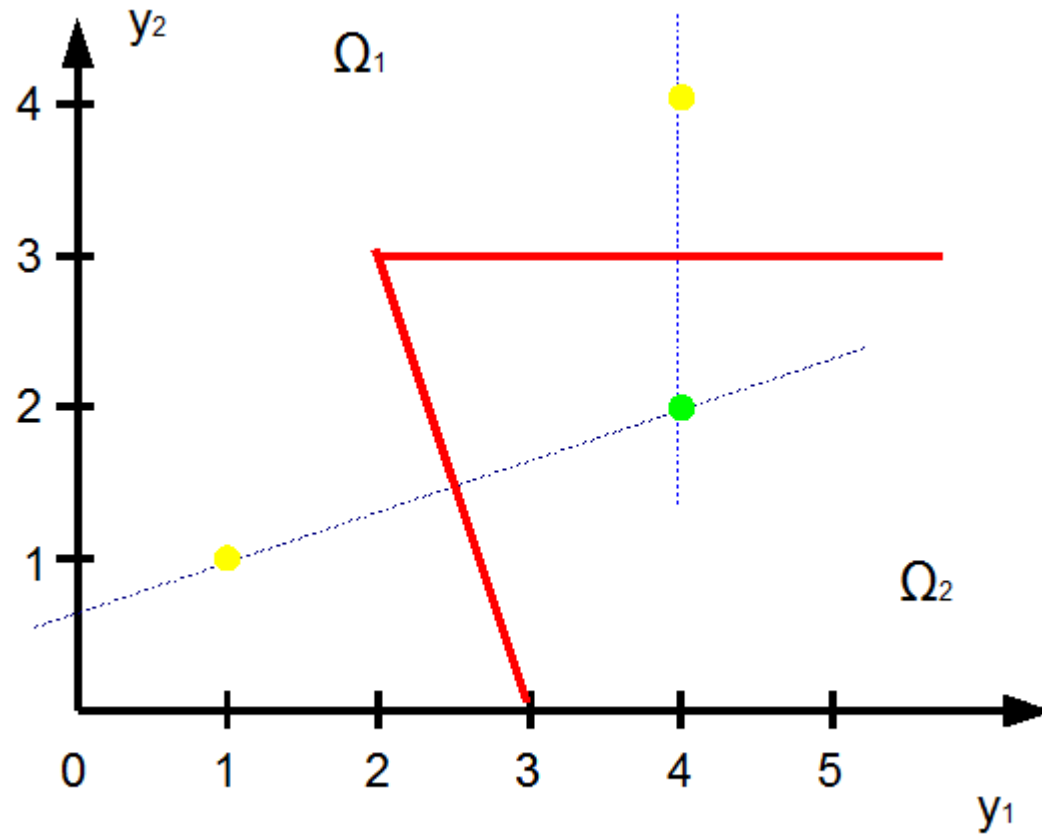
In our case:

$$\underline{w}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\underline{w}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_2 = \frac{3-1}{1-3} y_1 + \frac{1+1-9-9}{2-6} = \left( -\frac{1}{2} y_1 + 4 \right)$$

c) KNN decision border



piecewise  
linear  
decision  
border

d) Mahalanobis distance

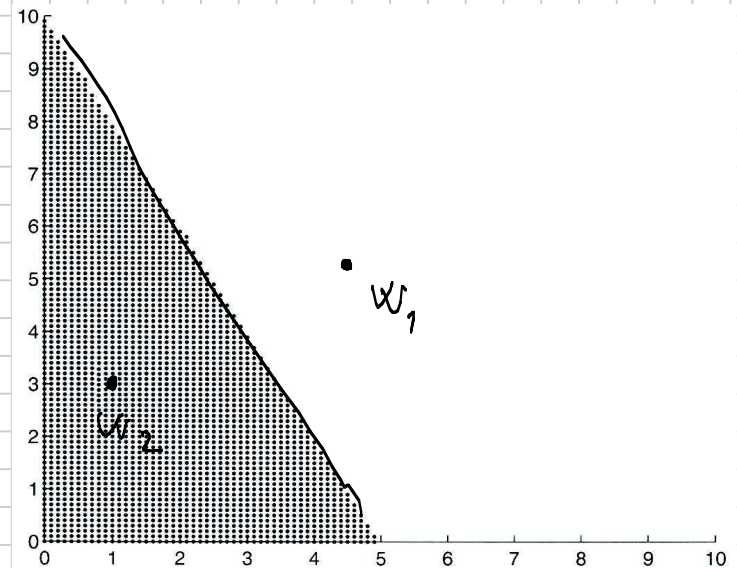
$$d(\underline{w}, \underline{y}) = (\underline{w} - \underline{y})^T \cdot C^{-1} (\underline{w} - \underline{y})$$

