## CS-301 Computer Architecture Assignment 4

			Name:
1.			m the following binary multiplications using Booth's algorithm, assuming signed complement integers:
	a.	10	11 × 0101
	b.	00	11 × 1011
	c.	10	$11 \times 1100$
2.	Pei	rfor	m the following arithmetic operations:
		а.	Double the value $00010101_2$
		b.	Quadruple the value $01110111_2$
		c.	Divide the value $11001010_2$ in half.
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- 3. If the floating-point number storage on a certain system has a sign bit, a 3-bit exponent, and a 4-bit significand:
  - a. What is the largest positive and smallest positive number that can be stored on this system if the storage is normalized? (Assume no bits are implied, there is no biasing, exponents use two's complement notation, and exponents of all zeros and all ones are allowed.)

	Scientific Notation in Binary	Binary Fraction	Decimal Value
Smallest			
Largest			

b.	What bias should be used in the exponent if we prefer all exponents to be non-
	negative?

4.	Assume that we are using the textbool	c's simple model	of floating-point representations:
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a.	Show how the computer would represent the numbers 100.0 and 0.25 using this
	floating-point format.

100.0	0.250

b. Show how the computer would add the two floating-point numbers in part (a) by changing one of the numbers so they are both expressed using the same power of 2.

Number	Scientific Notation in Binary	=	Scientific Notation Expressed using the same power of 2
100.0		=	
0.250		=	
	The sum of the two numbers	=	

c. Show how the computer would represent the sum in part (b) using the given floating-point representation.

Binary Representation of Answer in (b)										An	sw	er i	n (	Scientific Notation in Binary	Binary Value							

d. What decimal value for the sum is the computer actually storing? Explain.

5. Write IEEE-754 single-precision floating point representation of the following. BE NEAT!

$-55\frac{23}{64}$																
64,000																
3.1415927																

- 6. If the ASCII code for the letter A is 1000001, what is the ASCII code for the letter J?
- 7. Decode the following ASCII message, assuming 7-bit ASCII characters and no parity:

1001010 1001111 1001000 1001110 0100000 1000100 1001111 1000101

8. Give the decimal equivalents of the following IEEE-754 single-precision floating point numbers.

							IEI	EE-	754	4 Si	ing	le-	Pre	ecis	sio	n F	loa	tin	g F	Poi	nt l	Nu	mb	er								Decimal
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	