$$\underline{w}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 9 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad \underline{C}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \underline{w}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \underline{C}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

equal C

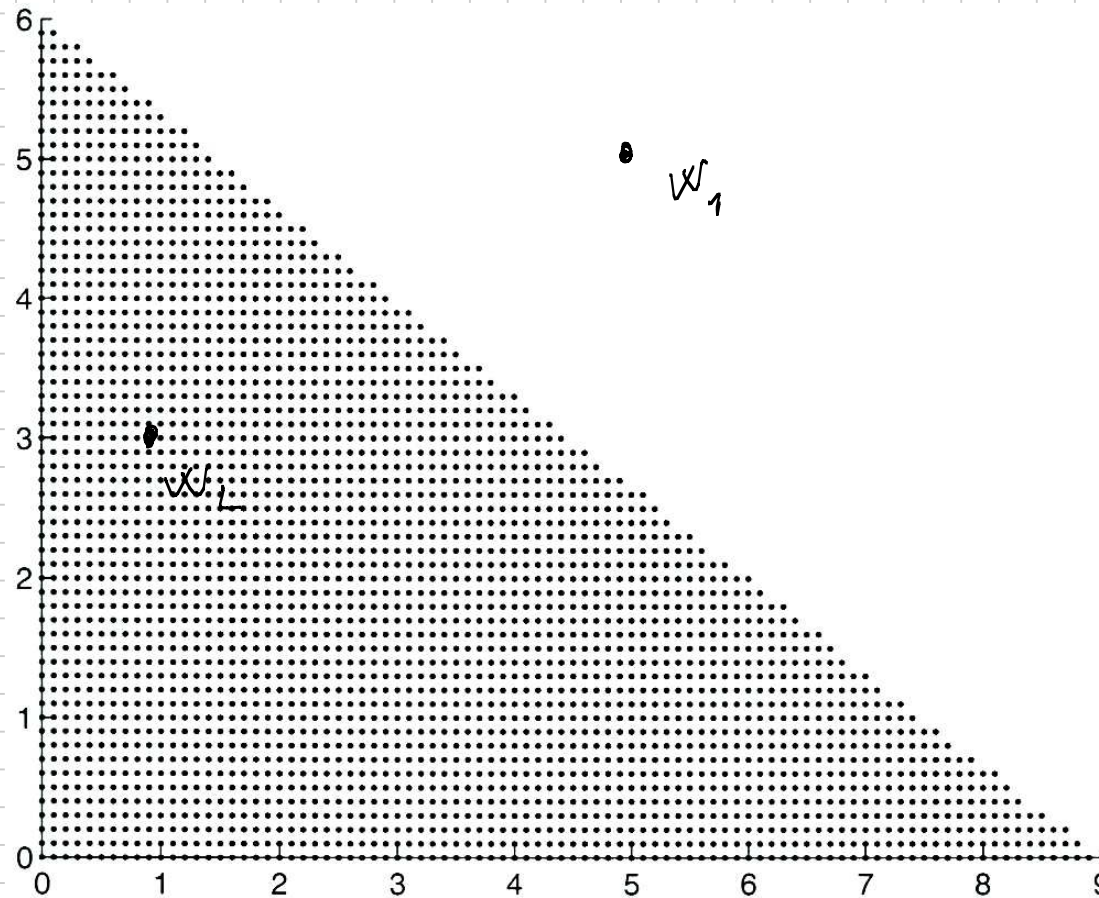
C identity

=> euclidean distance



$$C_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

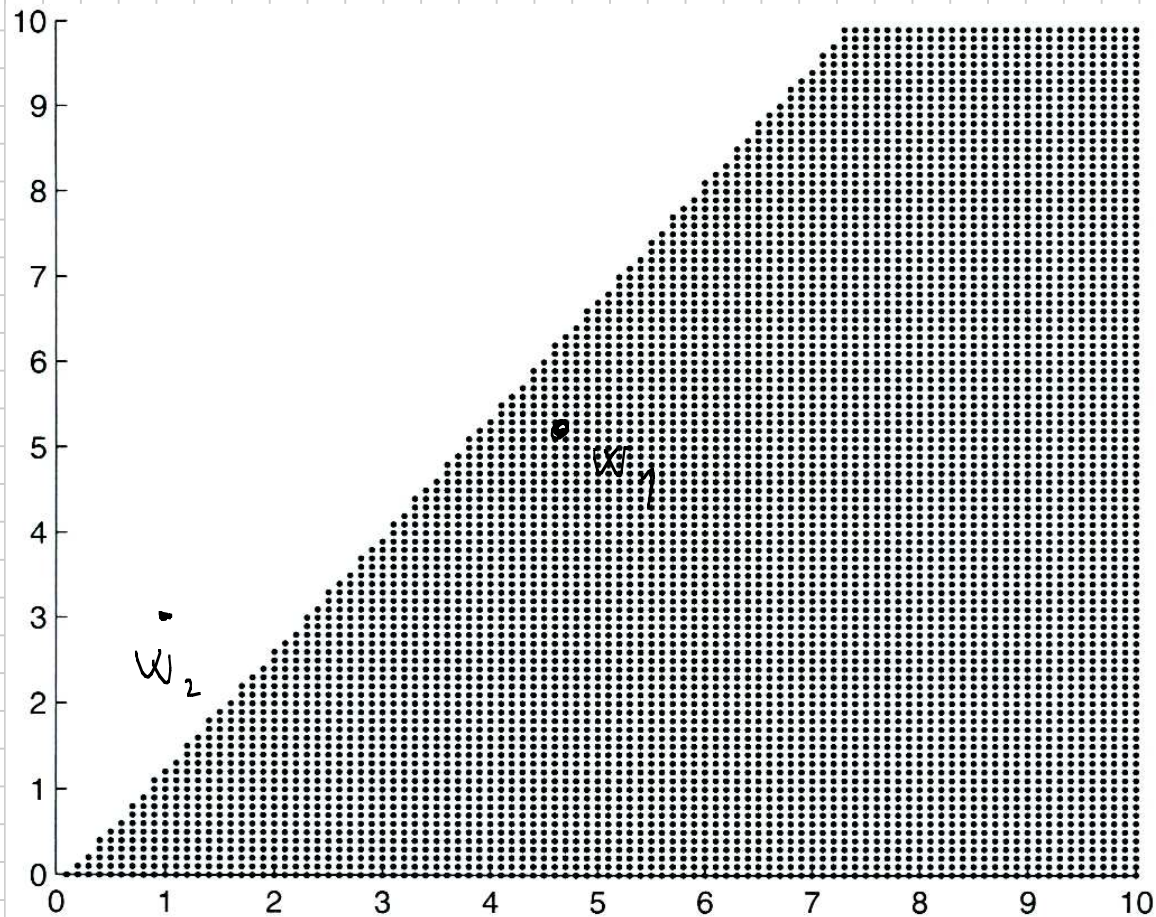


equal covariance  
matrices

linear decision  
border

$$C_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$



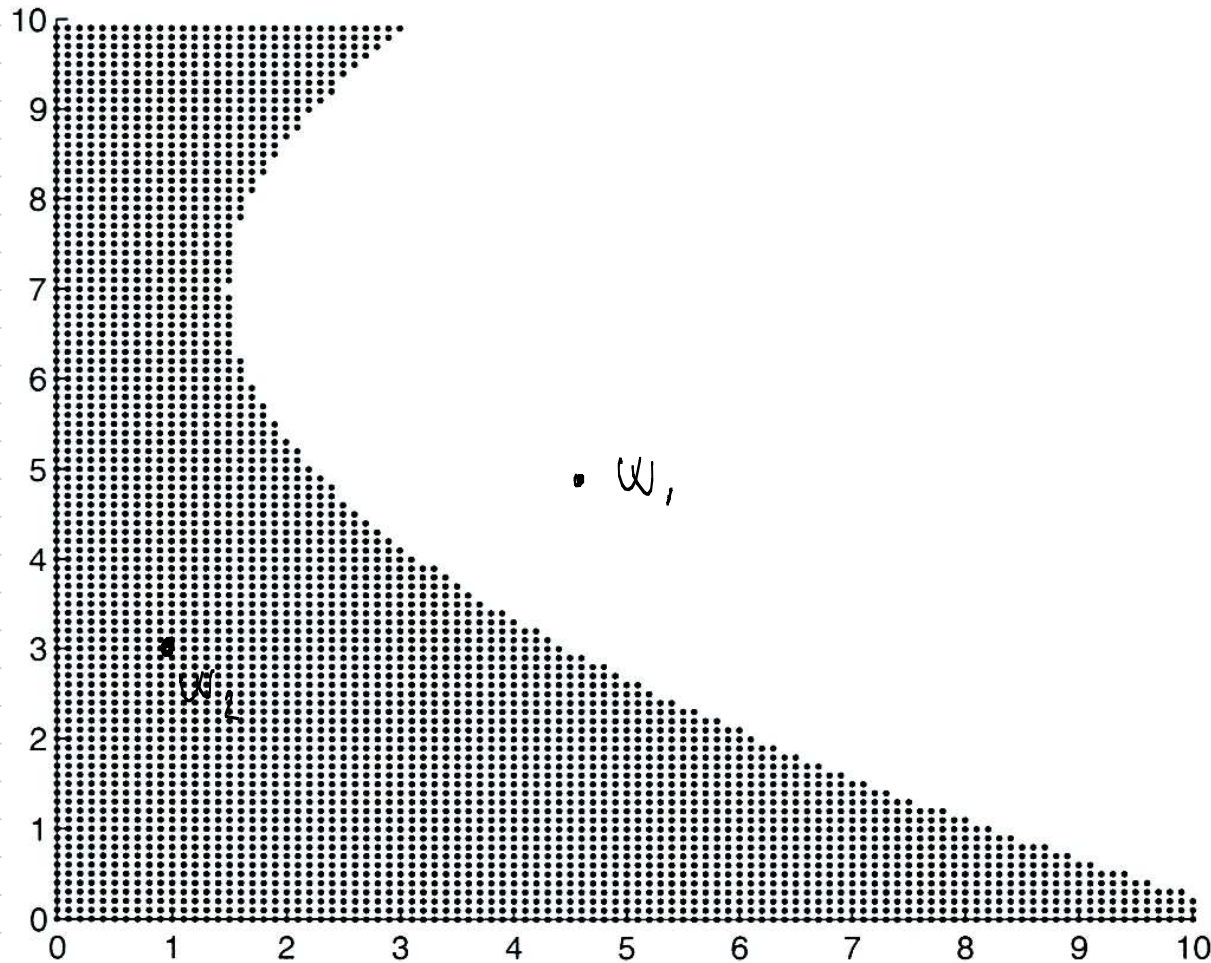
linear decision  
border

equal cov. matrix



$$C_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 6 \\ 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$$

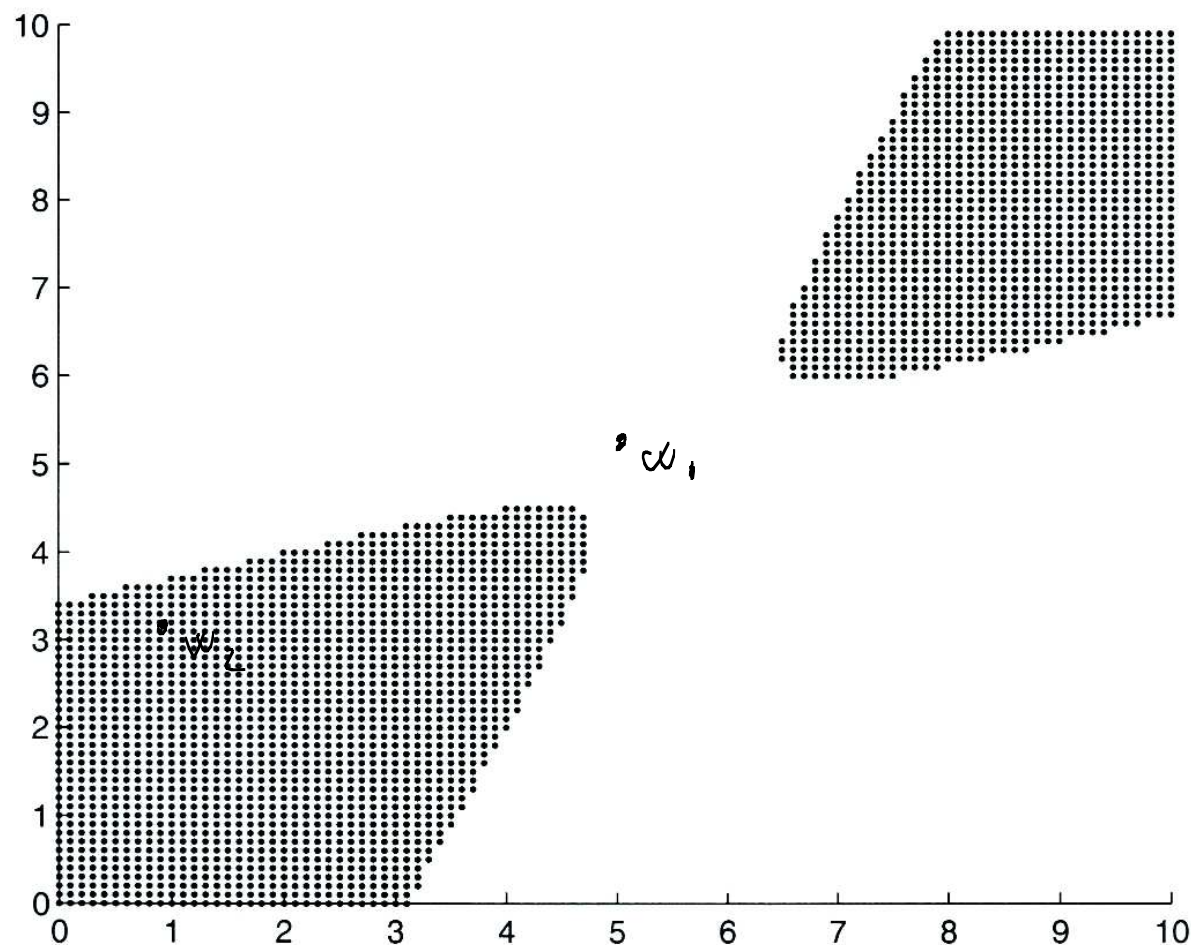
$$C_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$



different  
covariance  
matrices

$$C_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.5 \\ 2 & 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$



different  
covariance  
matrices

## Exercise 18

2-class problem

$$w_{x_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$w_{x_2} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Reference

patterns classify

$$a) \quad d(w_{x_1}, y_1) = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^N (w_i - y_i)^2} = \sqrt{(1-1)^2 + (1-2)^2} = \sqrt{0+1} = 1$$

$$d(w_{x_2}, y_1) = \sqrt{(3-1)^2 + (3-2)^2} = \sqrt{4+1} \approx 2.24$$

$$d(w_{x_1}, y_1) < d(w_{x_2}, y_1)$$

## Nearest Neighbour (NN)

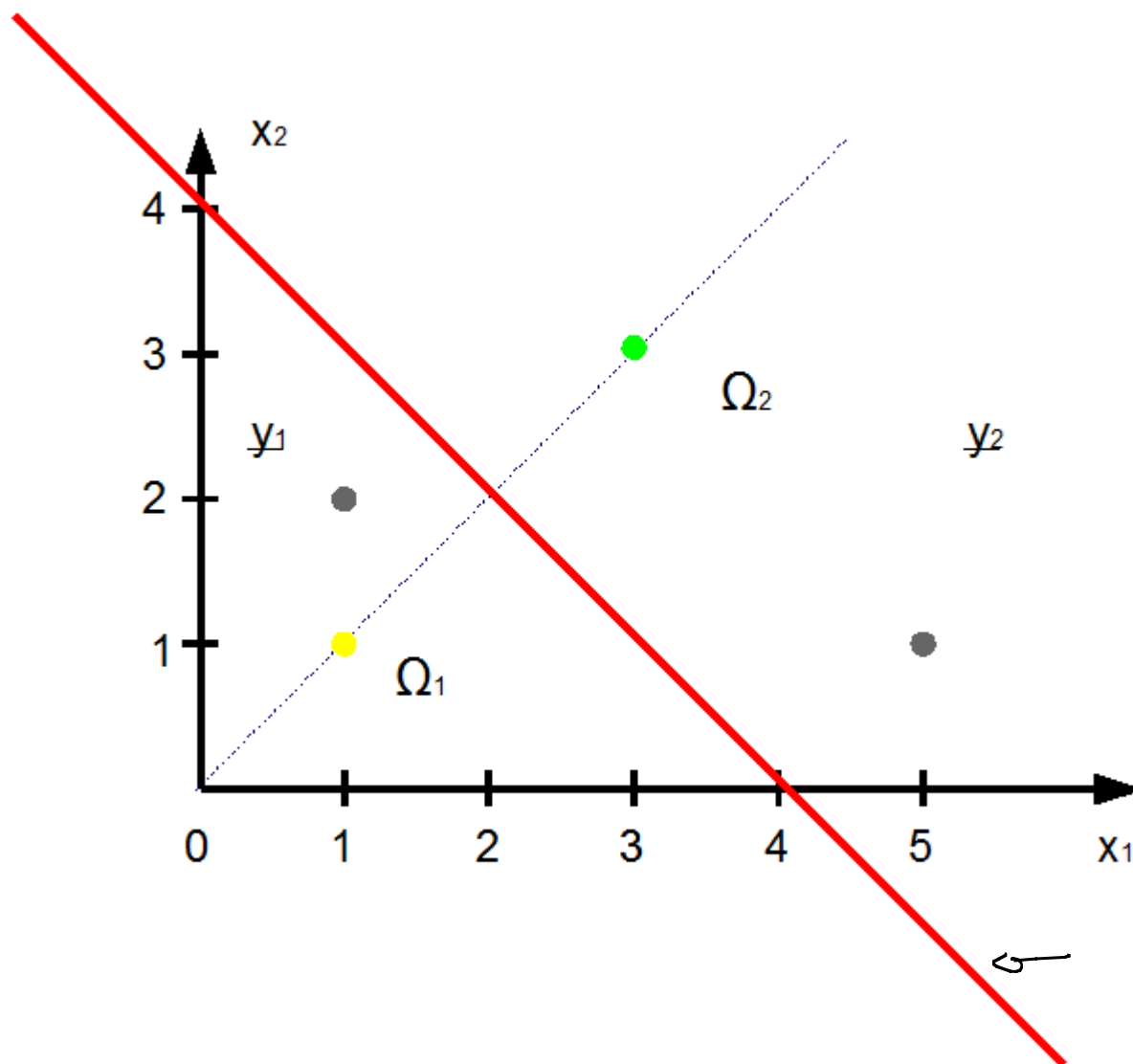
$$\Omega_m^* = \min_m \{ d(w_m, Y_1) \} \quad (\text{Eq. 3.9})$$

$$Y_1 \Rightarrow \Omega_1$$

$$Y_1: d(w_{\Omega_1}, Y_1) = \sqrt{(9-5)^2 + (9-1)^2} = \sqrt{4^2} = 4$$

$$d(w_{\Omega_2}, Y_2) = \sqrt{(3-5)^2 + (3-1)^2} = \sqrt{8} \approx 2.83$$

$$d(w_{\Omega_2}, Y_2) < d(w_{\Omega_1}, Y_1) \Rightarrow \Omega_2$$



b) Mahalanobis Distance

$$d(\underline{w}, \underline{y}) = (\underline{w} - \underline{y})^T \cdot \underline{\Sigma}^{-1} (\underline{w} - \underline{y}) \leftarrow (\text{Eq. 3.6})$$

$$\begin{aligned} y_1: d(w_{x_1}, y_1) &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} -2.3 & 1.2 \\ 6.2 & -3.3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} -6.2 & 3.3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \underline{-3.3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} d(w_{x_2}, y_1) &= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} -0.4 & 0.6 \\ 0.6 & -0.4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 \\ 3 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} -0.2 & 0.8 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \underline{0.4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{NW} : d(w_{\Omega_1}, \gamma_1) < d(w_{\Omega_2}, \gamma_1) \Rightarrow \gamma_1 \Rightarrow \Omega_1$$

$$\gamma_2 : d(w_{\Omega_1}, \gamma_2) = -37.3 \quad d(w_{\Omega_2}, \gamma_2) = -8$$

$$\gamma_2 \Rightarrow \Omega_1$$

